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成员信息
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1. 集群设计:每台机器的硬件情况和网络配置信息

三台centos7

2. 集群搭建操作记录

安装java环境

scala 配置,配置环境变量即可 (同java)

hadoop配置

通过etc/hadoop/hadoop env.sh 配置运行环境参数,至少需要配置一下

配置两个configuration文件

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## 成员信息

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# 1. 集群设计:每台机器的硬件情况和网络配置信息

## 三台centos7

采用虚拟机: 暂定每个系统双核, 1GB运行内存(可以调)

network config:

三台虚拟机网络配置信息

192.168.21.3 master 192.168.21.4 slave1 192.168.21.5 slave2

### 配置文件信息示例

指令: vim /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-ens33

IPADDR=192.168.21.4 #设置IP地址
NETMASK=255.255.225.0 #设置子网掩码
GATEWAY=192.168.21.2 #设置网关
#DNS1=61.147. #设置主DNS
BOOTPROTO=static #启用静态IP地址,默认为dhcp

# 2. 集群搭建操作记录

# 安装java环境

```
#!/bin/bash
function: batch uninstall rpm packages
# setup:
#
         1. copy the scripts and save as a file, such as: ex.sh
#
         2. switch to root user. su - root
         3. change the file's permission: chmod +x ex.sh
         3. running the script with no parameter: ./ex.sh
# runing:
#
        uninstall [rpm package name]
#
 author: Topurce Zhou (topurce#at#hotmail.com)
if [ "$UID" -ne 0 ]
then
   echo -e 'must be \E[34m\033[1mroot\033[0m to run this script.'
   echo -ne '\E[Om'
   exit 67
fi
if [ ! -f /usr/bin/uninstall ]
then
  echo "building file..."
  scripts="$(cat $0)"
  declare -i index=1
  cat $0 | while read line
      if (( index == 19 ))
      then
         echo 'echo -e "must be \E[34m\033[1mroot\033[0m to run this
script."'>>/usr/bin/uninstall
         echo 'echo -ne "\E[0m"'>>/usr/bin/uninstall
      elif((index == 23))
      then
         echo 'stips="searching packages for \"$1\":"'>>/usr/bin/uninstall
     echo 'usage="usage: $0 \"package name\""'>>/usr/bin/uninstall
      elif (( index != 19 && index != 20 && (index<23 || index>52) ))
      then
         echo $line>>/usr/bin/uninstall
      fi
      index+=1;
  done
  chmod +x /usr/bin/uninstall
  echo "try \"uninstall [package name]\" again."
  exit
fi
stips="searching packages for \"$1\":"
usage="usage: $0 \"rpm package name\""
if [ $# -eq 0 ]
then
   echo "$0: no rpm packages given for uninstall."
   echo $usage
```

```
elif [ $# -gt 1 ]
then
    echo $usage
else
    echo $stips
    rpms="$(rpm -qa | grep $1)"
    declare -i count=0
    for rpmk in $rpms
       count+=1
       echo "package: $rpmk"
    done
    if (( count == 0 ))
    then
       echo "no packages"
    fi
    echo "packages: $count"
    read -p "are you sure you want to uninstall all above packages?(y/n)"
    if [[ $REPLY == [Yy] ]]
    then
         echo "starting to uninstall packages..."
         for rpmk in $rpms
     do
         count+=1
         echo "uninstalling package: $rpmk"
             rpm -e --nodeps $rpmk
             if [ $? -eq 0 ]
             then
             echo "done"
             else
                 echo "faild to uninstall $rpmk"
             fi
      done
    fi
fi
```

### 正常下载解压java

#### 配置环境变量:

vim /etc/profile

source /etc/profile

在开头加入

```
export JAVA_HOME=/tool/jdk/jdk1.8.0_261
export JRE_HOME=${JAVA_HOME}/jre
export CLASSPATH=.:${JAVA_HOME}/lib:${JRE_HOME}/lib
export PATH=${JAVA_HOME}/bin:$PATH
```

# scala 配置,配置环境变量即可(同java)

# hadoop配置

通过etc/hadoop/hadoop env.sh 配置运行环境参数,至少需要配置一下

# The java implementation to use. export JAVA\_HOME=/tool/jdk/jdk1.8.0\_261

### 配置两个configuration文件

(如果要配置yarn的话,命令在下面)
vim /tool/hadoop/hadoop-2.7.7/etc/hadoop/core-site.xml
vim /tool/hadoop/hadoop-2.7.7/etc/hadoop/hdfs-site.xml
vim /tool/hadoop/hadoop-2.7.7/etc/hadoop/yarn-site.xml
vim /tool/hadoop/hadoop-2.7.7/etc/hadoop/mapred-site.xml

### 自己提前建好文件夹

```
<configuration>
<!--hdfs临时路径-->
cproperty>
  <name>**hadoop.tmp.dir**</name>
  <value>/data/hdfs</value>
</property>
<!--hdfs 的默认地址、端口 访问地址-->
property>
  <name>fs.defaultFS</name>
  <value>hdfs://master:9000</value>
</property>
</configuration>
<configuration>
<!--hdfs web的地址 -->
property>
  <name>dfs.namenode.http-address</name>
  <value>master:50070</value>
```

```
</property>
<!-- 副本数-->
property>
  <name>dfs.replication</name>
   <value>2</value>
 </property>
<!-- 是否启用hdfs权限检查 false 关闭 -->
  cproperty>
  <name>dfs.permissions.enabled
   <value>false</value>
 </property>
<!-- 块大小,默认字节, 可使用 k m g t p e-->
  cproperty>
  <name>dfs.blocksize</name>
 <!--128m-->
    <value>134217728</value>
 </property>
</configuration>
```

### 初始化HDFS

\$HADOOP\_HOME/bin/hdfs namenode -format

#### 启动

在所有NameNode 上启动:

\$HADOOP\_HOME/bin/hdfs namenode

在所有DataNode 上启动:

\$HADOOP\_HOME/bin/hdfs datanode

[root@slave1 ~]# jps 9905 Worker 11997 Jps

# spark 配置

master上: /tool/spark2/spark-2.4.7-bin-hadoop2.7/sbin/start-master.sh

(老版的貌似要配置spark slave配置文件 (所有机器都配)

配置/tool/spark2/spark-2.4.7-bin-hadoop2.7/conf/slaves)

slave <u>L</u>: /tool/spark2/spark-2.4.7-bin-hadoop2.7/sbin/start-slave.sh 192.168.21.3:7077

```
export HADOOP_HOME=/tool/hadoop/hadoop-2.7.7
export PATH=$HADOOP_HOME/bin:$HADOOP_HOME/sbin:$PATH
export SPARK_HOME=/tool/spark2/spark-2.4.7-bin-hadoop2.7
export PATH=$PATH:$SPARK_HOME/bin
export PATH=/tool/scala/scala-2.11.12/bin:$PATH
```

### ! 注意关闭防火墙

systemctl stop firewalld.service systemctl status firewalld.service

JRL: spark//master.7077 Live Workers: 2 Tores in use: 2 Total, 0 Used Atemory in use: 2.0 GB Total, 0.0 B Use Applications: 0 Running, 0 Completed Atturers: 0 Hunning, 0 Completed Status: ALIVE  - Workers (3)	i									
Worker Id				Address State		Cores	Memory			
worker-20200929120616-192.168.21.5-44956				192.168.21.5:44956		DEAD	1 (0 Used) 1024.0 M		MB (0.0 B Used)	
worker-20201009090553-192.168.21.4-34714				192.168.21.4:34714		ALIVE	1 (0 Used) 1024		024.0 MB (0.0 B Used)	
worker-20201009090628-192.168.21.5-36417				192.168.21.5:36417		ALIVE	1 (0 Used) 1024.0 M		MB (0.0 B Used)	
Running Applications (0)										

