



Placement Empowerment Program

Cloud Computing and DevOps Centre

Deploy your static website using Github Pages:

Host your local Git repository's static website directly
using Github pages

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Introduction

GitHub Pages is a static site hosting service designed to publish your projects directly from a GitHub repository. It allows developers to showcase their work, create personal websites, or host documentation in an efficient, free, and straightforward way.

Overview

This project demonstrates how to deploy a static website using GitHub Pages. Starting with the basics of setting up a GitHub repository, we'll explore each step required to host a functional static website. This includes initializing a Git repository, pushing files to GitHub, and configuring GitHub Pages for deployment.

Key Features of GitHub Pages:

Free hosting for public repositories.

Support for static files (HTML, CSS, JavaScript).

Easy integration with version control through Git.

Objectives

- 1. Learn the fundamentals of GitHub Pages and its deployment process.
- 2. Understand the importance of static website hosting and its use cases.

- 3. Gain hands-on experience in using Git and GitHub for project versioning and hosting.
- 4. Successfully publish a static website and make it publicly accessible.

Importance of Hosting with GitHub Pages

- **1. Cost-effective**: Free for public repositories, making it accessible for students and developers.
- **2. Version Control**: Seamlessly integrates with GitHub, enabling easy updates and collaboration.
- **3. Visibility**: A great way to showcase personal portfolios, projects, or documentation.
- **4. Ease of Use**: Minimal setup required compared to other hosting platforms.
- **5. Custom Domains**: Option to configure custom domains, enhancing the professional appeal of your website.

Step-by-Step Overview

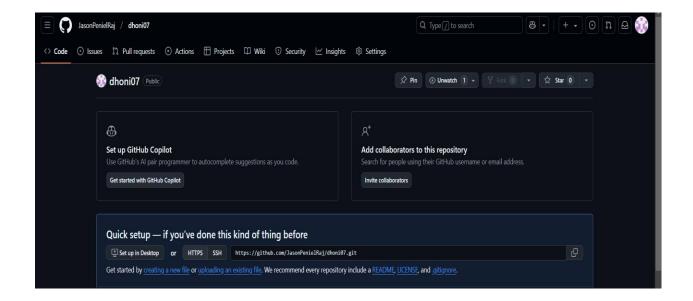
Step 1:

Create a New Repository:

Once you're logged in, click the green "New" button on the topright of your GitHub homepage to create a new repository.

Give your repository a name, for example, my-static-website.

Leave the other settings as default, and click "Create repository".



Step 2:

Create a folder (e.g., my-static-website) where you'll keep all your website files.

Inside that folder, create the main file for your website, called index.html.

Here's a simple example of what to put in your index.html:



 \times



File Edit View

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Random HTML Code</title>
        background-color: #f2f2f2;
        margin: 40px auto;
background-color: #fff;
       padding: 20px;
border: 1px solid #ddd;
        box-shadow: 0 0 10px rgba(0,0,0,0.1);
   </style>
</head>
<body>
   <div dass="container">
     <h1>Welcome to this random HTML code!</h1>
     This is a paragraph of text. You can replace it with your own content.
     <button>Click me!</button>
       Item 1
        Item 2
        li>Item 3
  </div>
</body>
</html>
```

Step 3:

Open **Command Prompt** and navigate to the folder where your index.html file is saved.

Use the cd command to navigate.

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.26100.2605]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Users\ADMIN>cd "C:\Users\ADMIN\Desktop\githubpages"
C:\Users\ADMIN\Desktop\githubpages>
```

Step 4:

Initialize a Git repository by running:

```
C:\Users\ADMIN\Desktop\githubpages>git init
Initialized empty Git repository in C:/Users/ADMIN/Desktop/githubpages/.git/
```

Step 5:

Add your website files to the repository:

```
C:\Users\ADMIN\Desktop\githubpages>git add .
```

Step 6:

```
C:\Users\Hi\Desktop\my-static-website>git commit -m "Initial commit"
[master (root-commit) 4a93af0] Initial commit
1 file changed, 10 insertions(+)
create mode 100644 index.html
```

Save the changes in Git with a commit message:

Step 7:

Go to your GitHub repository (the one you created earlier).

Copy the **repository URL**:

In your Command Prompt, link your local repository to the GitHub repository:

```
C:\Users\ADMIN\Desktop\githubpages>git remote add origin
usage: git remote add [<options>] <name> <url>
-f, --[no-]fetch fetch the remote branches
--[no-]tags import all tags and associated objects when fetching
or do not fetch any tag at all (--no-tags)
-t, --[no-]track <branch>
branch(es) to track
-m, --[no-]master <branch>
master branch
--[no-]mirror[=(push|fetch)]
set up remote as a mirror to push to or fetch from
```

Step 8:

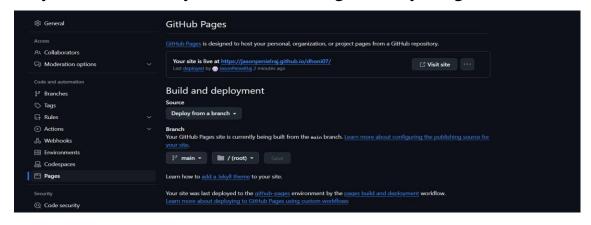
Push your files to GitHub:

```
C:\Users\ADMIN\Desktop\githubpages>git push -u origin main
Enumerating objects: 3, done.
Counting objects: 100% (3/3), done.
Delta compression using up to 16 threads
Compressing objects: 100% (2/2), done.
Writing objects: 100% (3/3), 657 bytes | 657.00 KiB/s, done.
Total 3 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0 (from 0)
To https://github.com/JasonPenielRaj/dhoni07

* [new branch] main -> main
```

Step 9:

Now you can see that your site is hosting live in your github account



Step 10:

Access Your Website

Wait a few minutes for GitHub Pages to deploy your site.

Welcome to this random HTML code!

This is a paragraph of text. You can replace it with your own content.

Click mel

- Item 1
- Item 2Item 3

Outcome

By completing this PoC of deploying a static website using GitHub Pages, you will:

- 1. Successfully create and configure a GitHub repository for your project.
- 2. Initialize a Git repository in your local project folder and link it to GitHub.
- 3. Upload your static website files (HTML, CSS, JavaScript) to GitHub.
- 4. Enable GitHub Pages in the repository settings to host your static website.
- 5. Access your static website live on the web via a GitHub Pages URL.
- 6. Gain hands-on experience with Git commands like git init, git add, git commit, git remote add, and git push.
- 7. Understand the process of hosting a static site for free using GitHub Pages.