Machine-Level Programming III: Procedures

15-213/18-213: Introduction to Computer Systems 7th Lecture, September 20, 2016

Instructor:

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Passing control

- To beginning of procedure code
- Back to return point

Passing data

- Procedure arguments
- Return value

Memory management

- Allocate during procedure execution
- Deallocate upon return
- Mechanisms all implemented with machine instructions
- x86-64 implementation of a procedure uses only those mechanisms required

- Passing control
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- Memory management
 - Allocate during procedure execution
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- Mechanisms all implemented with machine instructions
- x86-64 implementation of a procedure uses only those mechanisms required

```
P(...) {
    = Q(x)
  print(y)
    Q(int i)
  int t = 3*i;
  int v[10];
  return v[t];
```

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P(...) {
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Passing control

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Memory management

- Allocate during procedure execution
- Deallocate upon return
- Mechanisms all implemented with machine instructions
- x86-64 implementation of a procedure uses only those mechanisms required

P(...) {

Machine instructions implement the mechanisms, but the choices are determined by designers. These choices make up the **Application Binary Interface** (ABI).

- Deallocate upon return
- Mechanisms all implemented with machine instructions
- x86-64 implementation of a procedure uses only those mechanisms required

```
int v[10];
.
.
return v[t];
}
```

Today

- Procedures
 - Stack Structure
 - Calling Conventions
 - Passing control
 - Passing data
 - Managing local data
 - Illustration of Recursion

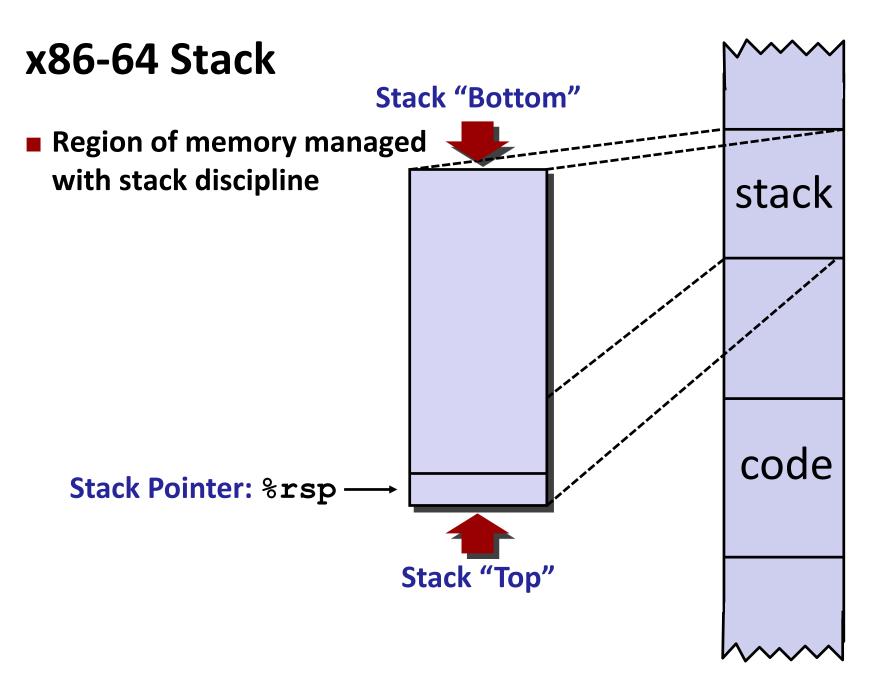
x86-64 Stack

Region of memory managed with stack discipline

- Memory viewed as array of bytes.
- Different regions have different purposes.
- (Like ABI, a policy decision)

stack

code

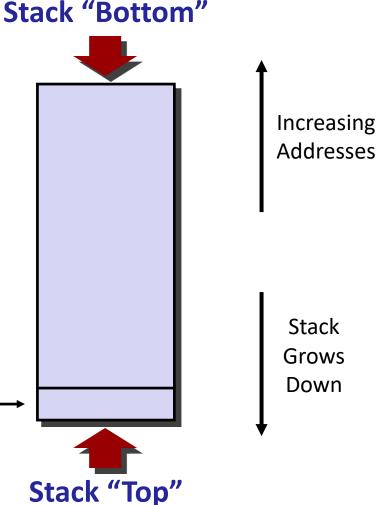


x86-64 Stack

- Region of memory managed with stack discipline
- Grows toward lower addresses
- Register %rsp contains lowest stack address
 - address of "top" element

Stack Pointer: %rsp →

Stack "Top"



x86-64 Stack: Push

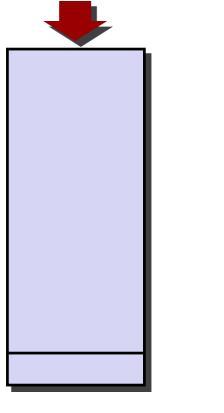
■ pushq Src

Fetch operand at Src



- Decrement %rsp by 8
- Write operand at address given by %rsp

Stack Pointer: %rsp____



Stack "Bottom"

Increasing Addresses

Stack Grows Down



x86-64 Stack: Push

■ pushq Src

Fetch operand at Src



- Decrement %rsp by 8
- Write operand at address given by %rsp

Stack Pointer: %rsp

Stack "Top"

Stack "Bottom"

Increasing Addresses

x86-64 Stack: Pop

■ popq *Dest*

- Read value at address given by %rsp
- Increment %rsp by 8
- Store value at Dest (usually a register)

Stack Pointer: %rsp val Stack "Top"

Stack "Bottom"

Increasing Addresses

Stack Grows Down

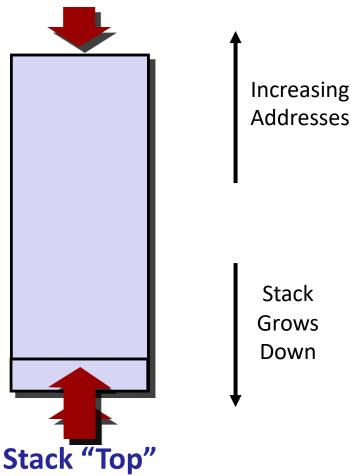
x86-64 Stack: Pop

■ popq *Dest*

- Read value at address given by %rsp
- Increment %rsp by 8
- Store value at Dest (usually a register)



Stack Pointer: %rsp ***



Stack "Bottom"

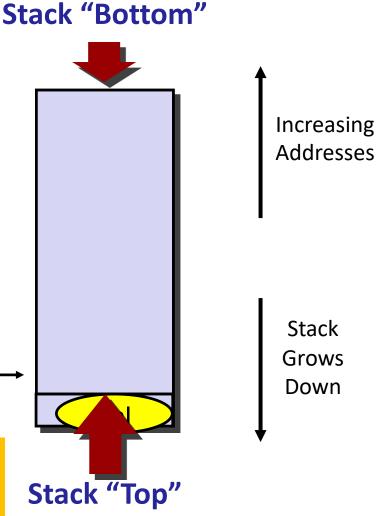
x86-64 Stack: Pop

■ popq *Dest*

- Read value at address given by %rsp
- Increment %rsp by 8
- Store value at Dest (usually a register)

Stack Pointer: %rsp____

(The memory doesn't change, only the value of %rsp)



Today

- Procedures
 - Stack Structure
 - Calling Conventions
 - Passing control
 - Passing data
 - Managing local data
 - Illustration of Recursion

Code Examples

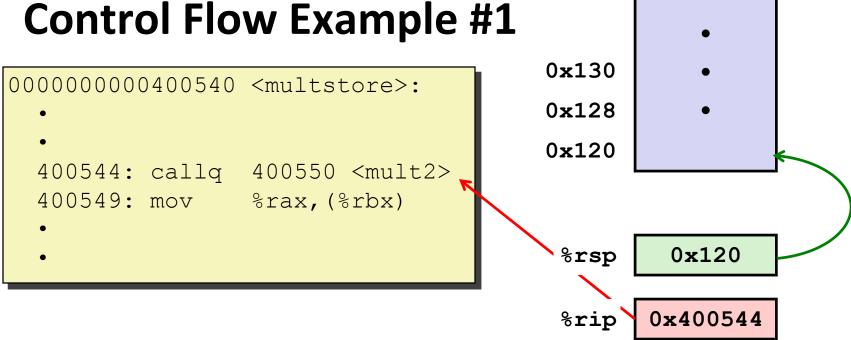
```
void multstore(long x, long y, long *dest)
   long t = mult2(x, y);
   *dest = t;
              0000000000400540 <multstore>:
                400540: push %rbx
                                              # Save %rbx
                400541: mov %rdx,%rbx
                                              # Save dest
                400544: callq 400550 <mult2>
                                              # mult2(x,y)
                400549: mov %rax, (%rbx)
                                              # Save at dest
                40054c: pop %rbx
                                              # Restore %rbx
                40054d: retq
                                              # Return
```

```
long mult2(long a, long b)
{
  long s = a * b;
  return s;
}

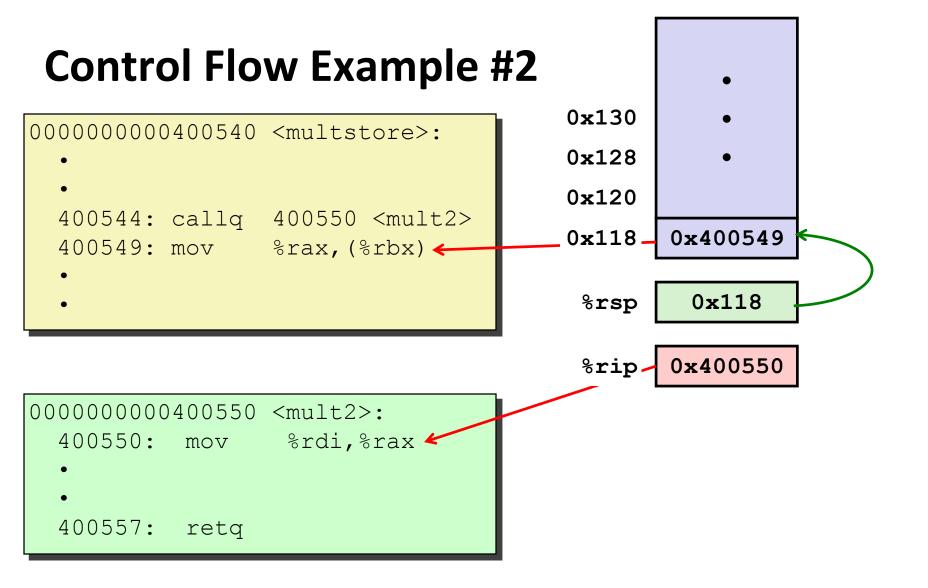
0000000000400550 <mult2>:
  400550: mov %rdi,%rax # a
  400553: imul %rsi,%rax # a * b
  400557: retq # Return
```

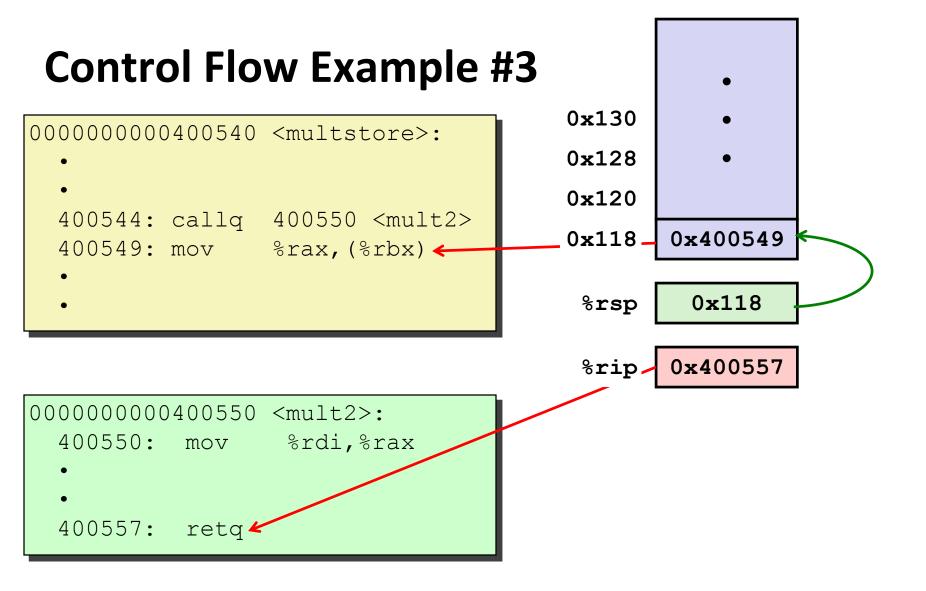
Procedure Control Flow

- Use stack to support procedure call and return
- Procedure call: call label
 - Push return address on stack
 - Jump to label
- Return address:
 - Address of the next instruction right after call
 - Example from disassembly
- Procedure return: ret
 - Pop address from stack
 - Jump to address

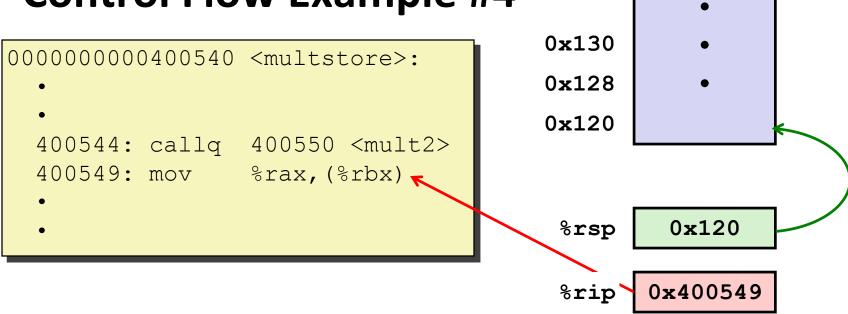


```
0000000000400550 <mult2>:
 400550:
         mov %rdi,%rax
 400557:
          retq
```





Control Flow Example #4



```
0000000000400550 <mult2>:
   400550: mov %rdi,%rax
   •
   400557: retq
```

Today

- Procedures
 - Stack Structure
 - Calling Conventions
 - Passing control
 - Passing data
 - Managing local data
 - Illustrations of Recursion & Pointers

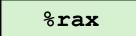
Procedure Data Flow

Registers

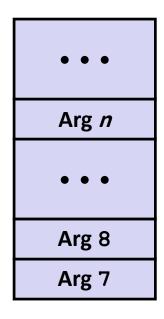
■ First 6 arguments



Return value



Stack



Only allocate stack space when needed

Data Flow Examples

```
void multstore
  (long x, long y, long *dest)
{
    long t = mult2(x, y);
    *dest = t;
}
```

```
long mult2
  (long a, long b)
{
  long s = a * b;
  return s;
}
```

Today

- Procedures
 - Stack Structure
 - Calling Conventions
 - Passing control
 - Passing data
 - Managing local data
 - Illustration of Recursion

Stack-Based Languages

Languages that support recursion

- e.g., C, Pascal, Java
- Code must be "Reentrant"
 - Multiple simultaneous instantiations of single procedure
- Need some place to store state of each instantiation
 - Arguments
 - Local variables
 - Return pointer

Stack discipline

- State for given procedure needed for limited time
 - From when called to when return
- Callee returns before caller does

Stack allocated in *Frames*

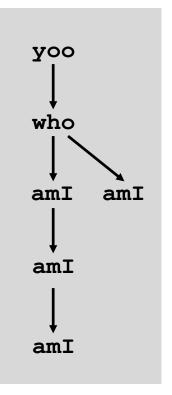
state for single procedure instantiation

Call Chain Example

```
who(...)
{
    amI();
    amI();
    amI();
```

Procedure amI () is recursive

Example Call Chain



Stack Frames

Contents

- Return information
- Local storage (if needed)
- Temporary space (if needed)

Frame Pointer: %rbp
(Optional)

Stack Pointer: %rsp

Previous Frame

Frame for proc

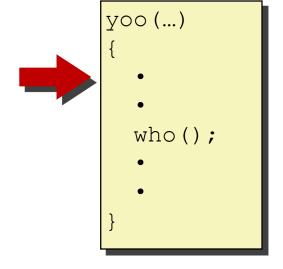


Management

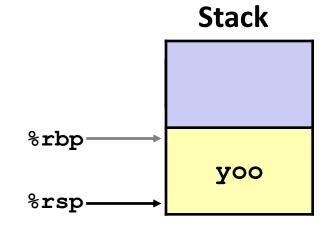
- Space allocated when enter procedure
 - "Set-up" code
 - Includes push by call instruction
- Deallocated when return
 - "Finish" code
 - Includes pop by ret instruction



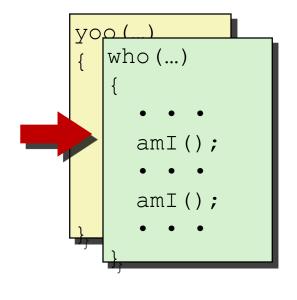
Example

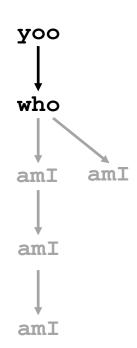


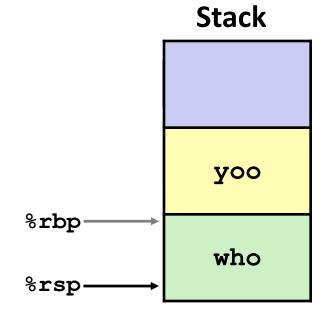




Example



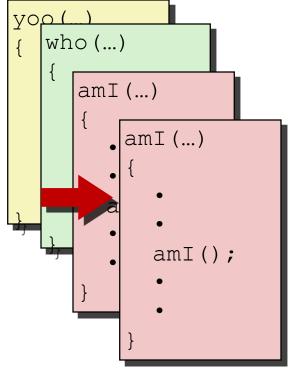


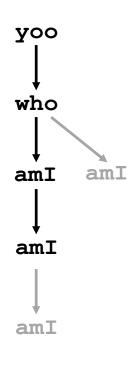


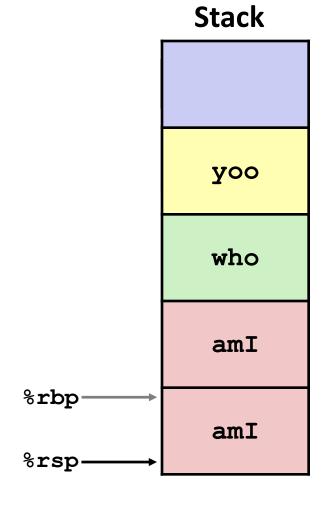
Stack **Example** yop () yoo who (...) yoo amI (...) who who amIamI%rbp amI(); amI amI%rsp.

amI

Example

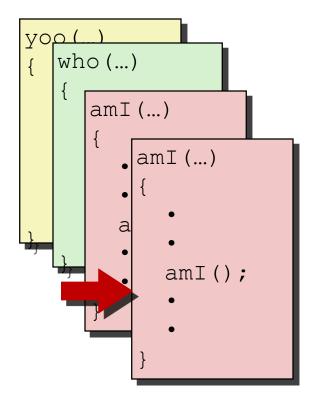


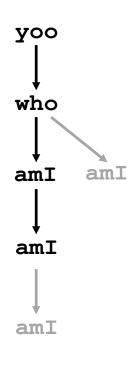


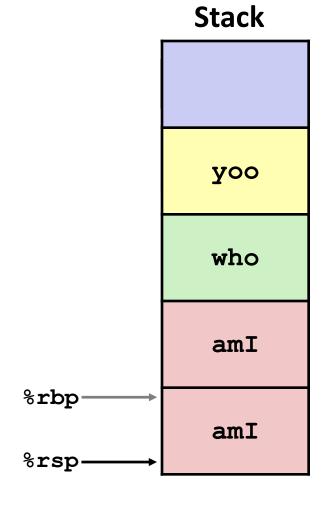


Stack **Example** yop (_) yoo who (...) yoo amI (...) who • amI (...) who amIamI amI (...) amIamI amI(); amIamI %rbp amI%rsp

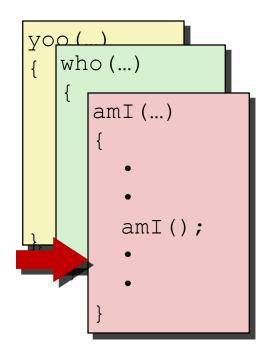
Example

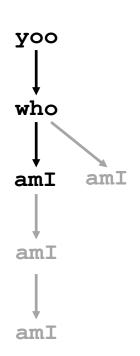


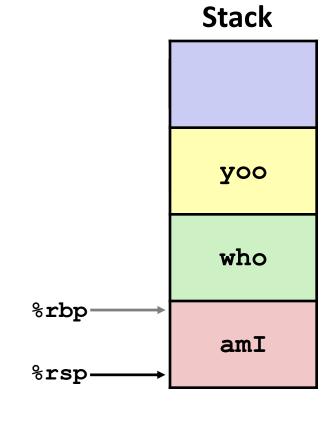


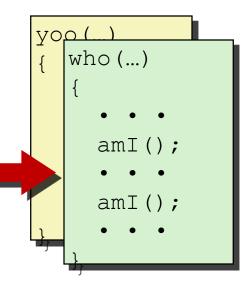


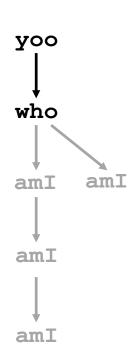
Example

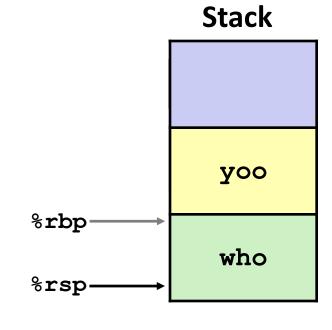


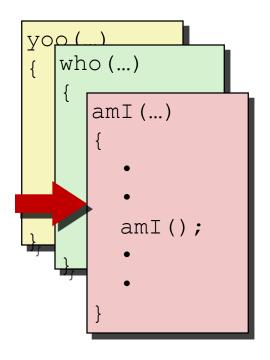


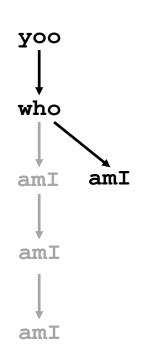


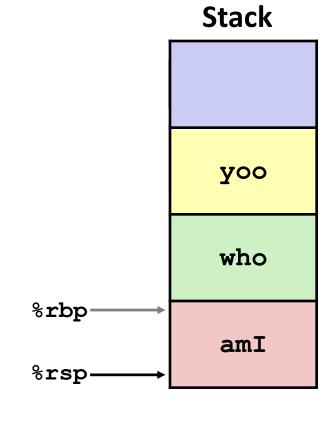


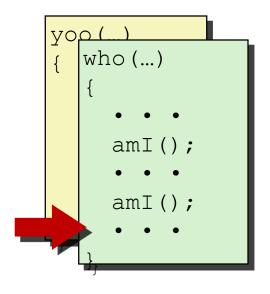




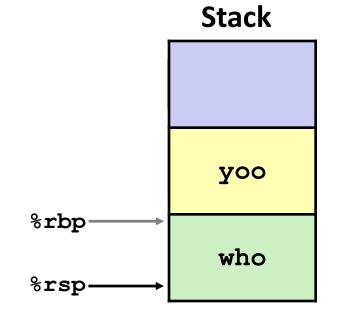


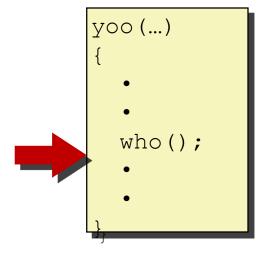




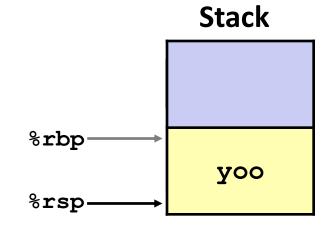












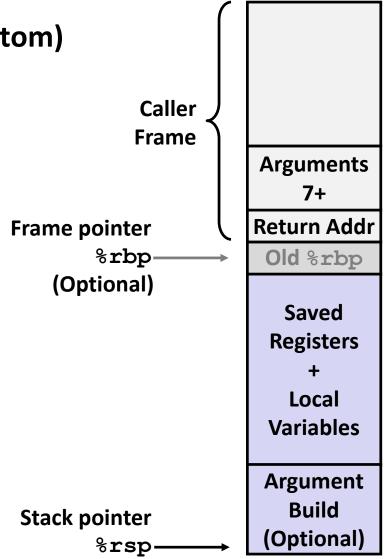
x86-64/Linux Stack Frame

Current Stack Frame ("Top" to Bottom)

- "Argument build:"Parameters for function about to call
- Local variablesIf can't keep in registers
- Saved register context
- Old frame pointer (optional)

Caller Stack Frame

- Return address
 - Pushed by call instruction
- Arguments for this call



Example: incr

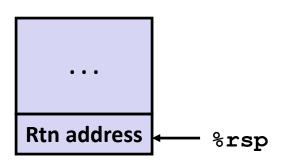
```
long incr(long *p, long val) {
   long x = *p;
   long y = x + val;
   *p = y;
   return x;
}
```

```
incr:
  movq (%rdi), %rax
  addq %rax, %rsi
  movq %rsi, (%rdi)
  ret
```

Register	Use(s)	
%rdi	Argument p	
%rsi	Argument val , y	
%rax	x, Return value	

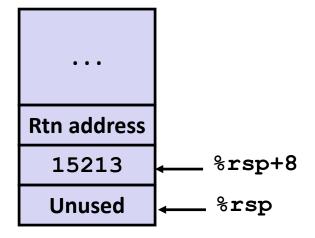
long call_incr() { long v1 = 15213; long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000); return v1+v2; }

Initial Stack Structure



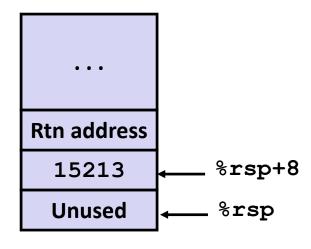
```
call_incr:
    subq    $16, %rsp
    movq    $15213, 8(%rsp)
    movl    $3000, %esi
    leaq    8(%rsp), %rdi
    call    incr
    addq    8(%rsp), %rax
    addq    $16, %rsp
    ret
```

Resulting Stack Structure



```
long call_incr() {
    long v1 = 15213;
    long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000);
    return v1+v2;
}
```

```
call_incr:
    subq    $16, %rsp
    movq    $15213, 8(%rsp)
    movl    $3000, %esi
    leaq    8(%rsp), %rdi
    call    incr
    addq    8(%rsp), %rax
    addq    $16, %rsp
    ret
```



Register	Use(s)
%rdi	&v1
%rsi	3000

```
long call_incr() {
    long v1 = 15213;
    long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000);
    return v1+v2;
}
```

Stack Structure

```
Rtn address
```

Aside 1: movl \$3000, %esi

- Remember, movl -> %exx zeros out high order 32 bits.
 - Why use movl instead of movq? 1 byte shorter.

```
movl $3000, %esi
leaq 8(%rsp), %rdi
call incr
addq 8(%rsp), %rax
addq $16, %rsp
ret
```

%rdi	&v1
%rsi	3000

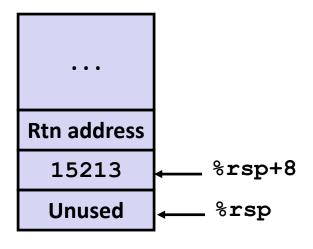
```
Stack Structure
long call incr() {
    long v1 = 15213;
    long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000);
   return v1+v2;
                                    Rtn address
                                                  %rsp+8
                                      15213
                                                  %rsp
       Aside 2: leaq 8(%rsp), %rdi
ca:
  Computes %rsp+8
                                               se(s)

    Actually, used for what it is meant!

  leaq 8(%rsp), %rdi
                                              3000
                                     %rsi
 call incr
 addq 8(%rsp), %rax
 addq $16, %rsp
  ret
```

```
long call_incr() {
    long v1 = 15213;
    long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000);
    return v1+v2;
}
```

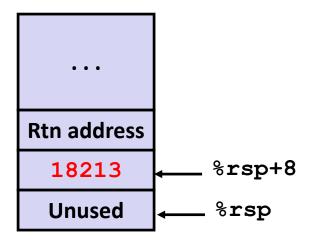
```
call_incr:
    subq $16, %rsp
    movq $15213, 8(%rsp)
    movl $3000, %esi
    leaq 8(%rsp), %rdi
    call incr
    addq 8(%rsp), %rax
    addq $16, %rsp
    ret
```



Register	Use(s)
%rdi	&v1
%rsi	3000

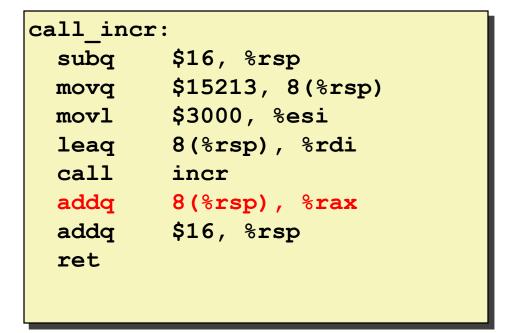
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    long v1 = 15213;
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}
```

```
call_incr:
    subq    $16, %rsp
    movq    $15213, 8(%rsp)
    movl    $3000, %esi
    leaq    8(%rsp), %rdi
    call    incr
    addq    8(%rsp), %rax
    addq    $16, %rsp
    ret
```



Register	Use(s)
%rdi	&v1
%rsi	3000

```
long call_incr() {
    long v1 = 15213;
    long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000);
    return v1+v2;
}
```



Register	Use(s)	
%rax	Return value	

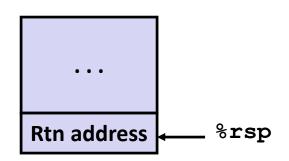
Stack Structure

```
long call_incr() {
    long v1 = 15213;
    long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000);
    return v1+v2;
}
```

call_incr	:
subq	\$16, %rsp
movq	\$15213, 8(%rsp)
movl	\$3000, %esi
leaq	8(%rsp), %rdi
call	incr
addq	8(%rsp), %rax
addq	\$16, %rsp
ret	

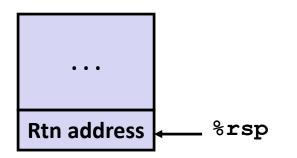
Register	Use(s)
%rax	Return value

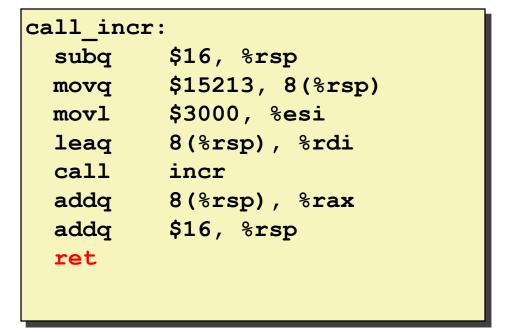
Updated Stack Structure



```
long call_incr() {
    long v1 = 15213;
    long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000);
    return v1+v2;
}
```

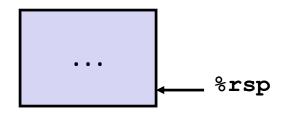
Updated Stack Structure





Register	Use(s)
%rax	Return value

Final Stack Structure



Register Saving Conventions

- When procedure yoo calls who:
 - yoo is the caller
 - who is the callee
- Can register be used for temporary storage?

```
yoo:

movq $15213, %rdx
call who
addq %rdx, %rax

ret
```

```
who:

• • •

subq $18213, %rdx

• • •

ret
```

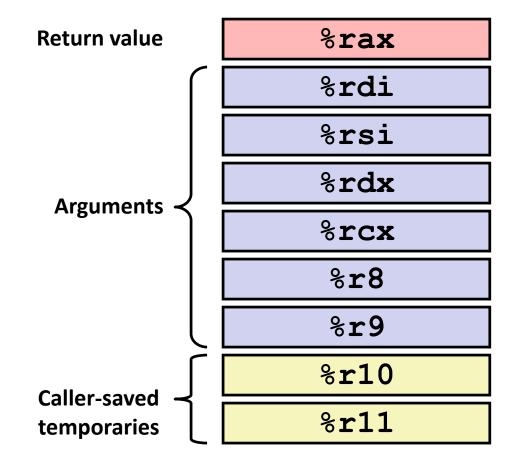
- Contents of register %rdx overwritten by who
- This could be trouble → something should be done!
 - Need some coordination

Register Saving Conventions

- When procedure yoo calls who:
 - yoo is the caller
 - who is the callee
- Can register be used for temporary storage?
- Conventions
 - "Caller Saved"
 - Caller saves temporary values in its frame before the call
 - "Callee Saved"
 - Callee saves temporary values in its frame before using
 - Callee restores them before returning to caller

x86-64 Linux Register Usage #1

- %rax
 - Return value
 - Also caller-saved
 - Can be modified by procedure
- %rdi, ..., %r9
 - Arguments
 - Also caller-saved
 - Can be modified by procedure
- %r10, %r11
 - Caller-saved
 - Can be modified by procedure

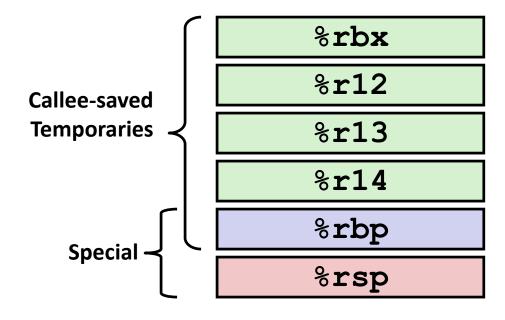


x86-64 Linux Register Usage #2

- %rbx, %r12, %r13, %r14
 - Callee-saved
 - Callee must save & restore
- %rbp
 - Callee-saved
 - Callee must save & restore
 - May be used as frame pointer
 - Can mix & match

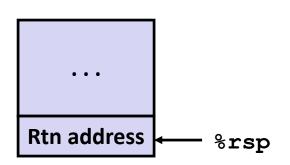
■ %rsp

- Special form of callee save
- Restored to original value upon exit from procedure



long call_incr2(long x) { long v1 = 15213; long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000); return x+v2; }

Initial Stack Structure

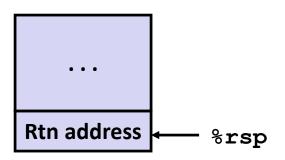


- X comes in register %rdi.
- We need %rdi for the call to incr.
- Where should be put x, so we can use it after the call to incr?

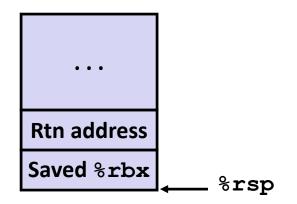
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long call_incr2(long x) {
    long v1 = 15213;
    long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000);
    return x+v2;
}
```

```
call incr2:
 pushq %rbx
 subq $16, %rsp
 movq %rdi, %rbx
 movq $15213, 8(%rsp)
 movl $3000, %esi
 leaq 8(%rsp), %rdi
 call incr
 addq %rbx, %rax
 addq $16, %rsp
 popq %rbx
 ret.
```

Initial Stack Structure



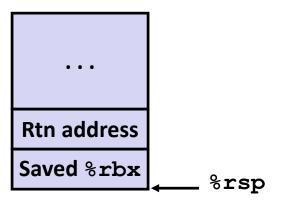
Resulting Stack Structure



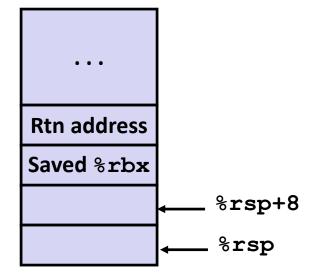
```
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 movl $3000, %esi
 leaq 8(%rsp), %rdi
 call incr
 addq %rbx, %rax
 addq $16, %rsp
 popq %rbx
 ret.
```

Initial Stack Structure

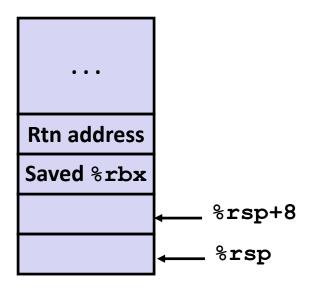


Resulting Stack Structure



```
long call_incr2(long x) {
    long v1 = 15213;
    long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000);
    return x+v2;
}
```

```
call incr2:
 pushq %rbx
 subq $16, %rsp
 movq %rdi, %rbx
 movq $15213, 8(%rsp)
 movl $3000, %esi
 leaq 8(%rsp), %rdi
 call incr
 addq %rbx, %rax
 addq $16, %rsp
 popq %rbx
 ret.
```



- X saved in %rbx.
- A callee saved register.

long call_incr2(long x) { long v1 = 15213; long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000); return x+v2; }

```
call incr2:
 pushq %rbx
 subq $16, %rsp
 movq %rdi, %rbx
 movq $15213, 8(%rsp)
 movl $3000, %esi
 leaq 8(%rsp), %rdi
 call incr
 addq %rbx, %rax
 addq $16, %rsp
 popq %rbx
 ret.
```

- X saved in %rbx.
- A callee saved register.

long call_incr2(long x) { long v1 = 15213; long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000); return x+v2; }

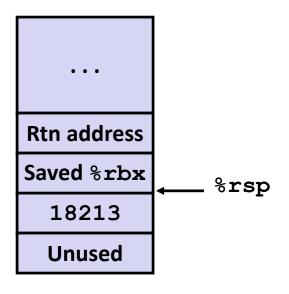
```
call incr2:
 pushq %rbx
 subq $16, %rsp
 movq %rdi, %rbx
 movq $15213, 8(%rsp)
 movl $3000, %esi
 leaq 8(%rsp), %rdi
 call incr
 addq %rbx, %rax
 addq $16, %rsp
       %rbx
 popq
 ret.
```

- X Is safe in %rbx
- Return result in %rax

long call_incr2(long x) { long v1 = 15213; long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000); return x+v2; }

```
call incr2:
 pushq %rbx
 subq $16, %rsp
 movq %rdi, %rbx
 movq $15213, 8(%rsp)
 movl $3000, %esi
 leaq 8(%rsp), %rdi
 call incr
 addq %rbx, %rax
 addq $16, %rsp
 popq %rbx
 ret.
```

Stack Structure

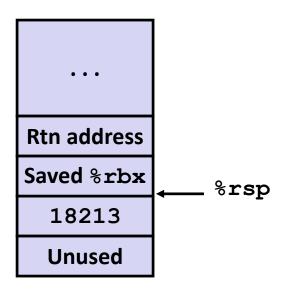


Return result in %rax

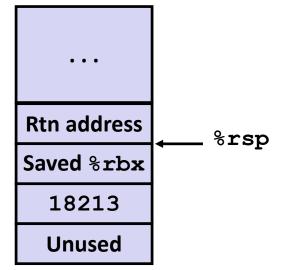
Initial Stack Structure

```
long call_incr2(long x) {
    long v1 = 15213;
    long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000);
    return x+v2;
}
```

```
call incr2:
 pushq %rbx
 subq $16, %rsp
 movq %rdi, %rbx
 movq $15213, 8(%rsp)
 movl $3000, %esi
 leaq 8(%rsp), %rdi
 call incr
 addq %rbx, %rax
 addq $16, %rsp
 popq %rbx
 ret
```



final Stack Structure



Today

- Procedures
 - Stack Structure
 - Calling Conventions
 - Passing control
 - Passing data
 - Managing local data
 - Illustration of Recursion

Recursive Function

```
pcount r:
 movl $0, %eax
 testq %rdi, %rdi
        .L6
 je
 pushq %rbx
 movq %rdi, %rbx
 andl
        $1, %ebx
        %rdi
 shrq
 call
        pcount r
 addq
         %rbx, %rax
 popq
         %rbx
.L6:
 rep; ret
```

Recursive Function Terminal Case

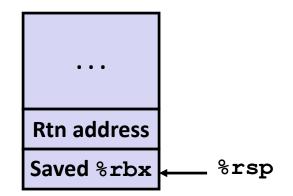
Register	Use(s)	Туре
%rdi	x	Argument
%rax	Return value	Return value

```
pcount_r:
 movl $0, %eax
 testq %rdi, %rdi
 je .L6
 pushq %rbx
 movq %rdi, %rbx
 andl $1, %ebx
 shrq %rdi
 call
        pcount r
 addq %rbx, %rax
        %rbx
 popq
.L6:
 rep; ret
```

Recursive Function Register Save

```
pcount r:
 movl $0, %eax
        %rdi, %rdi
 testq
 je .L6
 pushq %rbx
 movq %rdi, %rbx
 andl $1, %ebx
 shrq %rdi
 call
        pcount r
 addq %rbx, %rax
 popq
        %rbx
.L6:
 rep; ret
```

Register	Use(s)	Туре
%rdi	x	Argument



Recursive Function Call Setup

Register	Use(s)	Туре
%rdi	x >> 1	Rec. argument
%rhx	x L 1	Callee-saved

```
pcount r:
 movl $0, %eax
 testq %rdi, %rdi
 je .L6
 pushq %rbx
 movq %rdi, %rbx
 andl $1, %ebx
 shrq %rdi
 call
        pcount r
        %rbx, %rax
 addq
        %rbx
 popq
.L6:
 rep; ret
```

Recursive Function Call

Register	Use(s)	Туре
%rbx	x & 1	Callee-saved
%rax	Recursive call return value	

```
pcount r:
 movl $0, %eax
 testq %rdi, %rdi
 je .L6
 pushq %rbx
 movq %rdi, %rbx
 andl $1, %ebx
 shrq %rdi
 call pcount r
 addq %rbx, %rax
        %rbx
 popq
.L6:
 rep; ret
```

Recursive Function Result

Register	Use(s)	Туре
%rbx	x & 1	Callee-saved
%rax	Return value	

```
pcount r:
 movl $0, %eax
 testq %rdi, %rdi
 je .L6
 pushq %rbx
 movq %rdi, %rbx
 andl $1, %ebx
 shrq %rdi
 call
        pcount r
 addq %rbx, %rax
        %rbx
 popq
.L6:
 rep; ret
```

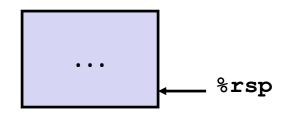
Recursive Function Completion

```
movl
        $0, %eax
        %rdi, %rdi
 testq
        . L6
 jе
 pushq %rbx
 movq %rdi, %rbx
 andl
        $1, %ebx
        %rdi
 shrq
 call
        pcount r
 addq
        %rbx, %rax
        %rbx
 popq
.L6:
```

rep; ret

pcount r:

```
RegisterUse(s)Type%raxReturn valueReturn value
```



Observations About Recursion

Handled Without Special Consideration

- Stack frames mean that each function call has private storage
 - Saved registers & local variables
 - Saved return pointer
- Register saving conventions prevent one function call from corrupting another's data
 - Unless the C code explicitly does so (e.g., buffer overflow in Lecture 9)
- Stack discipline follows call / return pattern
 - If P calls Q, then Q returns before P
 - Last-In, First-Out

Also works for mutual recursion

P calls Q; Q calls P

x86-64 Procedure Summary

- Important Points
 - Stack is the right data structure for procedure call/return
 - If P calls Q, then Q returns before P
- Recursion (& mutual recursion) handled by normal calling conventions
 - Can safely store values in local stack frame and in callee-saved registers
 - Put function arguments at top of stack
 - Result return in %rax
- Pointers are addresses of values
 - On stack or global

