

## Selected scenario: Web Log

### *Front-end Feature Listing (minimum viable product features are indicated by \*)*

| Features only for users logged in; anything logged-out users get is the login/registration page |

#### **Account-local**

- Account creation with encrypted password\*
- Create blogs\*
- Create or edit entries within own blogs\*
  - View edit histories for own blogs\*
- Profile Page\*
  - View listing of own blogs\*
- Settings Page
  - Change password
  - Change username

#### **Sitewide**

- Every page contains a heading of links to <home>\*, <profile>\*, <settings>, <logout>\*
- View other users' blogs\*
  - Directory with all blogs, sorted by timestamp of latest entry of blog\*
  - Search for keywords within title
- View edit history for other users' blog entries
- Comment on other users' blog entries\*
- View other users' profiles\*
  - Contains links to user's blogs\*

### *Database Layout*

Table name	Record content
users	userid, username, password <sup>1</sup>
blogs	userid, blogid, title
entries	blogid, entryid, versionid <sup>2</sup> , timestamp <sup>3</sup> , content
entries_arc	blogid, entryid, versionid, timestamp, content
comments	blogid, entryid, commentid, userid, timestamp, content

<sup>1</sup> Hashed

<sup>2</sup> Starts counting from 1

<sup>3</sup> Unix time of the server

## HTML Templates

- login.html
  - Directed from “/” if user is not logged in
  - Displays text input boxes for username and password
  - On click <submit>, redirects user to “/login” through a POST request
  - On click <create new account>, redirects user to “/register” through a GET request
- register.html
  - Directed from “login.html” on click <create new account>
  - Displays text input boxes for information needed to create a complete account
  - On click <create account>, redirects user to “/register” through a POST request
- home.html
  - Directed from “/login” if credentials are verified
  - Directed from link <home> on navigation bar
  - Displays all blogs in order of most recently edited
  - On click <blog\_whatever>, redirects user to “/blog” with whatever’s blog\_id
- search.html
  - Displays all blogs that match the search request
- profile.html
  - Directed from link <profile> or <profile\_userid>
  - Displays all blogs of that user
  - Displays create new blog link if user is viewing their own profile
  - On click <create new blog>, redirects user to “/create\_blog”
- settings.html
  - Directed from link <settings>
  - Displays form to <change username> and <change password>
- blog.html
  - Directed from “/blog”
  - Displays all entries of that blog
  - Displays a <view entry history> link for each entry
  - Displays comment section at the bottom, with a text input box for new comments
  - Displays an <edit> and <enter\_entry> link if viewing user’s own blog
  - On click <view\_entry\_history>, redirects user to “/entry\_history” with corresponding entry\_id
  - On click <edit>, redirects user to “/blog/<blog\_id>/<entry\_id>/edit”
  - On click <enter\_entry>, redirects user to “/new\_entry”
- enter\_entry.html
  - Directed from link <enter\_entry>
  - Displays input text box for a new entry
- entry\_history.html
  - Directed from link <<view\_entry\_history>
  - Displays all versions of entries
- layout.html
  - The links that take you to <home>, <profile>, and <settings>
  - This is the parent for jinja inheritance

## Task Division

- Joseph
  - App routing and redirecting
  - Implementing front-end
- Yevgeniy
  - Everything database related
    - Fetching a blog's entries, fetching a list of blogs, etc.
    - Adding users, blogs, entries, comments to database
- Eric (Project Manager)
  - Helping out with frontend and backend tasks when applicable
  - Team management
  - Devlog and updating design doc

## Component Map

Frontend (read)	Relationship	Backend	Function
login	Verifies username and password hash equality	users	<code>utl.acc.verify_acc(username, password)</code>
get userid	Given a username, returns the userid	users	<code>utl.acc.get_userid(username)</code>
create account	Given a username and password, add account to <code>users</code> if requirements are met	users	<code>utl.acc.create_acc(username, password)</code>
search	Searches for the presence of the input string within blog titles and returns all matches as a dictionary array.	blogs	<code>utl.search(keyword)</code>
count	Get the number of blogs that exist	blogs	<code>utl.blogs.count()</code>
get blog's descriptors <sup>4</sup>	Uses <code>blogid</code> to retrieve data from <code>blogs</code>	blogs	<code>utl.blogs.describe(blogid)</code>
get blog's entries	Uses <code>blogid</code> to retrieve data from <code>entries</code> Returns a list of dictionaries in descending order by <code>entryid</code> containing <code>entryid</code> , <code>versionid</code> , <code>timestamp</code> , <code>content</code>	entries	<code>utl.blogs.read_entries(blogid)</code>
get entry history	Uses <code>entryid</code> to retrieve data from <code>entries_arc</code> Returns a list of dictionaries in descending order by <code>versionid</code> containing <code>entryid</code> , <code>versionid</code> , <code>timestamp</code> , <code>content</code>	<code>entries_arc</code>	<code>utl.entries.read_entries_h(blogid, entryid)</code>

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<sup>4</sup> Title and author

Frontend (write)	Relationship	Backend	Function <sup>5</sup>
get comments	Uses <code>entryid</code> and <code>blogid</code> to retrieve data from <code>comments</code>	<code>comments</code>	<code>utl.entries.read_comments(blogid, entryid)</code>
register	Validates username <sup>6</sup> , hashes password, and generates an id, pushing the values into the <code>users</code> table.	<code>users</code>	<code>utl.acc.create_acc(username, password)</code>
create blog	Creates a new blog associated with the creating user.	<code>blogs</code>	<code>utl.blogs.create_blog(userid, title)</code>
Create new entry	Creates a new entry for a blog of the user's choosing, inserts into <code>entries</code> and <code>entries_arc</code>	<code>entries</code> <code>entries_arc</code>	<code>utl.entries.create_entry(blogid, content)</code>
Edit entry	Edits the corresponding entry in <code>entries</code> with the new content and <code>versionid</code> and copies the edited entry into <code>entries_arc</code>	<code>entries</code> <code>entries_arc</code>	<code>utl.entries.edit_entry(blogid, entryid, content)</code>
Change username or password	Overwrites the current password's hash with the new password's hash or overwrites the current username with the new username	<code>users</code>	<code>utl.acc.edit_acc(userid, new_un=, new_pw=)</code> <sup>7</sup>
Add comment	Generates and inserts a comment record based on the content and the blog, entry, and user ids.	<code>comments</code>	<code>utl.comments.create_comment(blogid, entryid, userid, content)</code>
Count comments	Returns the number of comments in a blog entry	<code>comments</code>	<code>utl.comments.count_comment(blogid, entryid)</code>
delete comment	Deletes a comment from the database	<code>comments</code>	<code>utl.comments.delete_comment(blogid, entryid, commentid)</code>
delete entry	Deletes an entry from the database	<code>entries</code> <code>entries_arc</code>	<code>utl.entries.delete_entry(blogid, entryid)</code>

<sup>5</sup> All listed functions return a boolean representing the operation's success.

<sup>6</sup> Verifies absence of control characters and uniqueness of name

<sup>7</sup> Uses `**kwargs`: input has to be `edit_acc(name, new_un = "something" (optional argument), new_pw = "something else" (optional argument))`

# Sitemap

