

1.2.1 Picture Zoom

In OpenCV, the function to achieve picture zoom: cv2.resize(InputArray src, OutputArray dst, Size, fx, fy, interpolation)

Path:

 $/home/dofbot/Dofbot \verb|\| 4.opencv \verb|\| 2.Geometric_transformation \verb|\| 01_picture_zoom.ipyn | b$

About parameter:

| InputArray src | Input picture |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|
| OutputArray dst | Output picture |
| Size | Size of output picture |
| fx, fy | Zoom factor along x-axis and y-axis |
| interpolation | Interpolation method |

The interpolation method used by the interpolation option:

| INTER_NEAREST | Nearest neighbor interpolation |
|----------------|---|
| INTER_LINEAR | Bilinear interpolation(default setting) |
| INTER_AREA | Using the pixel region relationship to |
| | complete to re-sampling |
| INTER_CUBIC | Bicubic interpolation of 4x4 pixel |
| | neighborhood |
| INTER_LANCZOS4 | Lanczos interpolation of 8x8 pixel |
| | neighborhood |

Note:

1. Size format: (width, height)

2. The default interpolation method: bilinear interpolation

1 load 2 info 3 resize 4 check import cv2 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt #2D drawing library for Python

Read the original picture
img = cv2.imread('yahboom.jpg')
Print out the picture size
print(img.shape)

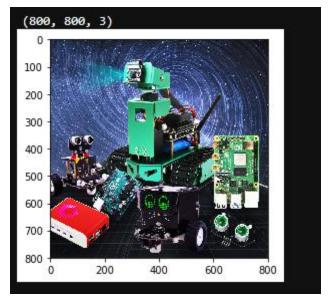
Assign the image height and width to x and y respectively

x, y = img.shape[0:2]



```
# Display original picture
    # cv.imshow('OriginalPicture', img)
    # Zoom to the original half, the output size format is (width, height)
    img_test1 = cv2.resize(img, (int(y / 2), int(x / 2)))
    # cv2.imshow('resize0', img_test1)
    # cv2.waitKey()
    # Nearest neighbor interpolation to zoom
    # Zoom to the original quarter
    img test2 = cv2.resize(img, (0, 0), fx=0.25, fy=0.25,
interpolation=cv2.INTER_NEAREST)
    # cv.imshow('resize1', img test2)
    # cv.waitKey()
    # cv.destroyAllWindows()
    img = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR BGR2RGB)
    dst1 = cv2.cvtColor(img_test1, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
    dst2 = cv2.cvtColor(img_test2, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
    # Display original picture
    plt.imshow(img)
    plt.show()
```

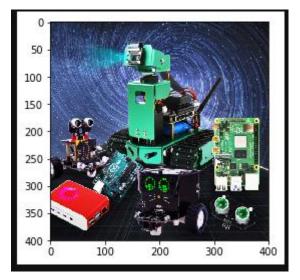
After the program is executed, we can see that the image is 800 * 800. As shown below.



```
# Display zoom 1/2
plt.imshow(dst1)
plt.show()
```

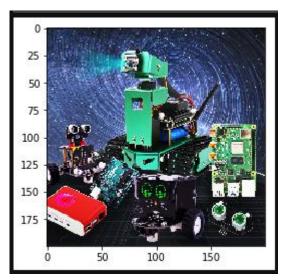


After the program is executed, we can see that the image is 400 * 400. zoom 1/2 As shown below.



Display zoom 1/4 Nearest neighbor interpolation to zoom plt.imshow(dst2) plt.show()

After the program is executed, we can see that the image is 200 * 200, zoom 1/4. As shown below.



Next, we will introduce matplotlib: 2D plotting library for Python Tutorial: https://www.runoob.com/numpy/numpy-matplotlib.html

import numpy as np from matplotlib import pyplot as plt

x = np.arange(1,11)
y = 2 * x + 5
plt.title("Matplotlib demo")
plt.xlabel("x axis caption")



plt.ylabel("y axis caption")
plt.plot(x,y)
plt.show()

