VE475 Introduction to Cryptography Homework 2

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Ex. 1 - Simple questions

1. The inverse of 17 modulo 101 can be found by the extended Euclidean algorithm. Initially, $s_0 = 0$, $s_1 = 1$, $t_0 = 1$, and $t_1 = 0$.

So, we can see that gcd(17, 101) = 1 and the multiplicative inverse of 17 modulo 101 is $s_1 = 6$.

2. Simplify the condition given, we would have

$$12x \equiv 28 \mod 236$$
$$3x \equiv 7 \mod 59$$

So, we would have

$$3x = \begin{cases} 59 \cdot (3k+0) + 7 \\ 59 \cdot (3k+1) + 7 \\ 59 \cdot (3k+2) + 7 \end{cases}, \text{ where } k \in \mathbb{Z}$$
$$x = \begin{cases} 59k + 2 + \frac{1}{3} \\ 59k + 22 \\ 59k + 41 + \frac{2}{3} \end{cases}$$

Since $x \in \mathbb{Z}$, x = 59k + 22, where $k \in \mathbb{Z}$.

- 3. If $c \equiv 0 \equiv m^7 \mod 31$, we would also have $m \equiv 0 \mod 31$.
 - Otherwise, since 31 is a prime and in this case $m \nmid 31$, we would have gcd(m, 31) = 1. So, according to Fermat's Little Theorem, we would obtain

$$m^{30} \equiv 1 \mod 31$$
$$m^{31} \equiv m \mod 31$$

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Since gcd(7,30) = 1, we can find the multiplicative inverse of 7 modulo 30, which is 13. We would have $7 \times 13 + 30 \times (-3) = 1$. Then, following relation would be obtained

$$c^{13} \equiv (m^7)^{13} \mod 31$$
$$\equiv (m^{30})^3 \cdot m \mod 31$$
$$\equiv m \mod 31$$

In conclusion, to decrypt the message, we need to calculate c^{13} modulo 31. The result would gives m.

4. Since $4883 < 70^2$ and $4369 < 67^2$, the smallest prime factor should be found from: 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, 31, 37, 41, 43, 47, 53, 59, 61, and 67. So, we would have $4883 = 19 \times 257$. Since 19 is the smallest factor of 4883 and $257 < 17^2$, we can conclude that 257 is also a prime. Similarly, we would also have $4369 = 17 \times 257$, where 257 is also a prime. In conclusion, we have

$$4883 = 19 \times 257$$

 $4369 = 17 \times 257$

5. Assume the matrix *A* such that

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 5 \\ 7 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \mod p$$

is not invertible.

Since det(A) = -26, we need to find prime p such that $gcd(-26, p) \neq 1$. Or in another word, we need to find primes which are not coprime of -26. And since $|-26| = 2 \times 13$, we would have p = 2 or p = 13.

6. Since ab ≡ 0 mod p, we have ab = kp, where k ∈ Z. Since p is a prime, we can assume that gcd(a, p) = 1 or gcd(a, p) = p. And when gcd(a, p) = p, a is congruent to 0 mod p. If gcd(a, p) = 1, since p|ab, we would have p|b, which means b is congruent to 0 mod p. So, in conclusion, either a or b is congruent to 0 mod p.

7.

$$2^{2017} \equiv 2 \times 4^{1008} \equiv 2 \times (-1)^{1008} \equiv 2 \mod 5$$

 $2^{2017} \equiv 2 \times 64^{336} \equiv 2 \times (-1)^{336} \equiv 2 \mod 13$
 $2^{2017} \equiv 4 \times 32^{403} \equiv 4 \times 1^{403} \equiv 4 \mod 31$

Since $2015 = 5 \times 13 \times 31$, we could apply Chinese remainder theorem to find 2^{2017} mod 2015.

• Step 1: Since gcd(13,31) = 1 and $13 \times 31 = 403$, we need to find the multiplicative inverse of 403 modulo 5 which is 2. With similar procedure, we would obtain

Common_multiple(13, 31) $\equiv 806 \equiv 1 \mod 5$ Common_multiple(31, 5) $\equiv -155 \equiv 1 \mod 13$ Common_multiple(5, 13) $\equiv -650 \equiv 1 \mod 31$

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• Step 2:

$$806 \times 2 = 1612$$

$$-155 \times 2 = -310$$

$$-650 \times 4 = -2600$$

$$1612 - 310 - 2600 = -1298$$

• Step 3:

$$2^{2017} \equiv -1298 \mod 2015$$

 $\equiv 717 \mod 2015$

Ex. 2 - Rabin cryptosystem

1.

Ex. 3 - CRT

Assume there are at least x people in the group, we then have

$$x \equiv 1 \mod 3$$

 $x \equiv 2 \mod 4$
 $x \equiv 3 \mod 5$

To solve x, we need to apply the Chinese remainder theorem

• Step 1:

Common_multiple
$$(4,5) \equiv 40 \equiv 1 \mod 3$$

Common_multiple $(5,3) \equiv 45 \equiv 1 \mod 4$
Common_multiple $(3,4) \equiv 36 \equiv 1 \mod 5$

• Step 2:

$$40 \times 1 = 40$$
 $45 \times 2 = 90$
 $36 \times 3 = 108$
 $40 + 90 + 108 = 238$

• Step 3:

$$x \equiv 238 \mod \text{Lowest_common_multiple}(3, 4, 5)$$

 $\equiv 58 \mod 60$
 $\equiv 118 \mod 60$

So the two smallest possible number of people in the group are 58 and 118.