MATH6380P Final Project Nexperia Image Classification

CAO Yang

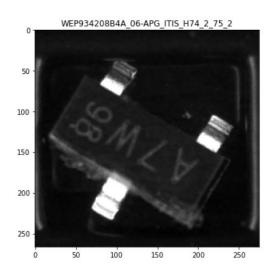
WU Jiamin

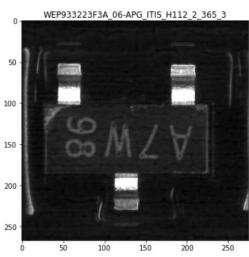
Introduction

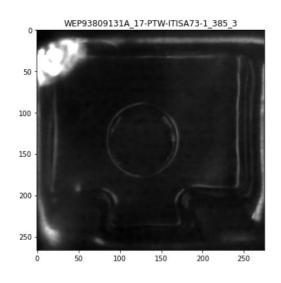
- Dataset
- Feature selection
 - Scattering net
- Image classification
 - LDA
 - Random forest
 - SVM
 - Logistic regression
- Visualization of the selected features
 - PCA
 - MDS
 - T-SNE
- Results and analysis

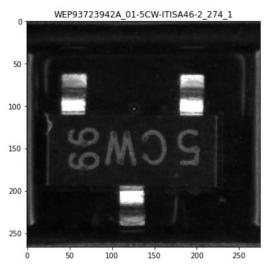
Dataset

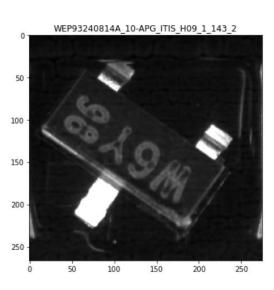
Nexperia image dataset

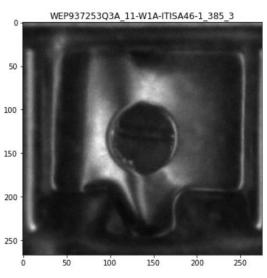






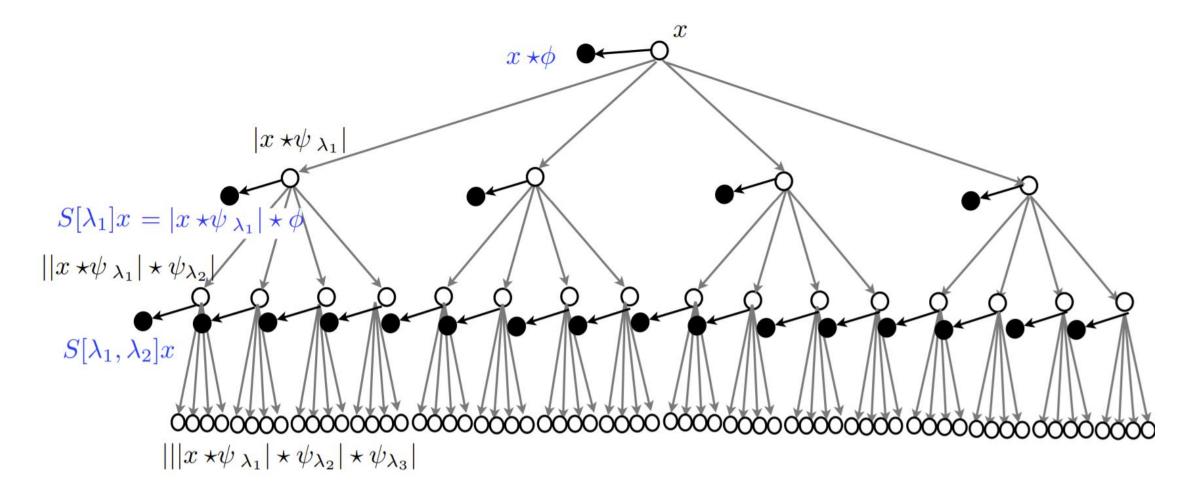






Feature selection

Scattering Net



Scattering Net

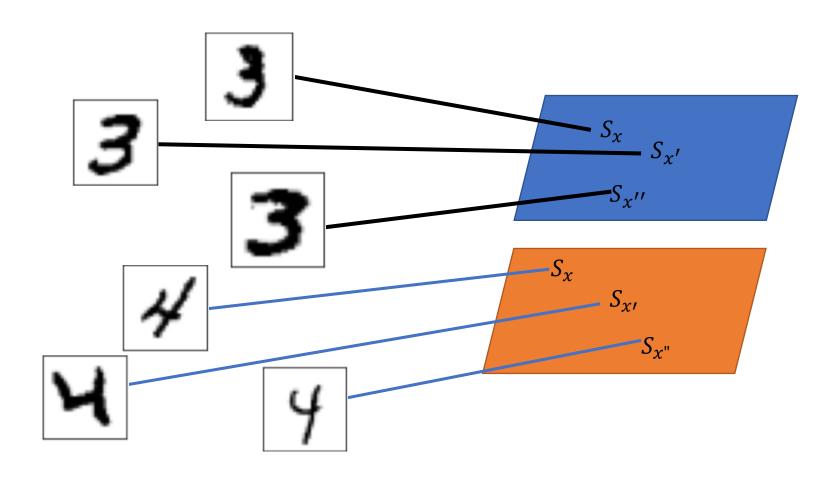
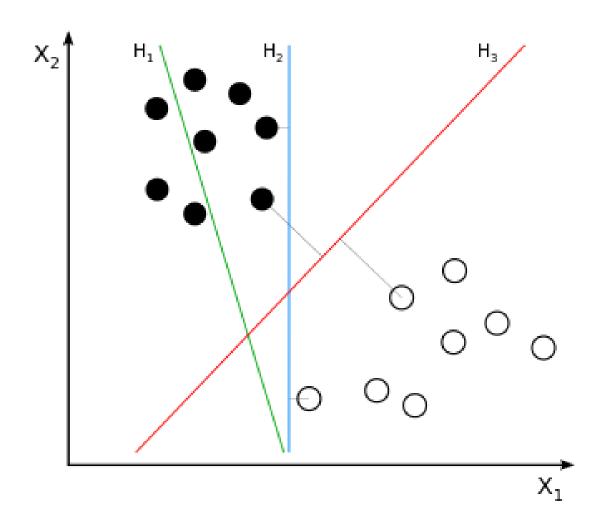


Image classification

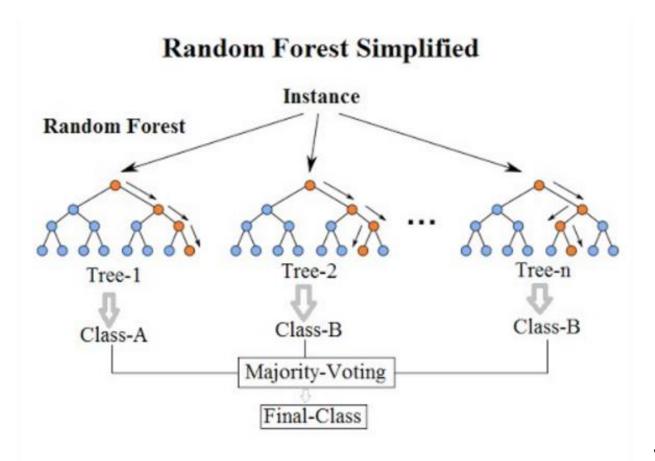
Linear discriminant analysis

- Assume sample in each class follows normal distribution. Specially,
 LDA would require the covariance matrix in each class to be the same.
- Prediction power can decrease due to multicollinearity: high correlation with predictor variables
- Can be very sensitive to outliers.

Support vector machine

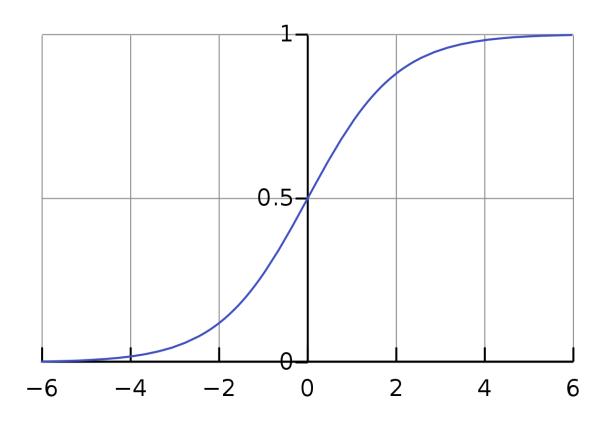


Random forest



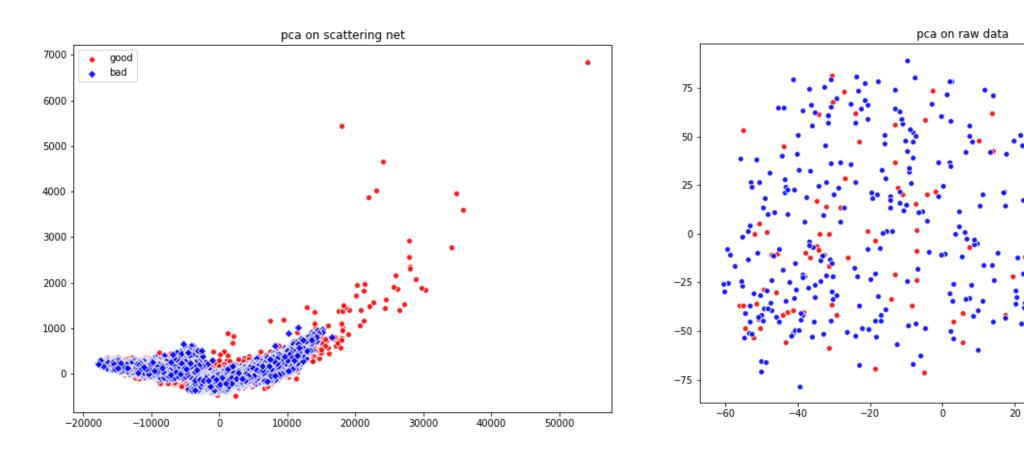
Venkata Jagannath

Logistic regression



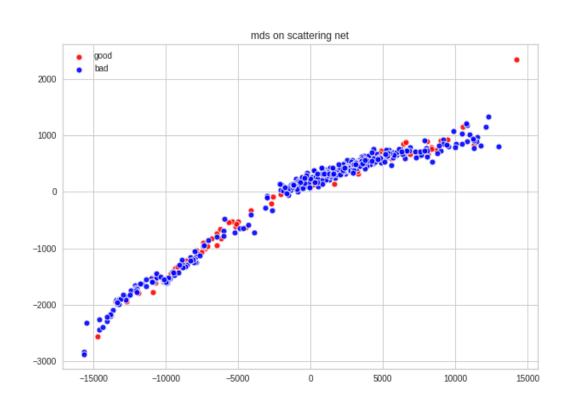
Visualization

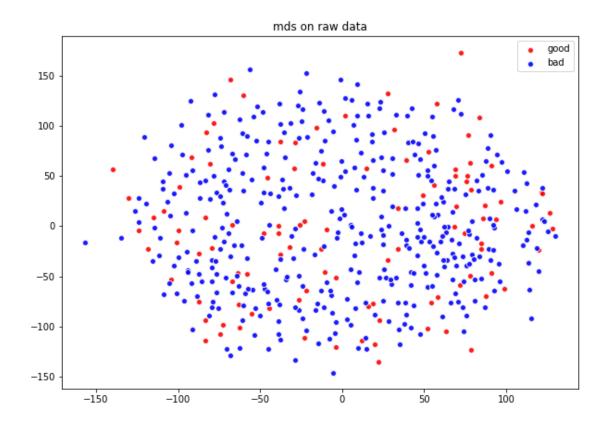
Principal component analysis



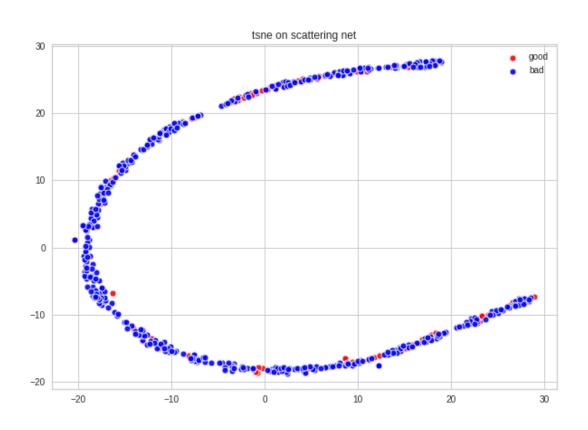
60

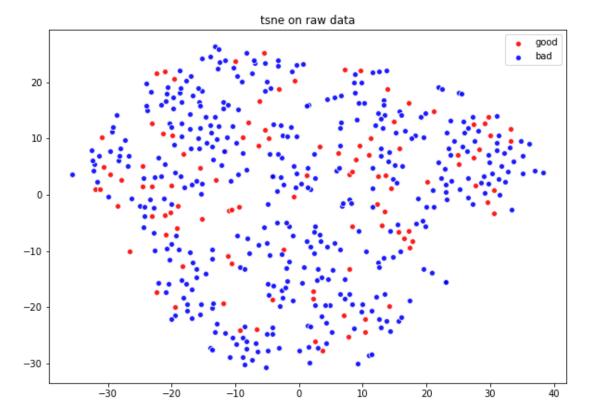
Multidimensional scaling





t-SNE





Results and Analysis

Training error

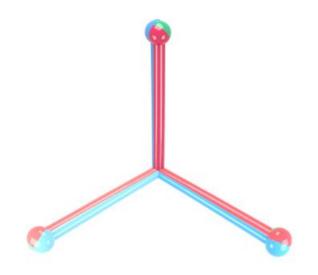
	rf	Ir	svm	lda
Raw	0	0.001480019733596 4604	0.135175135668475 6	0.05000000000000 044
scattering	5.803998955278278 e-05	0.209872602222931 58	0.204271743231086 2	0.189616645869003 73

Testing error

	rf	lr	svm	lda
Raw	0.590809399477806 78	0.498172323759791 2	0.689556135770234 9	0.650391644908616 2
scattering	0.190313315926892 96	0.391906005221932 1	0.6	0.440731070496083 5

Statistics

	contraction of with- in class variation (NC1)	Equal- norms of class- means	equal- angularity with	closeness to maxima I- angle equiangularity
Scattering net	131.6301255193344 6	0.32714084	0.999999299645424 1	1.000000670552253 7



Thank you