

Network Traffic Security Analysis Report

Executive Summary

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Multiple high-risk threats detected across the network, including ARP poisoning and DNS tunneling attempts.

ARP spoofing campaigns targeting critical IPs (172.20.10.1 and 172.20.10.9) observed with 10 total incidents.

DNS tunneling activity detected in 8 instances, suggesting potential data exfiltration or C2 communication.

No TCP/ICMP attack traffic recorded; threats focused on ARP/UDP-DNS layers.

Risk Assessment

Critical Risks

ARP Poisoning (Severity: Critical)

IP 172.20.10.1: 4 MAC address conflicts

IP 172.20.10.9: 6 MAC address conflicts

Enables MITM attacks, session hijacking, and network disruption.

DNS Tunneling (Severity: High)

8 suspicious DNS queries with abnormal characteristics:

High entropy values (3.53–4.00)

Long payloads (25–32 characters)

Indicates potential covert data channels.

Attack Vector Statistics

ARP: 0 packets (normal traffic) but 10 malicious ARP events detected

DNS-over-UDP: All tunneling attempts used UDP transport

Threat Observations

ARP Poisoning Patterns

Recurring spoofing events between packets #225–230:

Packet #225: First poisoning attempt against 172.20.10.1 (12:14:53 UTC)

Packet #230: Repeat attack on same IP 45 seconds later

No IP-layer data in ARP packets, suggesting protocol-level spoofing.

DNS Tunneling Indicators

Bidirectional traffic between 172.20.10.9 (source) and 172.20.10.1 (destination):

Packet #226: Outbound DNS query (length=26, entropy=3.84)

Packet #227: Inbound response matching same metrics

Packet #236: Follow-up query with modified parameters (length=28)

Entropy thresholds exceeded: Normal DNS typically has entropy ≤ 3.2 .

Recommendations

ARP Mitigation

Implement dynamic ARP inspection on network switches to validate MAC/IP bindings.

Deploy **ARPwatch** or similar monitoring for real-time poisoning alerts.

Segment critical devices (172.20.10.1/172.20.10.9) into separate VLANs.

DNS Security Enhancements

Block oversized DNS queries (>24 characters) via firewall rules.

Deploy **DNS filtering solutions** (Cisco Umbrella, DNSFilter) to detect tunneling patterns.

Enable DNS logging and analyze for:

High-entropy domain names

Uncommon record types (TXT, NULL)

Frequent requests to non-business domains

Network Hardening

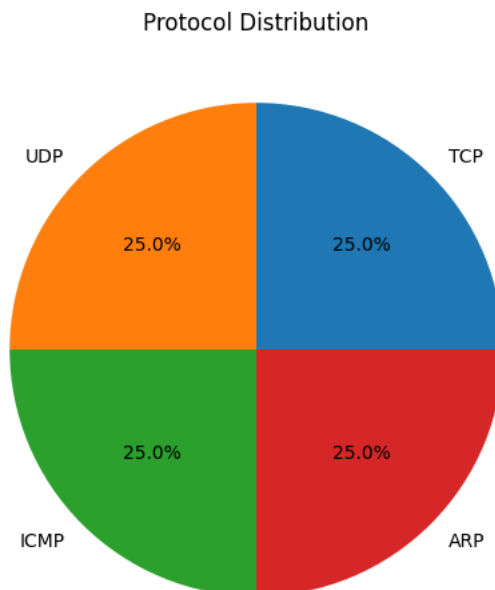
Enable port security to limit MAC address changes per switch port.

Enforce DNSSEC to prevent DNS cache poisoning and tunneling abuse.

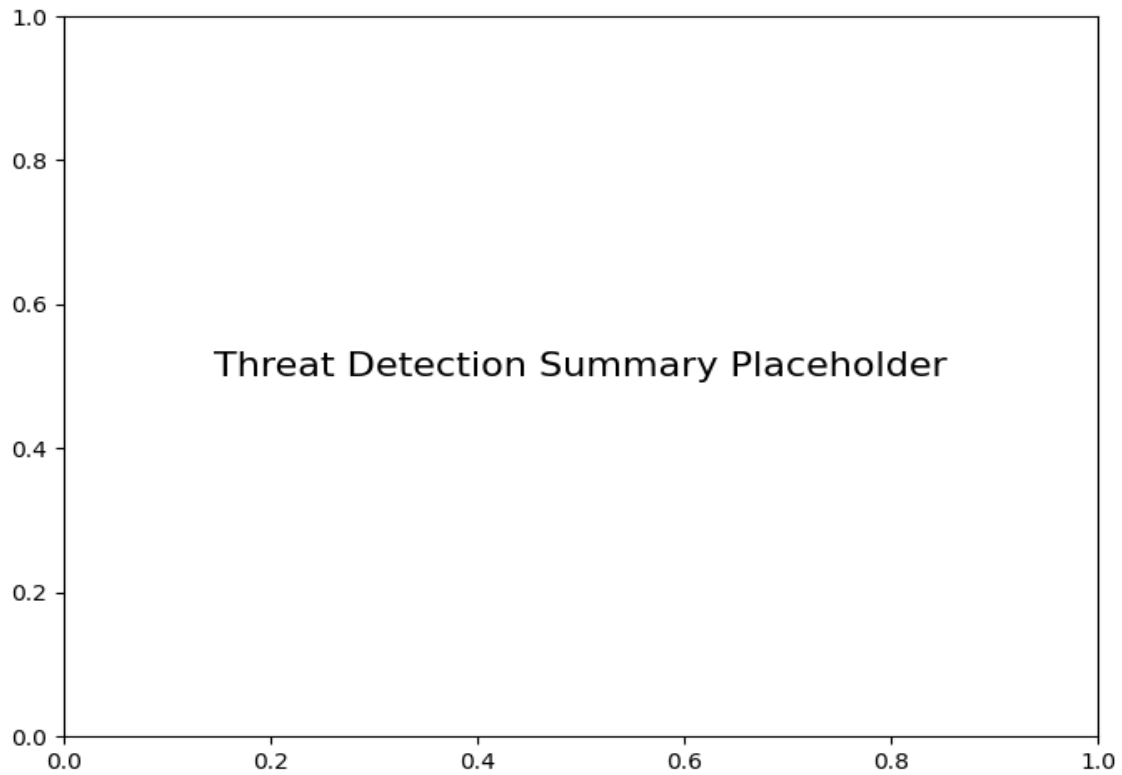
Isolate suspicious endpoints: Quarantine 172.20.10.9 for forensic analysis.

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Protocol Distribution



Threat Detection Summary



Detection Type	Count
ARP poisoning detected: IP 172.20.10.1 has multiple MAC addresses.	4
Potential DNS tunneling detected (length=26, entropy=3.84)	2
Potential DNS tunneling detected (length=28, entropy=3.53)	2
ARP poisoning detected: IP 172.20.10.9 has multiple MAC addresses.	6
Potential DNS tunneling detected (length=25, entropy=4.00)	2
Potential DNS tunneling detected (length=32, entropy=3.80)	2