Network Traffic Security Analysis Report

Executive Summary

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6 instances of Potential DNS tunneling detected in network traffic (2009-03-26).

No TCP, UDP, ICMP, or ARP-based attacks observed in packet statistics.

Suspicious bidirectional DNS/UDP traffic between 192.168.73.148 (source) and 192.168.73.2 (destination).

Risk Assessment

Critical Risks

DNS Tunneling (Severity: High)

Allows covert data exfiltration/command execution bypassing traditional security controls 100% of detected threats involve DNS protocol abuse Environmental Risks

Internal IP Communication Risks

Suspicious activity between internal hosts (192.168.73.148 ↔ 192.168.73.2) suggests potential lateral movement or compromised device Threat Observations DNS Tunneling Patterns

5 consecutive UDP/DNS packets exchanged within 7 seconds (Packets #159-167)

Key indicators:

Unusually frequent DNS requests/responses

Null port numbers in DNS traffic (uncommon for standard DNS operations)

Bidirectional traffic pattern atypical for normal DNS resolution

Host Behavior

192.168.73.148 initiated 3 tunneling attempts, received 2 responses

192.168.73.2 responded to tunneling attempts, suggesting potential command-and-control infrastructure

Protocol Analysis

100% of malicious traffic used UDP (connectionless protocol favored for stealth)

Zero detections across TCP, ICMP, and ARP protocols

Recommendations

Immediate Actions

Ouarantine 192.168.73.148 for forensic analysis

Implement DNS filtering rules to:

Block oversized DNS packets

Restrict TXT/NULL record types

Enforce rate limiting (≥5 DNS queries/sec from single host)

Long-Term Controls

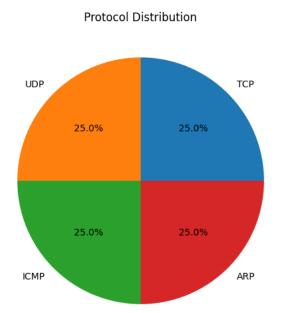
Deploy **DNS-layer security solution** (e.g., Cisco Umbrella, DNSFilter)

Enable **DNSSEC** validation across network resolvers

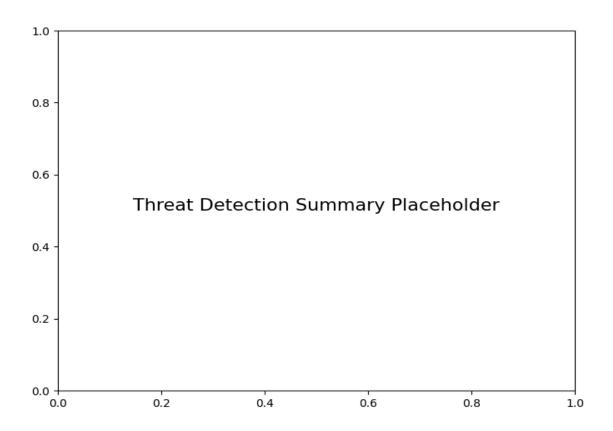
Create network segmentation policy to: Isolate critical subnets Restrict internal DNS communication to authorized resolvers Monitoring Enhancements

Implement **full packet capture** for DNS traffic to/from internal hosts Configure SIEM alerts for:
DNS requests to non-standard ports
Repeated NXDOMAIN responses
Hosts generating >50% of total DNS traffic

Protocol Distribution



Threat Detection Summary



| Detection Type | Count |
|----------------------------------|-------|
| Potential DNS tunneling detected | 6 |