

1) write a program for insert sort algorithm.

Ans)

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
int n, array[100], c, d, t;
```

```
printf("Enter number of elements \n");
```

```
scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
printf("Enter %d integers \n", n);
```

```
for (c = 0; c < n; c++) {
```

```
    scanf("%d", &array[c]);
```

```
}
```

```
for (c = 1; c <= n - 1; c++) {
```

```
    d = c;
```

```
    while (d > 0 && array[d-1] > array[d]) {
```

```
        t = array[d];
```

```
        array[d] = array[d-1];
```

```
        array[d-1] = t;
```

```
    }
```

```
    d--;
```

```
}
```

```
printf("Sorted array in ascending order: \n");
```

```
for (c = 0; c <= n - 1; c++) {
```

```
    printf("%d \n", array[c])
```

```
}
```

2) Write a program for the selection sort.

A)

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
int array[1000], n, c, d, position, temp;
```

```
printf("Enter number of elements: \n");
```

```
scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
printf("Enter %d integer \n", n);
```

```
for(c=0; c<n; c++) {
```

```
    scanf("%d", &array[c]);
```

```
}
```

```
for(c=0; c<n-1; c++) {
```

```
    position = c;
```

```
    for(d=c+1; d<n; d++) {
```

```
        if (array[position] > array[d]) {
```

```
            position = d;
```

```
        }
```

```
        if (position != c) {
```

```
            temp = array[c];
```

```
            array[c] = array[position];
```

```
            array[position] = temp;
```

```
        printf("Sorted array in ascending order: \n");
```

```
        for(c=0; c<n; c++) {
```

```
            printf("%d \n", array[c]);
```

```
        }
```

```
}
```



3) write a program for bubble sort algorithm.

4)

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
int array[1000], n, c, d, position, temp;
```

```
printf("Enter number of element \n");
```

```
scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
printf("Enter %d integers \n", n);
```

```
for (c=0; c<n; c++) {
```

```
    scanf("%d", &array[c]);
```

```
}
```

```
for (c=0; c<(n-1); c++) {
```

```
    for (d=0; d<n-c-1; d++) {
```

```
        if (array[d] > array[d+1]) {
```

```
            temp = array[d];
```

```
            array[d] = array[d+1];
```

```
            array[d+1] = temp;
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
printf("Sorted list in Ascend order: \n");
```

```
for (c=0; c<n; c++) {
```

```
    printf("%d \n", array[c]);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

4) write a program for the merge sort algorithm.

a)

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
void merge(int arr[], int l, int m, int r)
```

```
{
```

```
    int i, j, k;
```

```
    int n1 = m - l + 1;
```

```
    int n2 = r - m;
```

```
    int L[n1], R[n2];
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < n1; i++)
```

```
        L[i] = arr[l + i];
```

```
    for (j = 0; j < n2; j++)
```

```
        R[j] = arr[m + 1 + j];
```

```
    i = 0;
```

```
    j = 0;
```

```
    k = l;
```

```
    while (i < n1 & j < n2)
```

```
    {
```

```
        if (L[i] <= R[j])
```

```
        {
```

```
            arr[k] = L[i];
```

```
            i++;
```

```
        } else
```

```
        use
```

```
        {
```

```
            arr[k] = R[j];
```

```
            j++;
```

```
            k++;
```

while (i < n1)

{

arr[k] = L[i];

i++;

k++;

}

while (j < n2)

{

arr[k] = R[j];

j++;

k++;

}

}

void mergeSort(int arr[], int l, int r)

{

if (l < r)

{

int m = l + (r - 1) / 2;

mergeSort(arr, l, m);

mergeSort(arr, m + 1, r);

mergeSort(arr, l, m, r);

}

}

void printArray(int A[], int size)

{

int i;

for (i = 0; i < size; i++)

printf("%d ", A[i]);

printf("\n");

}



```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
int arr[] = { 9, 10, 15, 8, 4 };
```

```
int arr_size = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
```

```
printf("Given array is \n");
```

```
printf("Array (arr, arr_size);
```

```
mergeSort(arr, 0, arr_size - 1);
```

```
printf("\n sorted array is \n");
```

```
printf("Array (arr, arr_size);
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```