



```
In [ ]: from tensorflow.keras.applications import VGG16
        from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing import image
        from tensorflow.keras.applications.vgg16 import preprocess_input
        import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

        model = VGG16(weights='imagenet', include_top=False)
        model.summary()

        img_path = 'sample.jpg'
        img = image.load_img(img_path, target_size=(224, 224))
        x = image.img_to_array(img)
        x = np.expand_dims(x, axis=0)
        x = preprocess_input(x)

        layer_outputs = [layer.output for layer in model.layers[:5]]
        from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
        activation_model = Model(inputs=model.input, outputs=layer_outputs)
        activations = activation_model.predict(x)

        first_layer_activation = activations[0]
        plt.matshow(first_layer_activation[0, :, :, 0], cmap='viridis')
        plt.show()
```

Downloading data from https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/keras-applications/vgg16/vgg16_weights_tf_dim_ordering_tf_kernels_notop.h5

58889256/58889256 ————— 2s 0us/step

Model: "vgg16"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_layer_11 (InputLayer)	(None, None, None, 3)	0
block1_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 64)	1,792
block1_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 64)	36,928
block1_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, None, None, 64)	0
block2_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 128)	73,856
block2_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 128)	147,584
block2_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, None, None, 128)	0
block3_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 256)	295,168
block3_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 256)	590,080
block3_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 256)	590,080
block3_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, None, None, 256)	0
block4_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 512)	1,180,160
block4_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 512)	2,359,808
block4_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 512)	2,359,808
block4_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, None, None, 512)	0
block5_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 512)	2,359,808
block5_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 512)	2,359,808
block5_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 512)	2,359,808
block5_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, None, None, 512)	0

Total params: 14,714,688 (56.13 MB)

Trainable params: 14,714,688 (56.13 MB)

Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 B)

```
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FileNotFoundError                                Traceback (most recent call last)  
/tmp/ipython-input-382938378.py in <cell line: 0>()  
      9  
     10 img_path = 'sample.jpg'  
--> 11 img = image.load_img(img_path, target_size=(224, 224))  
     12 x = image.img_to_array(img)  
     13 x = np.expand_dims(x, axis=0)  
  
/usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages/keras/src/utils/image_utils.py in load  
d_img(path, color_mode, target_size, interpolation, keep_aspect_ratio)  
     233         if isinstance(path, pathlib.Path):  
     234             path = str(path.resolve())  
--> 235         with open(path, "rb") as f:  
     236             img = pil_image.open(io.BytesIO(f.read()))  
     237     else:  
  
FileNotFoundError: [Errno 2] No such file or directory: 'sample.jpg'
```

Exp-13 : Understanding the Architecture of a Pre-Trained Model.

Aim:

To study and analyse the structure of pre-trained CNN model such as VGG16 or ResNet50.

Description

Pre-trained models are trained on large datasets and can be reused for feature extraction or fine-tuning.

They contain multiple convolutional and fully connected layers designed for hierarchical feature learning.

Procedure:

- 1.) Import a pre-trained model (e.g., `keras.applications.VGG16`).
- 2.) Display layer names, types, and output shapes.
- 3.) Analyse the number of parameters and filter sizes.
- 4.) Visualize intermediate feature maps for a sample image.

Pseudocode:

Load VGG16

Print model summary

Select an input image.

Extract outputs from selected layers

Visualize feature maps.

Observation:

Early layers capture edges and colors, while deeper layers detect shapes and ~~of~~ objects. The networks show hierarchical representation learning.

Result:

The pre-trained CNN architecture was successfully analyzed, revealing how deep networks learn and organize visual features.

Output:

Model Architecture

Resnet (

conv (1): conv2d(3, 64, kernel-size = (7, 7),

stride = (2, 2) padding = (3, 3), bias = False)

conv (2): ...

)

Model summary:

Layer (type)	Output shape	Param
Layer (type)	[1, 64, 118, 112]	9,408
conv2d-1	[1, 64, 112, 112]	122
batch norm2d-2	[1, 64, 56, 56]	0
MaxPool2D-4	[1, 1000]	513,000
linear-68		

Total param: 11,689,512

Trainable param: 11,689,512

Non-trainable param: 0