

4/5 points (80%)

✓ Congratulations! You passed!

Next Item



1/1 point

1

Suppose that you have trained a logistic regression classifier, and it outputs on a new example x a prediction $h_{\theta}(x)$ = 0.2. This means (check all that apply):

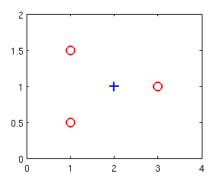


1/1 point

2.

Suppose you have the following training set, and fit a logistic regression classifier $h_{\theta}(x) = g(\theta_0 + \theta_1 x_1 + \theta_2 x_2)$.

\boldsymbol{x}_1	x_2	у
1	0.5	0
1	1.5	0
2	1	1
3	1	0



Which of the following are true? Check all that apply.



1/1 point

3.

For logistic regression, the gradient is given by $\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j}J(\theta)=\frac{1}{m}\sum_{i=1}^m \big(h_\theta(x^{(i)})-y^{(i)}\big)x_j^{(i)}$. Which of these is a correct gradient descent LOGISTIC REGRESSION with a learning rate of α ? Check all that apply.



point

Which of the following statements are true? Check all that apply.



0/1 point

Suppose you train a logistic classifier $h_{\theta}(x)=g(\theta_0+\theta_1x_1+\theta_2x_2)$. Suppose $\theta_0=-6,\theta_1=0,\theta_2=1$. Which of the following figures represents the decision boundary found by your classifier?

