

# 21BDS0207 Jatin Pareek

## Digital Assessment - 1

### Module 1: Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

```
# Import necessary libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

# Load the dataset
df = pd.read_csv("C:\\Users\\Jatin\\Desktop\\shootings.csv")

# Steps in EDA: Basic Data Overview
df.info() # Check data types and missing values
df.describe() # Summary statistics for numerical data

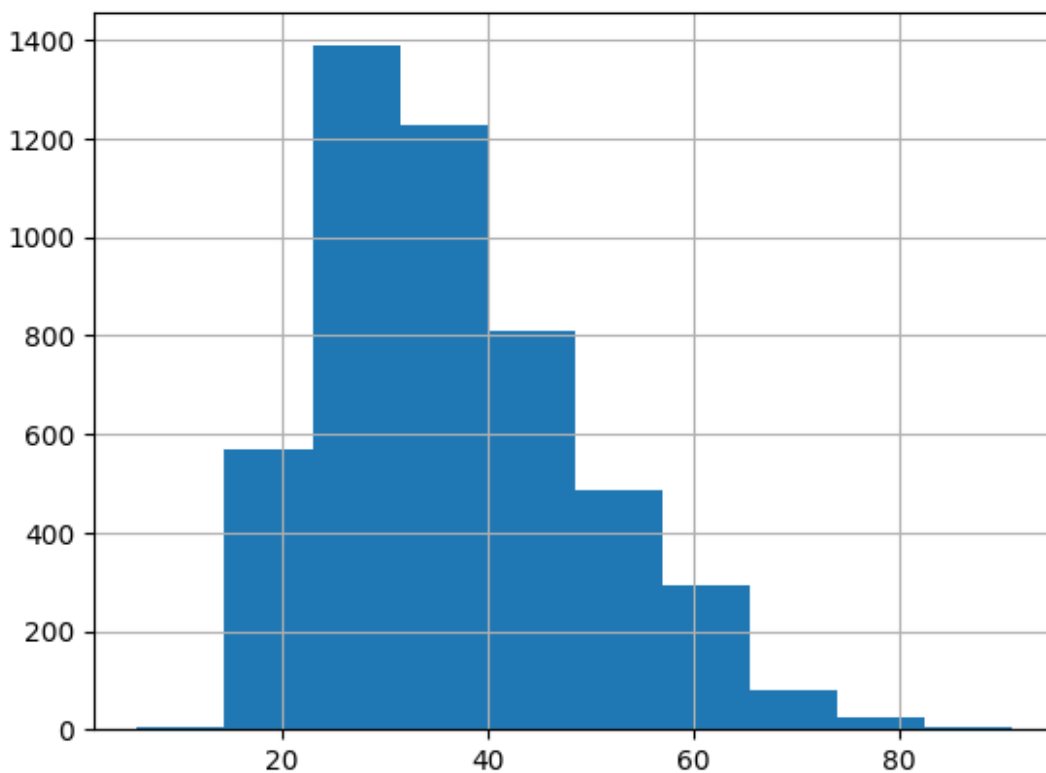
# Handling categorical data (nominal and ordinal data)
print(df['armed'].value_counts())

# Example of EDA for discrete (count) and continuous data (e.g., age)
df['age'].hist() # Plot a histogram for continuous data
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 4895 entries, 0 to 4894
Data columns (total 15 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   id                                     4895 non-null   int64
1   name                                  4895 non-null   object
2   date                                  4895 non-null   object
3   manner_of_death                       4892 non-null   object
4   armed                                 4895 non-null   object
5   age                                    4895 non-null   float64
6   gender                                4895 non-null   object
7   race                                  4893 non-null   object
8   city                                  4895 non-null   object
9   state                                  4895 non-null   object
10  signs_of_mental_illness                4895 non-null   bool
11  threat_level                           4895 non-null   object
12  flee                                    4895 non-null   object
13  body_camera                            4895 non-null   object
14  arms_category                          4893 non-null   object
dtypes: bool(1), float64(1), int64(1), object(12)
memory usage: 540.3+ KB
armed
gun                                     2755
```

```
knife          708
unknown        418
unarmed        348
toy weapon     171
...
air pistol     1
baseball bat and knife  1
vehicle and machete  1
ice pick       1
car, knife and mace  1
Name: count, Length: 89, dtype: int64
```

<Axes: >



## Module 2: Data Transformation

```
# Data Deduplication
df.drop_duplicates(inplace=True)

# Handling missing data (e.g., age or other columns with NaN)
df.fillna(value={'age': df['age'].median()}, inplace=True)

# Replacing Values (Example: converting 'body_camera' to Boolean)
df['body_camera'] = df['body_camera'].map({'FALSE': False, 'TRUE': True})
```

```
# Binning the 'age' column into categories
df['age_group'] = pd.cut(df['age'], bins=[0, 18, 35, 55, 100],
labels=['Youth', 'Young Adult', 'Middle Aged', 'Senior'])
```

```
# Print the updated dataset after data transformation
print("Updated dataset after Module 2 - Data Transformation:")
print(df.head())
```

Updated dataset after Module 2 - Data Transformation:

	id	name	date	manner_of_death	armed
age \					
0	3	Tim Elliot	02/01/15	shot	gun
53.0					
1	4	Lewis Lee Lembke	02/01/15	shot	gun
47.0					
2	5	John Paul Quintero	03/01/15	shot and Tasered	unarmed
23.0					
3	8	Matthew Hoffman	04/01/15	shot	toy weapon
32.0					
4	9	Michael Rodriguez	04/01/15	shot	nail gun
39.0					

	gender	race	city	state	signs_of_mental_illness
threat_level \					
0	M	Asian	Shelton	WA	True
attack					
1	M	White	Aloha	OR	False
attack					
2	M	Hispanic	Wichita	KS	False
other					
3	M	White	San Francisco	CA	True
attack					
4	M	Hispanic	Evans	CO	False
attack					

	flee	body_camera	arms_category	bin	aged
age_group					
0	Not fleeing	NaN	Guns	adult	Middle Aged
1	Not fleeing	NaN	Guns	adult	Middle Aged
2	Not fleeing	NaN	Unarmed	young adult	Young Adult
3	Not fleeing	NaN	Other unusual objects	young adult	Young Adult
4	Not fleeing	NaN	Piercing objects	adult	Middle Aged

## Module 3: Correlation Analysis

```
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Univariate Analysis (age distribution)
df['age'].hist()

# Bivariate Analysis (age vs manner_of_death)
sns.countplot(x='manner_of_death', hue='age_group', data=df)

# Multivariate Analysis (correlation between age, gender, and signs of
mental illness)
df_corr = df[['age', 'gender', 'signs_of_mental_illness']].copy()

# Encoding categorical columns for correlation
df_corr['gender'] = df_corr['gender'].map({'M': 1, 'F': 0})
df_corr['signs_of_mental_illness'] =
df_corr['signs_of_mental_illness'].map({True: 1, False: 0})
sns.heatmap(df_corr.corr(), annot=True)

# Print the updated dataset after correlation and time series analysis
print("Module 3 - Correlation:")
print(df.head())
```

Module 3 - Correlation:

	id	name	manner_of_death	armed	age
gender \					
date					

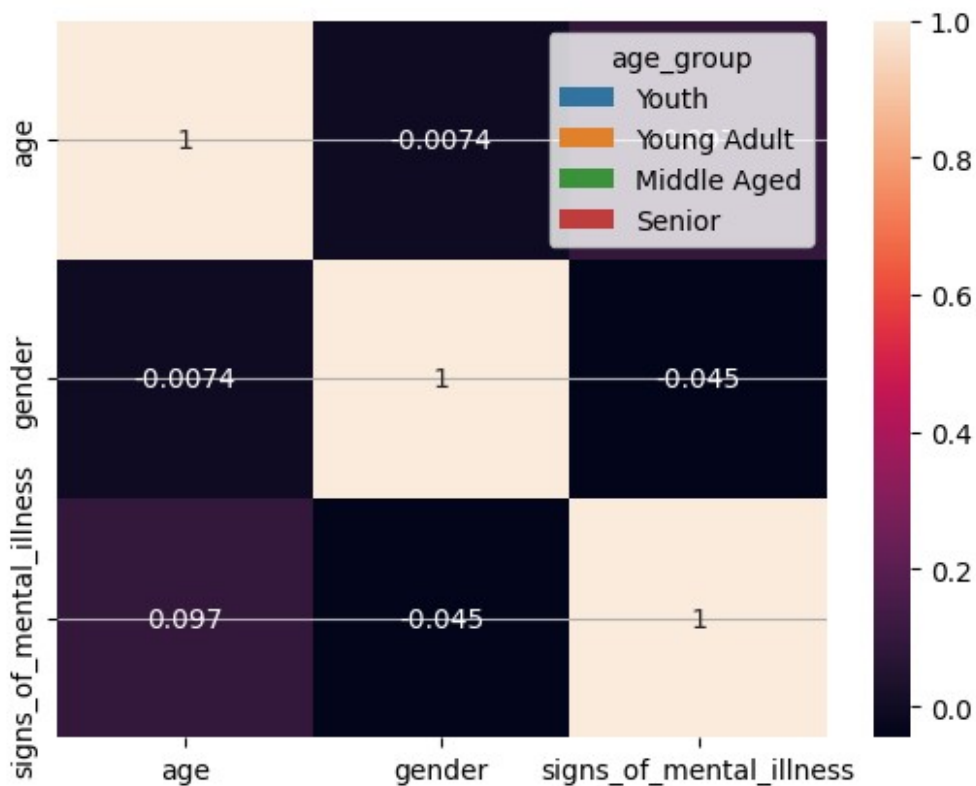
2015-01-02	3	Tim Elliot	shot	gun	53.0
M					
2015-01-02	4	Lewis Lee Lembke	shot	gun	47.0
M					
2015-01-03	5	John Paul Quintero	shot and Tasered	unarmed	23.0
M					
2015-01-04	8	Matthew Hoffman	shot	toy weapon	32.0
M					
2015-01-04	9	Michael Rodriguez	shot	nail gun	39.0
M					

	race	city	state	signs_of_mental_illness	\
date					
2015-01-02	Asian	Shelton	WA	True	
2015-01-02	White	Aloha	OR	False	
2015-01-03	Hispanic	Wichita	KS	False	
2015-01-04	White	San Francisco	CA	True	
2015-01-04	Hispanic	Evans	CO	False	

	threat_level	flee	body_camera
arms_category \			

date				
2015-01-02	attack	Not fleeing	NaN	
Guns				
2015-01-02	attack	Not fleeing	NaN	
Guns				
2015-01-03	other	Not fleeing	NaN	
Unarmed				
2015-01-04	attack	Not fleeing	NaN	Other unusual objects
2015-01-04	attack	Not fleeing	NaN	Piercing objects

	date	bin	age_group
	2015-01-02	adult	Middle Aged
	2015-01-02	adult	Middle Aged
	2015-01-03	young adult	Young Adult
	2015-01-04	young adult	Young Adult
	2015-01-04	adult	Middle Aged



## Module 4: Data Summarization and Visualization

```
# 1D Statistical summary (age)
print(df['age'].describe())
```

```

# 2D Data analysis: contingency table for manner_of_death and
arms_category
contingency_table = pd.crosstab(df['manner_of_death'],
df['arms_category'])
print(contingency_table)

# Visualization (bar plot of manner_of_death by race)
sns.countplot(x='race', hue='manner_of_death', data=df)

# Dot chart (age distribution across states)
sns.stripplot(x='state', y='age', data=df)

# Print the updated dataset after data summarization and visualization
print("Module 4 - Data Summarization and Visualization:")
print(df.head())

```

```

count      4888.000000
mean        36.555651
std         12.700321
min          6.000000
25%         27.000000
50%         35.000000
75%         45.000000
max         91.000000

```

Name: age, dtype: float64

```

arms_category      Blunt instruments  Electrical devices  Explosives
Guns \
manner_of_death

```

shot	105	17	4
2720			
shot and Tasered	17	7	0
38			

```

arms_category      Hand tools  Multiple  Other unusual objects \
manner_of_death
shot                0         50         183
shot and Tasered    1         4         9

```

arms_category	Piercing objects	Sharp objects	Unarmed	Unknown
Vehicles				
manner_of_death				
shot	23	702	308	407
121				
shot and Tasered	6	116	39	11
0				

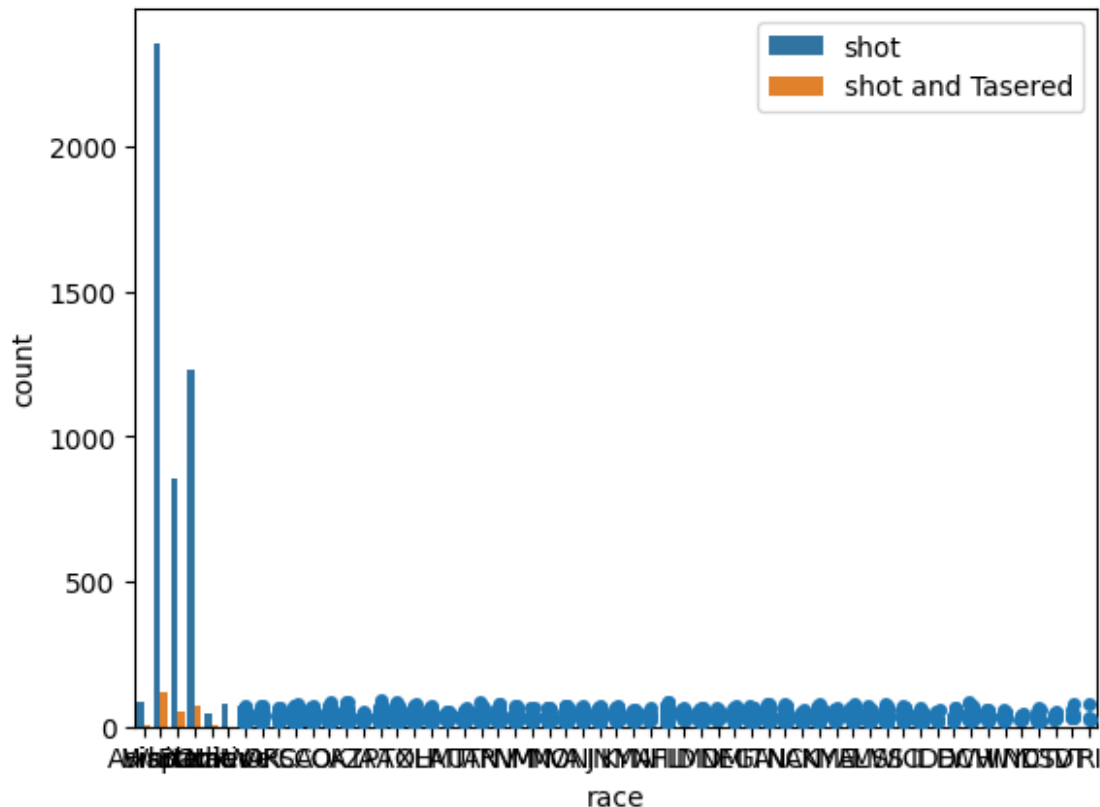
Module 4 - Data Summarization and Visualization:

```

      id      name  manner_of_death      armed      age

```

gender \ date						
2015-01-02	3	Tim Elliot	shot	gun	53.0	
M						
2015-01-02	4	Lewis Lee Lembke	shot	gun	47.0	
M						
2015-01-03	5	John Paul Quintero	shot and Tasered	unarmed	23.0	
M						
2015-01-04	8	Matthew Hoffman	shot	toy weapon	32.0	
M						
2015-01-04	9	Michael Rodriguez	shot	nail gun	39.0	
M						
		race	city	state	signs_of_mental_illness	\
date						
2015-01-02		Asian	Shelton	WA	True	
2015-01-02		White	Aloha	OR	False	
2015-01-03		Hispanic	Wichita	KS	False	
2015-01-04		White	San Francisco	CA	True	
2015-01-04		Hispanic	Evans	CO	False	
		threat_level	flee	body_camera		
arms_category \						
date						
2015-01-02		attack	Not fleeing	NaN		
Guns						
2015-01-02		attack	Not fleeing	NaN		
Guns						
2015-01-03		other	Not fleeing	NaN		
Unarmed						
2015-01-04		attack	Not fleeing	NaN	Other unusual	
objects						
2015-01-04		attack	Not fleeing	NaN	Piercing	
objects						
		bin	age			
date		ned_age	group			
2015-01-02		adult	Middle Aged			
2015-01-02		adult	Middle Aged			
2015-01-03	young	adult	Young Adult			
2015-01-04	young	adult	Young Adult			
2015-01-04		adult	Middle Aged			



## Module 5: Clustering Algorithms

```
from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer

# Impute missing values in the clustering features (age, gender,
# signs_of_mental_illness)
imputer = SimpleImputer(strategy='mean') # Use mean to fill missing
values
df_clustering_imputed = imputer.fit_transform(df_clustering)

# Perform KMeans clustering on the imputed data
kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=3)
df['cluster'] = kmeans.fit_predict(df_clustering_imputed)

# Visualize the clusters
sns.scatterplot(x=df_clustering_imputed[:, 0],
y=df_clustering_imputed[:, 1], hue=df['cluster'])

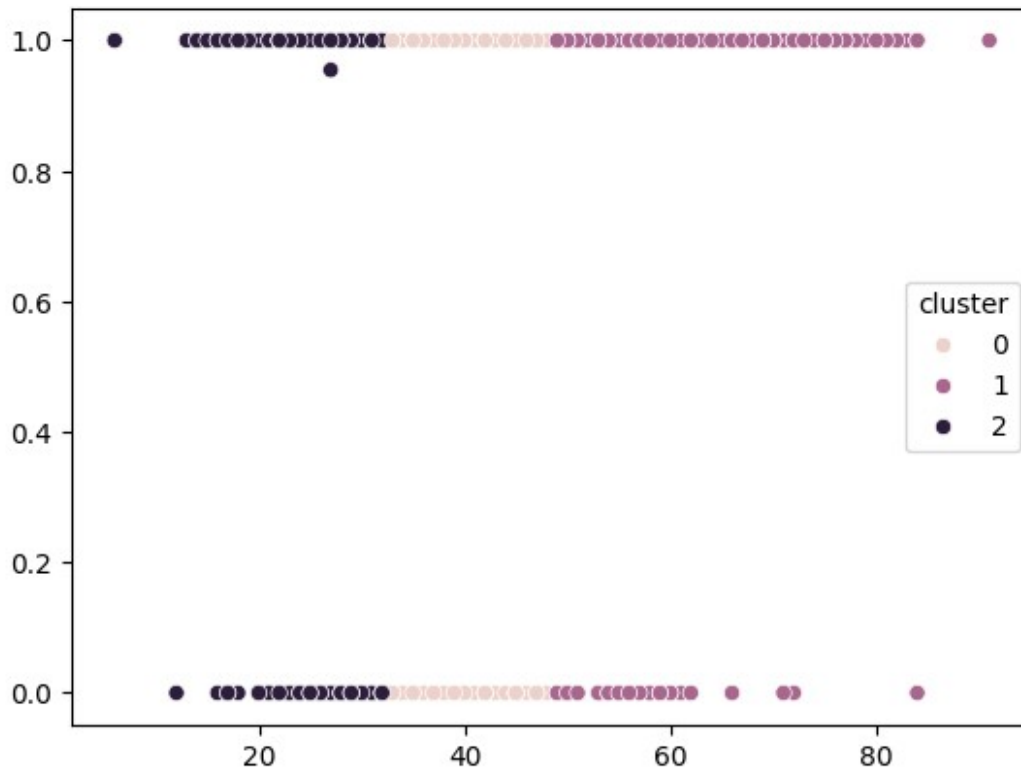
# Print the updated dataset after clustering
print("Updated dataset after handling missing values and applying
KMeans:")
print(df.head())
```

Updated dataset after handling missing values and applying KMeans:

id	name	manner_of_death	armed	age
----	------	-----------------	-------	-----



gender \ date						
2015-01-02	3	Tim Elliot	shot	gun	53.0	
M						
2015-01-02	4	Lewis Lee Lembke	shot	gun	47.0	
M						
2015-01-03	5	John Paul Quintero	shot and Tasered	unarmed	23.0	
M						
2015-01-04	8	Matthew Hoffman	shot	toy weapon	32.0	
M						
2015-01-04	9	Michael Rodriguez	shot	nail gun	39.0	
M						
date		race	city	state	signs_of_mental_illness \	
2015-01-02		Asian	Shelton	WA	True	
2015-01-02		White	Aloha	OR	False	
2015-01-03		Hispanic	Wichita	KS	False	
2015-01-04		White	San Francisco	CA	True	
2015-01-04		Hispanic	Evans	CO	False	
arms_category \ date	threat_level	flee	body_camera			
2015-01-02	attack	Not fleeing	NaN			
Guns						
2015-01-02	attack	Not fleeing	NaN			
Guns						
2015-01-03	other	Not fleeing	NaN			
Unarmed						
2015-01-04	attack	Not fleeing	NaN	Other unusual		
objects						
2015-01-04	attack	Not fleeing	NaN	Piercing		
objects						
date	bin	aged	group	cluster		
2015-01-02	adult	Middle Aged		1		
2015-01-02	adult	Middle Aged		0		
2015-01-03	young adult	Young Adult		2		
2015-01-04	young adult	Young Adult		2		
2015-01-04	adult	Middle Aged		0		



## Module 6 - Dimensionality Reduction

```
from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
from sklearn.manifold import TSNE
import seaborn as sns

# Impute missing values in the clustering features using mean
imputer = SimpleImputer(strategy='mean')
df_clustering_imputed = imputer.fit_transform(df_clustering_scaled)

# PCA for Dimensionality Reduction (using the imputed data)
pca = PCA(n_components=2)
df_pca = pca.fit_transform(df_clustering_imputed)

# Visualizing the results of PCA
sns.scatterplot(x=df_pca[:, 0], y=df_pca[:, 1])

# t-SNE for non-linear dimensionality reduction (optional)
tsne = TSNE(n_components=2)
df_tsne = tsne.fit_transform(df_clustering_imputed)

# Visualizing the results of t-SNE
sns.scatterplot(x=df_tsne[:, 0], y=df_tsne[:, 1])

# Print the updated dataset
```

```
print("Updated dataset after performing PCA and t-SNE:")
print(df.head())
```

Updated dataset after performing PCA and t-SNE:

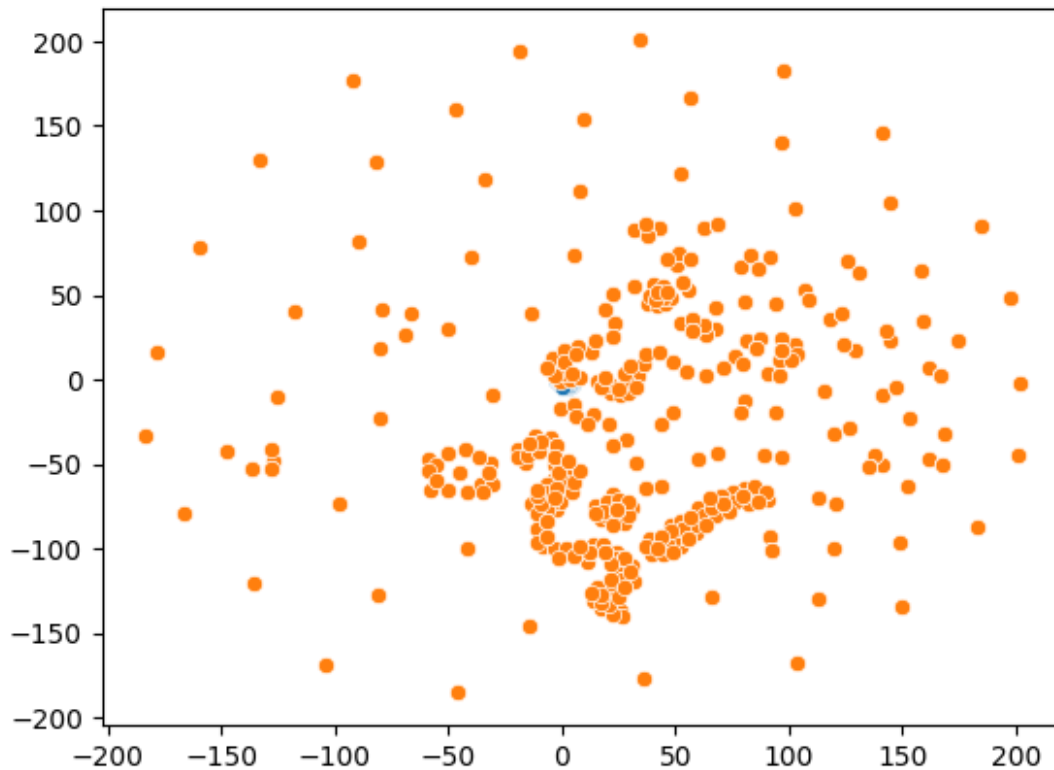
gender \ date	id	name	manner_of_death	armed	age
------------------	----	------	-----------------	-------	-----

2015-01-02 M	3	Tim Elliot	shot	gun	53.0
2015-01-02 M	4	Lewis Lee Lembke	shot	gun	47.0
2015-01-03 M	5	John Paul Quintero	shot and Tasered	unarmed	23.0
2015-01-04 M	8	Matthew Hoffman	shot	toy weapon	32.0
2015-01-04 M	9	Michael Rodriguez	shot	nail gun	39.0

date	race	city	state	signs_of_mental_illness \
2015-01-02	Asian	Shelton	WA	True
2015-01-02	White	Aloha	OR	False
2015-01-03	Hispanic	Wichita	KS	False
2015-01-04	White	San Francisco	CA	True
2015-01-04	Hispanic	Evans	CO	False

arms_category \ date	threat_level	flee	body_camera
2015-01-02 Guns	attack	Not fleeing	NaN
2015-01-02 Guns	attack	Not fleeing	NaN
2015-01-03 Unarmed	other	Not fleeing	NaN
2015-01-04 objects	attack	Not fleeing	NaN Other unusual
2015-01-04 objects	attack	Not fleeing	NaN Piercing

date	bin	age_group	cluster
2015-01-02	adult	Middle Aged	1
2015-01-02	adult	Middle Aged	0
2015-01-03	young adult	Young Adult	2
2015-01-04	young adult	Young Adult	2
2015-01-04	adult	Middle Aged	0



## Module 7 - Model Development and Evaluation

```
from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression

# Impute missing values in X_train using mean
imputer = SimpleImputer(strategy='mean')
X_train_imputed = imputer.fit_transform(X_train)

# Impute missing values in X_test
X_test_imputed = imputer.transform(X_test)

# Linear Regression Model
lr = LinearRegression()
lr.fit(X_train_imputed, y_train)

# Predictions and Accuracy
y_pred = lr.predict(X_test_imputed)

# Evaluate performance (e.g., with R-squared)
from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
print(f'R-squared: {r2_score(y_test, y_pred)}')
```

R-squared: 0.018776707218411404