Cassandra CRUD Operations



Estimated time needed: 15 minutes

Objectives

After completing this lab, you will be able to:

- · Insert data into a table with an INSERT command
- · Read data from a table by querying from it
- Update and delete data from the table based on specific criteria

About This SN Labs Cloud IDE

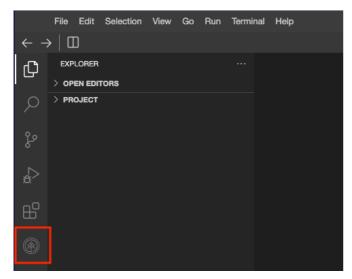
This Skills Network Labs Cloud IDE provides a hands-on environment for course and project related labs. It utilizes Theia, an open-source IDE (Integrated Development Environment) platform, that can be run on desktop or on the cloud. To complete this lab, we will be using the Cloud IDE based on Theia and Cassandra running in a Docker container.

Important Notice about this lab environment

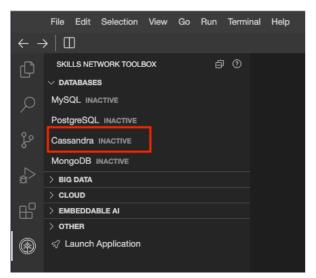
Please be aware that sessions for this lab environment are not persisted. Every time you connect to this lab, a new environment is created for you. Any data you may have saved in the earlier session would get lost. Plan to complete these labs in a single session, to avoid losing your data.

Set-up: Start Cassandra

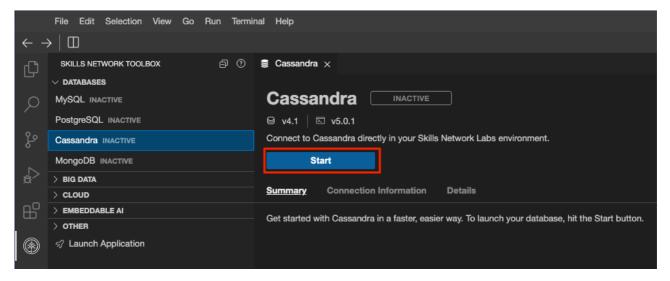
Navigate to Skills Network Toolbox.



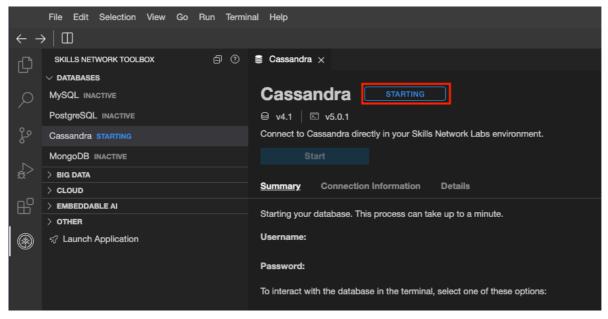
You will notice Cassandra listed there, but inactive. Which means the database is not available to use.



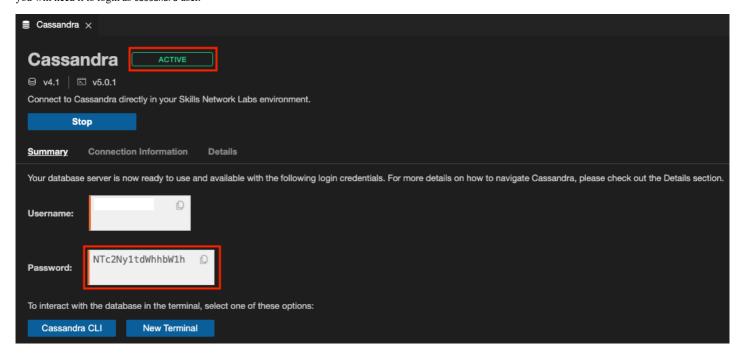
Once you click on it, you will see more details about it and a button to start it.



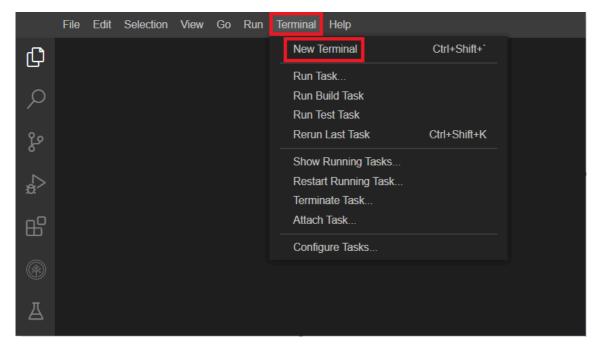
Clicking on the start button will run a background process to configure and start your Cassandra server.



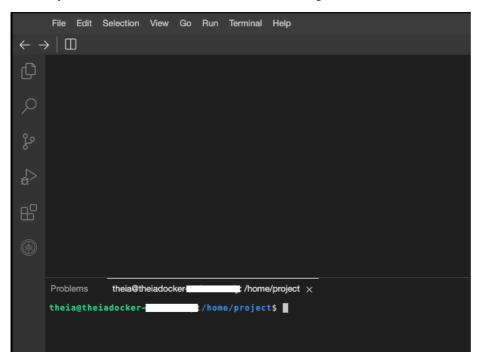
Shortly after that, your server is ready for use. This deployment has access control enabled and Cassandra enforces authentication. So, take note of the password as you will need it to login as cassandra user.



You can now either open terminal and enter details yourself.



This will open a new terminal at the bottom of the screen as in the image below.



Run the below command on the newly opened terminal. (You can copy the code by clicking on the little copy button on the bottom right of the codeblock below and then paste it, wherever you wish)

- 1. 1
- 1. cqlsh --username cassandra --password PASSWORD

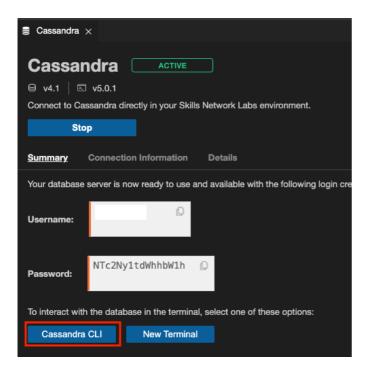
Copied! Executed!

```
/home/project x

theia@theiadocker /home/project$ cqlsh --username cassandra --password NTc2Ny1tdWhhbW1h
Connected to My Cluster at 127.0.0.1:9042
[cqlsh 6.0.0 | Cassandra 4.1.3 | CQL spec 3.4.6 | Native protocol v5]
Use HELP for help.
cassandra@cqlsh>
```

The command contains the username and password to connect to Cassanrda server. Your output could be different from the one shown above. Copy the command given to you, and keep it handy. You will need it in the next step.

Or you can simply click on Cassandra CLI which does that for you.



Exercise 1 - Create Keyspace and Table

Create training keyspace

Create a keyspace named training using SimpleStrategy and replication factor of 3.

▼ Click here for Hint

use CREATE KEYSPACEcommand with appropriate options

▼ Click here for Solution

On the cqlsh run the below command.

```
1. 1
2. 2
```

1. CREATE KEYSPACE training

2. WITH replication = {'class':'SimpleStrategy', 'replication_factor' : 3};

Copied!

Create movies table

Create a table named movies with columns:

- movie_id is an integer and is the primary key.
- movie_name is a text column.
- year_of_release is an integer.
- ▼ Click here for Hint

use CREATE TABLE command with appropriate options

▼ Click here for Solution

On the cqlsh run the below command.

```
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. 5
6. 6
1. use training;
2. CREATE TABLE movies(
3. movie_id int PRIMARY KEY,
4. movie_name text,
5. year_of_release int
6. );

Copied!
```

Exercise 2 - Insert data into a table

Let's insert a row into the table movies.

On cqlsh run the below command.

```
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
1. INSERT into movies(
2. movie_id, movie_name, year_of_release)
3. VALUES (1,'Toy Story',1995);
```

Copied!

Verify that the data is saved.

1. 1

select * from movies;

Copied!

Insert the below movies into the table.

```
movie_id movie_name year_of_release
```

```
    Jumanji 1995
    Heat 1995
    Scream 1995
    Fargo 1996
```

▼ Click here for Solution

On the cqlsh run the below command.

```
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. 5
6. 6
7. 7
8. 8
9. 9
10. 10
11. 11
12. 12
13. 13
14. 14
15. 15

1. INSERT into movies(
2. movie_id, movie_name, year_of_release)
3. VALUES (2, 'Jumanji', 1995);
4.
5. INSERT into movies(
6. movie_id, movie_name, year_of_release)
7. VALUES (3, 'Heat', 1995);
8.
9. INSERT into movies(
10. movie_id, movie_name, year_of_release)
11. VALUES (4, 'Scream', 1995);
12.
13. INSERT into movies(
14. movie_id, movie_name, year_of_release)
15. VALUES (5, 'Fargo', 1996);

| Copied!
```

Exercise 3 - Read data from a table

In the previous exercise you have inserted some data into the table named movies.

Let's query the data in the movies table.

Query all rows.

```
    1. 1
    1. select * from movies;
```

Copied!

Query the movie name where movie_id is 1.

1. 1

1. select movie_name from movies where movie_id = 1;

Copied!

Exercise 4 - Update data in a table

The movie_id for Scream is 4. It was released in 1996 and not 1995.

Here is how you modify it.

```
1. 1
2. 2
   1. UPDATE movies

    SET year_of_release = 1996
    WHERE movie_id = 4;

Copied!
Verify that the update was successful.

    select * from movies where movie id = 4;

Copied!
Exercise 5 - Delete data from a table
Delete the movie with the movie id 5.
  2. 2

    DELETE from movies
    WHERE movie_id = 5;

Copied!
Verify using the below command.

    select * from movies;

Copied!
Practice exercises
   1. Problem: Insert the below movie into the movies table.
      movie_id movie_name year_of_release
               Twister 1997
      ▼ Click here for Hint
            use the command insert into table'
      ▼ Click here for Solution
      On the cqlsh run the below command.
         2. 2
3. 3

    INSERT into movies(

    movie_id, movie_name, year_of_release)
    VALUES (6, 'Twister',1997);

      Copied!
   2. Problem: Modify the release year of Twister to 1996.
      ▼ Click here for Hint
            use the command 'update table set column=value where column=value'
      ▼ Click here for Solution
      On the cqlsh run the below command.
         1. 1
2. 2
         1. UPDATE movies
2. SET year_of_release = 1996
3. WHERE movie_id = 6;
      Copied!
   3. Problem: Delete the movie Twister.
      ▼ Click here for Hint
            use the command delete from ...
      ▼ Click here for Solution
      On the cqlsh run the below command.
```

DELETE from movies
 WHERE movie_id = 6;

```
Copied!
```

- 4. Problem: Drop the training keyspace.
 - ▼ Click here for Hint

use the drop keyspace command

▼ Click here for Solution

On the cqlsh run the below command.

```
    1. 1
    1. drop keyspace training;
    Copied!
```

Summary

In this lab, you have gained an understanding of CRUD operations in Cassandra.

Author(s)

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Changelog

DateVersionChanged byChange Description2024-01-10 0.5Mercedes Schneider QA pass with edits2023-10-09 0.4Muhammad YahyaRefreshed

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