

Hands-on Lab: Stored Procedures



**Skills
Network**

Estimated time needed: 20 minutes

Stored Procedures in SQL are a type of database object that allow you to encapsulate a series of SQL statements into a single routine. They are stored in the database data dictionary and can be invoked from an application program or from the database command interface. Stored procedures can accept input parameters and return multiple values of output parameters. They can also include control-of-flow constructs such as loops and conditional statements. Stored procedures offer several benefits including improved performance, higher productivity, ease of use, and increased scalability. They also provide a mechanism for enforcing business rules and data integrity in the database system.

Objectives

After completing this lab, you will be able to:

- Create stored procedures
- Execute stored procedures

Software Used in this Lab

In this lab, you will use [MySQL](#). MySQL is a Relational Database Management System (RDBMS) designed to efficiently store, manipulate, and retrieve data.



To complete this lab you will utilize MySQL relational database service available as part of IBM Skills Network Labs (SN Labs) Cloud IDE. SN Labs is a virtual lab environment used in this course.

Database Used in this Lab

`mysql_learners` database has been used in this lab.

Data Used in this Lab

The data used in this lab is internal data. You will be working on the **PETSALE** table.

ID ▲	ANIMAL	SALEPRICE
1	Cat	450.09
2	Dog	666.66
3	Parrot	50.00
4	Hamster	60.60
5	Goldfish	48.48

This lab requires you to have the PETSALE table populated with sample data on mysql phpadmin interface. You might have created and populated a PETSALE table in a previous lab.

For this lab, you need to create a database PETS in the phpMyAdmin interface. Download the PETSALE-CREATE-v2.sql script below, upload it to console under the PETS database. Upon execution, the script will create a new PETSALE table dropping any previous PETSALE table if exists, and will populate it with the required sample data.

- [PETSALE-CREATE-v2.sql](#)

Stored Procedure: Exercise 1

In this exercise, you will create and execute a stored procedure to read data from a table on mysql phpadmin using SQL.

1. You will create a stored procedure routine named **RETRIEVE_ALL**.
 - This **RETRIEVE_ALL** routine will contain an SQL query to retrieve all the records from the PETALE table, so you don't need to write the same query over and over again. You just call the stored procedure routine to execute the query everytime.
 - To create the stored procedure routine, copy the code below and paste it to the textarea of the **SQL** page. Click **Go**.

```
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. 5
6. 6
7. 7
8. 8
```

```
1. DELIMITER //
2.
3. CREATE PROCEDURE RETRIEVE_ALL()
4.
5. BEGIN
6.     SELECT * FROM PETALE;
7. END //
8. DELIMITER ;
```

Copied!

Run SQL query/queries on database Mysql_learners: ?

1 DELIMITER //

2

3 CREATE PROCEDURE RETRIEVE_ALL()

4

5 BEGIN

6

7 SELECT * FROM PETALE;

8

9

10 END //

11

12 DELIMITER ;

Clear

Format

Get auto-saved query

☐ Bind parameters ?

[Delimiter ;]

☐ Show this query here again

☐ Retain query box

☐ Rollback when finished

☒ Enable foreign key checks

Hide query box

✔ MySQL returned an empty result set (i.e. zero rows). (Query took 0.0064 seconds.)

CREATE PROCEDURE RETRIEVE_ALL() BEGIN SELECT * FROM PETALE; END

2. To call the RETRIEVE_ALL routine, open another **SQL** tab by clicking **Open in new Tab**

← → ↻ 🔒 lakshmih-8080.theiadocker-1-labs-prod-theiak8s-4-tor01.proxy.cognitiveclass.ai/tbl_sql.php?db=HR&table=EMPLOYEE

Apps Count_Coursera_DS... DataAnayst_Count... DataEngg_Count.xlsx DS_DA_DE_CountS... www.google.com Check

phpMyAdmin

Recent Favorites

- New
- HR
 - New
 - DEPARTMENTS
 - EMPLOYEES
 - JOBS
 - JOB_HISTORY
 - LOCATIONS
- information_schema
- mysql
- Mysql_learners
 - New
 - PETRESCUE
 - PETSALE
- performance_schema
- sys

Server: mysql:3306 » Database: HR » Table: EMPLOYEES

Browse Structure SQL Search Insert Export Import

Run SQL query/queries on table HR

1 SELECT * FROM `EMPLOYEES`

Open link in new tab
Open link in new window
Open link in incognito window
Save link as...
Copy link address
Inspect

SELECT * SELECT INSERT UPDATE DELETE Clear Format Get au

☐ Bind parameters ⓘ

[Delimiter ;] ☐ Show this query here again ☐ Retain query box ☐ Rollback when finish

Delete the default line which appears so that you will get a blank window.

Copy the code below and paste it to the textarea of the **SQL** page. Click **Go**.

1. 1

1. CALL RETRIEVE_ALL;

Copied!

11 CALL RETRIEVE_ALL;

Clear

Format

Get auto-saved query

☐ Bind parameters

Delimiter] ☐ Show this query here again ☐ Retain query box ☐ Rollback when finished ☒ Enable foreign key checks

Hide query box

✓ Showing rows 0 - 4 (5 total, Query took 0.0010 seconds.)

CALL RETRIEVE_ALL

☐ Show all | Number of rows: Filter rows:

Options

	ANIMAL	SALEPRICE	SALEDATE	QUANTITY
1	Cat	450.09	2018-05-29	9
2	Dog	666.66	2018-06-01	3
3	Parrot	50.00	2018-06-04	2
4	Hamster	60.60	2018-06-11	6
5	Goldfish	48.48	2018-06-14	24

-
-
3. You can view the created stored procedure routine RETRIEVE_ALL. On the left panel, expand the mysql option. Click on **Procedures** then click on the **RETRIEVE_ALL** and view the procedure.

StructureSQLSearchQueryExportImportOperationsPrivilegesRoutines

Routines

Name	Action	Type	Returns
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> RETRIEVE_ALL	Edit Execute Export Drop	PROCEDURE	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Check all With selected: Export Drop			

New

Add routine

-
-
-
4. If you wish to drop the stored procedure routine RETRIEVE_ALL, copy the code below and paste it to the textarea of the **SQL** page. Click **Go**.

1. 1
2. 2
3. 3

1. DROP PROCEDURE RETRIEVE_ALL;
2.
3. CALL RETRIEVE_ALL;

Copied!

Structure

SQL

Search

Query

Export

Import

Operations

Privileges

Routines

1

2

3

4

5

6

DROP PROCEDURE RETRIEVE_ALL;

CALL RETRIEVE_ALL;

Clear

Format

Get auto-saved query

☐ Bind parameters

[Delimiter

:

]

☐ Show this query here again

☐ Retain query box

☐ Rollback when finished

☒ Enable foreign key checks

Error

SQL query: [Copy](#)

CALL RETRIEVE_ALL

MySQL said:

#1305 - PROCEDURE Mysql_learners.RETRIEVE_ALL does not exist

Stored Procedure: Exercise 2

In this exercise, you will create and execute a stored procedure to write/modify data in a table on MySQL using SQL.

You will create a stored procedure routine named **UPDATE_SALEPRICE** with parameters **Animal_ID** and **Animal_Health**.

- This **UPDATE_SALEPRICE** routine will contain SQL queries to update the sale price of the animals in the PETSale table depending on their health conditions, **BAD** or **WORSE**.
- This procedure routine will take animal ID and health condition as parameters which will be used to update the sale price of animal in the PETSale table by an amount depending on their health condition. Suppose that:
 - For animal with ID XX having BAD health condition, the sale price will be reduced further by 25%.
 - For animal with ID YY having WORSE health condition, the sale price will be reduced further by 50%.
 - For animal with ID ZZ having other health condition, the sale price won't change.
- To create the stored procedure routine, copy the code below and paste it to the textarea of the **SQL** page. Click **Go**.

```

1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. 5
6. 6
7. 7
8. 8
9. 9
10. 10
11. 11
12. 12
13. 13
14. 14
15. 15
16. 16
17. 17
18. 18
19. 19

1. DELIMITER @
2. CREATE PROCEDURE UPDATE_SALEPRICE (IN Animal_ID INTEGER, IN Animal_Health VARCHAR(5))
3. BEGIN
4.     IF Animal_Health = 'BAD' THEN
5.         UPDATE PETSale
6.         SET SALEPRICE = SALEPRICE - (SALEPRICE * 0.25)

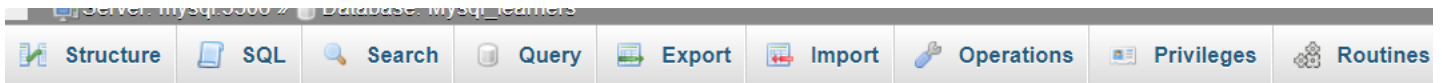
```

```

7.      WHERE ID = Animal_ID;
8.  ELSEIF Animal_Health = 'WORSE' THEN
9.      UPDATE PETSALE
10.     SET SALEPRICE = SALEPRICE - (SALEPRICE * 0.5)
11.     WHERE ID = Animal_ID;
12. ELSE
13.     UPDATE PETSALE
14.     SET SALEPRICE = SALEPRICE
15.     WHERE ID = Animal_ID;
16. END IF;
17. END @
18.
19. DELIMITER ;

```

Copied!



Run SQL query/queries on database **Mysql_learners**:

```

15
16     ELSE
17         UPDATE PETSALE
18         SET SALEPRICE = SALEPRICE
19         WHERE ID = Animal_ID;
20
21     END IF;
22
23 END @
24
25 DELIMITER ;
26

```

Clear
Format
Get auto-saved query

☐ Bind parameters

[Delimiter]
☐ Show this query here again
☐ Retain query box
☐ Rollback when finished
☒ Enable foreign key checks

Hide query box

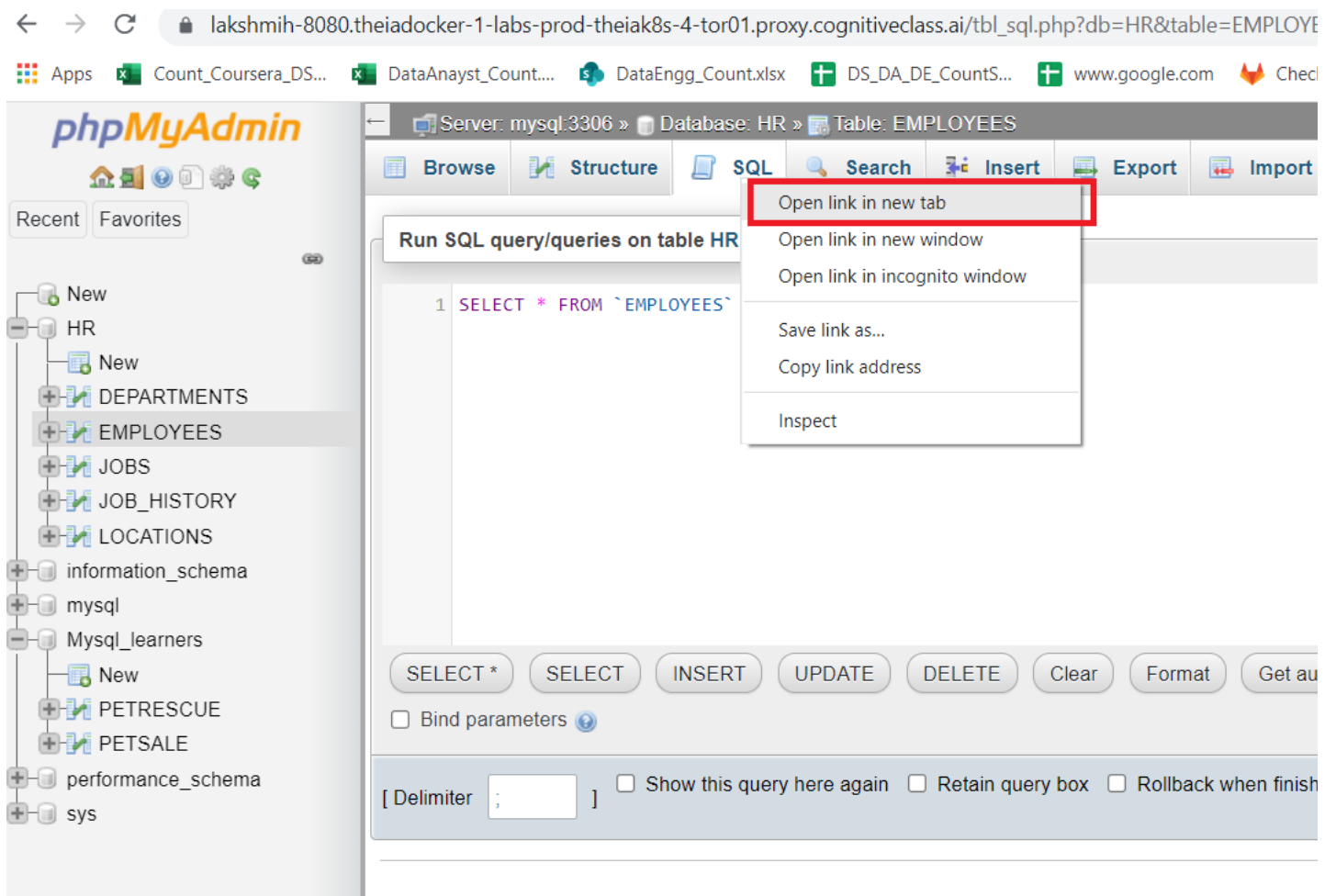
✓ MySQL returned an empty result set (i.e. zero rows). (Query took 0.0214 seconds.)

```

CREATE PROCEDURE UPDATE_SALEPRICE ( IN Animal_ID INTEGER, IN Animal_Health VARCHAR(5) ) BEGIN IF Animal_Health = 'BAD
(SALEPRICE * 0.25) WHERE ID = Animal_ID; ELSEIF Animal_Health = 'WORSE' THEN UPDATE PETSALE SET SALEPRICE = SALEPRICE
PETSALE SET SALEPRICE = SALEPRICE WHERE ID = Animal_ID; END IF; END

```

1. Let's call the UPDATE_SALEPRICE routine. We want to update the sale price of animal with ID **1** having **BAD** health condition in the PETSALE table. open another **SQL** tab by clicking **Open in new Tab**



Delete the default line which appears so that you will get a blank window.

Copy the code below and paste it to the textarea of the **SQL** page. Click **Go**.

Note if you have dropped RETREIVE_ALL procedure rerun the creation script of that procedure before executing these lines.

```
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. 5

1. CALL RETRIEVE_ALL;
2.
3. CALL UPDATE_SALEPRICE(1, 'BAD');
4.
5. CALL RETRIEVE_ALL;
```

Copied!

CALL RETRIEVE_ALL

Show all | Number of rows: 25 Filter rows: Search this table

Options

D	ANIMAL	SALEPRICE	SALEDATE	QUANTITY
1	Cat	337.57	2018-05-29	9
2	Dog	666.66	2018-06-01	3
3	Parrot	50.00	2018-06-04	2
4	Hamster	60.60	2018-06-11	6
5	Goldfish	48.48	2018-06-14	24

Show all | Number of rows: 25 Filter rows: Search this table

Showing rows 0 - 4 (5 total)

CALL RETRIEVE_ALL

Show all | Number of rows: 25 Filter rows: Search this table

Options

D	ANIMAL	SALEPRICE
1	Cat	337.57
2	Dog	666.66
3	Parrot	25.00
4	Hamster	60.60
5	Goldfish	48.48

Show all | Number of rows: 25 Filter rows: Search this table

Structure

SQL

Search

Query

Export

Import

Operations

Privileges

Routines

Routines

Name	Action	Type	Returns
<input type="checkbox"/> RETRIEVE_ALL	Edit Execute Export Drop	PROCEDURE	
<input type="checkbox"/> UPDATE_SALEPRICE	Edit Execute Export Drop	PROCEDURE	

☐ Check all
 With selected: Export Drop

New

Add routine

4. If you wish to drop the stored procedure routine UPDATE_SALEPRICE, copy the code below and paste it to the textarea of the **SQL** page. Click **Go**.

1. 1
 2. 2
 3. 3
1. DROP PROCEDURE UPDATE_SALEPRICE;
 - 2.
 3. CALL UPDATE_SALEPRICE;

Copied!

7

8

9 DROP PROCEDURE UPDATE_SALEPRICE;

10

11 CALL UPDATE_SALEPRICE;

Clear

Format

Get auto-saved query

☐ Bind parameters

[Delimiter

;

]

☐ Show this query here again
 ☐ Retain query box
 ☐ Rollback when finished
 ☒ Enable foreign key checks

Hide query box

Error

SQL query: [Copy](#)

DROP PROCEDURE UPDATE_SALEPRICE

MySQL said:

#1305 - PROCEDURE Mysql_learners.UPDATE_SALEPRICE does not exist

Conclusion

Congratulations! You have completed this lab on creating stored procedures in MySQL.

You are now able to:

- Write a stored procedure as per requirement
- Call or Execute a stored procedure
- Drop a stored procedure once its utility is over

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Changelog

Date	Version	Changed by	Change Description
2023-10-31	0.4	Mercedes Schneider	QA Edits
2023-10-16	0.3	Abhishek Gagneja	Updated the instructions
2021-08-09	0.2	Sathya Priya	Updated HTML tags and SQL link
2021-11-01	0.1	Lakshmi Holla, Malika Singla	Initial Version

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