Week 9 Challenge

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#Codealong

```
#Tidy Data
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
                                    2.1.4
## v dplyr 1.1.3
                       v readr
## v forcats 1.0.0 v stringr
                                    1.5.0
## v ggplot2 3.4.3
                    v tibble
                                    3.2.1
## v lubridate 1.9.2
                        v tidyr
                                    1.3.0
## v purrr
              1.0.2
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts to become error
tidydata <- tribble(</pre>
~country, ~year, ~cases, ~population,
"Afghanistan", 1999, 745, 19987071,
"Afghanistan", 2000, 2666, 20595360,
"Brazil", 1999, 37737, 172006362,
"Brazil", 2000, 80488, 174504898,
"China", 1999, 212258, 1272915272,
"China", 2000, 213766, 1280428583)
tidydata
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
## country year cases population
    <chr>
                <dbl> <dbl>
                                  <dbl>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999
                       745 19987071
## 2 Afghanistan 2000
                      2666 20595360
## 3 Brazil 1999 37737 172006362
             2000 80488 174504898
1999 212258 1272915272
## 4 Brazil
## 5 China
## 6 China
               2000 213766 1280428583
#Non-tidy Data
nontidydata <- tribble(</pre>
~country,~year,~rate,
"Afghanistan", 1999, "745/19987071",
```

```
"Afghanistan", 2000, "2666/20595360",
"Brazil", 1999, "37737/172006362",
"Brazil", 2000, "80488/174504898",
"China", 1999, "212258/1272915272",
"China", 2000, "213766/1280428583")
nontidydata
## # A tibble: 6 x 3
    country
                year rate
##
     <chr>
                <dbl> <chr>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999 745/19987071
## 2 Afghanistan 2000 2666/20595360
## 3 Brazil 1999 37737/172006362
              2000 80488/1/4001
1999 212258/1272915272
012766/1280428583
## 4 Brazil
## 5 China
## 6 China
#Tidying nontidydata: Example 1
tidieddata <- nontidydata %>%
separate(rate, into = c("cases",
 "population"),
sep = "/")
tidieddata
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
     country
             year cases population
     <chr>
                <dbl> <chr> <chr>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999 745
                              19987071
## 2 Afghanistan 2000 2666
                              20595360
## 3 Brazil 1999 37737 172006362
              2000 80488 17405
1999 212258 1272915272
## 4 Brazil
## 5 China
## 6 China
newtidieddata <- tidieddata %>%
pivot_longer(
cols = cases:population,
names_to = "measurement"
values_to = "value"
)
newtidieddata
## # A tibble: 12 x 4
##
      country
                 year measurement value
##
      <chr>
                 <dbl> <chr>
                                    <chr>>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999 cases
                                    745
## 2 Afghanistan 1999 population 19987071
## 3 Afghanistan 2000 cases
                                    2666
## 4 Afghanistan 2000 population 20595360
## 5 Brazil
               1999 cases
                                    37737
## 6 Brazil
                 1999 population 172006362
```

```
## 7 Brazil
                 2000 cases
                                  80488
## 8 Brazil
                2000 population 174504898
## 9 China
                1999 cases
                                  212258
## 10 China
                 1999 population 1272915272
## 11 China
                 2000 cases
                                  213766
## 12 China
                 2000 population 1280428583
#Tidying Data: Example 2
df <- tribble(</pre>
~id, ~bp1, ~bp2,
"A", 100, 120,
"B", 140, 115,
"C", 120, 125
)
df
## # A tibble: 3 x 3
##
   id
          bp1
##
    <chr> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 A
       100
## 2 B
            140
                115
## 3 C
           120
                 125
df %>%
pivot_longer(
cols = bp1:bp2,
names_to = "measurement",
values_to = "value"
)
## # A tibble: 6 x 3
## id measurement value
## <chr> <chr>
                    <dbl>
## 1 A
          bp1
                      100
## 2 A
                       120
          bp2
## 3 B
       bp1
                       140
## 4 B
          bp2
                       115
## 5 C
          bp1
                       120
## 6 C
          bp2
                       125
#Reshaping data: Example 3
newtidieddata
## # A tibble: 12 x 4
##
     country year measurement value
##
     <chr>
                 <dbl> <chr>
                                  <chr>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999 cases
                                  745
## 2 Afghanistan 1999 population 19987071
## 3 Afghanistan 2000 cases
                                  2666
## 4 Afghanistan 2000 population
                                  20595360
## 5 Brazil
                 1999 cases
                                  37737
## 6 Brazil
                 1999 population 172006362
```

```
2000 cases 80488
2000 population 174504898
## 7 Brazil
## 8 Brazil
## 9 China
                1999 cases
                                  212258
## 10 China
                1999 population 1272915272
## 11 China
                  2000 cases
                                  213766
## 12 China
                  2000 population 1280428583
newtidieddata %>%
pivot_wider(names_from="measurement",
values_from="value")
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
   country
               year cases population
    <chr>
                <dbl> <chr> <chr>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999 745
                            19987071
## 2 Afghanistan 2000 2666
                            20595360
## 3 Brazil 1999 37737 172006362
## 4 Brazil 2000 80488 174504898
## 5 China
               1999 212258 1272915272
## 6 China
                2000 213766 1280428583
#Reshaping data: Example 4
df <- tribble(</pre>
~id, ~measurement, ~value,
"A", "bp1", 100,
"B", "bp1", 140,
"B", "bp2", 115,
"A", "bp2", 120,
"A", "bp3", 105
)
df
## # A tibble: 5 x 3
## id measurement value
## <chr> <chr> <dbl>
## 1 A bp1
                      100
## 2 B
       bp1
                      140
## 3 B
       bp2
                      115
## 4 A
       bp2
                      120
## 5 A
       bp3
                       105
df %>%
pivot wider(
names_from = measurement,
values_from = value
)
## # A tibble: 2 x 4
## id bp1 bp2
                       bp3
## <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 A 100 120
                      105
## 2 B
          140 115
                      NA
```

#Challenge

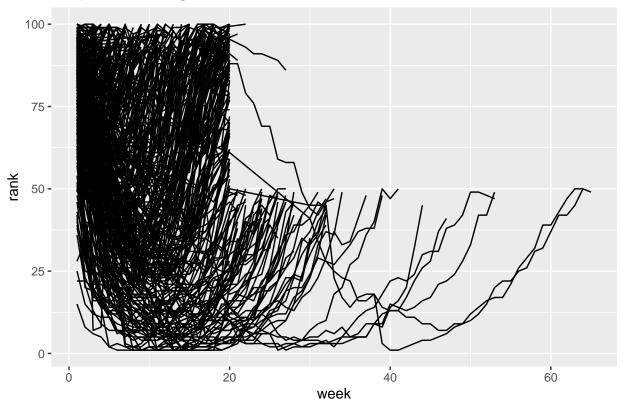
```
#Question 1
tidybillboard<- billboard%>%
pivot_longer(
   cols= starts_with("wk"),
   names_to = "week",
   values_to = "rank",
   values_drop_na=T,
   )

tidybillboard <- mutate(tidybillboard, week = parse_number(week))</pre>
```

```
## # A tibble: 5,307 x 5
##
     artist track
                                  date.entered week rank
##
     <chr> <chr>
                                  <date> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 2 Pac Baby Don't Cry (Keep... 2000-02-26
                                                1
## 2 2 Pac Baby Don't Cry (Keep... 2000-02-26
                                                      82
## 3 2 Pac Baby Don't Cry (Keep... 2000-02-26
                                                  3 72
## 4 2 Pac Baby Don't Cry (Keep... 2000-02-26
                                                  4
                                                     77
## 5 2 Pac Baby Don't Cry (Keep... 2000-02-26
                                                  5 87
## 6 2 Pac Baby Don't Cry (Keep... 2000-02-26
                                                  6 94
## 7 2 Pac Baby Don't Cry (Keep... 2000-02-26
                                                  7 99
## 8 2Ge+her The Hardest Part Of ... 2000-09-02
                                                 1 91
## 9 2Ge+her The Hardest Part Of ... 2000-09-02
                                                 2 87
## 10 2Ge+her The Hardest Part Of ... 2000-09-02
                                                  3 92
## # i 5,297 more rows
```

```
ggplot(data = tidybillboard, mapping = aes(x=week, y=rank,group=track), environment = parent.frame()) +
```

Graph of Rank against Week



```
#Question 2
distinct(cms_patient_experience,measure_cd)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 1
##
     {\tt measure\_cd}
     <chr>>
##
## 1 CAHPS_GRP_1
## 2 CAHPS_GRP_2
## 3 CAHPS_GRP_3
## 4 CAHPS_GRP_5
## 5 CAHPS_GRP_8
## 6 CAHPS_GRP_12
## 6 CAHPS_GRP_12
tidycms<- cms_patient_experience%>%
pivot_wider(
id_cols= starts_with("org"),
names_from="measure_cd",
values_from = "prf_rate"
tidycms
## # A tibble: 95 x 8
```

org_pac_id org_nm CAHPS_GRP_1 CAHPS_GRP_2 CAHPS_GRP_3 CAHPS_GRP_5 CAHPS_GRP_8

<dbl>

<dbl>

<dbl>

<dbl>

<dbl>

##

<chr>

<chr>

##	1 0446157747 USC C~	63	87	86	57	85
##	2 0446162697 ASSOC~	59	85	83	63	88
##	3 0547164295 BEAVE~	49	NA	75	44	73
##	4 0749333730 CAPE ~	67	84	85	65	82
##	5 0840104360 ALLIA~	66	87	87	64	87
##	6 0840109864 REX H~	73	87	84	67	91
##	7 0840513552 SCL H~	58	83	76	58	78
##	8 0941545784 GRITM~	46	86	81	54	NA
##	9 1052612785 COMMU~	65	84	80	58	87
##	10 1254237779 OUR L~	61	NA	NA	65	NA
шш	# : 05					

i 85 more rows

^{## #} i 1 more variable: CAHPS_GRP_12 <dbl>