# Lambda Expressions and Method References



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```
public int compare(String first, String second) {
   return Integer.compare(first.length(), second.length());
}
```

### Access specifier Return type Method name Parameter list Body

```
(String first, String second) -> {
    return Integer.compare(first.length(), second.length());
}
```

### Parameter list Arrow Body



```
public int compare(String first, String second) {
    return Integer.compare(first.length(), second.length());
}
```

### Access specifier Return type Method name Parameter list Body

```
(first, second) -> {
    return Integer.compare(first.length(), second.length());
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Parameter list Arrow Body



```
public int compare(String first, String second) {
   return Integer.compare(first.length(), second.length());
}
```

### Access specifier Return type Method name Parameter list Body

```
(var first, var second) -> {
    return Integer.compare(first.length(), second.length());
}
```

Parameter list Arrow Body



```
() -> {
    System.out.println("Hello from Pluralsight");
}
```

### Lambda without parameters

```
name -> System.out.println("Hello, " + name);
```

### Lambda with a single parameter

```
(first, second) -> {
    return Integer.compare(first.length(), second.length());
}
```



Body as a block

```
(first, second) -> Integer.compare(first.length(), second.length())
```

### Body as a single expression



# Functional Interfaces



# Lambda Expressions and Functional Interfaces

# A lambda expression implements a functional interface

```
(first, second) -> Integer.compare(first.length(), second.length())

implements

public interface Comparator<T> {
   int compare(T o1, T o2);
}
```

# Lambda Expressions and Functional Interfaces

# You cannot assign a lambda expression to a variable declared with var

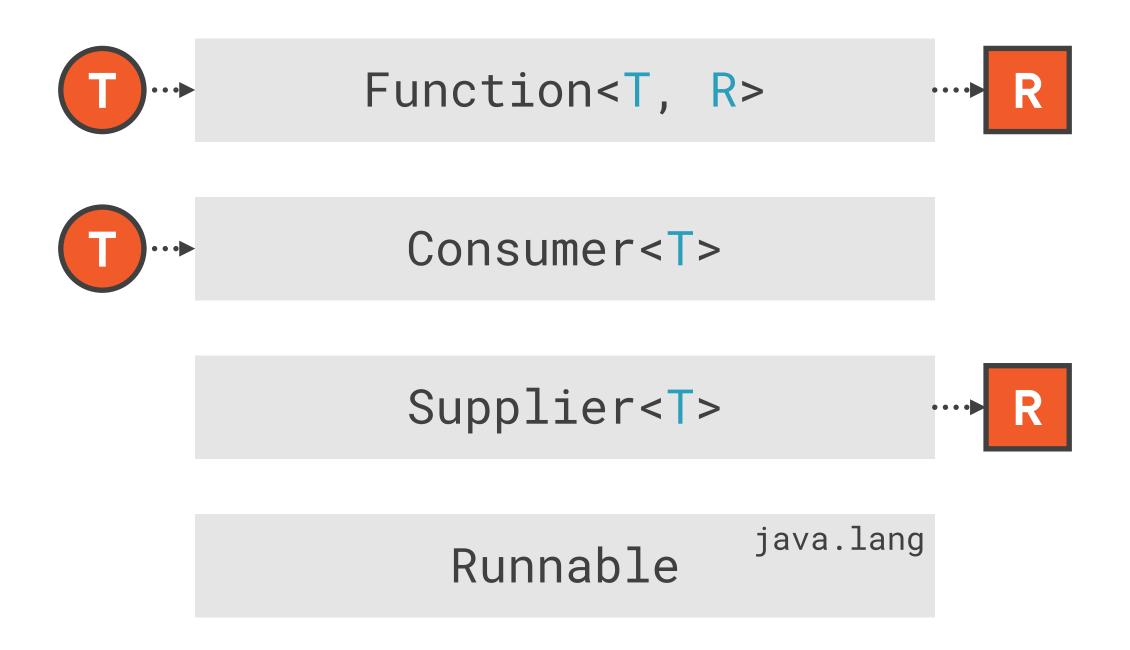


```
// Error: cannot infer type for local variable comparator
// (lambda expression needs an explicit target-type)
var comparator = (String first, String second) ->
    Integer.compare(first.length(), second.length());
```

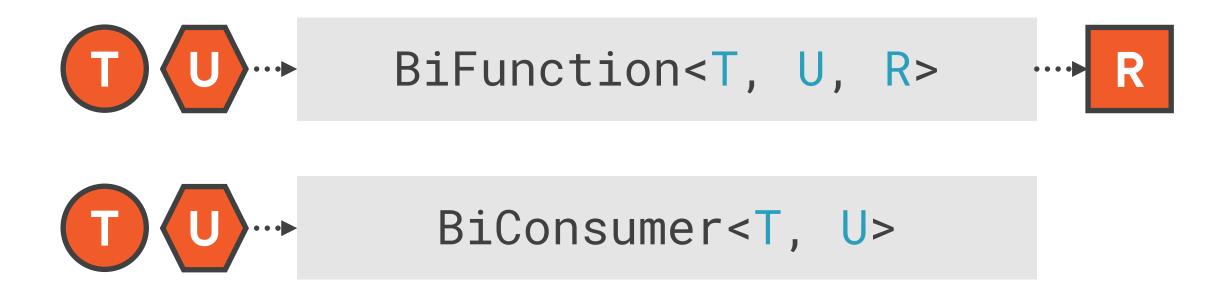


# Standard Functional Interfaces

# Standard Functional Interfaces Package java.util.function

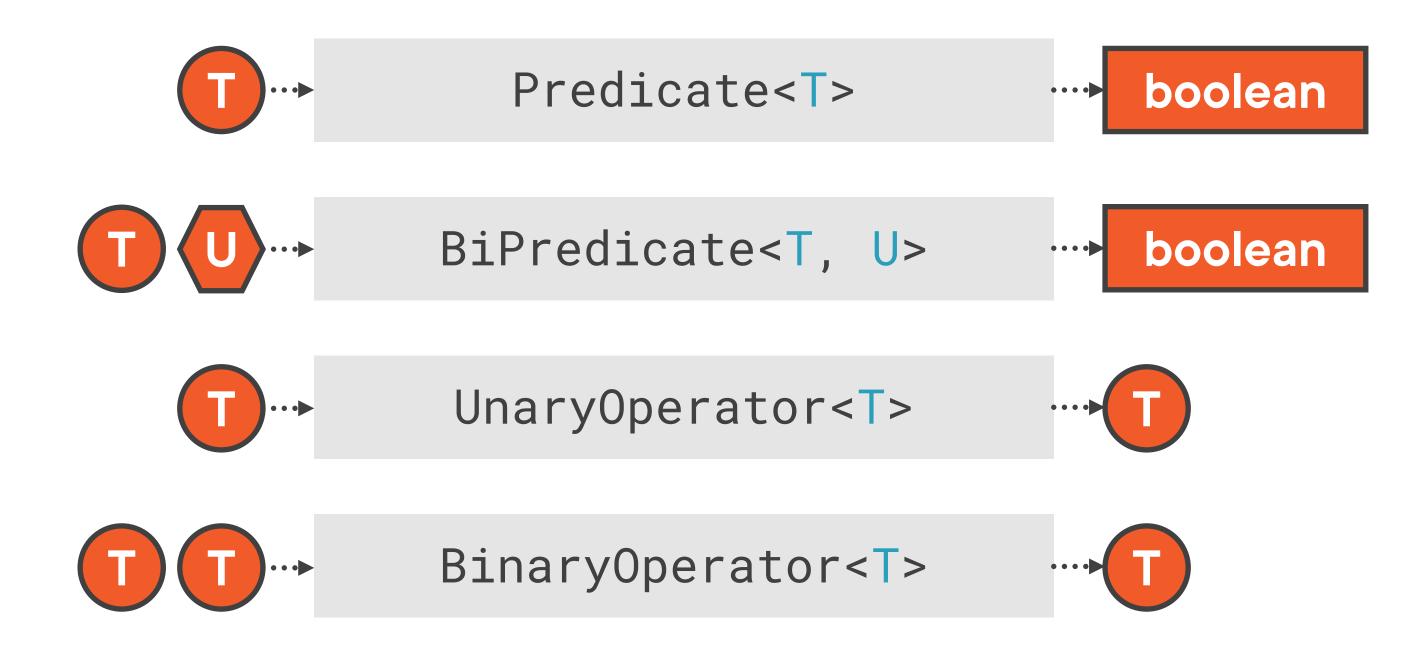


# Standard Functional Interfaces Package java.util.function



### Standard Functional Interfaces

Package java.util.function





```
var names = List.of("Joe Smith", "Susan Miller", "Will Johnson");
```



```
var names = List.of("Joe Smith", "Susan Miller", "Will Johnson");
// Lambda expression
names.forEach(name -> System.out.println(name));
```



```
var names = List.of("Joe Smith", "Susan Miller", "Will Johnson");

// Lambda expression
names.forEach(name -> System.out.println(name));

// Method reference
names.forEach(System.out::println);
```



A method reference implements a functional interface

Lambda expression:
Defines an anonymous method
on the spot

Method reference:
Points to an existing method



# Syntax of Method References

TypeName::staticMethodName

Reference to a static method

objectRef::instanceMethodName

Reference to an instance method of a specific object

TypeName::instanceMethodName

Reference to an instance method context determines the object

TypeName::new

Reference to a constructor



### Summary



### Lambda expressions

- Anonymous method
- Syntax of lambda expressions

#### **Functional interfaces**

- Single abstract method
- @FunctionalInterface annotation

### Standard functional interfaces

Package java.util.function



### Summary



### Capturing local variables

- Effectively final

### Principles of functional programming

No side effects

Working with checked exceptions

### Method references

- Four kinds of method references





### **More Information**

Working with Streams and Lambda Expressions in Java

Jesper de Jong

# Up Next: Annotations

