

Optional



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NullPointerException

Occurs when you dereference a **null** value,
for example when you call an instance method
or access a field via a variable that has the value null.



“I call it my billion-dollar mistake. It was the invention of the null reference in 1965.”

Sir Tony Hoare – 2009



Optional as a Safe Alternative to Null

An **Optional** is a container that can either contain a **value** or be **empty**

```
public Customer getCustomer(long id)
```



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```
public Optional<Customer> getCustomer(long id)
```



Optional as a Safe Alternative to Null

Optional is an `immutable value class`



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Optional is an `immutable value class`
Should not be used for synchronization



Optional as a Safe Alternative to Null

Optional is an **immutable value class**
Should not be used for synchronization

Optional was primarily designed
to be used as a **return type** for **methods**



Summary



Class `java.util.Optional`

- Immutable value class
- Return type for methods

Methods for working with `Optional`

- Basic methods
- Functional style methods

Up Next: Try-with-resources
and AutoCloseable

