**IMTSquare Company**

**AnyChange Software**

**Glossary Document**

**v1.0**

**Revision History**

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**AnyChange**

**Glossary**

**Definitions**

Application Programming Interface: A set of rules and protocols that allows software applications to communicate with each other.

Browser: A software application used to access websites and web pages on the internet.

Category: A grouping of products based on common characteristics such as product type, brand, or price range.

Cloud-Based Services: Software services that are delivered over the internet and hosted on remote servers, such as Amazon Web Services, Microsoft Azure, or Google Cloud Platform.

Consumer: In AnyChange concept consumer is defined as any buyer interested in specific general products in the AnyChange platform being neither a seller nor an e-commerce platform.

Courier: A third-party delivery service that handles the shipping and delivery of orders.

Customer: A user who visits the website with the intent to purchase/review products.

Database Connectivity: The ability of a software application to access and interact with data stored in a database.

E-commerce platform: Platform on which buyers and sellers and transaction relevant tasks and all other specific details are handled by the platform / company operating the platform.

Enterprise customers: Potentially, dynamically and strategically aligned customers with IMTSquare’s business goals.

File Transfer Protocol: A standard protocol used for transferring files over the internet.

Graphical User Interface: A user interface that allows users to interact with a computer using graphical elements such as icons, buttons, and menus.

Landing Page: The initial web page that a user sees when they visit a website.

Network Protocol: A set of rules that governs how data is transmitted over a network, including protocols such as TCP/IP, HTTP, and HTTPS.

Responsive Design: A design approach that allows web pages to adapt to different screen sizes and resolutions, ensuring that the content is displayed properly on all devices.

Product: A physical or digital item that is being sold by a retailer or online marketplace.

Seller: A party who intends to sell a good on a platform.

Web Scraping: The automated process of extracting data from websites using software tools.

**Abbreviations**

API: Application Programming Interface, see relevant item in Definitions

FAD: Final as designed (usually level 4 and final documentation)

FAQ: Frequently asked question(s)

FMCG: Fast moving consumer goods

FTP: File Transfer Protocol, see relevant item in Definitions

GDPPC: Gross domestic product per capita

GDPR: General data protection regulation

GUI: Graphical user interface, see relevant item in Definitions

ICTA: Information and Communication Technologies Authority

IFC: Issued for comments (usually level 1 documentation)

IFD: Issued for design (usually level 2 documentation)

IFI: Issue for implementation (usually level 3 documentation)

HL / HLR: High level / high level requirements

IP: Intellectual property

LL / LLR: Low level / low level requirements

NDA: Non-disclosure agreement

QA/QC: Quality assurance/quality control

RACI: Responsible, accountable, consulted, informed

UP: Unified process

UX: User experience

V&V: Validation and verification