### Deep Learning KU (708.220) WS23

# **Assignment 1: Maximum Likelihood Estimation**

Consider a classification problem with two classes  $C_0$  and  $C_1$ . For each class  $C_k$ , the samples come from a d-dimensional Gaussian distribution with mean vector  $\boldsymbol{\mu}_k$  and a covariance matrix  $\boldsymbol{\Sigma}_k = \sigma_k^2 \boldsymbol{I}_d$ , where  $\boldsymbol{I}_d$  is the  $d \times d$  identity matrix and  $\sigma_k \in \mathbb{R}^+$ .

Probability of data point vector  $\boldsymbol{x}$  conditioned on class k equals:

$$p(\boldsymbol{x}|\mathcal{C}_k) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(2\pi)^d |\boldsymbol{\Sigma}_k|}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}(\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{\mu_k})^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_k^{-1} (\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{\mu_k})\right).$$

*Hint:*  $|\Sigma_k|$  is the determinant of  $\Sigma_k = \sigma_k^2 I_d$ , and equals  $\sigma_k^{2d}$ .

Your training set consists of samples  $\boldsymbol{X} = \langle \boldsymbol{x}^{(1)}, \dots, \boldsymbol{x}^{(N)} \rangle$ , where the data points  $\boldsymbol{x}^{(m)} \in \mathbb{R}^d$  are independently and identically distributed. You have the corresponding binary targets  $\boldsymbol{t} = (t^{(1)}, \dots, t^{(N)})^T$ , with  $t^{(m)} \in \{0, 1\}$ , which indicates the class of the input sample (i.e.,  $t^{(m)} = 1$  indicates class  $C_1$ ).

You will fit a parameterized model for the data-generating distribution:

$$p(X, t|\theta) = p(t|\theta) \cdot p(X|t, \theta).$$

Your model includes a prior probability for the occurrence of each class, where class  $C_0$  occurs with probability  $P(C_0) = p_0$ , and class  $C_1$  occurs with probability  $P(C_1) = 1 - p_0$ . The parameters of your model are:  $\theta = \langle p_0, \mu_0, \mu_1, \sigma_0, \sigma_1 \rangle$ .

#### Task details:

- a) (3 pts): Write the likelihood  $p(\boldsymbol{x}^{(m)}, t^{(m)}|\boldsymbol{\theta})$  of a single example  $\boldsymbol{x}^{(m)}, t^{(m)}$ . Accordingly, write the likelihood  $p(\boldsymbol{X}, \boldsymbol{t}|\boldsymbol{\theta})$  of the whole training set  $\boldsymbol{X}, \boldsymbol{t}$ , and then use this to derive the log-likelihood of the training set.
- b) (3 pts): Derive the maximum-likelihood estimate of  $\mu_1$  for this model.
- c) (2 pts): Derive the maximum-likelihood estimate of  $p_0$  for this model.
- d) (2 pts): Let's say we are interested in classifying samples by minimizing expected loss, where the loss matrix L will be expressed as:

$$L = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 20 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Firstly, using Bayes' rule, express  $p(C_0|\mathbf{x})$  and  $p(C_1|\mathbf{x})$  in terms of  $p_0$ . Then use these to derive an expression for the loss, for each possible classification outcome (i.e., correct  $C_0$ , correct  $C_1$ , false  $C_0$ , false  $C_1$ ).

## Total: 10 points

Provide full derivations including intermediate steps. Present your results clearly, structured and legible.

### Assignment details:

- Assignment issued: October 11th, 2023, 08:00
- Deadline: October 25th, 2023, 08:00
- Solution submission: Upload to TeachCenter as one PDF.
- Rules: There are no groups allowed for this task. Please submit your individual work for your assignment. Copying of solutions or reports from other students is strictly forbidden.