

Java File Streams

Presented by



Data Persistence

Data is persisted in

File (I/O Streams)



Network (Emails, Web portals)



Database Managers (SQL * Plus, MySQL, SQL Server)





File Streams

A stream that is associated with a file is a 'File Stream'



Files provide long-term storage of large amounts of data

Files must have a name



File Class

A stream that is associated with a file is a 'File Stream'

File class represents the files and directory pathnames

Used for creation of files and directories, file searching, file deletion, etc.

Files provide long-term storage of large amounts of data

Files must have a name



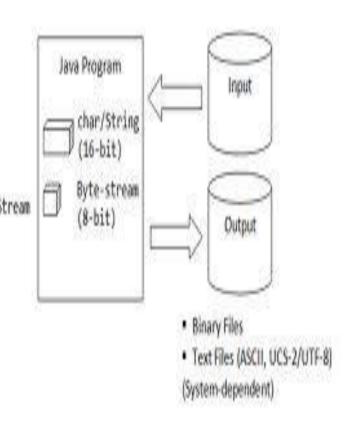
File IO Classes

FileInputStream for byte-based input from a file

FileOutputStream for byte-based output to a file

FileReader for character-based input from a file

FileWriter for character-based output a file





File IO Examples

```
FileOutputStream fos = new FileOutputStream("out.txt");
FileOutputStream fos = new FileoutputStream("out.txt", true);
fis.write('a'); // what is the error?
fis.close();
```

```
FileWriter fw = new FileWriter("out.txt");
FileWriter fw = new FileWriter("out.txt", true);
fw.write('a'); // multiple write() methods
fw.close();
```



File IO Examples

```
FileInputStream fis = new FileInputStream("out.txt");
   while( (ch = (char)fin.read()) != -1) {
          System.out.println(ch);
fis.close();
FileReader fw = new FileReader("out.txt");
   while( (ch = (char)fin.read()) != -1) {
          System.out.println(ch);
fw.close();
```



Filtered Streams

To Write Primitive Data – DataOutputStream class

```
FileOutputStream fos = new FileOutputStream("book.txt");

DataOutputStream dos = new DataOutputStream(fos);

dos.writeInt(1001);
dos.writeFloat(1253.25f);
```

To Read Primitive Data – DataInputStream class

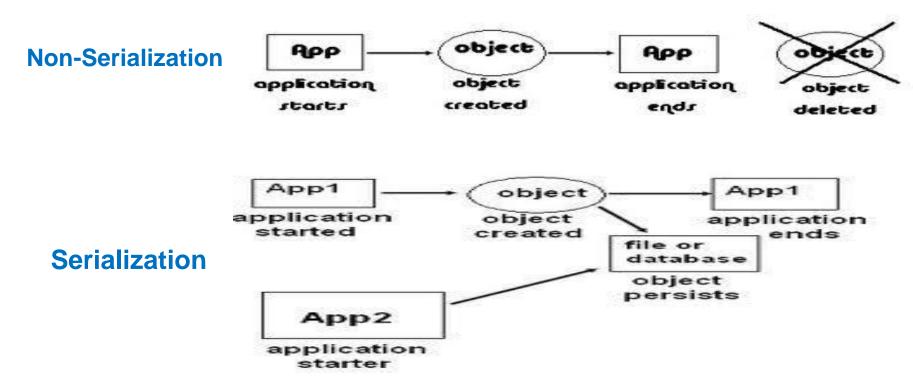
FileInputStream fos = new FileInputStream("book.txt");

DataInputStream dos = new DataInputStream(fos);

bookld = dos.readInt(); bookld = dos.readFloat();

Object Serialization

Serialization is the process of persisting "object's state"



**Object instance will be persisted instead of individual primitive types



Serialization API

Object Serialization by - ObjectOutputStream

State is persisted by - writeObject()

Object Deserialization by - ObjectInputStream

State is persisted by - readObject()



Serialization and Deserialization Example

Serialization:

```
Employee fedrick= new Employee();

//// invoke setters to assign data

FileOutputStream fileOut = new FileOutputStream( "emp.ser" );

ObjectOutputStream objectOut = new ObjectOutputStream( fileOut );

oos.writeObject( fedrick);

oos.close();

Deserialization :
```

```
FileInputStream fis = new FileInputStream( "emp.ser");
ObjectInputStream ois = new ObjectInputStream( fis);
Emp emp = (Emp) ois.readObject();
ois.close();
```

// invoke getters to show data



Transient Keyword

transient: Instance variables will not be serialized



PrintWriter class

Java PrintWriter class is the implementation of Writer class.

It is used to print the formatted representation of objects to the text-output stream.

write() method: to write on screen and also onto files

**System.out.prinln() writes result only on console



PrintWriter Example

```
PrintWriter writer = new PrintWriter(System.out); // console
writer.write("Success is – people searching for you on Google but not on facebook!");

PrintWriter technology = new PrintWriter( new File("D:\\tech.txt"));
technology.write("Java, Spring, Hibernate, JSF,Android, PHP");
technology.flush();
```





