Python Homework 3

In the following multiple choice questions, please circle the correct output of Python code.

```
0,2,4,6,6,10,12,14,16,18
1. for num in range(0,20,2):
      if (num % 3 == 1):
        print(num)
                    (b))4 10 16
    (a) 416
                                    (c) 0 6 12 18
                                                    (d) 1 4 7 10 13 16 19
    (e) 0 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18
2. nums=[]
    nums.append(1)
    nums.append(2)
    nums.append(3)
    nums[2]=4
    nums.insert(2,5)
    nums.append(6))
    print(nums)
    (a) [1,2,3,4,5] (b) [1,2,4,5,6] (c) [1,2,5,4,6]
                                                    (d) [1,5,2,4,6] (e) [1,5,4,3,6]
3. nums=[1]3,5,7,9]
    sum = 0
    for i in range(0, len(nums),2):
      if (nums[i] % 3 == 0):
        sum = sum + nums[i]
    print(sum)
    (a) 6
                    (b) 12
                                                    (d) 9
                                                                    (e) 10
4. nums = [4,4,6,2,3,3,6]
    for i in range(1, len(nums), 1):
      if (nums[i] == nums[i-1]):
        nums[i] = 2*nums[i]
        nums[i-1]=0
    print(nums)
                                                     (c) [0,8,6,2,0,0,12]
    (a) [0,8,6,2,0,6,6]
                            (b) [4,4,6,2,3,3,6]
   (d) [8,0,6,2,12,0,0]
                            (e) [8,0,6,2,<del>6,6,0</del>]
5. nums1 = [1,2,3,4,5]
    nums2 = [5,4,3,2,1]
    count = 0
    for i in range(0, len(nums1)):
      if (nums1[i] > nums2[i]):
        count = count + 1
    print(count)
    (a) 1
                    (b) 2
                                    (c) 3
                                                    (d) 4
                                                                    (e) 5
```

Coding question 1: Make a function find_idx(nums, num). Here nums is a list, and num is an integer. If there is num in nums, return the index of num in nums. Otherwise return - 1. Test with find_idx([1,2,3,4,5], 3), result should be 2. Test with find_idx([1,2,3,4,5], 6), result should be -1.

Coding question 2: Using above function, make another function get_common(nums1, nums2). Here both nums1 and nums2 are lists. The return value is another list which has all values that in both lists. Test with get_common([1,2,3,5,6], [2,4,6,7,8]) and result should be [2,6].

Coding question 2: Make function remove_common(nums1, nums2). Here both nums1 and nums2 are lists. The return value is another list which has all values that in nums1 but not in nums2. Test with get_common([1,2,3,5,6], [2,4,6,7,8]) and result should be [1,3,5].