YX	0	1	2
0	$\frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{3}{12}$	0
1	$\frac{2}{12}$	0	$\frac{1}{12}$
2	$\frac{3}{12}$	$\frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{1}{12}$

Table 3.5.1: Joint distribution of X and Y.

Find Cov(X,Y).

$$COV(X,Y) = E[XY] - E[X] \cdot E[Y]$$

$$XY = ny$$
 0 | 2 | 4 | P(XY = yy) | 9/12 | 0 | 3/12 | 1/12

$$E[xy] = 0 \times \frac{9}{12} + 1 \times 0 + 2 \times \frac{2}{12} + 4 \times \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 0 +0 + $\frac{4}{12}$ + $\frac{9}{12}$ = $\frac{8}{12}$

$$E[Y] = 0 \times \frac{4}{12} + 1 \times \frac{3}{12} + 2 \times \frac{5}{12}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $(ov(xy) = \frac{8}{12} - \frac{8}{12} \times \frac{13}{12}$

7>
$$\frac{8}{12} \left(1 - \frac{13}{12} \right) = \frac{8}{12} \left(\frac{-1}{12} \right) \Rightarrow \frac{-2}{36} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{18}$$

3) The probability distribution of a random variable X is given in Table 3.5.2.

X = x	0	1	2	3
P(X = x)	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{2}$

Table 3.5.2: PMF of X

Define another random variable Y=2X+3 . Find Cov(X,Y) .

$$|\frac{10}{8} + \frac{11}{8} + \frac{108}{8}| = \frac{132}{8}$$

$$|\frac{10}{8} + \frac{11}{8} + \frac{108}{8}| = \frac{132}{8}$$

$$|\frac{10}{8} + \frac{11}{8} + \frac{108}{8}| + \frac{133}{8} + \frac{11}{8} = \frac{16}{8}$$

$$|\frac{10}{8} + \frac{11}{8} + \frac{11}{8}| = \frac{16}{8}$$

$$|\frac{10}{8} + \frac{11}{8}| = \frac{16}{8}| = \frac{16}{8}| = \frac{16}{8}|$$

$$|\frac{10}{8} + \frac{11}{8}| = \frac{16}{8}| = \frac{16}{8}|$$

$$|\frac{10}{8} + \frac{11}{8}| = \frac{16}{8}|$$

4) The joint distribution of X and Y is given by $f(x,y)=rac{x+y}{9}$, for x=0,1,2;y=0,1. Find Cov(X,Y).

$$\frac{8}{9} - \frac{26}{27}$$

$$\frac{27 - 26}{27} = -\frac{2}{27}$$