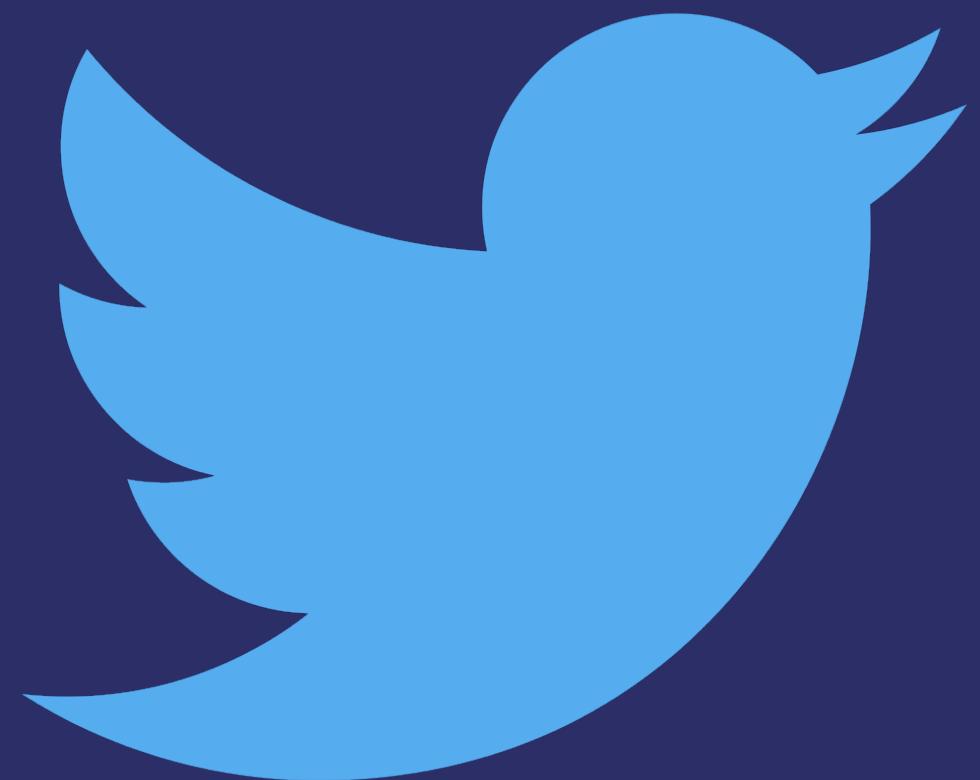


Building the Fabric iOS App



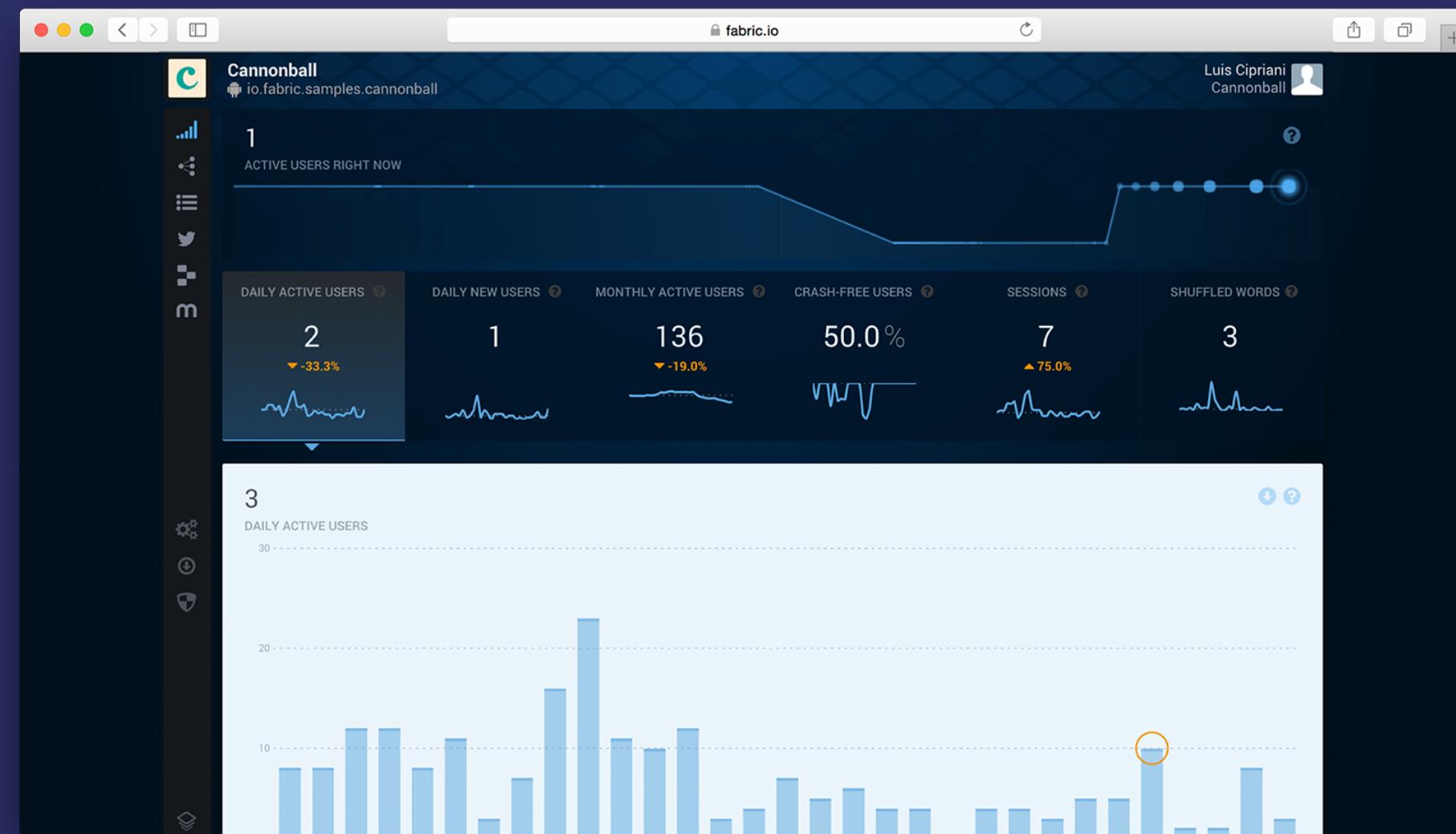
@Javi

Outline

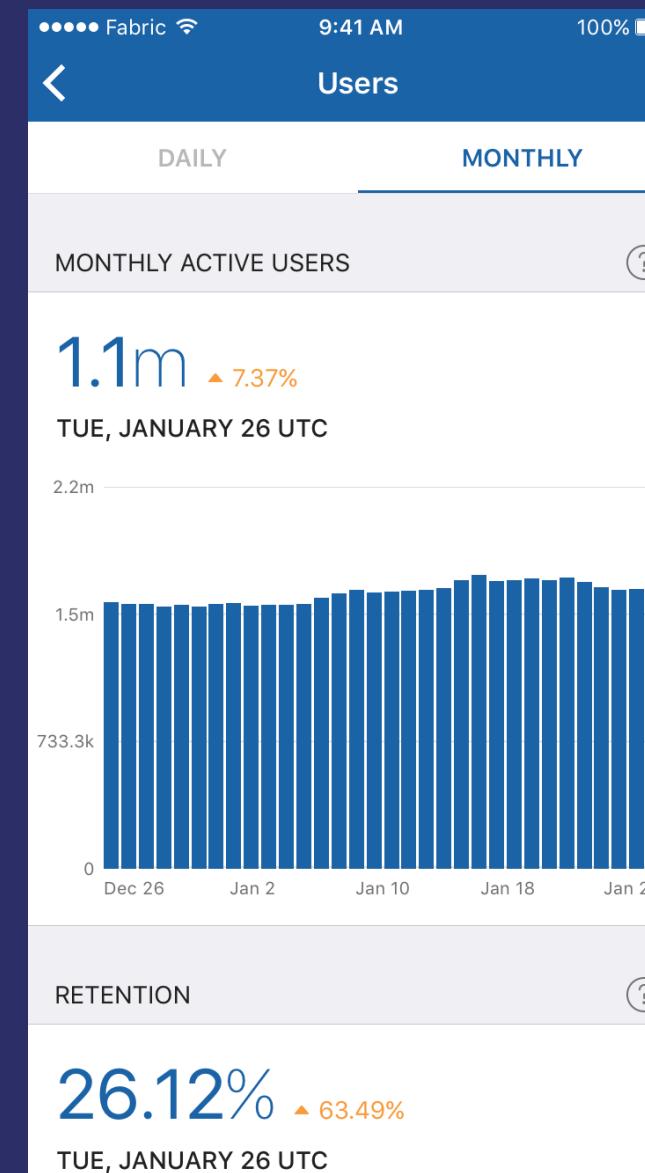
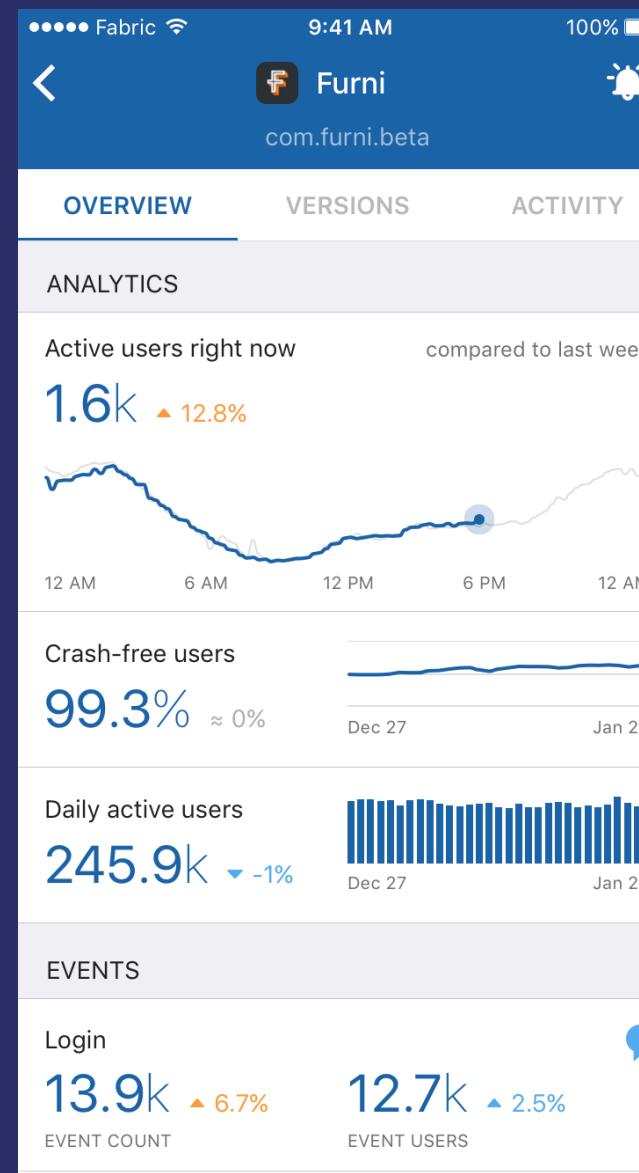
- Fabric
- GraphQL
- Dependency Injection
- Error Reporting
- Fastlane

What's Fabric?

Fabric

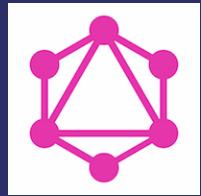


Fabric



-
- The Activity screen lists recent events and alerts:
- Issue Velocity Alert** (Just now): An issue in SFSafariViewController.m line 1337 is affecting 2.83% of sessions in the past hour. The issue was first seen January 27, 2016.
 - Top Issues Summary** (An hour ago): 7.69% of your users were affected by 1 issue on Wednesday, Jan 27 UTC.
 - New Note** (7 hours ago): Josh added a note to an issue in Atomic.swift line 54: "Fixed this issue in build 1.2.0 (358)"
 - New Issue** (7 hours ago): New issue detected in Atomic.swift line 54
 - Stability Alert** (12 hours ago): Crash free users dropped by 6.5% in the past 24 hours. At 86.72%, it is significantly below where it was this time yesterday.

GraphQL¹



¹ <http://graphql.org/>

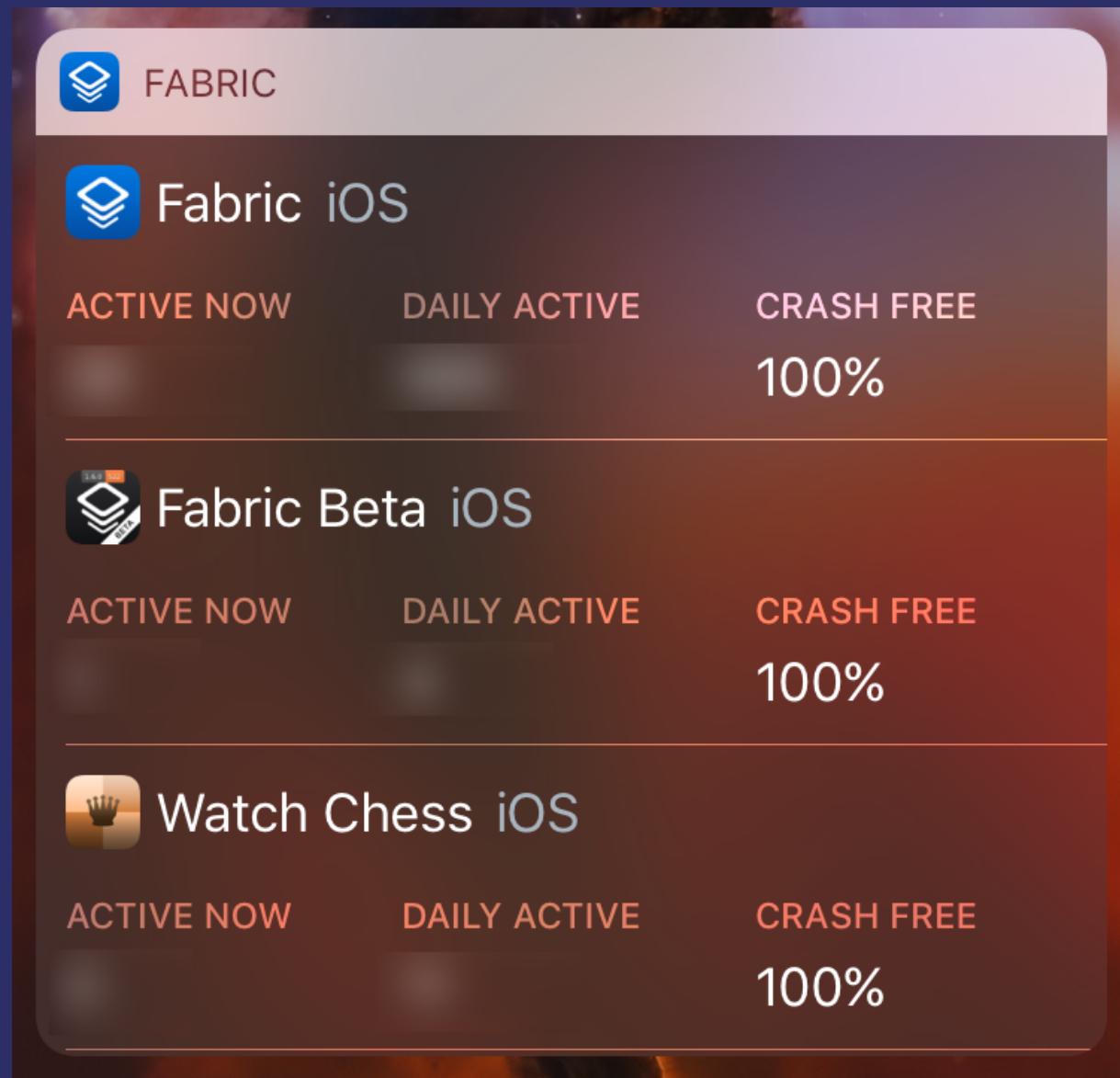
GraphQL - Queries

→ GET /users/<user_id>

GraphQL - Queries

- GET /users/<user_id>
- GET /users/<user_id>/friends

GraphQL - Queries



GraphQL - Queries

```
{  
  user(id: 4802170) {  
    name  
    profilePicture(size: 50) {  
      uri  
      width  
    }  
    friends(first: 5) {  
      id  
      name  
    }  
  }  
}
```

GraphQL - Queries

```
{  
  "data": {  
    "user": {  
      "id": "4802170",  
      "name": "Javi",  
      "profilePicture": {  
        "uri": "http://bit.ly/1E8lYDq",  
        "width": 50  
      },  
      "friends": [  
        {  
          "id": "305249",  
          "name": "Jony Ive"  
        },  
        {  
          "id": "3108935",  
          "name": "Elon Musk"  
        }  
      ]  
    }  
  }  
}
```

GraphQL - Features

- Hierarchical, human-readable query language
 - Strongly-typed
 - Version free

GraphQL - GraphiQL

The screenshot shows the GraphiQL interface with the following components:

- Header:** "GraphiQL" and a play button icon.
- Query Editor:** A code editor containing a GraphQL query and its variables.

```
1 query TodoAppQuery($n: Int) {  
2   globalTodoList {  
3     items(first:$n) {  
4       edges {  
5         node {  
6           text  
7           complete  
8         }  
9       }  
10      }  
11    }  
12 }
```

QUERY VARIABLES

```
1 {  
2   "n": 2  
3 }
```
- Results:** A JSON representation of the query results, showing a list of todo items with their text and completion status.

```
{  
  "data": {  
    "globalTodoList": {  
      "items": [  
        {"edges": [  
          {"node": {  
            "text": "Release GraphiQL",  
            "complete": true  
          }  
        }  
      ]  
    }  
  }  
}
```

Dependency Injection

Dependency injection

Software design pattern that implements inversion of control for resolving dependencies. An injection is the passing of a dependency to a dependent object that would use it.

– https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dependency_injection

Dependencies

- View Controller => Data Provider
 - Data Provider => API Client
- Persistence Manager => Database Client

Dependency Resolution

- Self-instantiation
- Global access
- Injection via setters
- Injection via constructor

Dependency Resolution - Self-Instantiation

```
class ViewController {  
    private let dataProvider: DataProvider  
  
    init() {  
        self.dataProvider = DataProvider()  
    }  
}
```

Dependency Resolution - Global Access

```
class ViewController {  
    private let dataProvider: DataProvider  
  
    init() {  
        self.dataProvider = DataProvider.shared  
    }  
}
```

Dependency Resolution - Injection via Setters

```
class ViewController {  
    var dataProvider: DataProvider!  
  
    init() {  
  
    }  
}
```

Dependency Resolution - Injection via Constructor

```
class ViewController {  
    private let dataProvider: DataProvider  
  
    init(dataProvider: DataProvider) {  
        self.dataProvider = dataProvider  
    }  
}
```

Easy vs Simple

Easy - Hard
Simple - Complex

Dependency injection

Implicit vs explicit

Dependency injection - UIStoryboard

```
class UIStoryboard {  
    func instantiateViewController(withIdentifier identifier: String) -> UIViewController  
}
```

Dependency injection - UIStoryboard

```
let sb = UIStoryboard...
let vc = sb.instantiateViewController(withIdentifier: "ID") as! ApplicationOverviewVC
vc.userSession = ...
vc.applicationID = ...
```

Dependency injection - UIStoryboard

```
final class ApplicationOverviewVC {  
    // I hope you like "!"s...  
    var userSession: UserSession!  
    var applicationID: String!  
  
    func viewDidLoad() {  
        super.viewDidLoad()  
  
        self.userSession.foo()  
        // Or...  
        if let userSession = self.userSession {  
            userSession.foo()  
        } else { /* Can't do anything useful here... */ }  
    }  
}
```



Ayaka Nonaka

@ayanonagon

Follow

Optionals are great because we can make things non-optional. Just because we have optionals in Swift shouldn't mean we have ? everywhere.

RETWEETS

24

LIKES

92



12:29 PM - 24 Mar 2016

Dependency injection in the Fabric app

```
final class ApplicationListViewController: UIViewController {  
    init(viewModel: ApplicationListViewModel)  
}  
  
final class ApplicationListViewModel {  
    init(fabricAPI: AuthenticatedFabricAPI)  
}  
  
public final class AuthenticatedFabricAPI {  
    public init(session: Session)  
}  
  
public struct Session {  
    let accessToken: String  
}
```

DataLoadState

```
final class ApplicationListViewModel {  
    var applications: [Application]?  
}
```

DataLoadState

```
enum DataLoadState<T> {
    case loading
    case failed
    case loaded(T)
}

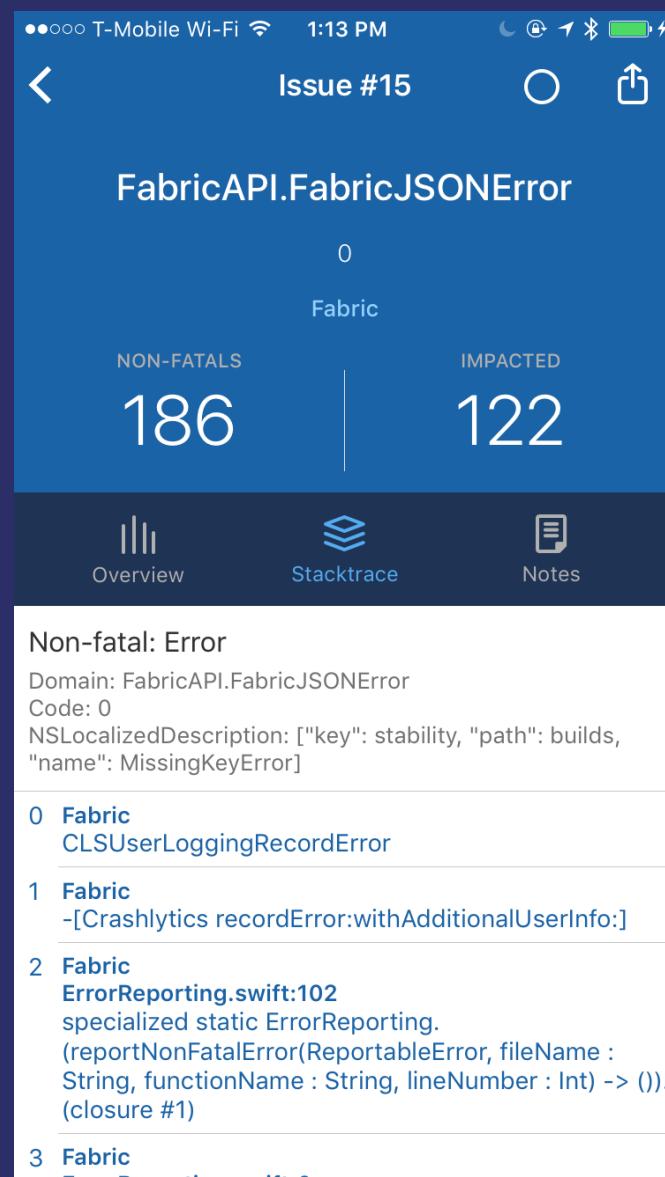
final class ApplicationListViewModel {
    var applications: DataLoadState<[Application]> = .loading
}
```

Error Reporting

Error Reporting

```
class Crashlytics {  
    public func record(_ error: NSError, withAdditionalUserInfo: [AnyHashable : Any]?)  
}
```

Error Reporting



Error Reporting

```
public protocol ReportableError: Swift.Error {  
    var info: [String : Any] { get }  
    var underlyingErrors: [ReportableError] { get }  
}
```

Error Reporting

```
private enum URLHandlerError: ReportableError {
    case unknownURL(URL)
    case malformedURLMissingParameter

    /// This is useful because the `NSError` conversion will only give us a "code" integer.
    private var name: String {
        switch self {
            case .unknownURL: return "UnknownURL"
            case .malformedURLMissingParameter: return "MalformedURLMissingParameter"
        }
    }

    var info: [String : Any] {
        var info: [String : Any] = ["name": self.name]

        switch self {
            case let .unknownURL(url): info["url"] = url.path ?? ""
            case .malformedURLMissingParameter: ()
        }

        return info
    }
}
```

Error Reporting

```
extension ReportableError {
    var errorCode: Int {
        return (self as Error).code
    }

    var errorDomain: String {
        return (self as Error).domain
    }

    var asNSError: NSError {
        return NSError(
            domain: self.errorDomain,
            code: self.errorCode,
            userInfo: self.info
        )
    }
}
```

Error Reporting

```
var allErrors: [ReportableError] {  
    return [  
        [self],  
        self.underlyingErrors.flatMap { $0.allErrors } // Recur  
    ]  
    .flatMap { $0 }  
}
```

Error Reporting

```
public final class ErrorReporting {  
    // We get file and function names for free  
    internal func report(  
        error: ReportableError,  
        filePath: StaticString = #file,  
        functionName: StaticString = #function,  
        lineNumber: Int = #line  
    ) {  
        error.allErrors.forEach {  
            var userInfo = $0.info  
            userInfo["file"] = "\\((filePath as NSString).lastPathComponent):(lineNumber)"  
            userInfo["function"] = functionName  
  
            Crashlytics.sharedInstance().recordError($0.asNSError, withAdditionalUserInfo: userInfo)  
        }  
    }  
}
```



Fastlane

- Code signing
- Deployment

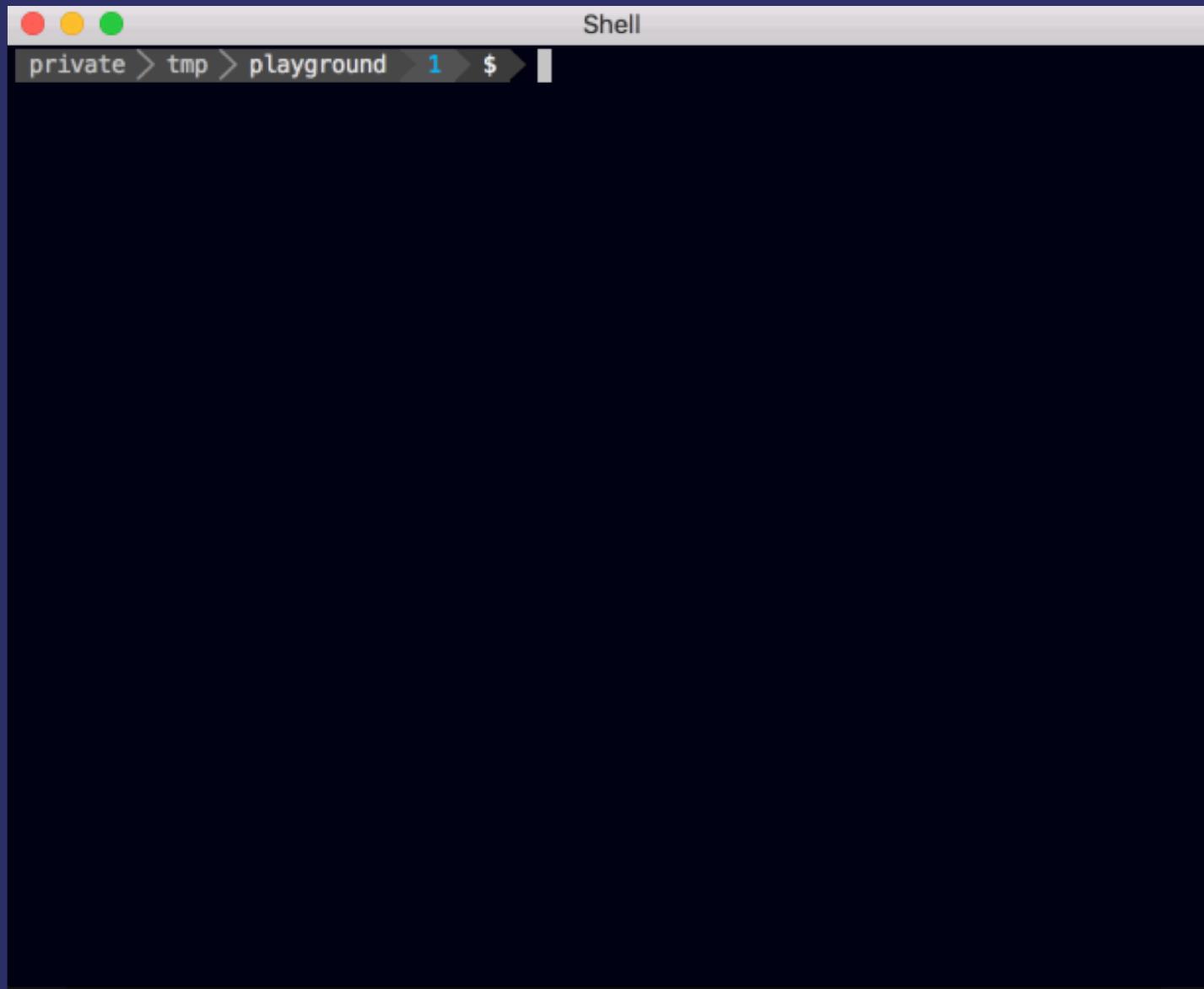
Fastlane - Code Signing

Fastlane - Code Signing



<https://codesigning.guide/>

Fastlane - match



Fastlane - Deployment

Fastlane - Deployment

```
lane :appstore do
  snapshot
  match
  gym
  deliver
  slack
end
```

Generate screenshots for the App Store
Ensure code signing is set-up
Build your app
Upload the screenshots and the binary to iTunes
Let your team-mates know the new version is live

Fastlane - Deployment

```
lane :appstore do
  snapshot                      # Generate screenshots for the App Store
  match                          # Ensure code signing is set-up
  gym                            # Build your app
  deliver                         # Upload the screenshots and the binary to iTunes
  slack                           # Let your team-mates know the new version is live
end
```

```
$ fastlane appstore
```

Fastlane - Deployment

```
lane :appstore do |options|
  ensure_git_branch(branch: "(master|release\\S+)")
  ensure_git_status_clean
  ensure_xcode_version(version: "8.0")
  increment_version_number(version_number: options[:version_number])
  build_number = increment_build_number
  complete_version_number = "#{version_number} (#{$build_number})"
  commit_version_bump(message: "Version bump to #{complete_version_number}")
  set_github_release(repository_name: "...", name: complete_version_number)
  ...
end
```

```
$ fastlane appstore version_number:1.6.0
```

Fastlane.tools

Questions?

@Javi / javi@twitter.com

Thanks

