

RAC3, A Real World Use Case

aka

ReactiveChess

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iOS at Twitter

Prediction:

All of the code in these slides won't compile on the latest Xcode by the time you're reading this.

ReactiveSwift #1365

 **Closed**

JaviSoto opened this issue on Jun 2, 2014 · 7 comments



JaviSoto commented on Jun 2, 2014

Collaborator



iOS and Mac OSX developers would love to continue using RAC with the recently announced language.

YAY TYPED SIGNALS!!!

WatchChess.app



WatchChess.app

- ReactiveCocoa 3.0
- Argo

History

- First prototype: Swift 1.2 with Xcode 6.3 Beta 1
- v1.0: Swift 1.1, RAC 3.0 pre-alpha
- v1.1: Swift 1.2, RAC 3.0-beta.1
- v1.2: RAC 3.0-beta.6

Big Takeaways

- Typed Signals
- Less debugging required
- Conciseness
- Clearer semantics

Conciseness

```
[[[client
  logInUser]
  flattenMap:^(User *user) {
    return [client loadCachedMessages:user];
  }]
  flattenMap:^(NSArray *messages) {
    return [client fetchMessagesAfter:messages.lastObject];
  }]
  subscribeNext:^(NSArray *newMessages) {
    NSLog(@"New messages: %@", newMessages);
  } completed:^(
    NSLog(@"Fetched all messages.");
  )];
```


Conciseness

```
client.loginUser()  
  |> flatMap(.Latest) { client.loadCachedMessages($0) }  
  |> flatMap(.Concat) { client.fetchMessagesAfter($0.last) }  
  |> start(next: { println("New messages: \($0)") },  
          completed: { println("Fetched all messages.") })
```

Biggest sources of frustration

- Compiler crashes
- Type errors

*Figure out type errors in RAC 3 with
this one weird trick*

Type Errors

WAT

```
49 public func requestTournaments() -> SignalProducer<[Tournament], ChessAPIErrorDomain> {  
50     return self.JSONWithPath("/tournaments")  
51         |> map(extractJSONKey("tournaments"))  
52         |> map(extractJSONObjects)  
! 53         |> reverse  
54     }
```

! 'Signal<T, E>' is not a subtype of 'SignalProducer<[T], E>'

Type Errors

Extract intermediate results into separate values

```
49     public func requestTournaments() -> SignalProducer<[Tournament], ChessAPIErrorDomain> {  
50         let s = self.JSONWithPath("/tournaments")  
51         let s2 = s |> map(extractJSONKey("tournaments"))  
52  
53         return s2  
54             |> map(extractJSONObjects)  
55             |> reverse  
56     }
```

! 'Signal<T, E>' is not a subtype of 'SignalProducer<[T], E>'

Type Errors

Inspect the types (⌘ + click)

```
49 public func requestTournaments() -> SignalProducer<[Tournament], ChessAPIErrorDomain> {  
50     let s = self.JSONWithPath("/tournaments")  
51     let ? = s |> map(extractJSONKey("tournaments"))  
52     let r = ? |> reverse  
53     return SignalProducer<[Tournament], ChessAPIErrorDomain> {  
54         .next(r),  
55         .complete()  
56     }  
57 }
```

Declaration `let s: SignalProducer<JSONValue, ChessAPIErrorDomain>`
Declared In `ChessAPI.swift`

Type Errors

Inspect the types (⌘ + click)

```
49     public func requestTournaments() -> SignalProducer<[Tournament], ChessAPIErrorDomain> {  
50         let s = self.JSONWithPath("/tournaments")  
51         let s2 = s |> map(extractJSONKey("tournaments"))  
52     }
```

Declaration `let s2: SignalProducer<Result<JSONValue,
ChessAPIErrorDomain>, ChessAPIErrorDomain>`

Declared In `ChessAPI.swift`

Type Errors

Check RAC's function signatures (⌘ + click)

```
/// Maps each value in the signal to a new value.  
func map<T, U, E>(transform: T -> U) -> ReactiveCocoa.Signal<T, E> -> ReactiveCocoa.Signal<U, E>
```


Type Errors

Check if your types match those expected by RAC

```
49 public func requestTournaments() -> SignalProducer<[Tournament], ChessAPIErrorDomain> {  
50     let s = self.JSONWithPath("/tournaments")  
51     let s2 = s |> map(extractJSONKey("tournaments"))  
52 }
```

Declaration private func extractJSONKey(key: String)(json: JSONValue)
-> Result<JSONValue, ChessAPIErrorDomain>

Declared In ChessAPI.swift

Type Errors

Look for a function that matches what you're trying to do

```
/// Applies `operation` to values from `signal` with `Success`ful results mapped  
/// on the returned signal and `Failure`s sent as `Error` events.  
func tryMap<T, U, E>(operation: T -> Result.Result<U, E>) -> ReactiveCocoa.Signal<T, E> -> ReactiveCocoa.Signal<U, E>
```

Type Errors

If it compiles, it works.

```
49     public func requestTournaments() -> SignalProducer<[Tournament], ChessAPIErrorDomain> {  
50         let s = self.JSONWithPath("/tournaments")  
51         let s2 = s |> tryMap(extractJSONKey("tournaments"))  
52     }
```

Declaration `let s2: SignalProducer<JSONValue, ChessAPIErrorDomain>`

Declared In `ChessAPI.swift`

`>` is not a subtype of `'SignalProducer<[T], E>'`

ChessAPI.swift

ChessAPI.swift

```
enum APIError: ErrorType {  
    case NetworkError(NSError)  
    case JSONParsingError(NSError)  
    case InvalidJSONStructure(reason: String)  
}
```

ChessAPI.swift

```
import ReactiveCocoa
import Argo
```

```
func tournaments() -> SignalProducer<[Tournament], APIError> {
    return self.JSONWithPath("/tournaments")
        |> attemptMap(extractJSONKey("tournaments"))
        |> attemptMap(extractJSONObjects)
        |> reverse
}
```

ChessAPI.swift

```
func JSONWithPath(path: String) -> SignalProducer<JSON, APIError> {  
    let request = APIRequestWithPath(path)  
    let URL = request.URL  
  
    return self.urlSession.rac_dataWithRequest(request)  
        |> log(started: "Started: \(URL)",  
              completed: "Finished: \(URL)")  
        |> mapError { APIError.NetworkError($0) }  
        |> map { $0.0 }  
        |> attemptMap(parseJSON)  
}
```

ChessAPI.swift

```
func parseJSON(data: NSData) -> Result<JSON, APIError> {  
    var error: NSError?  
    if let json = NSJSONSerialization(data, error: &error) {  
        return success(JSON.parse(json))  
    }  
    else {  
        return failure(APIError.JSONParsingError(error!))  
    }  
}
```


Custom RAC Operators

Custom RAC Operators

```
return self.urlSession.rac_dataWithRequest(request)
    |> log(started: "Started: \(URL)",
          completed: "Finished: \(URL)")
```

Custom RAC Operators

log():

```
func log<T, E: ErrorType>(started: String = "",
                          next: String = "",
                          completed: String = "")
    (producer: SignalProducer<T, E>)
    -> SignalProducer<T, E> {
    return producer
        |> on(started: { println(started) },
              next: { println(next + " \($0)"),
                    completed: { println(completed) })
    }
```

Custom RAC Operators

log():

```
func log<T, E: ErrorType>(started: String = "",  
                           next: String = "",  
                           completed: String = "")  
  (producer: SignalProducer<T, E>)  
  -> SignalProducer<T, E>  
  
(String, String, String) -> SignalProducer -> SignalProducer
```

Custom RAC Operators

`log():`

```
(String, String, String) -> SignalProducer -> SignalProducer  
log("someMessage"): SignalProducer -> SignalProducer
```

`|>:`

```
(SignalProducer, (SignalProducer -> SignalProducer)) -> SignalProducer  
// Infix order would be...  
// SignalProducer |> (SignalProducer -> SignalProducer) -> SignalProducer
```

Custom RAC Operators

```
return self.urlSession.rac_dataWithRequest(request)
    |> log(started: "Started: \(URL)",
          completed: "Finished: \(URL)")
```

WatchKit Controllers

```
import WatchKit
class TournamentsInterfaceController: WKInterfaceController {
    private let tournaments = MutableProperty<[Tournament]>([])

    override init() {
        super.init()

        self.tournaments.producer |> skip(1)
        |> skipRepeatedArrays
        |> start(next: { [unowned self] tournaments in
            self.updateUIWithTournaments(tournaments)
        })
    }

    override func willActivate() {
        self.tournaments <~ self.chessAPI.requestTournaments()
        |> printAndFilterErrors("Error requesting tournaments")
        |> observeOn(UIScheduler())
    }
}
```

WebKit Controllers

```
self.tournaments <~ self.chessAPI.requestTournaments()  
    // To bind to a property, the signal can't send errors.  
    |> printAndFilterErrors("Error requesting tournaments")  
}
```


printAndFilterErrors()

```
func printAndFilterErrors<T, E: ErrorType>(message: String)
    (signal: Signal<T, E>)
    -> Signal<T, NoError> {
    return signal
        |> on(error: { println("\n(message): \n($0)") })
        |> catch { SignalProducer<T, NoError>.empty }
}
```

WatchKit Controllers

```
self.tournaments.producer
    // Easy optimization to minimize Bluetooth round-trips.
    |> skipRepeatedArrays

    |> start(next: { [unowned self] tournaments in
        self.updateUIWithTournaments(tournaments)
    })
```

skipRepeatedArrays()

```
public fun skipRepeatedArrays<T: Equatable, E>(signal: Signal<[T], E>)
    -> Signal<[T], E> {
    return signal |> skipRepeats(==)
}
```

THANKS

- Justin Spahr-Summers (@jspahrsummers)
- Nacho Soto (@NachoSoto)
- You

Questions?