# 18.335 Fall 2008 Performance Experiments with Matrix Multiplication

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Hardware: 2.66GHz Intel Core 2 Duo 64-bit mode, double precision, gcc 4.1.2

optimized BLAS dgemm: ATLAS 3.6.0 http://math-atlas.sourceforge.net/

#### A trivial problem?

$$C = A B_{m \times p \ m \times n \ n \times p}$$

for i = 1 to m

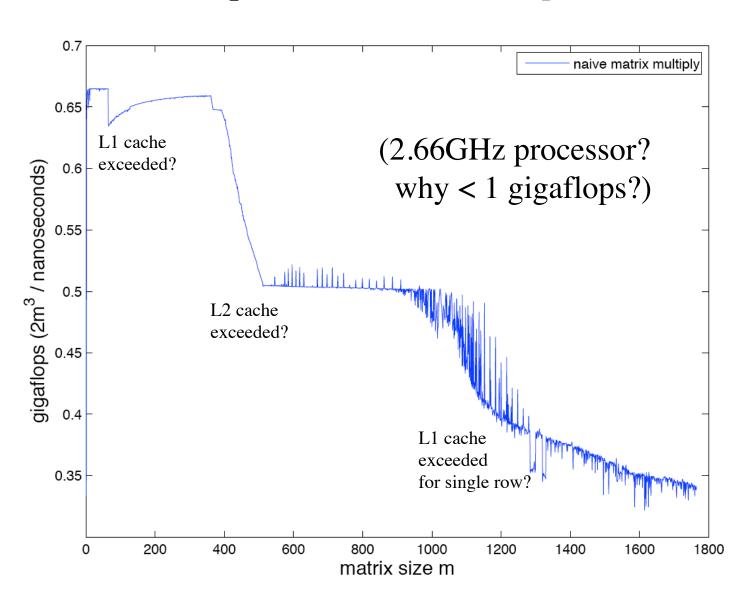
the "obvious" C code:

```
for j = 1 to p
/* C = A B, where A is m x n, B is n x p,
                                                               C_{ij} = \sum_{ij} A_{ik} B_{kj}
            and C is m x p, in row-major order */
void matmul(const double *A, const double *B,
            double *C, int m, int n, int p)
{
     int i, j, k;
     for (i = 0; i < m; ++i)
                                                             2mnp flops
           for (j = 0; j < p; ++j) {
                double sum = 0:
                                                             (adds+mults)
                for (k = 0; k < n; ++k)
                      sum += A[i*n + k] * B[k*p + j];
                C[i*p + j] = sum;
           }
}
```

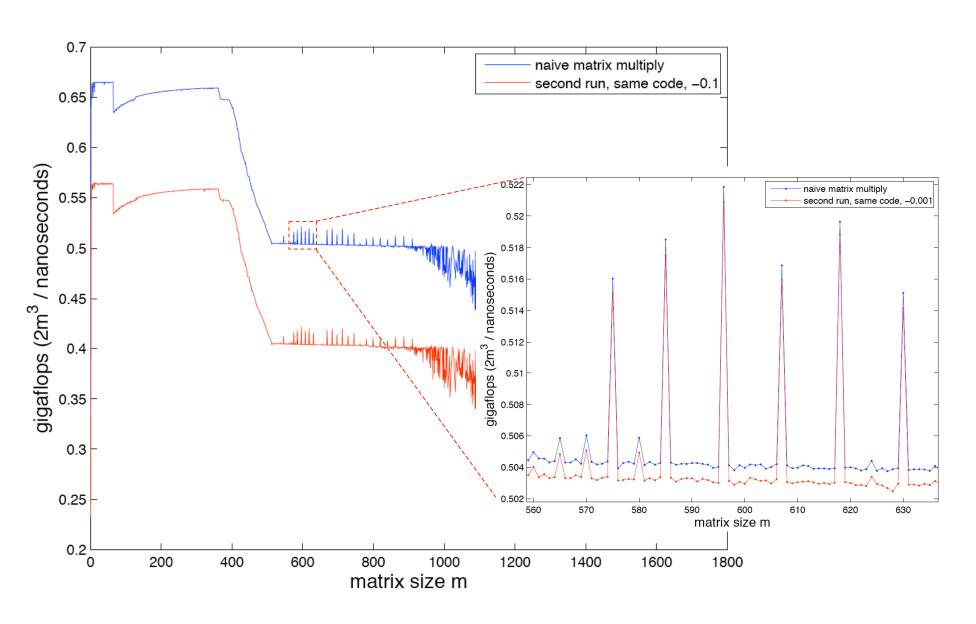
just three loops, how complicated can it get?

### flops/time is not constant!

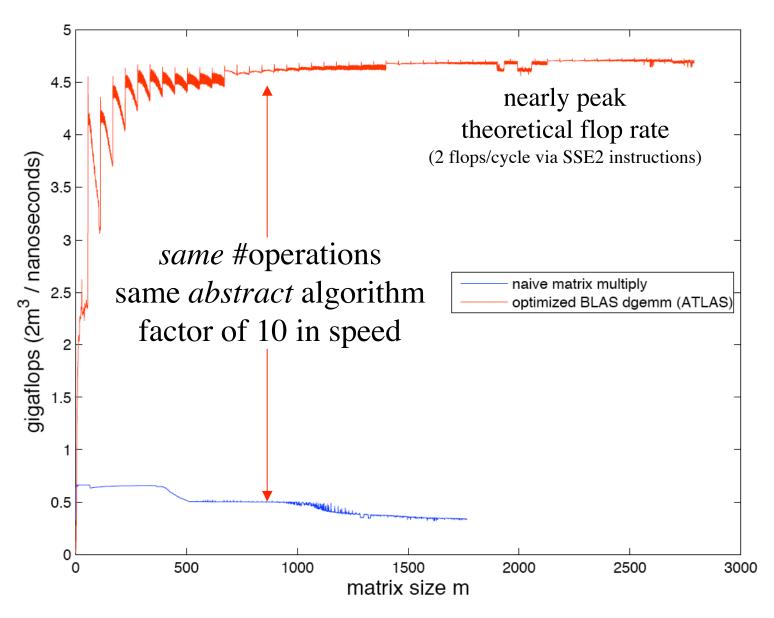
(square matrices, m=n=p)



#### Not all "noise" is random



#### All flops are not created equal



#### a basic question:

# If arithmetic no longer dominates, what does?

## The Memory Hierarchy (not to scale)

disk (out of core) / remote memory (parallel) (terabytes) RAM (gigabytes) L2 cache (megabytes) L1 cache (10s of kilobytes) registers (~100)

...what matters is not how much work you do, but when and where you do it.

the name of the game:

 do as much work as possible before going out of cache

...difficult for FFTs

...many complications

...continually changing

#### Things to remember

- We cannot understand performance without understanding memory efficiency (caches).
  - $-\sim 10$  times more important than arithmetic count
- Computers are more complicated than you think.
- Even a trivial algorithm is nontrivial to implement *well*.
  - matrix multiplication: 10 lines of code  $\rightarrow$  130,000+ (ATLAS)