

Reading 1/31

① 1 drop: $PE_i = M g H \Rightarrow$ N drops $\sum_{i=1}^N PE_i = N M g H$

Energy goes to heating up water $\Delta T = 1.00 \text{ K}$

$$\Rightarrow N M g H = M C_{\text{water}} \Delta T$$

$$\Rightarrow N = \frac{C_{\text{water}} \Delta T}{g H} = \frac{(4190)(1.00)}{(9.8)(1)} \approx \boxed{430}$$

This is not very efficient!

② (a) $c_{\text{ethyl alc}} = 2400 \text{ J/kg}\cdot\text{K}$ vs. $c_{\text{water}} = 4190 \text{ J/kg}\cdot\text{K}$

Overall the (iron + copper) transfers energy to the liquid and so the water temp. will increase

$Q = mc \Delta T$ is almost* the same for ethyl alcohol vs water; since $c_{\text{water}} > c_{\text{alc}}$, $\Delta T_{\text{water}} < \Delta T_{\text{alc}}$

$$\text{So } T_{\text{f water}} \in (20^\circ\text{C}, 26^\circ\text{C})$$

* assuming T_{f} is not that different

(b) Take final eq. & replace $(M_i, c_i) \rightarrow (M_w, c_w)$

$$T_{\text{f}} = \frac{120 M_i c_i - 50 M_c c_c + 20 M_w c_w}{M_i c_i + M_c c_c + M_w c_w} = \boxed{23.5^\circ\text{C}}$$