

Qualification Round 2022 - Code Jam 2022

d1000000

Problem

While the most typical type of dice have 6 sides, each of which shows a different integer 1 through 6, there are many games that use other types. In particular, a dk is a die with k sides, each of which shows a different integer 1 through k . A $d6$ is a typical die, a $d4$ has four sides, and a $d1000000$ has one million sides.



In this problem, we start with a collection of N dice. The i -th die is a dS_i , that is, it has S_i sides showing integers 1 through S_i . A straight of length ℓ starting at x is the list of integers $x, x + 1, \dots, x + (\ell - 1)$. We want to choose some of the dice (possibly all) and pick one number from each to form a straight. What is the longest straight we can form in this way?

Input

The first line of the input gives the number of test cases, T . T test cases follow. Each test case is described in two lines. The first line of a test case contains a single integer N , the number of dice in the game. The second line contains N integers S_1, S_2, \dots, S_N , each representing the number of sides of a different die.

Output

For each test case, output one line containing `Case #x: y`, where x is the test case number (starting from 1) and y is the maximum number of input dice that can be put in a straight.

Limits

Memory limit: 1 GB.

$1 \leq T \leq 100$.

Test Set 1 (Visible Verdict)

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Time limit: 5 seconds.

$$1 \leq N \leq 10.$$

$$4 \leq S_i \leq 20, \text{ for all } i.$$

Test Set 2 (Visible Verdict)

Time limit: 15 seconds.

$$1 \leq N \leq 10^5.$$

$$4 \leq S_i \leq 10^6, \text{ for all } i.$$

Sample

Sample Input



```
4
4
6 10 12 8
6
5 4 5 4 4 4
10
10 10 7 6 7 4 4 5 7 4
1
10
```

Sample Output



```
Case #1: 4
Case #2: 5
Case #3: 9
Case #4: 1
```

In Sample Case #1, there are multiple ways to form a straight using all 4 dice. One possible way is shown in the image above.

In Sample Case #2, since none of the dice can show an integer greater than 5, there is no way to have a straight with more than 5 dice. There are multiple ways to form a straight with exactly 5 dice. For example, pick the integers 4 and 5 for both $d5$'s and then integers 1, 2, and 3 for three of the $d4$'s to form 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.

In Sample Case #3, it is possible to form the straight 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 by discarding one $d4$ and using the $d4$'s, $d5$, and $d6$ to get 1 through 4; the $d7$'s to get 5 through 7; and the $d10$'s to get 8 and 9. There is no way to form a straight of length 10, so this is the best that can be done.

In Sample Case #4, we can only form a straight of length 1, but we can do so by picking any integer for the $d10$ we are given.