

HRI Lab #7, SP2024 525.786: Human Robotics Interaction

Introduction:

In this lab we will explore interfacing various types of motion tracking tools. These tools, in combination with the bioinstrumentation inputs you've used previously, can be used for natural and intuitive Human Robotic Interaction. The tools that we'll be using include the following devices:

- Inertial measurement Unit (3-axis, 6 Degrees of Freedom) on the Myo
- Kinect (20 Degrees of Freedom, Whole Body)

Setup the MiniVIE environment

```
thisPath = cd;  
cd('C:\GitHub\MiniVIE');  
MiniVIE.configurePath;
```

```
[MiniVIE.m] Configured MiniVIE path at: C:\GitHub\minivie
```

```
cd(thisPath);
```

Part 1: Inertial Measurement Unit on the Myo

Operating Principle: the Myo armband contains an Angular rate sensor, accelerometer, and magnetometer to resolve orientation. These sensors can be used to track motion of the arm in addition to the EMG signals

Before running the code below, be sure to start MyoUdp.exe in the MiniVIE/+Inputs folder

It might be more straightforward to run this in the Command Window (select, then hit F9)

```
% Setup the Myo Armband in matlab  
hMyo = Inputs.MyoUdp.getInstance();
```

```
[MyoUdp] Calling constructor
```

```
hMyo.initialize()
```

```
[UserConfig.m] Calling constructor with config file C:\GitHub\minivie\user_config.xml
```

```
[UserConfig.m] myoUdpRate=200
```

```
[UserConfig.m] myoUdpPort1=10001
```

```
[UserConfig.m] myoUdpPort2=10002
```

```
Loaded pnet Version 2.0.5 2003-09-16 Copyright (C) Peter Rydesäter, Sweden, et al. , 1998 - 2003
```

```
[PnetClass] Opened pnet socket #0 at local port: 10001; Default destination: port 45001 @ 127.0.0.1
```

```
[PnetClass] Opened pnet socket #1 at local port: 10002; Default destination: port 45001 @ 127.0.0.1
```

```
[MyoUdp] UDP Data Stream 1-8 NOT Detected
```

```
[MyoUdp] UDP Data Stream 9-16 NOT Detected
```

```
ans = 0
```

```
pause(1)
```

```
% Ensure data is streaming  
myoData = hMyo.getData();
```

```

if isempty(hMyo.Orientation)
    error('Setup Failed. MyoUdp Running?');
end

% Setup figure to show orientation
figure(1);
clf
daspect([1 1 1])
view(-170,15)

% Plot reference triad
PlotUtils.triad(eye(4),0.5)

```

```
ans = 10.0002
```

```

% Plot 'moving' triad
myoTriadHandle = PlotUtils.triad(eye(4),2);
StartStopForm([])
while StartStopForm()
    drawnow
    hMyo.getData(); % update stream receive
    Rxyz = hMyo.getEulerAngles; % Get roll pitch yaw
    disp(Rxyz)
    Rmat = LinAlg.makeRotationMtx(Rxyz); % create rotation matrix
    transMat = [Rmat [0; 0; 0]; 0 0 0 1];
    set(myoTriadHandle,'Matrix', transMat);
end

```

Warning: The JavaFrame figure property will be removed in a future release. For more information see UI Alternatives for MATLAB Apps on [mathworks.com](https://www.mathworks.com/help/matlab/creating_apps/ui_alternatives_for_matlab_apps.html).

```

-5.8929
75.7420
27.1762

```

```

-5.9357
75.7230
27.1506

```

```

-5.9529
75.7237
27.1286

```

```

-5.9821
75.7151
27.1041

```

```

-6.1734
75.6645
26.8575

```

```

-6.2194
75.6566
26.8114

```

```

-6.2194
75.6566

```

26.8114

-6.2194

75.6566

26.8114

-6.2627

75.6529

26.7696

-6.2655

75.6487

26.7654

-6.3087

75.6450

26.7236

-6.3375

75.6364

26.6995

-6.3546

75.6371

26.6777

-6.3546

75.6371

26.6777

-6.3834

75.6285

26.6536

-6.3834

75.6285

26.6536

-6.3834

75.6285

26.6536

-6.4265

75.6248

26.6119

-6.4682

75.6223

26.5689

-6.4723

75.6168

26.5661

-6.5181

75.6089

26.5203

-6.5160

75.6189

26.5320

-6.5836

75.6266

26.4897

-6.6732

75.6352

26.4302

-6.6732

75.6352

26.4302

-6.7398

75.6625

26.3746

-6.7461

75.6783

26.3621

-6.7085

75.6920

26.3840

-7.5919

75.5544

25.1261

-7.9197

75.4123

24.4553

-8.7152

74.8127

22.3710

-10.0339

74.4230

20.4492

-10.6882

74.2017

19.4056

-11.6443

73.8037

17.9319

-12.2212

72.7944

15.9580

-11.9317

70.5630

13.2794

-18.6511

59.6893

0.3174

-20.2767

43.3989

-15.6442

-21.8452

29.4117

-23.2543

-19.2249

23.9366

-25.1445

-9.6569

16.9353

-24.2780

-5.6019

15.3574

-21.7821

-3.7587

14.1628

-15.8936

-1.0289

15.6943

-9.7559

5.3394

16.9041

-4.7580

5.9294

17.4500

-2.8948

1.6480

16.5952

-4.9006

2.7881

16.1932

-5.3087

7.0680

16.4266

-4.0779

4.8871

16.0045

-4.4679

4.0072

16.0786

-4.4679

5.2186

15.5209

-4.5403

5.2750

15.3337

-4.6960

4.9484

14.8577

-5.1106

5.4063

14.2127

-5.9619

6.2692

14.5867

-6.3905

5.9488

15.4881

-6.6596

6.6869

13.6763

-6.2227

5.8749

14.5392

-5.8829

5.9952

15.3489

-5.8239

5.8580

14.4133

-5.5513

5.5885

18.1618

-5.6054

5.4010

21.1641

-5.6897

5.7894

18.9542

-5.4830

5.8292

17.2479

-5.3872

5.5374

17.8662

-5.4618

5.4172

18.1683

-5.3835

5.8481

15.8154

-5.0937

5.7933

15.7112

-5.0562

5.1452

17.3000

-5.2036

5.3668

16.1167

-5.1117

5.2153

16.0444

-5.1002

5.2846

15.3935

-5.0316

5.2245

15.3240

-4.9717

5.0580

15.2824

-4.8542

4.9813

15.2236

-4.7533

4.9187

15.1528

-4.6582

4.8398

15.1186

-4.6202

4.6360

15.1466

-4.4977

3.8275

15.4448

-4.1786

3.3512

15.7009

-3.9818

2.8138

16.1383

-3.6863

2.6804

16.1881

-3.6193

2.7216

16.1472

-3.6353

2.8562

15.9781

-3.7189

2.8068

15.8987

-3.7344

2.7427

15.9025

-3.6867

2.6862

15.9182

-3.5811

2.6650

15.8958

-3.5351

2.6578

15.8442

-3.4945

2.6512

15.8232

-3.4959

2.7469

15.7416

-3.4844

2.7923

15.6932

-3.4720

2.9308

15.5691

-3.4133

2.9472

15.5268

-3.4049

2.9577

15.5048

-3.3826

2.9690

15.4551

-3.3610

3.0371

15.3931

-3.3391

3.0375

15.3793

-3.3394

3.0842

15.3098

-3.3207

3.0774

15.2958

-3.3220

3.1026

15.2602

-3.2982

3.1256

15.2319

-3.2886

3.1260

15.2181

-3.2889

3.1190

15.2110

-3.2900

3.1730

15.1771

-3.2626

3.1662

15.1552

-3.2639

3.1592

15.1481

-3.2650

3.1743

15.1207

-3.2638

3.1673

15.1058

-3.2649

3.1769

15.0848

-3.2501

3.1771

15.0779

-3.2503

3.1947

15.0560

-3.2272

3.1950

15.0422

-3.2275

3.1812

15.0210

-3.2300

3.1812

15.0132

-3.2300

3.1814

15.0062

-3.2301

3.1746

14.9922

-3.2314

3.2853

14.9381

-3.2041

3.2853

14.9381

-3.2041

3.3861

14.9344

-3.1912

3.3304

14.9711

-3.0705

3.3474

14.9778

-3.0469

3.4220

14.9296

-3.0242

3.5397

14.8754

-2.9961

3.5635

14.8546

-2.9796

3.5567

14.8406

-2.9809

3.5860

14.8671

-2.9127

3.5862

14.8601

-2.9129

3.5929

14.8397

-2.9198

3.6583

14.7916

-2.9126

3.6516

14.7707

-2.9142

3.6517

14.7637

-2.9144

3.6517

14.7559

-2.9144

3.6956

14.7152

-2.9101

3.8375

14.5924

-2.9237

3.9552

14.4776

-2.9618

4.0692

14.3197

-2.9808

4.1250

14.2513

-2.9972

4.1182

14.2373

-2.9985

4.1716

14.1952

-2.9721

4.2585

14.0993

-2.9717

4.3979

14.0036

-2.9438

4.4225

13.9825

-2.9205

4.3687

13.9467

-2.7871

4.2597

14.0128

-2.5724

4.1971

14.1097

-2.3793

4.1722

14.1309

-2.2333

4.2841

14.0295

-2.0821

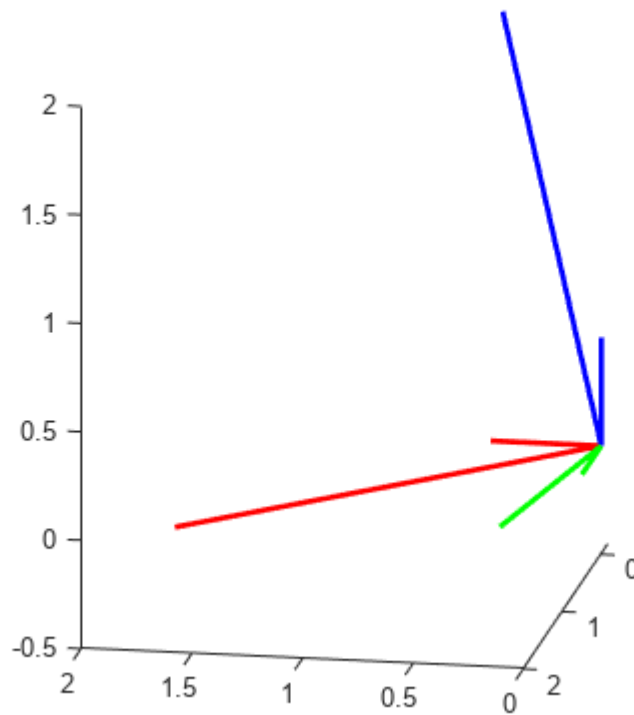
4.3534

13.9727

-2.0404

4.6493

13.8018
-2.0039



```
hMyo.close()
```

```
[MyoUdp] Deleting Udp comms object  
[PnetClass.m] Closed pnet socket #0 at local port: 10001  
[PnetClass.m] Closed pnet socket #1 at local port: 10002
```

```
cleanup;
```

```
Warning: Objects of 'onCleanup' class exist. Cannot clear this class or any of its superclasses.  
Warning: Objects of 'onCleanup' class exist. Cannot clear this class or any of its superclasses.  
Warning: Objects of 'onCleanup' class exist. Cannot clear this class or any of its superclasses.  
Warning: Objects of 'onCleanup' class exist. Cannot clear this class or any of its superclasses.  
Warning: Objects of 'onCleanup' class exist. Cannot clear this class or any of its superclasses.  
Warning: Objects of 'onCleanup' class exist. Cannot clear this class or any of its superclasses.  
Warning: Objects of 'onCleanup' class exist. Cannot clear this class or any of its superclasses.  
Warning: Objects of 'onCleanup' class exist. Cannot clear this class or any of its superclasses.  
Warning: Objects of 'onCleanup' class exist. Cannot clear this class or any of its superclasses.  
Warning: Objects of 'onCleanup' class exist. Cannot clear this class or any of its superclasses.  
Loaded pnet Version 2.0.5 2003-09-16 Copyright (C) Peter Rydesäter, Sweden, et al. , 1998 - 2003  
Warning: instrfindall will be removed in a future release. There is no simple replacement for this.  
Warning: Objects of 'onCleanup' class exist. Cannot clear this class or any of its superclasses.  
Warning: Objects of 'onCleanup' class exist. Cannot clear this class or any of its superclasses.  
Warning: Objects of 'onCleanup' class exist. Cannot clear this class or any of its superclasses.  
Warning: Objects of 'onCleanup' class exist. Cannot clear this class or any of its superclasses.  
Warning: Objects of 'onCleanup' class exist. Cannot clear this class or any of its superclasses.  
Warning: Objects of 'onCleanup' class exist. Cannot clear this class or any of its superclasses.  
Warning: Objects of 'onCleanup' class exist. Cannot clear this class or any of its superclasses.  
Warning: Objects of 'onCleanup' class exist. Cannot clear this class or any of its superclasses.  
Warning: Objects of 'onCleanup' class exist. Cannot clear this class or any of its superclasses.
```

```
cleanup
-----
-----
-----
```

Questions:

1. What is the 'global' position of the myo armband?
2. global Position is 0,0,0
3. What is its local coordinate frame?
4. Local coordinate Frame is the orientation of the MyoBand relative to the global Frame.
5. What processing would you do to use the myo armband as a sensor to control the elbow flexion angle of a robotic device?
6. You could map the rotation of the MyoBand about the Y-Axis onto the elbow angle of the robot

Use the Myo Orientation Sensors to Plot Arm Position

Edit the code below to show (in a streaming fashion) the real-time orientation and position of the forearm.

It might be more straightforward to run this in the Command Window (select, then hit F9)

```
hMyo = Inputs.MyoUdp.getInstance();
```

```
[MyoUdp] Calling constructor
```

```
hMyo.initialize()
```

```
[UserConfig.m] Calling constructor with config file C:\GitHub\minivie\user_config.xml
[UserConfig.m] myoUdpRate=200
[UserConfig.m] myoUdpPort1=10001
[UserConfig.m] myoUdpPort2=10002
```

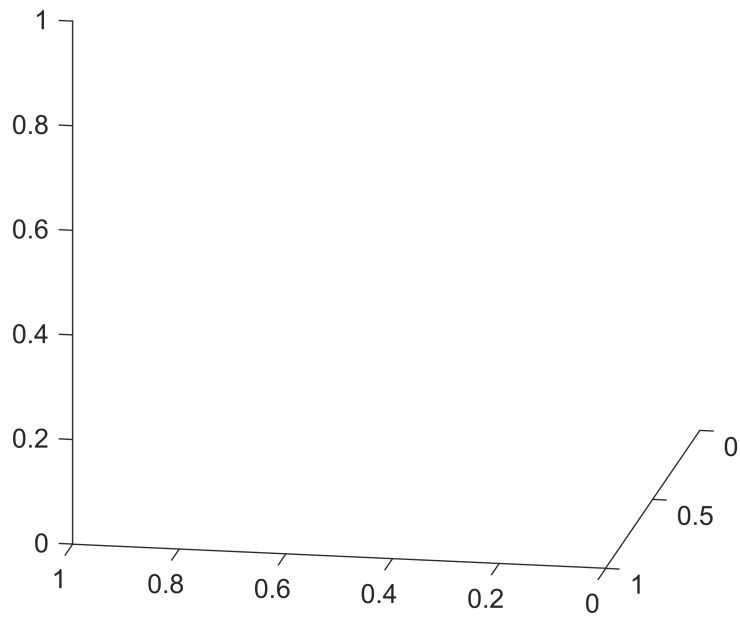
```
Loaded pnet Version 2.0.5 2003-09-16 Copyright (C) Peter Rydesäter, Sweden, et al. , 1998 - 2003
[PnetClass] Opened pnet socket #0 at local port: 10001; Default destination: port 45001 @ 127.0.0.1
[PnetClass] Opened pnet socket #1 at local port: 10002; Default destination: port 45001 @ 127.0.0.1
[MyoUdp] UDP Data Stream 1-8 Detected
[MyoUdp] UDP Data Stream 9-16 NOT Detected
ans = 0
```

```
pause(1)
```

```
% Ensure data is streaming
myoData = hMyo.getData();
if isempty(hMyo.Orientation)
    error('Setup Failed. MyoUdp Running?');
end
```

```
% Can you create a real time plot of your hand's position in space using
% the real-time orientation matrix from the Myo? assume the distance from
% Myo to hand is 25 cm.
myoOrigin = [0, 0, 0];
handPosStart = [0.25, 0, 0]; % in meters
```

```
figHandle = figure(1);
clf
daspect([1 1 1])
view(-170,15)
```



```
StartStopForm([])
handPos=0;
while StartStopForm()
    % put your code here for grabbing the rotation matrix
    hMyo.getData(); % update stream receive
    Rxyz = hMyo.getEulerAngles; % Get roll pitch yaw
    Rmat = LinAlg.makeRotationMtx(Rxyz); % create rotation matrix

    % put your code here for calculating a new handPos based on the
    % rotation matrix and handPosStart
    handPos=handPosStart*Rmat;
    %
    plot3([0, handPos(1)], [0, handPos(2)], [0, handPos(3)], '-');
    set(gca, 'XLim', [-0.25 0.25], 'YLim', [-0.25 0.25], 'ZLim', [-0.25 0.25]);
    xlabel('x'); ylabel('y'); zlabel('z');
end
```

Warning: The JavaFrame figure property will be removed in a future release. For more information see UI Alternatives for MATLAB Apps on [mathworks.com](https://www.mathworks.com).



Unrecognized function or variable 'handPos'.

```
hMyo.close()  
cleanup;
```

Part 2: Kinect

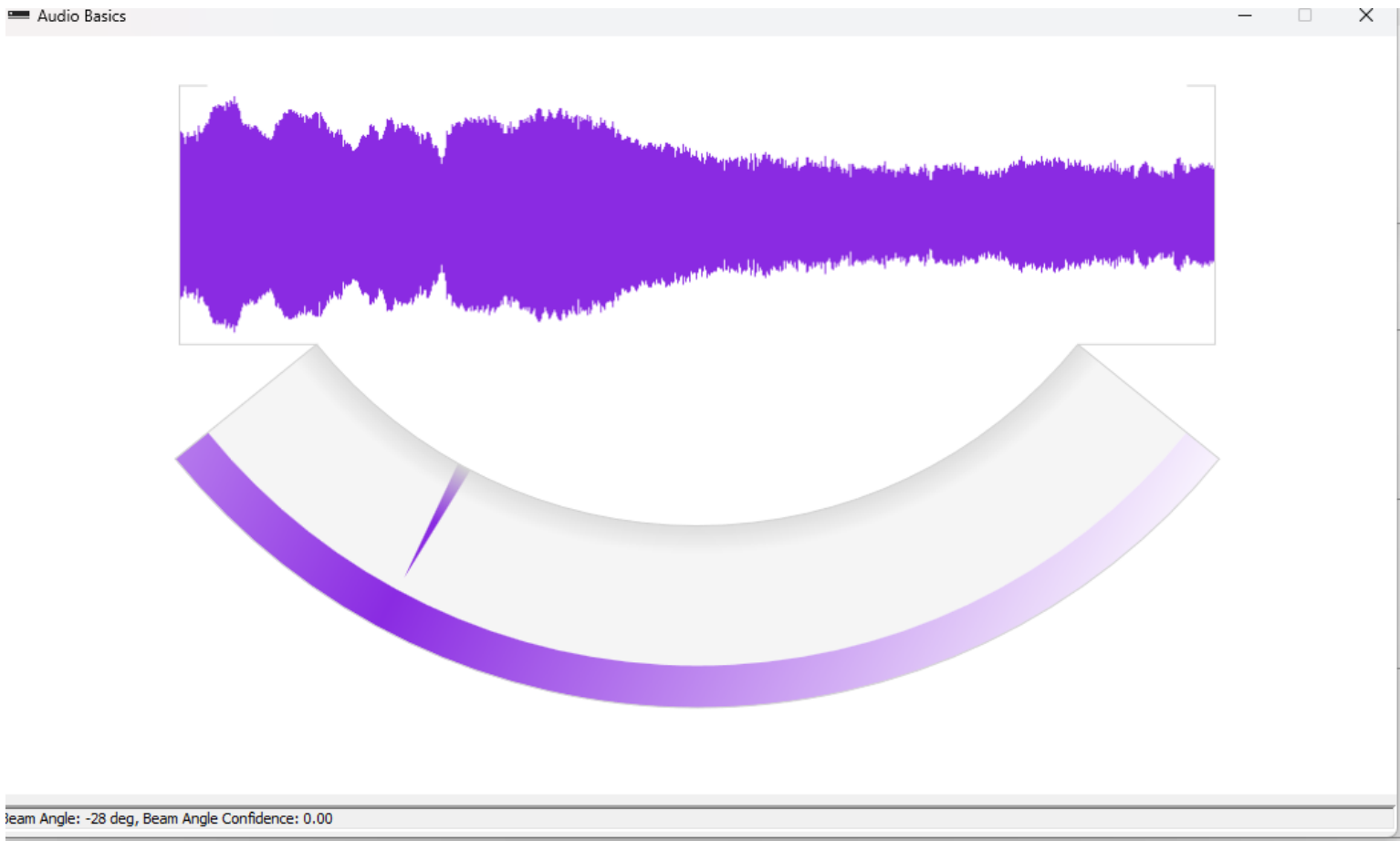
Open "SDK Browser for Kinect" (search in Windows Start Menu)

Run the following examples:

1. Audio Basics
2. Depth Basics
3. Face Tracking Basics
4. Skeletal Basics

Copy and paste window screenshots from each:

1. **Audio Basic**



2. Depth Basic



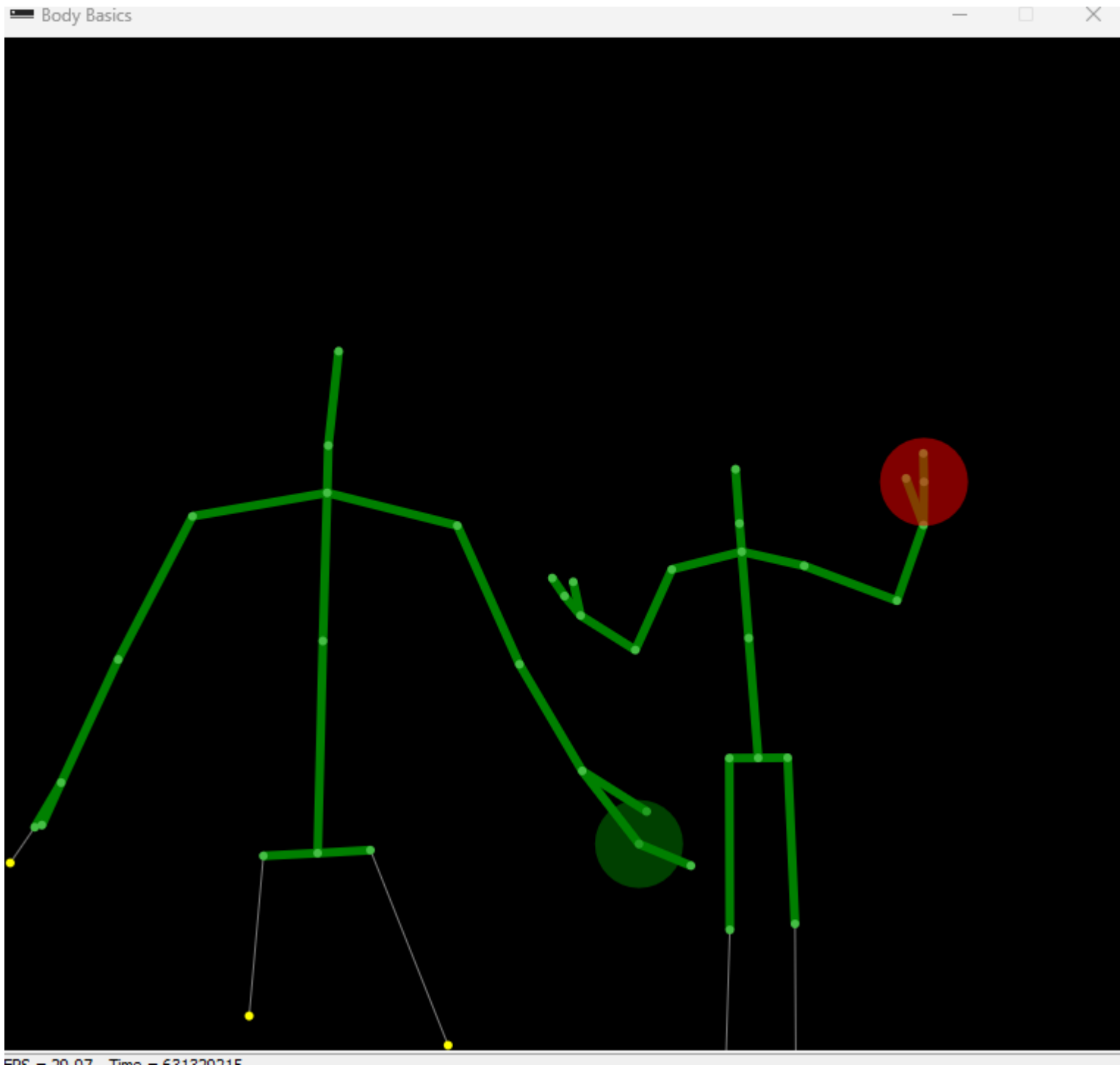
Screenshot 

Saved screenshot to C:\Users\student\Pictures\KinectScreenshot-Depth-09-17-35.png

3. Face Tracking Basic



4. Skeletal Basic



Questions:

- What advantage do microphone arrays have over traditional microphones / speech input devices?
Arrays allow directional sensing of audio, while traditionals do not.
- At what range is the face tracking effective? How might this be used as a robot controller? **Face tracking seems to be limited to between 1 and 20 feet. The further away the face, the harder the**

program works to determine mouth or eye data. A robot could use this data to determine mood or anticipate needs based on facial expressions.

- What kind of motions and postures does the skeletal model capture? When does it break down? **The skeletal model captures the major joints and limbs and can recognize a closed fist versus open, and generally tracks the position of the thumb. It breaks down too close to the sensor if there are not enough joints visible.**

Kinect sampling from MATLAB

derived from: <https://www.mathworks.com/help/imaq/examples/using-the-kinect-r-for-windows-r-from-image-acquisition-toolbox-tm.html>

required MATLAB Support Package for Kinect: <https://www.mathworks.com/hardware-support/kinect-windows.html>

It might be more straightforward to run this in the Command Window (select, then hit F9)

```
utilpath =  
'C:\ProgramData\MATLAB\SupportPackages\R2019b\toolbox\imaq\supportpackages\kinectrun  
time\kinectforwindowsruntimeexamples';  
addpath(utilpath);  
  
% The Kinect for Windows Sensor shows up as two separate devices in IMAQHWINFO.  
hwInfo = imaqhwinfo('kinect')
```

```
hwInfo = struct with fields:  
    AdaptorDllName: 'C:\ProgramData\MATLAB\SupportPackages\R2023a\toolbox\imaq\supportpackages\kinectruntime\adap  
    AdaptorDllVersion: '6.7.1 (R2023a)'  
    AdaptorName: 'kinect'  
    DeviceIDs: {[1] [2]}  
    DeviceInfo: [1x2 struct]
```

```
hwInfo.DeviceInfo(1)
```

```
ans = struct with fields:  
    DefaultFormat: 'BGR_1920x1080'  
    DeviceFileSupported: 0  
    DeviceName: 'Kinect V2 Color Sensor'  
    DeviceID: 1  
    VideoInputConstructor: 'videoinput('kinect', 1)'  
    VideoDeviceConstructor: 'imaq.VideoDevice('kinect', 1)'  
    SupportedFormats: {'BGR_1920x1080'}
```

```
hwInfo.DeviceInfo(2)
```

```
ans = struct with fields:  
    DefaultFormat: 'Depth_512x424'  
    DeviceFileSupported: 0  
    DeviceName: 'Kinect V2 Depth Sensor'  
    DeviceID: 2  
    VideoInputConstructor: 'videoinput('kinect', 2)'  
    VideoDeviceConstructor: 'imaq.VideoDevice('kinect', 2)'  
    SupportedFormats: {'Depth_512x424'}
```

```
% Create the VIDEOINPUT objects for the two streams
```

```
colorVid = videoinput('kinect',1)
```

Summary of Video Input Object Using 'Kinect V2 Color Sensor'.

Acquisition Source(s): Kinect V2 Color Source is available.

Acquisition Parameters: 'Kinect V2 Color Source' is the current selected source.
10 frames per trigger using the selected source.
'BGR_1920x1080' video data to be logged upon START.
Grabbing first of every 1 frame(s).
Log data to 'memory' on trigger.

Trigger Parameters: 1 'immediate' trigger(s) on START.

Status: Waiting for START.
0 frames acquired since starting.
0 frames available for GETDATA.

```
depthVid = videoinput('kinect',2)
```

Summary of Video Input Object Using 'Kinect V2 Depth Sensor'.

Acquisition Source(s): Kinect V2 Depth Source is available.

Acquisition Parameters: 'Kinect V2 Depth Source' is the current selected source.
10 frames per trigger using the selected source.
'Depth_512x424' video data to be logged upon START.
Grabbing first of every 1 frame(s).
Log data to 'memory' on trigger.

Trigger Parameters: 1 'immediate' trigger(s) on START.

Status: Waiting for START.
0 frames acquired since starting.
0 frames available for GETDATA.

```
% Set the triggering mode to 'manual'
```

```
triggerconfig([colorVid depthVid],'manual');
```

```
colorVid.FramesPerTrigger = 100;
```

```
depthVid.FramesPerTrigger = 100;
```

```
% Start the color and depth device. This begins acquisition, but does not  
% start logging of acquired data.
```

```
start([colorVid depthVid]);
```

```
% Trigger the devices to start logging of data.
```

```
trigger([colorVid depthVid]);
```

```
% Retrieve the acquired data
```

```
[colorFrameData,colorTimeData,colorMetaData] = getdata(colorVid);
```

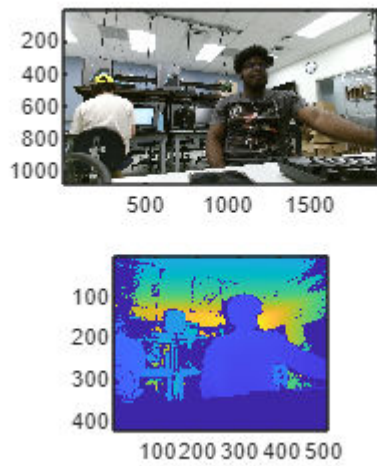
```
[depthFrameData,depthTimeData,depthMetaData] = getdata(depthVid);
```

```
% Stop the devices
```

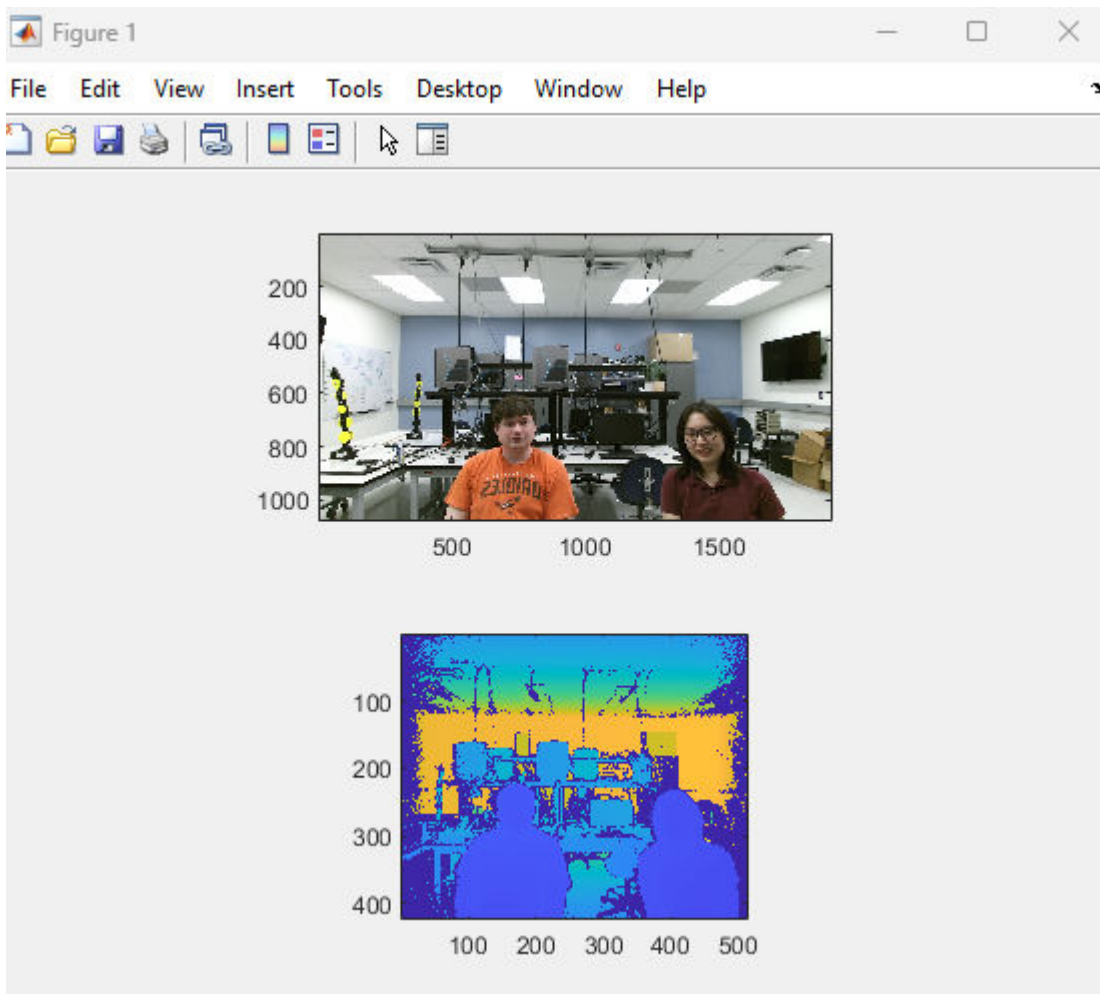
```
stop([colorVid depthVid]);
```

```
% display one of the frames
```

```
figure(1);
subplot(2, 1, 1);
imagesc(colorFrameData(:, :, :, 50));axis equal tight;
subplot(2, 1, 2);
imagesc(depthFrameData(:, :, :, 50)); axis equal tight;
```



Copy and the screenshots of your RGB and depth maps:



Skeletal tracking

Grab a frame including a person's body (i.e., "skeleton" in Kinect terms)

```
depthSrc = getselectedsource(depthVid)
```

```
depthSrc =
```

```
Display Summary for Video Source Object:
```

```
General Settings:
```

```
Parent = [1x1 videoinput]
```

```
Selected = on
```

```
SourceName = Kinect V2 Depth Source
```

```
Tag = [0x0 string]
```

```
Type = videosource
```

```
Device Specific Properties:
```

```
EnableBodyTracking = on
```

```
% Turn on skeletal tracking.
```

```
depthSrc.EnableBodyTracking = 'on';
```

```
% Acquire 100 frames with tracking turned on.
```

```
% Remember to have a person in person in front of the
```



```
% Kinect for Windows to see valid tracking data.
colorVid.FramesPerTrigger = 100;
depthVid.FramesPerTrigger = 100;

start([colorVid depthVid]);
trigger([colorVid depthVid]);

% Retrieve the frames and check if any Skeletons are tracked
[frameDataColor] = getdata(colorVid);
[frameDataDepth, timeDataDepth, metaDataDepth] = getdata(depthVid);

% View skeletal data from depth metadata
metaDataDepth
```

```
metaDataDepth = 100x1 struct
```

...

Fields	AbsTime	BodyIndexFr...	BodyTrackin...	ColorJointl...	DepthJointl...	FrameNumber	HandLeftCon...	HandLeftState
1	[2025,3,...	424x512 dou...	[7.2058e+16...	25x2x6 double	25x2x6 double	1	1x6 logical	[2,1,1,1...
2	[2025,3,...	424x512 dou...	[7.2058e+16...	25x2x6 double	25x2x6 double	2	1x6 logical	[2,1,1,1...
3	[2025,3,...	424x512 dou...	[7.2058e+16...	25x2x6 double	25x2x6 double	3	1x6 logical	[2,1,1,1...
4	[2025,3,...	424x512 dou...	[7.2058e+16...	25x2x6 double	25x2x6 double	4	1x6 logical	[2,1,1,1...
5	[2025,3,...	424x512 dou...	[7.2058e+16...	25x2x6 double	25x2x6 double	5	1x6 logical	[2,1,1,1...
6	[2025,3,...	424x512 dou...	[7.2058e+16...	25x2x6 double	25x2x6 double	6	1x6 logical	[2,1,1,1...
7	[2025,3,...	424x512 dou...	[7.2058e+16...	25x2x6 double	25x2x6 double	7	1x6 logical	[2,1,1,1...
8	[2025,3,...	424x512 dou...	[7.2058e+16...	25x2x6 double	25x2x6 double	8	1x6 logical	[2,1,1,1...
9	[2025,3,...	424x512 dou...	[7.2058e+16...	25x2x6 double	25x2x6 double	9	1x6 logical	[2,1,1,1...
10	[2025,3,...	424x512 dou...	[7.2058e+16...	25x2x6 double	25x2x6 double	10	1x6 logical	[2,1,1,1...
11	[2025,3,...	424x512 dou...	[7.2058e+16...	25x2x6 double	25x2x6 double	11	1x6 logical	[2,1,1,1...
12	[2025,3,...	424x512 dou...	[7.2058e+16...	25x2x6 double	25x2x6 double	12	1x6 logical	[2,1,1,1...
13	[2025,3,...	424x512 dou...	[7.2058e+16...	25x2x6 double	25x2x6 double	13	1x6 logical	[2,1,1,1...
14	[2025,3,...	424x512 dou...	[7.2058e+16...	25x2x6 double	25x2x6 double	14	1x6 logical	[2,1,1,1...

⋮

```
% Check for tracked skeletons from depth metadata
anyBodiesTracked = any(metaDataDepth(95).IsBodyTracked ~= 0)
```

```
anyBodiesTracked = logical
1
```

```
% See which skeletons were tracked.
trackedBodies = find(metaDataDepth(95).IsBodyTracked)
```

```
trackedBodies = 1
```



```
jointCoordinates = metaDataDepth(95).JointPositions(:, :, trackedBodies)
```

```
jointCoordinates = 25x3
    0.0780    -0.5827    1.3692
    0.0805    -0.2876    1.4040
    0.0816    -0.0014    1.4224
    0.0911     0.1579    1.4083
   -0.1140    -0.0854    1.3964
   -0.3362    -0.0806    1.2848
   -0.4303     0.0710    1.1144
   -0.4509     0.1336    1.0826
    0.2839    -0.0892    1.4164
    0.4828    -0.1047    1.3156
    ⋮
```

```
% Skeleton's joint indices with respect to the color image
```

```
jointIndices = metaDataDepth(95).ColorJointIndices(:, :, trackedBodies)
```

```
jointIndices = 25x2
```

```
103 ×
    1.0629    1.0112
    1.0610    0.7698
    1.0593    0.5481
    1.0670    0.4251
    0.9091    0.6141
    0.7167    0.6168
    0.5872    0.4803
    0.5552    0.4156
    1.2160    0.6148
    1.4016    0.6321
    ⋮
```

```
% Pull out the 95th color frame
```

```
image = frameDataColor(:, :, :, 95);
```

```
% Find number of Skeletons tracked
```

```
nBodies = length(trackedBodies);
```

Now plot the skeleton over the RGB image

```
% Create skeleton connection map to link the joints.
```

```
SkeletonConnectionMap = [ [4 3]; % Neck
                          [3 21]; % Head
                          [21 2]; % Right Leg
                          [2 1];
                          [21 9];
                          [9 10]; % Hip
                          [10 11];
                          [11 12]; % Left Leg
                          [12 24];
                          [12 25];
```

```

        [21 5]; % Spine
        [5 6];
        [6 7]; % Left Hand
        [7 8];
        [8 22];
        [8 23];
        [1 17];
        [17 18];
        [18 19]; % Right Hand
        [19 20];
        [1 13];
        [13 14];
        [14 15];
        [15 16];
    ];

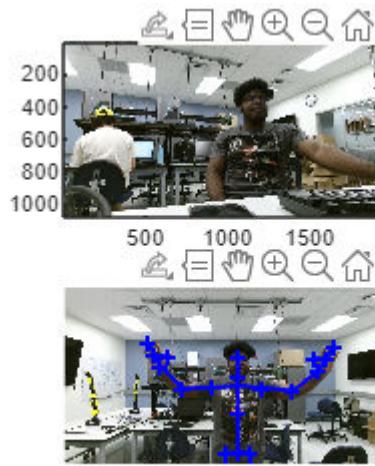
% Marker colors for up to 6 bodies.
colors = ['b'; 'r'; 'g'; 'c'; 'y'; 'm'];

% Display the RGB image.
imshow(image);

% Overlay the skeleton on this RGB frame.
for i = 1:24
    for body = 1:nBodies
        X1 = [jointIndices(SkeletonConnectionMap(i,1),1,body)
jointIndices(SkeletonConnectionMap(i,2),1,body)];
        Y1 = [jointIndices(SkeletonConnectionMap(i,1),2,body)
jointIndices(SkeletonConnectionMap(i,2),2,body)];
        line(X1,Y1, 'LineWidth', 1.5, 'LineStyle', '-', 'Marker', '+', 'Color',
colors(body));
    end

    hold on;
end
hold off;

```



Copy and paste a screenshot overlaid with the extracted skeleton:



Tasks/Questions:

- Did the skeleton model accurately capture your body geometry? **Yes, it seems to have properly identified joints.**
- How would you estimate the elbow angle from the skeletal model? **The elbow angle can be estimated by calculating the angle between the shoulder, elbow, and wrist joint as a triangle.**

Submitting This Lab

Export this *.mlx file as Lab7_##_<LastName1>_<LastName2>_<LastName3>_<LastName4>.pdf (## should be your computer number) and email to Lauren.Diaz@jhuapl.edu