

# foam

January 5, 2025

## 1 Mean-Variance Model

### 1.1 Exercise 2.

- Task 0: Cleaning Data and Importing Libraries:

```
[3]: pip install gurobipy
```

```
Collecting gurobipy
  Downloading gurobipy-12.0.0-cp312-cp312-
manylinux2014_x86_64.manylinux_2_17_x86_64.whl.metadata (15 kB)
Downloading
gurobipy-12.0.0-cp312-cp312-manylinux2014_x86_64.manylinux_2_17_x86_64.whl (14.2
MB)
14.2/14.2 MB
69.2 MB/s eta 0:00:00:00:01
Installing collected packages: gurobipy
Successfully installed gurobipy-12.0.0
Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.
```

```
[7]: pip install openpyxl
```

```
Collecting openpyxl
  Downloading openpyxl-3.1.5-py2.py3-none-any.whl.metadata (2.5 kB)
Collecting et_xmlfile (from openpyxl)
  Downloading et_xmlfile-2.0.0-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (2.7 kB)
Downloading openpyxl-3.1.5-py2.py3-none-any.whl (250 kB)
Downloading et_xmlfile-2.0.0-py3-none-any.whl (18 kB)
Installing collected packages: et_xmlfile, openpyxl
Successfully installed et_xmlfile-2.0.0 openpyxl-3.1.5
Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.
```

```
[5]: #import required libraries:
import gurobipy as gb
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

I used gurobipy library to optimize the portfolio, the other libraries are for data manipulations and plotting the graphs. We first need to make sure we correctly loaded the data.

```
[8]: df=pd.read_excel("/workspaces/FOAM/data/data.xlsx", sheet_name="Returns S&P Mib_
↳30 ", index_col=0, parse_dates=True)
df.head(2)
```

```
[8]:
```

	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	\
Dates							
2004-01-01	0.056941	0.055085	-0.005061	-0.001376	0.038502	0.004092	
2004-02-01	-0.025385	-0.097992	-0.083576	-0.046853	-0.041082	0.020377	

	A7	A8	A9	A10	A11	A12	\
Dates							
2004-01-01	-0.003996	-0.023231	0.036722	-0.018517	0.023003	0.008654	
2004-02-01	-0.064916	-0.025405	-0.035421	-0.140655	-0.066209	-0.094376	

	A13	A14	A15	A16	A17	A18	\
Dates							
2004-01-01	-0.025495	-0.028095	0.134228	-0.035847	0.039152	-0.031417	
2004-02-01	-0.037007	-0.009937	0.064431	-0.106229	-0.009411	-0.077847	

	A19	A20
Dates		
2004-01-01	0.027356	-0.027555
2004-02-01	0.004931	-0.083825

We can drop the index name, and change the date format appropriately (back to the given format)

```
[9]: df.index.name=None
df.index = df.index.strftime('%b-%Y')
df.head(2)
```

```
[9]:
```

	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	\
Jan-2004	0.056941	0.055085	-0.005061	-0.001376	0.038502	0.004092	
Feb-2004	-0.025385	-0.097992	-0.083576	-0.046853	-0.041082	0.020377	

	A7	A8	A9	A10	A11	A12	\
Jan-2004	-0.003996	-0.023231	0.036722	-0.018517	0.023003	0.008654	
Feb-2004	-0.064916	-0.025405	-0.035421	-0.140655	-0.066209	-0.094376	

	A13	A14	A15	A16	A17	A18	\
Jan-2004	-0.025495	-0.028095	0.134228	-0.035847	0.039152	-0.031417	
Feb-2004	-0.037007	-0.009937	0.064431	-0.106229	-0.009411	-0.077847	

	A19	A20
Jan-2004	0.027356	-0.027555
Feb-2004	0.004931	-0.083825

Since the stocks are given in the range from A1 to A20, I prepared dictionary to replace them with their respective names. So that we can plot the efficient frontier including the real asset names.

```
[10]: stocks = [
        "AL", "AGL", "AUTO", "NTV", "BFI", "BIN", "BPM", "BPVN", "BNL", "BPU", "BUL", "CAP",
        "EDN", "ENEL", "ENI", "FWB", "F", "FNC", "G", "ES"
    ] # we can later use this list to refer to the columns of the dataset.

    stock_dict = {f"A{i+1}": stock for i, stock in enumerate(stocks)}

    # now we can replace them
    df = df.rename(columns=stock_dict)
    df.head(2)
```

```
[10]:
```

	AL	AGL	AUTO	NTV	BFI	BIN	\
Jan-2004	0.056941	0.055085	-0.005061	-0.001376	0.038502	0.004092	
Feb-2004	-0.025385	-0.097992	-0.083576	-0.046853	-0.041082	0.020377	

	BPM	BPVN	BNL	BPU	BUL	CAP	\
Jan-2004	-0.003996	-0.023231	0.036722	-0.018517	0.023003	0.008654	
Feb-2004	-0.064916	-0.025405	-0.035421	-0.140655	-0.066209	-0.094376	

	EDN	ENEL	ENI	FWB	F	FNC	\
Jan-2004	-0.025495	-0.028095	0.134228	-0.035847	0.039152	-0.031417	
Feb-2004	-0.037007	-0.009937	0.064431	-0.106229	-0.009411	-0.077847	

	G	ES
Jan-2004	0.027356	-0.027555
Feb-2004	0.004931	-0.083825

## 1.2 Exercise 2.1

- Task 1: Compute the expected returns of all assets in the market and the matrix of variances and covariances.
- Task 2: Formulate and solve the Markowitz model for finding the maximum possible expected return value for an efficient portfolio (ER\_max)
- Task 3: Formulate and solve the Markowitz model to find the minimum possible expected return value for an efficient portfolio (ER\_min).
- Task 4: Fix 5 different values for the portfolio expected return in the range (ER\_min, ER\_max), denoting them by  $r_1, r_2, r_3, r_4, r_5$ .

### 1.2.1 Task 1: Compute the expected returns of all assets in the market and the matrix of variances and covariances

Expected returns are found as follows, since the data frame is already about the returns we can just take the `.mean()` (mean) for an asset for the whole period.

```
[11]: expected_returns = df[stocks].mean()
      expected_returns.head(2)
```

```
[11]: AL      0.001935
      AGL      0.028860
      dtype: float64
```

Compute variance and covariance matrix with `.cov()` function, where main diagonal is variance and the rest are covariance values.

```
[12]: covariance_matrix = df[stocks].cov()
      covariance_matrix.head(2)
```

```
[12]:          AL      AGL      AUTO      NTV      BFI      BIN      BPM  \
AL    0.005113  0.000429  0.001942  0.000599  0.000211  0.000246  0.000022
AGL    0.000429  0.006196  0.002060  0.001682  0.001280  0.001742  0.002319

          BPVN      BNL      BPU      BUL      CAP      EDN      ENEL  \
AL   -0.000506  0.000008  0.001111  0.000096  0.001030  0.001152  0.000063
AGL    0.001718  0.002281  0.002289  0.001349  0.001539  0.001463  0.001753

          ENI      FWB      F      FNC      G      ES
AL    0.000536  0.001054  0.000214  0.003113  0.001102  0.000578
AGL    0.001833  0.001800  0.001016  0.002068  0.001396  0.000841
```

---

## 2 Model Implementation

---

### 2.0.1 Task 2: Formulate and solve the Markowitz model for finding the maximum possible expected return value for an efficient portfolio ( $ER_{max}$ )

Here, since we want to find  $ER_{max}$ , we need to set the objective function to MAXIMIZE the portfolio return.

```
[13]: # Create model
      model_one = gb.Model()

      # Add variables for portfolio weights
      x = pd.Series(model_one.addVars(stocks, lb=0, name='X'), index=stocks)
```

```

# Compute portfolio variance (to use as constraint) and return (to use in
↳objective function)
portfolio_variance = covariance_matrix.dot(x).dot(x)
portfolio_return = expected_returns.dot(x)

# Add objective function: Maximize portfolio return
model_one.setObjective(portfolio_return, sense=gb.GRB.MAXIMIZE)

# Add budget constraint: Sum of weights equals 1
model_one.addConstr(x.sum() == 1, name="budget")

# Add portfolio variance constraint: Variance less than or equal to
↳sigma_squared
# Here I relaxed the constraint because if we fix the sigma, the model could
↳not find
# the optimal solution and the output was infeasible or unbound.
sigma_squared = 2
model_one.addConstr(portfolio_variance <= sigma_squared,
↳name="variance_constraint")

# Optimize model
model_one.optimize()

# Display results
if model_one.status == gb.GRB.OPTIMAL:
    model_one_weights = pd.Series({stock: x[stock].X for stock in stocks})
    print("Optimal Portfolio Weights:")
    print(model_one_weights)
    print(f"ER_max: {portfolio_return.getValue()}")
    print(f"Portfolio Variance: {portfolio_variance.getValue()}")
else:
    print("No feasible solution found.")

```

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Gurobi Optimizer version 12.0.0 build v12.0.0rc1 (linux64 - "Ubuntu 20.04.6 LTS")

CPU model: Intel(R) Xeon(R) Platinum 8370C CPU @ 2.80GHz, instruction set [SSE2|AVX|AVX2|AVX512]  
Thread count: 1 physical cores, 2 logical processors, using up to 2 threads

Optimize a model with 1 rows, 20 columns and 20 nonzeros  
Model fingerprint: 0x7ef9aa5b  
Model has 1 quadratic constraint  
Coefficient statistics:

Matrix range	[1e+00, 1e+00]
QMatrix range	[2e-05, 6e-03]

Objective range [3e-04, 3e-02]  
 Bounds range [0e+00, 0e+00]  
 RHS range [1e+00, 1e+00]  
 QRHS range [2e+00, 2e+00]  
 Presolve time: 0.02s  
 Presolved: 1 rows, 20 columns, 20 nonzeros  
 Ordering time: 0.00s

Barrier statistics:  
 AA' NZ : 0.000e+00  
 Factor NZ : 1.000e+00  
 Factor Ops : 1.000e+00 (less than 1 second per iteration)  
 Threads : 1

Iter	Objective		Residual		Compl	Time
	Primal	Dual	Primal	Dual		
0	4.47337501e-02	1.07226095e-02	3.17e+00	3.64e-01	1.56e-01	0s
1	1.50672255e-02	4.00025945e-02	1.33e-15	4.94e-17	1.99e-02	0s
2	3.01017861e-02	3.41526871e-02	2.22e-16	1.53e-16	3.24e-03	0s
3	3.34611277e-02	3.35365587e-02	0.00e+00	5.55e-17	6.03e-05	0s
4	3.34857476e-02	3.34858230e-02	0.00e+00	1.11e-16	6.03e-08	0s
5	3.34857719e-02	3.34857719e-02	2.22e-16	1.53e-16	6.03e-14	0s

Barrier solved model in 5 iterations and 0.04 seconds (0.00 work units)  
 Optimal objective 3.34857719e-02

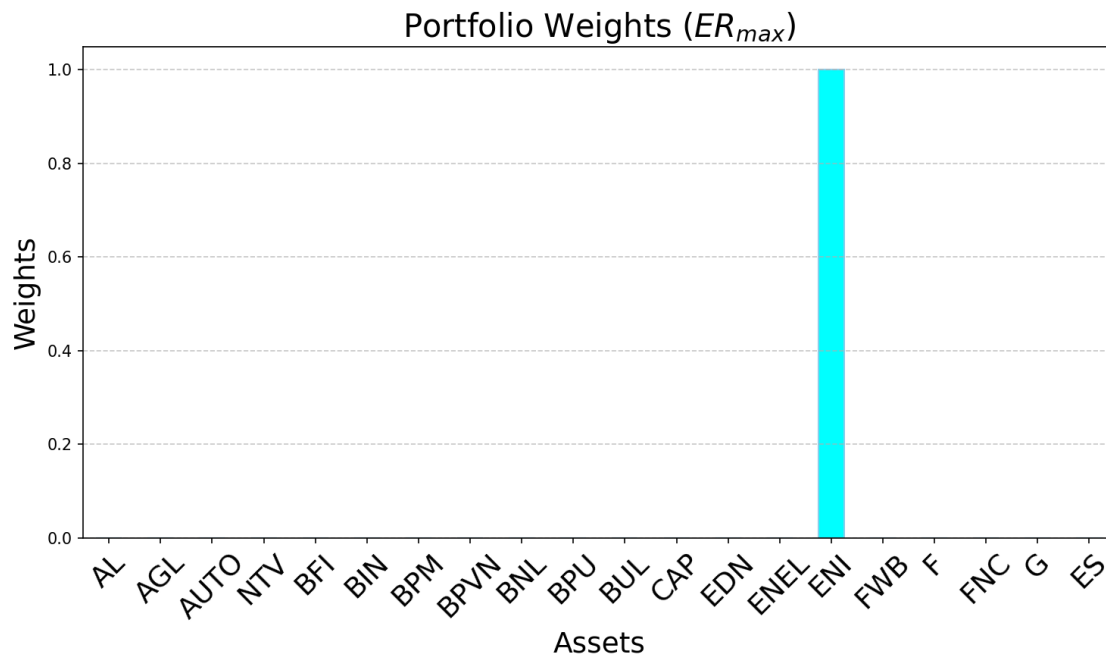
Optimal Portfolio Weights:

AL 4.194367e-15  
 AGL 3.125172e-12  
 AUTO 2.455500e-14  
 NTV 2.533210e-14  
 BFI 2.422741e-15  
 BIN 2.735301e-13  
 BPM 4.326931e-14  
 BPVN 3.243653e-15  
 BNL 8.972285e-14  
 BPU 5.064772e-15  
 BUL 3.696030e-15  
 CAP 8.393205e-14  
 EDN 3.997134e-15  
 ENEL 1.733407e-14  
 ENI 1.000000e+00  
 FWB 3.910363e-14  
 F 2.431586e-14  
 FNC 1.555221e-15  
 G 3.016431e-15  
 ES 2.453722e-14

dtype: float64

ER\_max: 0.03348577185008575  
Portfolio Variance: 0.004442189918950766

```
[14]: plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6), dpi=150)
model_one_weights.plot(kind="bar", color="cyan", edgecolor="skyblue")
plt.title(r"Portfolio Weights ( $ER_{\max}$ )", fontsize=20)
plt.xlabel("Assets", fontsize=18)
plt.ylabel("Weights", fontsize=18)
plt.xticks(rotation=45, fontsize=18)
plt.grid(axis="y", linestyle="--", alpha=0.7)
plt.tight_layout()
# plt.savefig("/Users/javlon/Documents/GitHub/RedPill/FOAM/Analysis/
# Portfolio_Weights_for_ER_max", dpi=300)
plt.show()
```



### 2.0.2 Task 3: Formulate and solve the Markowitz model to find the minimum possible expected return value for an efficient portfolio ( $ER_{\min}$ ).

But in this task, we are asked to find  $ER_{\min}$ , so we need to set the objective function to MINIMIZE the portfolio return.

```
[15]: model_two = gb.Model()

x = pd.Series(model_two.addVars(stocks, lb=0, name='X'), index=stocks)

portfolio_variance = covariance_matrix.dot(x).dot(x)
```

```

portfolio_return = expected_returns.dot(x)

# everything is the same as above except this part, where maximize is replaced
↳with minimize
model_two.setObjective(portfolio_return, sense=gb.GRB.MINIMIZE)

model_two.addConstr(x.sum() == 1, name="budget")

sigma_squared = 2
model_two.addConstr(portfolio_variance <= sigma_squared,
↳name="variance_constraint")

model_two.optimize()

if model_two.status == gb.GRB.OPTIMAL:
    model_two_weights = pd.Series({stock: x[stock].X for stock in stocks})
    print("Optimal Portfolio Weights:")
    print(model_two_weights)
    print(f"ER_min: {portfolio_return.getValue()}")
    print(f"Portfolio Variance: {portfolio_variance.getValue()}")
else:
    print("No feasible solution found.")

```

Gurobi Optimizer version 12.0.0 build v12.0.0rc1 (linux64 - "Ubuntu 20.04.6 LTS")

CPU model: Intel(R) Xeon(R) Platinum 8370C CPU @ 2.80GHz, instruction set [SSE2|AVX|AVX2|AVX512]

Thread count: 1 physical cores, 2 logical processors, using up to 2 threads

Optimize a model with 1 rows, 20 columns and 20 nonzeros

Model fingerprint: 0x4031cfc0

Model has 1 quadratic constraint

Coefficient statistics:

Matrix range	[1e+00, 1e+00]
QMatrix range	[2e-05, 6e-03]
Objective range	[3e-04, 3e-02]
Bounds range	[0e+00, 0e+00]
RHS range	[1e+00, 1e+00]
QRHS range	[2e+00, 2e+00]

Presolve time: 0.05s

Presolved: 1 rows, 20 columns, 20 nonzeros

Ordering time: 0.00s

Barrier statistics:

AA' NZ	: 0.000e+00
Factor NZ	: 1.000e+00



Factor Ops : 1.000e+00 (less than 1 second per iteration)  
 Threads : 1

Iter	Objective		Residual		Compl	Time
	Primal	Dual	Primal	Dual		
0	4.47337501e-02	0.00000000e+00	3.17e+00	1.51e-01	1.20e-01	0s
1	6.11364084e-03	-1.30002487e-02	6.66e-16	1.11e-16	1.53e-02	0s
2	-4.11407765e-03	-1.09577111e-02	2.22e-16	2.78e-16	5.47e-03	0s
3	-9.23160909e-03	-9.62378607e-03	2.22e-16	1.11e-16	3.14e-04	0s
4	-9.40868960e-03	-9.40908902e-03	0.00e+00	1.11e-16	3.20e-07	0s
5	-9.40886788e-03	-9.40886828e-03	0.00e+00	1.11e-16	3.20e-10	0s

Barrier solved model in 5 iterations and 0.10 seconds (0.00 work units)  
 Optimal objective -9.40886788e-03

Optimal Portfolio Weights:

AL 1.193706e-09  
 AGL 3.767788e-11  
 AUTO 1.490483e-10  
 NTV 1.438027e-10  
 BFI 8.036580e-09  
 BIN 4.489211e-11  
 BPM 8.854353e-11  
 BPVN 2.255074e-09  
 BNL 5.992037e-11  
 BPU 8.345060e-10  
 BUL 1.589626e-09  
 CAP 6.154941e-11  
 EDN 1.324457e-09  
 ENEL 2.075137e-10  
 ENI 3.710248e-11  
 FWB 9.548225e-11  
 F 1.503467e-10  
 FNC 1.000000e+00  
 G 2.826122e-09  
 ES 1.491638e-10

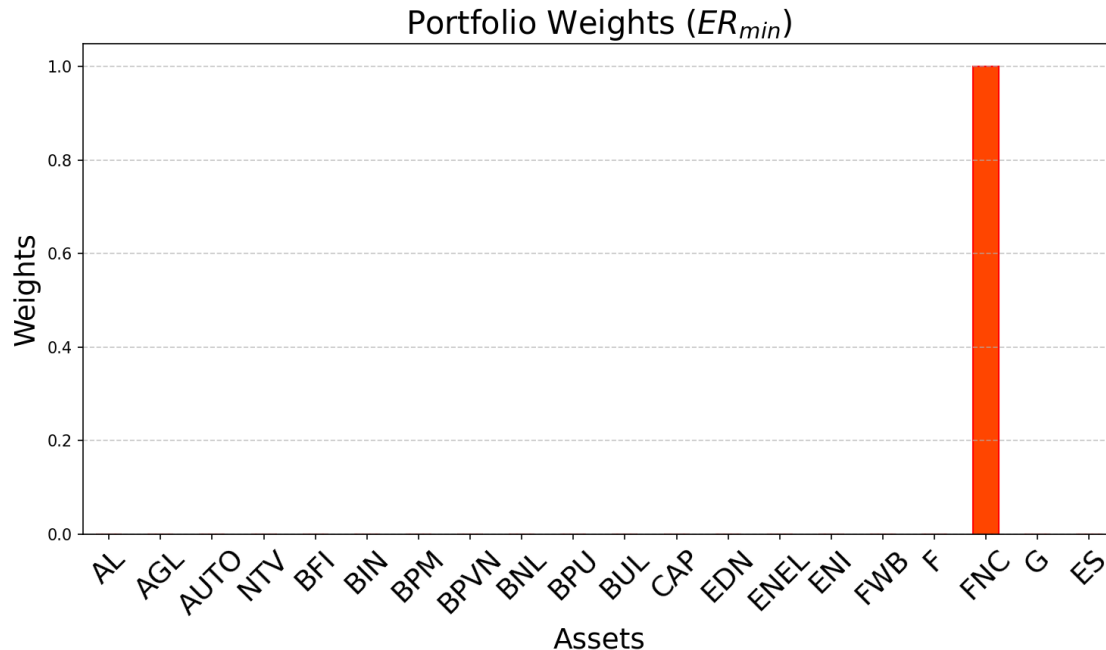
dtype: float64

ER\_min: -0.009408867882700437

Portfolio Variance: 0.005363939800538677

```
[16]: plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6), dpi=150)
model_two_weights.plot(kind="bar", color="orangered", edgecolor="red")
plt.title(r"Portfolio Weights ($ER_{\min}$)", fontsize=20)
plt.xlabel("Assets", fontsize=18)
plt.ylabel("Weights", fontsize=18)
plt.xticks(rotation=45, fontsize=18)
plt.grid(axis="y", linestyle="--", alpha=0.7)
```

```
plt.tight_layout()
# plt.savefig("/Users/javlon/Documents/GitHub/RedPill/FOAM/Analysis/
↳ Portfolio_Weights_for_ER_min", dpi=300)
plt.show()
```



### 2.0.3 Task 4: Fix 5 different values for the portfolio expected return in the range ( $ER_{min}$ , $ER_{max}$ ), denoting them by $\mu_1$ , $\mu_2$ , $\mu_3$ , $\mu_4$ , $\mu_5$ .

We have already found values for  $ER_{min}$  ( ) and  $ER_{max}$  ( ), we now need to another 3 values for  $\mu$ 's so that there will be 5 equally spaced portfolio returns.

```
[17]: ER_min = -0.009408867882700435
ER_max = 0.03348577185008574

mu_values = np.linspace(ER_min, ER_max, 5)
mu1, mu2, mu3, mu4, mu5 = mu_values

print(f"mu1: {mu1:.8f}")
print(f"mu2: {mu2:.8f}")
print(f"mu3: {mu3:.8f}")
print(f"mu4: {mu4:.8f}")
print(f"mu5: {mu5:.8f}")
```

```
mu1: -0.00940887
mu2: 0.00131479
mu3: 0.01203845
```

```
mu4: 0.02276211
mu5: 0.03348577
```

## 2.1 Exercise 2.2

- Solve model (MwV) formulated in 1.1 for each possible value  $\mu_1, \mu_2, \mu_3, \mu_4, \mu_5$ . Denote by  $P_{\mu_1}, P_{\mu_2}, P_{\mu_3}, P_{\mu_4}, P_{\mu_5}$  the optimal portfolios so found.

So above, when we find the  $ER_{min}$  and  $ER_{max}$ , we input the portfolio variance as constraint and the portfolio return as objective function, here we switch the places.

```
[18]: # Define the list of mu values
mu_values = [mu1, mu2, mu3, mu4, mu5]

# Create a dictionary to store results
m3_results = {}

# List to store data for plotting the efficient frontier
m3_efficient_frontier = []

for i, mu in enumerate(mu_values, 1):
    # Create a new model
    m3 = gb.Model()

    # Add variables for portfolio weights
    x = pd.Series(m3.addVars(stocks, lb=0, name='X'), index=stocks)

    # Compute portfolio variance and return
    portfolio_variance = covariance_matrix.dot(x).dot(x)
    portfolio_return = expected_returns.dot(x)

    # Add objective function: Minimize portfolio variance
    m3.setObjective(portfolio_variance, sense=gb.GRB.MINIMIZE)

    # Add budget constraint: Sum of weights equals 1
    m3.addConstr(x.sum() == 1, name="budget")

    # Add portfolio return constraint
    m3_trc = m3.addConstr(portfolio_return == mu, name="return_constraint")

    # Optimize model
    m3.optimize()

    # Store results if feasible solution found
    if m3.status == gb.GRB.OPTIMAL:
        m3_weights = pd.Series({stock: x[stock].X for stock in stocks})
        m3_portfolio_variance_value = portfolio_variance.getValue()
```

```

    # Store results in a dictionary
    m3_results[f"P_mu_{i}"] = {
        "mu_value": mu,
        "m3_weights": m3_weights,
        "m3_portfolio_variance": m3_portfolio_variance_value,
    }

    # Add data to the efficient frontier list
    m3_efficient_frontier.append({
        "mu": mu,
        "m3_variance": m3_portfolio_variance_value,
        "m3_weights": m3_weights,
    })
else:
    m3_results[f"P_mu_{i}"] = "No feasible solution found"

# Display results
for key, result in m3_results.items():
    if isinstance(result, dict):
        print(f"\nResults for {key}:")
        print(f"mu value: {result['mu_value']:.8f}")
        print(f"{key}:")
        print(result['m3_weights'])
        print(f"Portfolio Variance: {result['m3_portfolio_variance']:.8f}")
    else:
        print(f"\nResults for {key}: {result}")

```

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CPU model: Intel(R) Xeon(R) Platinum 8370C CPU @ 2.80GHz, instruction set [SSE2|AVX|AVX2|AVX512]

Thread count: 1 physical cores, 2 logical processors, using up to 2 threads

Optimize a model with 2 rows, 20 columns and 40 nonzeros

Model fingerprint: 0xc5acecf4

Model has 210 quadratic objective terms

Coefficient statistics:

Matrix range [3e-04, 1e+00]

Objective range [0e+00, 0e+00]

QObjective range [3e-05, 1e-02]

Bounds range [0e+00, 0e+00]

RHS range [9e-03, 1e+00]

Presolve time: 0.01s

Presolved: 2 rows, 20 columns, 40 nonzeros

Presolved model has 210 quadratic objective terms

Ordering time: 0.00s

Barrier statistics:

Free vars : 19  
AA' NZ : 2.100e+02  
Factor NZ : 2.310e+02  
Factor Ops : 3.311e+03 (less than 1 second per iteration)  
Threads : 1

Iter	Objective		Residual		Compl	Time
	Primal	Dual	Primal	Dual		
0	9.18938432e+03	-9.18938432e+03	1.85e+04	5.25e-02	1.00e+06	0s
1	7.12976742e+02	-7.30604648e+02	7.59e+02	2.15e-03	4.31e+04	0s
2	2.64422505e-02	-2.08790579e+01	2.47e+00	7.00e-06	1.74e+02	0s
3	1.92157794e-03	-4.18023795e-02	5.77e-01	1.64e-06	3.71e+01	0s
4	5.31624913e-03	-1.42991439e-02	1.10e-02	3.13e-08	7.60e-01	0s
5	5.36389206e-03	5.32428114e-03	1.11e-05	3.14e-11	7.94e-04	0s
6	5.36393984e-03	5.36370003e-03	6.81e-09	1.93e-14	8.33e-07	0s
7	5.36393975e-03	5.36383332e-03	1.29e-08	9.09e-13	9.13e-08	0s
8	5.36393995e-03	5.36383345e-03	1.43e-09	2.27e-13	9.14e-11	0s

Barrier solved model in 8 iterations and 0.03 seconds (0.00 work units)  
Optimal objective 5.36393995e-03

Gurobi Optimizer version 12.0.0 build v12.0.0rc1 (linux64 - "Ubuntu 20.04.6 LTS")

CPU model: Intel(R) Xeon(R) Platinum 8370C CPU @ 2.80GHz, instruction set [SSE2|AVX|AVX2|AVX512]

Thread count: 1 physical cores, 2 logical processors, using up to 2 threads

Optimize a model with 2 rows, 20 columns and 40 nonzeros

Model fingerprint: 0x5ce81d1c

Model has 210 quadratic objective terms

Coefficient statistics:

Matrix range [3e-04, 1e+00]  
Objective range [0e+00, 0e+00]  
QObjective range [3e-05, 1e-02]  
Bounds range [0e+00, 0e+00]  
RHS range [1e-03, 1e+00]

Presolve time: 0.01s

Presolved: 2 rows, 20 columns, 40 nonzeros

Presolved model has 210 quadratic objective terms

Ordering time: 0.00s

Barrier statistics:

Free vars : 19  
AA' NZ : 2.100e+02  
Factor NZ : 2.310e+02

Factor Ops : 3.311e+03 (less than 1 second per iteration)  
 Threads : 1

Iter	Objective		Residual		Compl	Time
	Primal	Dual	Primal	Dual		
0	9.18970999e+03	-9.18970999e+03	1.85e+04	2.24e-04	1.00e+06	0s
1	7.13054752e+02	-7.29865750e+02	7.59e+02	9.19e-06	4.31e+04	0s
2	2.92867656e-02	-1.93446881e+01	2.96e+00	3.59e-08	2.00e+02	0s
3	1.30077221e-03	-1.02856764e+01	8.68e-02	1.05e-09	2.04e+01	0s
4	1.29256907e-03	-9.32113703e-01	8.68e-08	1.05e-15	1.49e+00	0s
5	1.29011410e-03	-1.55943322e-03	1.78e-10	1.39e-17	4.56e-03	0s
6	1.03318777e-03	6.42844087e-04	9.86e-13	1.39e-17	6.25e-04	0s
7	8.87521757e-04	7.56068517e-04	1.28e-15	5.55e-17	2.10e-04	0s
8	8.50123464e-04	8.45344635e-04	3.33e-16	3.47e-17	7.65e-06	0s
9	8.47251817e-04	8.47193642e-04	3.77e-15	4.16e-17	9.31e-08	0s
10	8.47234364e-04	8.47232642e-04	3.89e-14	7.40e-17	2.76e-09	0s

Barrier solved model in 10 iterations and 0.03 seconds (0.00 work units)  
 Optimal objective 8.47234364e-04

Gurobi Optimizer version 12.0.0 build v12.0.0rc1 (linux64 - "Ubuntu 20.04.6 LTS")

CPU model: Intel(R) Xeon(R) Platinum 8370C CPU @ 2.80GHz, instruction set [SSE2|AVX|AVX2|AVX512]

Thread count: 1 physical cores, 2 logical processors, using up to 2 threads

Optimize a model with 2 rows, 20 columns and 40 nonzeros

Model fingerprint: 0x713ac6af

Model has 210 quadratic objective terms

Coefficient statistics:

Matrix range [3e-04, 1e+00]

Objective range [0e+00, 0e+00]

QObjective range [3e-05, 1e-02]

Bounds range [0e+00, 0e+00]

RHS range [1e-02, 1e+00]

Presolve time: 0.01s

Presolved: 2 rows, 20 columns, 40 nonzeros

Presolved model has 210 quadratic objective terms

Ordering time: 0.00s

Barrier statistics:

Free vars : 19

AA' NZ : 2.100e+02

Factor NZ : 2.310e+02

Factor Ops : 3.311e+03 (less than 1 second per iteration)

Threads : 1

Iter	Objective		Residual			Time
	Primal	Dual	Primal	Dual	Compl	
0	9.19003592e+03	-9.19003592e+03	1.85e+04	5.30e-02	1.00e+06	0s
1	7.13133174e+02	-7.29124464e+02	7.60e+02	2.17e-03	4.31e+04	0s
2	3.28065817e-02	-1.77583466e+01	3.46e+00	9.90e-06	2.26e+02	0s
3	1.35522067e-03	-1.35688641e+01	3.46e-06	9.90e-12	2.17e+01	0s
4	1.35485501e-03	-1.46040080e-02	6.09e-10	1.73e-15	2.55e-02	0s
5	1.13833530e-03	-6.80095783e-04	4.48e-11	1.25e-16	2.91e-03	0s
6	7.27795191e-04	-1.19524350e-03	6.66e-16	2.78e-17	3.08e-03	0s
7	6.04918366e-04	3.68245410e-04	6.94e-17	2.78e-17	3.79e-04	0s
8	5.51967677e-04	4.80800612e-04	1.33e-15	6.94e-18	1.14e-04	0s
9	5.32949895e-04	5.26970661e-04	1.39e-16	3.94e-17	9.57e-06	0s
10	5.30430010e-04	5.30324878e-04	8.88e-16	1.39e-17	1.68e-07	0s
11	5.30369665e-04	5.30362698e-04	7.32e-14	3.50e-17	1.11e-08	0s
12	5.30367293e-04	5.30366287e-04	6.31e-13	1.39e-17	1.61e-09	0s

Barrier solved model in 12 iterations and 0.03 seconds (0.00 work units)  
Optimal objective 5.30367293e-04

Gurobi Optimizer version 12.0.0 build v12.0.0rc1 (linux64 - "Ubuntu 20.04.6 LTS")

CPU model: Intel(R) Xeon(R) Platinum 8370C CPU @ 2.80GHz, instruction set [SSE2|AVX|AVX2|AVX512]

Thread count: 1 physical cores, 2 logical processors, using up to 2 threads

Optimize a model with 2 rows, 20 columns and 40 nonzeros

Model fingerprint: 0x28955c11

Model has 210 quadratic objective terms

Coefficient statistics:

Matrix range	[3e-04, 1e+00]
Objective range	[0e+00, 0e+00]
QObjective range	[3e-05, 1e-02]
Bounds range	[0e+00, 0e+00]
RHS range	[2e-02, 1e+00]

Presolve time: 0.01s

Presolved: 2 rows, 20 columns, 40 nonzeros

Presolved model has 210 quadratic objective terms

Ordering time: 0.00s

Barrier statistics:

Free vars	: 19
AA' NZ	: 2.100e+02
Factor NZ	: 2.310e+02
Factor Ops	: 3.311e+03 (less than 1 second per iteration)
Threads	: 1

Objective

Residual

Iter	Primal	Dual	Primal	Dual	Compl	Time
0	9.19036211e+03	-9.19036211e+03	1.85e+04	1.06e-01	1.00e+06	0s
1	7.13212007e+02	-7.28380791e+02	7.60e+02	4.34e-03	4.31e+04	0s
2	3.65631686e-02	-1.61234224e+01	3.93e+00	2.24e-05	2.50e+02	0s
3	1.69366839e-03	-1.01536087e+01	8.84e-03	5.05e-08	1.67e+01	0s
4	1.68451532e-03	-1.21209246e-02	9.97e-07	5.70e-12	2.21e-02	0s
5	1.48658246e-03	2.46004869e-04	4.12e-08	2.35e-13	1.98e-03	0s
6	1.10300358e-03	5.99606645e-04	4.01e-14	1.39e-17	8.05e-04	0s
7	9.98283075e-04	9.24545764e-04	8.92e-16	6.94e-18	1.18e-04	0s
8	9.65556597e-04	9.53763301e-04	1.05e-15	5.55e-17	1.89e-05	0s
9	9.58912915e-04	9.58729017e-04	1.78e-15	6.94e-17	2.94e-07	0s
10	9.58807209e-04	9.58806986e-04	2.53e-15	3.99e-17	3.57e-10	0s

Barrier solved model in 10 iterations and 0.04 seconds (0.00 work units)  
Optimal objective 9.58807209e-04

Gurobi Optimizer version 12.0.0 build v12.0.0rc1 (linux64 - "Ubuntu 20.04.6 LTS")

CPU model: Intel(R) Xeon(R) Platinum 8370C CPU @ 2.80GHz, instruction set [SSE2|AVX|AVX2|AVX512]  
Thread count: 1 physical cores, 2 logical processors, using up to 2 threads

Optimize a model with 2 rows, 20 columns and 40 nonzeros  
Model fingerprint: 0x1a7d471c  
Model has 210 quadratic objective terms  
Coefficient statistics:

Matrix range [3e-04, 1e+00]  
Objective range [0e+00, 0e+00]  
QObjective range [3e-05, 1e-02]  
Bounds range [0e+00, 0e+00]  
RHS range [3e-02, 1e+00]

Presolve time: 0.03s  
Presolved: 2 rows, 20 columns, 40 nonzeros  
Presolved model has 210 quadratic objective terms  
Ordering time: 0.00s

Barrier statistics:  
Free vars : 19  
AA' NZ : 2.100e+02  
Factor NZ : 2.310e+02  
Factor Ops : 3.311e+03 (less than 1 second per iteration)  
Threads : 1

Iter	Objective		Residual		Compl	Time
	Primal	Dual	Primal	Dual		
0	9.19068856e+03	-9.19068856e+03	1.85e+04	1.58e-01	1.00e+06	0s



1	7.13216227e+02	-7.27559915e+02	7.60e+02	6.51e-03	4.32e+04	0s
2	4.11704947e-02	-1.44404647e+01	4.41e+00	3.78e-05	2.75e+02	0s
3	3.03481871e-03	-2.19850291e+00	2.10e-01	1.80e-06	1.53e+01	0s
4	4.42316932e-03	-3.38667944e-02	1.53e-03	1.31e-08	1.60e-01	0s
5	4.44217075e-03	4.36525025e-03	1.54e-06	1.32e-11	2.22e-04	0s
6	4.44218990e-03	4.44203607e-03	1.54e-09	1.32e-14	3.45e-07	0s
7	4.44218992e-03	4.44218974e-03	1.76e-12	6.82e-13	3.46e-10	0s

Barrier solved model in 7 iterations and 0.06 seconds (0.00 work units)  
Optimal objective 4.44218992e-03

Results for P\_mu\_1:

mu value: -0.00940887

P\_mu\_1:

AL	2.328000e-13
AGL	1.606037e-13
AUTO	2.508947e-13
NTV	2.488702e-13
BFI	8.524243e-13
BIN	1.906959e-13
BPM	2.221003e-13
BPVN	5.041352e-13
BNL	2.071852e-13
BPU	3.242469e-13
BUL	4.278564e-13
CAP	2.051893e-13
EDN	4.069630e-13
ENEL	4.965724e-14
ENI	1.376742e-13
FWB	2.257069e-13
F	2.514147e-13
FNC	1.000000e+00
G	5.820691e-13
ES	2.510243e-13

dtype: float64

Portfolio Variance: 0.00536394

Results for P\_mu\_2:

mu value: 0.00131479

P\_mu\_2:

AL	1.179575e-01
AGL	1.938823e-09
AUTO	3.463097e-09
NTV	6.121983e-09
BFI	2.119762e-01
BIN	5.084289e-09
BPM	5.772302e-09

BPVN	1.354719e-01
BNL	3.889029e-09
BPU	7.645199e-09
BUL	2.499473e-01
CAP	6.346151e-09
EDN	1.010049e-08
ENEL	3.185919e-02
ENI	3.212012e-09
FWB	4.433937e-09
F	6.222333e-03
FNC	4.095426e-08
G	1.435122e-01
ES	1.030533e-01

dtype: float64  
Portfolio Variance: 0.00084723

Results for P\_mu\_3:  
mu value: 0.01203845  
P\_mu\_3:

AL	3.937131e-02
AGL	4.589783e-09
AUTO	7.188299e-09
NTV	1.329231e-08
BFI	3.936444e-02
BIN	9.821857e-02
BPM	1.379199e-08
BPVN	5.582464e-08
BNL	9.880884e-09
BPU	8.114386e-09
BUL	6.407331e-02
CAP	1.390845e-02
EDN	1.194561e-08
ENEL	9.249308e-02
ENI	4.663966e-04
FWB	1.130931e-08
F	3.487857e-01
FNC	1.256211e-08
G	1.056945e-07
ES	3.033185e-01

dtype: float64  
Portfolio Variance: 0.00053037

Results for P\_mu\_4:  
mu value: 0.02276211  
P\_mu\_4:

AL	3.025714e-09
AGL	1.202866e-08
AUTO	5.161618e-09

NTV	1.199812e-08
BFI	1.921227e-09
BIN	2.661385e-01
BPM	8.474513e-09
BPVN	2.381593e-09
BNL	8.255607e-08
BPU	2.066483e-09
BUL	2.468460e-09
CAP	2.321323e-01
EDN	3.607961e-09
ENEL	2.141669e-02
ENI	2.657369e-01
FWB	6.159767e-07
F	9.313679e-02
FNC	1.398843e-09
G	3.519287e-09
ES	1.214381e-01

dtype: float64  
Portfolio Variance: 0.00095881

Results for P\_mu\_5:  
mu value: 0.03348577  
P\_mu\_5:

AL	5.930311e-14
AGL	5.603395e-12
AUTO	3.583971e-14
NTV	3.533156e-14
BFI	1.359417e-13
BIN	1.208569e-13
BPM	5.604470e-14
BPVN	1.252175e-13
BNL	8.965990e-14
BPU	9.746256e-14
BUL	1.193504e-13
CAP	8.304294e-14
EDN	1.191814e-13
ENEL	7.411095e-14
ENI	1.000000e+00
FWB	5.091547e-14
F	3.563191e-14
FNC	1.315366e-13
G	1.337141e-13
ES	3.529314e-14

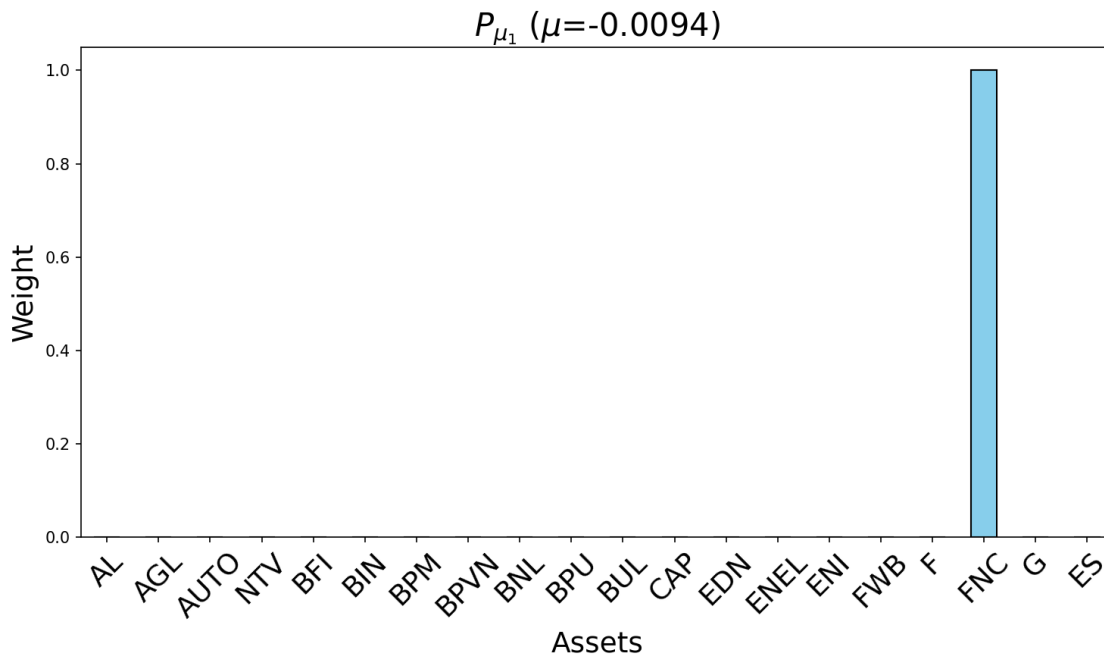
dtype: float64  
Portfolio Variance: 0.00444219

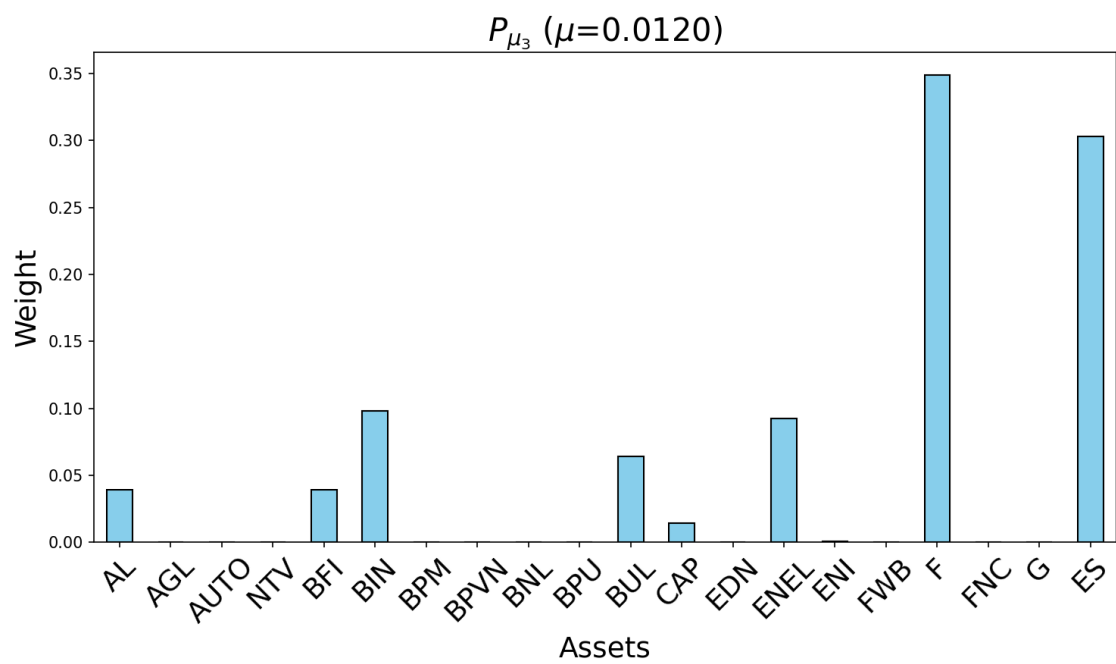
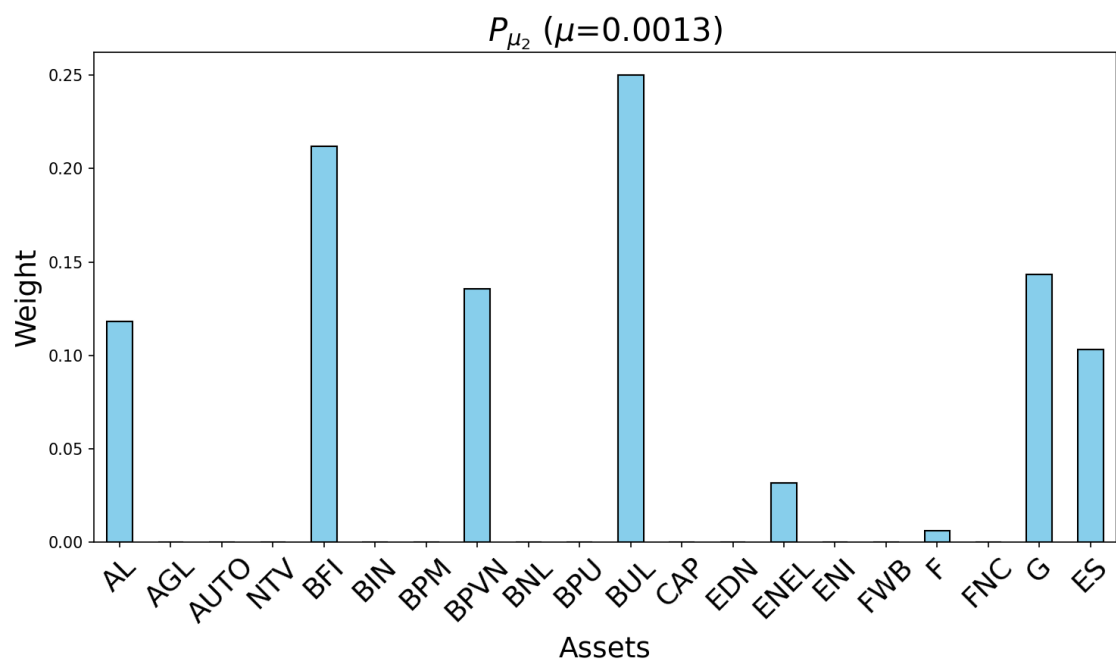
```
[19]: # Plotting the results
for key, result in m3_results.items():
    if isinstance(result, dict):
        m3_weights = result["m3_weights"]
        mu_value = result["mu_value"]

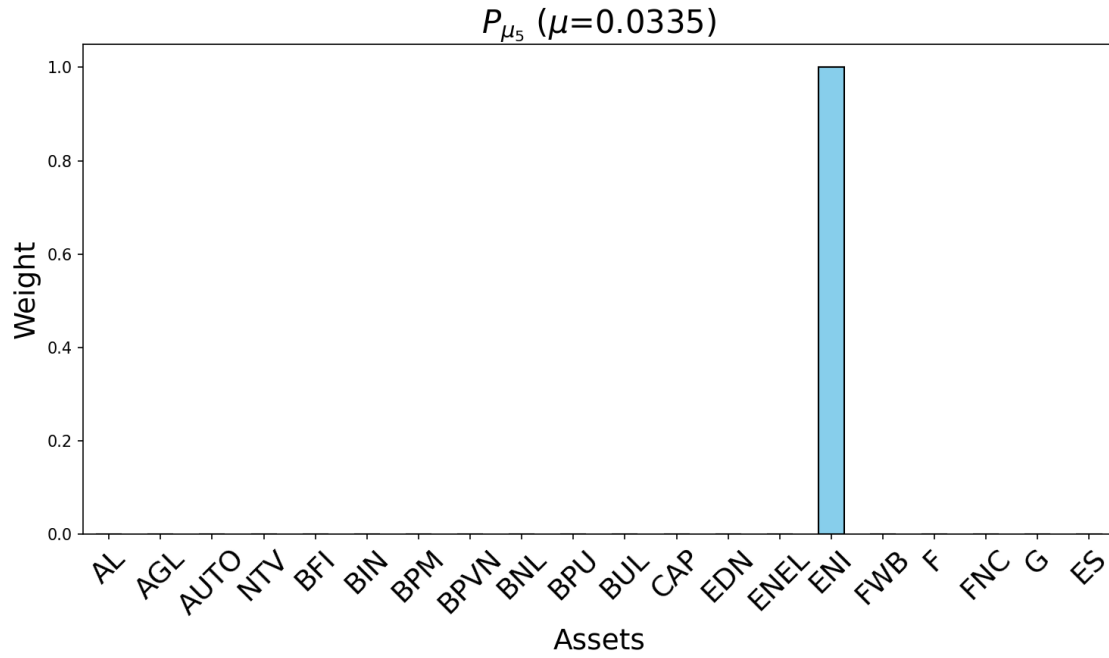
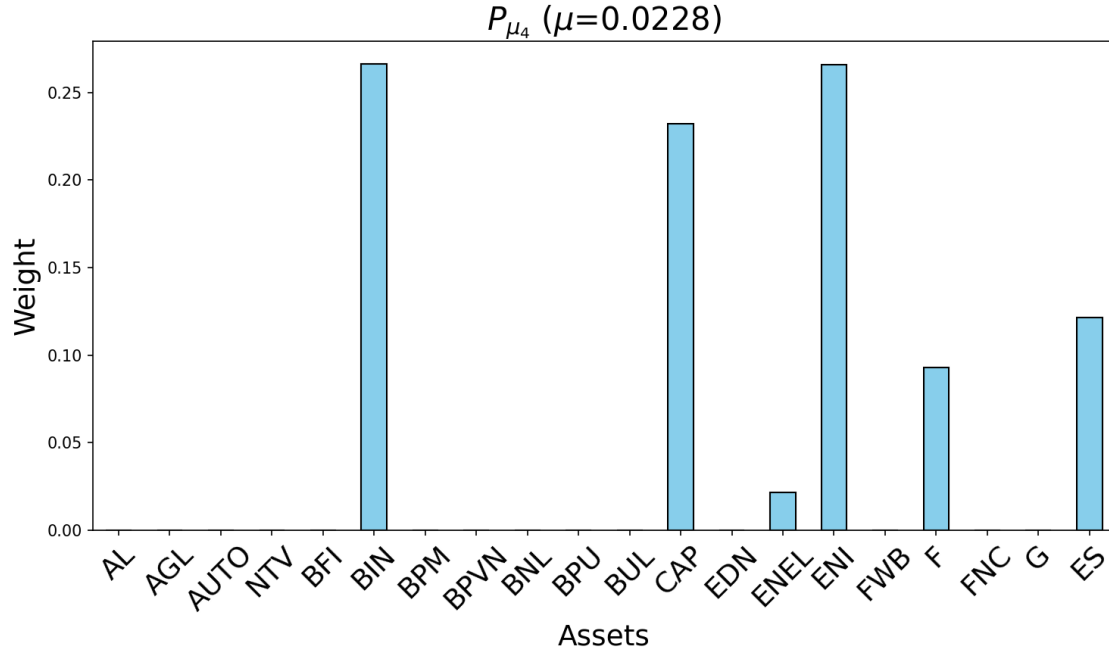
        # Create a bar plot for the weights
        plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6), dpi=150)
        m3_weights.plot(kind="bar", color="skyblue", edgecolor="black")
        plt.title(f"$P_{\{\mu_{key[-1]}\}}$ ($\mu$={result['mu_value']:.4f})",
        ↪fontsize=20)
        plt.xlabel("Assets", fontsize=18)
        plt.ylabel("Weight", fontsize=18)
        plt.xticks(rotation=45, fontsize=18)
        plt.tight_layout()

        # Save the plot
        # plt.savefig(f"P_mu{key[-1]}_weights.png")
        plt.show()
```

```
<>:10: SyntaxWarning: invalid escape sequence '\m'
<>:10: SyntaxWarning: invalid escape sequence '\m'
/tmp/ipykernel_5831/1328220938.py:10: SyntaxWarning: invalid escape sequence
'\m'
    plt.title(f"$P_{\{\mu_{key[-1]}\}}$ ($\mu$={result['mu_value']:.4f})",
fontsize=20)
```







## 2.2 Exercise 2.3

- For each possible value  $\mu_1, \mu_2, \mu_3, \mu_4, \mu_5$ , solve model (MwV) with the additional constraint formulated in 1.2 by fixing  $k = 2$ . Denote by  $PC_{\mu_1}, PC_{\mu_2}, PC_{\mu_3}, PC_{\mu_4}, PC_{\mu_5}$  the optimal

portfolios so found.

```
[20]: # Define the list of mu values
mu_values = [mu1, mu2, mu3, mu4, mu5]

# Create a dictionary to store results
m4_results = {}

# List to store data for plotting the efficient frontier
m4_efficient_frontier = []

#fix the cardinality constraint
k = 2

for i, mu in enumerate(mu_values, 1):
    # Create a new model
    m4 = gb.Model()

    # Add variables for portfolio weights
    x = pd.Series(m4.addVars(stocks, lb=0, name='X'), index=stocks)

    # Introduce binary variables to indicate if a stock is selected
    y = pd.Series(m4.addVars(stocks, vtype=gb.GRB.BINARY, name='Y'),
    ↪index=stocks)

    # Compute portfolio variance and return
    portfolio_variance = covariance_matrix.dot(x).dot(x)
    portfolio_return = expected_returns.dot(x)

    # Add objective function: Minimize portfolio variance
    m4.setObjective(portfolio_variance, sense=gb.GRB.MINIMIZE)

    # Add budget constraint: Sum of weights equals 1
    m4.addConstr(x.sum() == 1, name="budget")

    # Add portfolio return constraint
    m4_trc = m4.addConstr(portfolio_return == mu, name="return_constraint")

    # Add cardinality constraint
    for stock in stocks:
        cardinality_constraint = m4.addConstr(x[stock] <= y[stock],
    ↪name=f"selection_{stock}")
    m4.addConstr(y.sum() == k, name="cardinality_constraint")

    # Optimize model
    m4.optimize()
```

```

# Store results if feasible solution found
if m4.status == gb.GRB.OPTIMAL:
    m4_weights = pd.Series({stock: x[stock].X for stock in stocks})
    m4_portfolio_variance_value = portfolio_variance.getValue()

    # Store results in a dictionary
    m4_results[f"PC_mu_{i}"] = {
        "mu_value": mu,
        "m4_weights": m4_weights,
        "m4_portfolio_variance": m4_portfolio_variance_value,
    }

    # Add data to the efficient frontier list
    m4_efficient_frontier.append({
        "mu": mu,
        "m4_variance": m4_portfolio_variance_value,
        "m4_weights": m4_weights,
    })
else:
    m4_results[f"PC_mu_{i}"] = "No feasible solution found"

# Display results
for key, result in m4_results.items():
    if isinstance(result, dict):
        print(f"\nResults for {key}:")
        print(f"mu value: {result['mu_value']:.8f}")
        print(f"{key}:")
        print(result['m4_weights'])
        print(f"Portfolio Variance: {result['m4_portfolio_variance']:.8f}")
    else:
        print(f"\nResults for {key}: {result}")

```

Gurobi Optimizer version 12.0.0 build v12.0.0rc1 (linux64 - "Ubuntu 20.04.6 LTS")

CPU model: Intel(R) Xeon(R) Platinum 8370C CPU @ 2.80GHz, instruction set [SSE2|AVX|AVX2|AVX512]

Thread count: 1 physical cores, 2 logical processors, using up to 2 threads

Optimize a model with 23 rows, 40 columns and 100 nonzeros

Model fingerprint: 0xf8da3012

Model has 210 quadratic objective terms

Variable types: 20 continuous, 20 integer (20 binary)

Coefficient statistics:

Matrix range [3e-04, 1e+00]

Objective range [0e+00, 0e+00]

QObjective range [3e-05, 1e-02]



```

    Bounds range      [1e+00, 1e+00]
    RHS range         [9e-03, 2e+00]
Found heuristic solution: objective 0.0053638
Presolve removed 1 rows and 1 columns
Presolve time: 0.00s
Presolved: 22 rows, 39 columns, 92 nonzeros
Presolved model has 210 quadratic objective terms
Found heuristic solution: objective 0.0053638
Variable types: 20 continuous, 19 integer (19 binary)

Explored 0 nodes (0 simplex iterations) in 0.01 seconds (0.00 work units)
Thread count was 2 (of 2 available processors)

Solution count 2: 0.00536383 0.00536384

Optimal solution found (tolerance 1.00e-04)
Best objective 5.363832675351e-03, best bound 5.363806018794e-03, gap 0.0005%
Gurobi Optimizer version 12.0.0 build v12.0.0rc1 (linux64 - "Ubuntu 20.04.6
LTS")

CPU model: Intel(R) Xeon(R) Platinum 8370C CPU @ 2.80GHz, instruction set
[SSE2|AVX|AVX2|AVX512]
Thread count: 1 physical cores, 2 logical processors, using up to 2 threads

Optimize a model with 23 rows, 40 columns and 100 nonzeros
Model fingerprint: 0x662efc6a
Model has 210 quadratic objective terms
Variable types: 20 continuous, 20 integer (20 binary)
Coefficient statistics:
  Matrix range      [3e-04, 1e+00]
  Objective range   [0e+00, 0e+00]
  QObjective range  [3e-05, 1e-02]
  Bounds range      [1e+00, 1e+00]
  RHS range         [1e-03, 2e+00]
Presolve time: 0.00s
Presolved: 23 rows, 40 columns, 100 nonzeros
Presolved model has 210 quadratic objective terms
Variable types: 20 continuous, 20 integer (20 binary)
Found heuristic solution: objective 0.0040509
Found heuristic solution: objective 0.0017471

Root relaxation: objective 8.472343e-04, 33 iterations, 0.00 seconds (0.00 work
units)

```

Nodes		Current Node			Objective Bounds			Work	
Expl	Unexpl	Obj	Depth	IntInf	Incumbent	BestBd	Gap	It/Node	Time
0	0	0.00085	0	7	0.00175	0.00085	51.5%	-	0s

H	0	0				0.0013944	0.00085	39.2%	-	0s
	0	0	0.00085	0	8	0.00139	0.00085	39.2%	-	0s
H	0	0				0.0012898	0.00085	34.3%	-	0s
H	0	0				0.0012891	0.00085	34.3%	-	0s
	0	0	0.00085	0	8	0.00129	0.00085	34.3%	-	0s
	0	0	0.00085	0	8	0.00129	0.00085	34.3%	-	0s
	0	0	0.00085	0	8	0.00129	0.00085	34.3%	-	0s
	0	2	0.00085	0	8	0.00129	0.00085	34.3%	-	0s
H	9	7				0.0012743	0.00090	29.6%	7.3	0s
H	27	16				0.0012699	0.00091	28.3%	7.3	0s

Cutting planes:

Cover: 1  
 Implied bound: 3  
 MIR: 3  
 Flow cover: 7  
 Inf proof: 1

Explored 79 nodes (536 simplex iterations) in 0.06 seconds (0.01 work units)  
 Thread count was 2 (of 2 available processors)

Solution count 7: 0.00126995 0.00127432 0.00128912 ... 0.00405089

Optimal solution found (tolerance 1.00e-04)  
 Best objective 1.269949518138e-03, best bound 1.269949518138e-03, gap 0.0000%  
 Gurobi Optimizer version 12.0.0 build v12.0.0rc1 (linux64 - "Ubuntu 20.04.6 LTS")

CPU model: Intel(R) Xeon(R) Platinum 8370C CPU @ 2.80GHz, instruction set [SSE2|AVX|AVX2|AVX512]  
 Thread count: 1 physical cores, 2 logical processors, using up to 2 threads

Optimize a model with 23 rows, 40 columns and 100 nonzeros

Model fingerprint: 0x5668d0fc

Model has 210 quadratic objective terms

Variable types: 20 continuous, 20 integer (20 binary)

Coefficient statistics:

Matrix range [3e-04, 1e+00]  
 Objective range [0e+00, 0e+00]  
 QObjective range [3e-05, 1e-02]  
 Bounds range [1e+00, 1e+00]  
 RHS range [1e-02, 2e+00]

Presolve time: 0.00s

Presolved: 23 rows, 40 columns, 100 nonzeros

Presolved model has 210 quadratic objective terms

Variable types: 20 continuous, 20 integer (20 binary)

Found heuristic solution: objective 0.0030692

Found heuristic solution: objective 0.0014375

Root relaxation: objective 5.303670e-04, 34 iterations, 0.00 seconds (0.00 work units)

Nodes		Current Node			Objective Bounds			Work	
Expl	Unexpl	Obj	Depth	IntInf	Incumbent	BestBd	Gap	It/Node	Time
	0	0	0.00053	0	8	0.00144	0.00053	63.1%	- 0s
H	0	0				0.0011141	0.00053	52.4%	- 0s
	0	0	0.00053	0	9	0.00111	0.00053	52.4%	- 0s
	0	0	0.00053	0	9	0.00111	0.00053	52.4%	- 0s
	0	0	0.00053	0	9	0.00111	0.00053	52.4%	- 0s
	0	2	0.00053	0	9	0.00111	0.00053	52.1%	- 0s

Cutting planes:

Cover: 1  
 Implied bound: 4  
 MIR: 1  
 Flow cover: 3

Explored 55 nodes (435 simplex iterations) in 0.06 seconds (0.01 work units)  
 Thread count was 2 (of 2 available processors)

Solution count 3: 0.00111406 0.00143747 0.00306919

Optimal solution found (tolerance 1.00e-04)

Best objective 1.114063779235e-03, best bound 1.114063779235e-03, gap 0.0000%  
 Gurobi Optimizer version 12.0.0 build v12.0.0rc1 (linux64 - "Ubuntu 20.04.6 LTS")

CPU model: Intel(R) Xeon(R) Platinum 8370C CPU @ 2.80GHz, instruction set [SSE2|AVX|AVX2|AVX512]

Thread count: 1 physical cores, 2 logical processors, using up to 2 threads

Optimize a model with 23 rows, 40 columns and 100 nonzeros

Model fingerprint: 0x5f7a278d

Model has 210 quadratic objective terms

Variable types: 20 continuous, 20 integer (20 binary)

Coefficient statistics:

Matrix range [3e-04, 1e+00]  
 Objective range [0e+00, 0e+00]  
 QObjective range [3e-05, 1e-02]  
 Bounds range [1e+00, 1e+00]  
 RHS range [2e-02, 2e+00]

Presolve time: 0.00s

Presolved: 23 rows, 40 columns, 100 nonzeros

Presolved model has 210 quadratic objective terms

Variable types: 20 continuous, 20 integer (20 binary)

Found heuristic solution: objective 0.0041199

Found heuristic solution: objective 0.0015454

Root relaxation: objective 9.588071e-04, 37 iterations, 0.00 seconds (0.00 work units)

Nodes		Current Node			Objective Bounds			Work	
Expl	Unexpl	Obj	Depth	IntInf	Incumbent	BestBd	Gap	It/Node	Time
0	0	0.00096	0	6	0.00155	0.00096	38.0%	-	0s
0	0	0.00096	0	7	0.00155	0.00096	38.0%	-	0s
0	0	0.00096	0	7	0.00155	0.00096	38.0%	-	0s
0	0	0.00096	0	7	0.00155	0.00096	38.0%	-	0s
0	0	0.00096	0	7	0.00155	0.00096	38.0%	-	0s
0	0	0.00096	0	7	0.00155	0.00096	38.0%	-	0s
0	2	0.00096	0	7	0.00155	0.00096	38.0%	-	0s

Cutting planes:

Cover: 1

Implied bound: 2

MIR: 1

Flow cover: 1

Explored 40 nodes (284 simplex iterations) in 0.04 seconds (0.00 work units)

Thread count was 2 (of 2 available processors)

Solution count 2: 0.00154535 0.00411986

Optimal solution found (tolerance 1.00e-04)

Best objective 1.545352117504e-03, best bound 1.545352117504e-03, gap 0.0000%

Gurobi Optimizer version 12.0.0 build v12.0.0rc1 (linux64 - "Ubuntu 20.04.6 LTS")

CPU model: Intel(R) Xeon(R) Platinum 8370C CPU @ 2.80GHz, instruction set [SSE2|AVX|AVX2|AVX512]

Thread count: 1 physical cores, 2 logical processors, using up to 2 threads

Optimize a model with 23 rows, 40 columns and 100 nonzeros

Model fingerprint: 0x1018e578

Model has 210 quadratic objective terms

Variable types: 20 continuous, 20 integer (20 binary)

Coefficient statistics:

Matrix range [3e-04, 1e+00]

Objective range [0e+00, 0e+00]

QObjective range [3e-05, 1e-02]

Bounds range [1e+00, 1e+00]

RHS range [3e-02, 2e+00]

Found heuristic solution: objective 0.0044418

Presolve time: 0.00s

Presolved: 23 rows, 40 columns, 100 nonzeros

Presolved model has 210 quadratic objective terms

Variable types: 20 continuous, 20 integer (20 binary)

Root relaxation: cutoff, 38 iterations, 0.00 seconds (0.00 work units)

Nodes		Current Node			Objective Bounds			Work	
Expl	Unexpl	Obj	Depth	IntInf	Incumbent	BestBd	Gap	It/Node	Time
0	0	cutoff	0		0.00444	0.00444	0.00%	-	0s

Explored 1 nodes (38 simplex iterations) in 0.01 seconds (0.00 work units)

Thread count was 2 (of 2 available processors)

Solution count 1: 0.00444181

Optimal solution found (tolerance 1.00e-04)

Best objective 4.441806210893e-03, best bound 4.441806210893e-03, gap 0.0000%

Results for PC\_mu\_1:

mu value: -0.00940887

PC\_mu\_1:

AL	0.000000
AGL	0.000000
AUTO	0.000000
NTV	0.000000
BFI	0.000000
BIN	0.000000
BPM	0.000000
BPVN	0.000000
BNL	0.000000
BPU	0.000000
BUL	0.000000
CAP	0.000000
EDN	0.000000
ENEL	0.000000
ENI	0.000000
FWB	0.000000
F	0.000000
FNC	0.999986
G	0.000014
ES	0.000000

dtype: float64

Portfolio Variance: 0.00536383

Results for PC\_mu\_2:

mu value: 0.00131479

```

PC_mu_2:
AL      0.000000
AGL      0.000000
AUTO     0.000000
NTV      0.000000
BFI      0.000000
BIN      0.000000
BPM      0.000000
BPVN     0.000000
BNL      0.000000
BPU      0.000000
BUL      0.956046
CAP      0.000000
EDN      0.000000
ENEL     0.043954
ENI      0.000000
FWB      0.000000
F        0.000000
FNC      0.000000
G        0.000000
ES       0.000000
dtype: float64
Portfolio Variance: 0.00126995

```

Results for PC\_mu\_3:

mu value: 0.01203845

```

PC_mu_3:
AL      0.075899
AGL      0.000000
AUTO     0.000000
NTV      0.000000
BFI      0.000000
BIN      0.000000
BPM      0.000000
BPVN     0.000000
BNL      0.000000
BPU      0.000000
BUL      0.000000
CAP      0.000000
EDN      0.000000
ENEL     0.000000
ENI      0.000000
FWB      0.000000
F        0.924101
FNC      0.000000
G        0.000000
ES       0.000000
dtype: float64

```

Portfolio Variance: 0.00111406

Results for PC\_mu\_4:

mu value: 0.02276211

PC\_mu\_4:

AL	0.000000
AGL	0.000000
AUTO	0.000000
NTV	0.000000
BFI	0.000000
BIN	0.000000
BPM	0.000000
BPVN	0.000000
BNL	0.000000
BPU	0.000000
BUL	0.000000
CAP	0.000000
EDN	0.000000
ENEL	0.000000
ENI	0.478648
FWB	0.000000
F	0.000000
FNC	0.000000
G	0.000000
ES	0.521352

dtype: float64

Portfolio Variance: 0.00154535

Results for PC\_mu\_5:

mu value: 0.03348577

PC\_mu\_5:

AL	0.000000
AGL	0.000000
AUTO	0.000000
NTV	0.000000
BFI	0.000000
BIN	0.000000
BPM	0.000054
BPVN	0.000000
BNL	0.000000
BPU	0.000000
BUL	0.000000
CAP	0.000000
EDN	0.000000
ENEL	0.000000
ENI	0.999946
FWB	0.000000
F	0.000000

```

FNC      0.000000
G        0.000000
ES        0.000000
dtype: float64
Portfolio Variance: 0.00444181

```

```

[21]: # Plotting the results
for key, result in m4_results.items():
    if isinstance(result, dict):
        m4_weights = result["m4_weights"]
        mu_value = result["mu_value"]

        # Create a bar plot for the weights
        plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6), dpi=150)
        m4_weights.plot(kind="bar", color="skyblue", edgecolor="black")
        plt.title(f"$PC_{{\mu_{key[-1]}}}$ ($\mu$={result['mu_value']:.4f} and k=2)",
        ↪k=2)", fontsize=20)
        plt.xlabel("Assets", fontsize=18)
        plt.ylabel("Weight", fontsize=18)
        plt.xticks(rotation=45, fontsize=18)
        plt.tight_layout()

        # Save the plot
        # plt.savefig(f"PC_mu{key[-1]}_weights.png")
        plt.show()

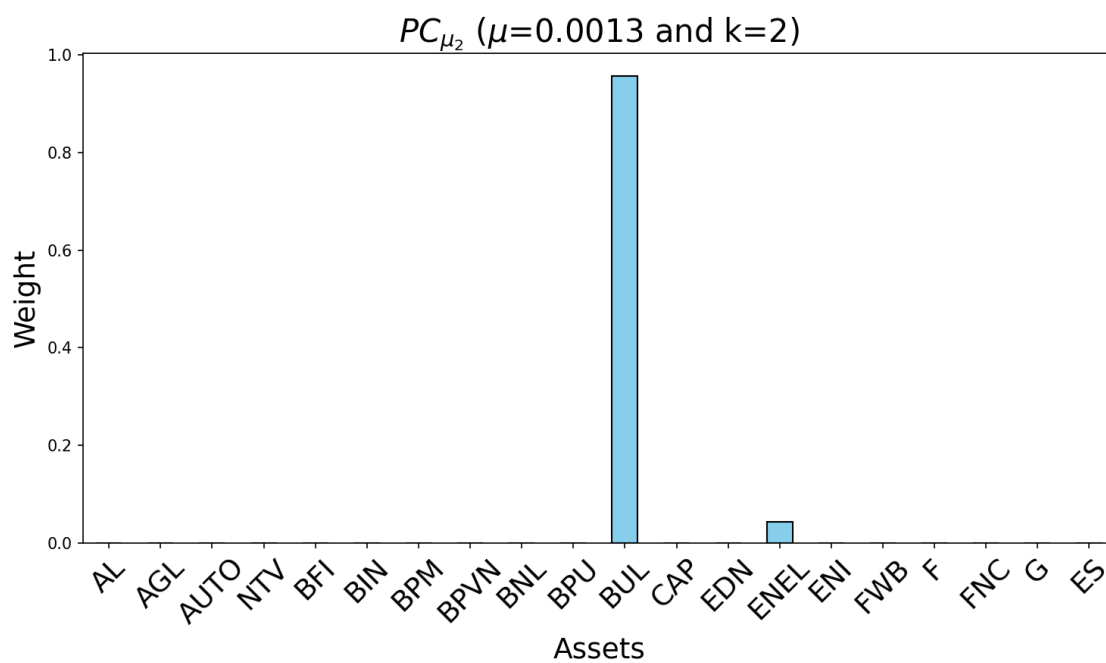
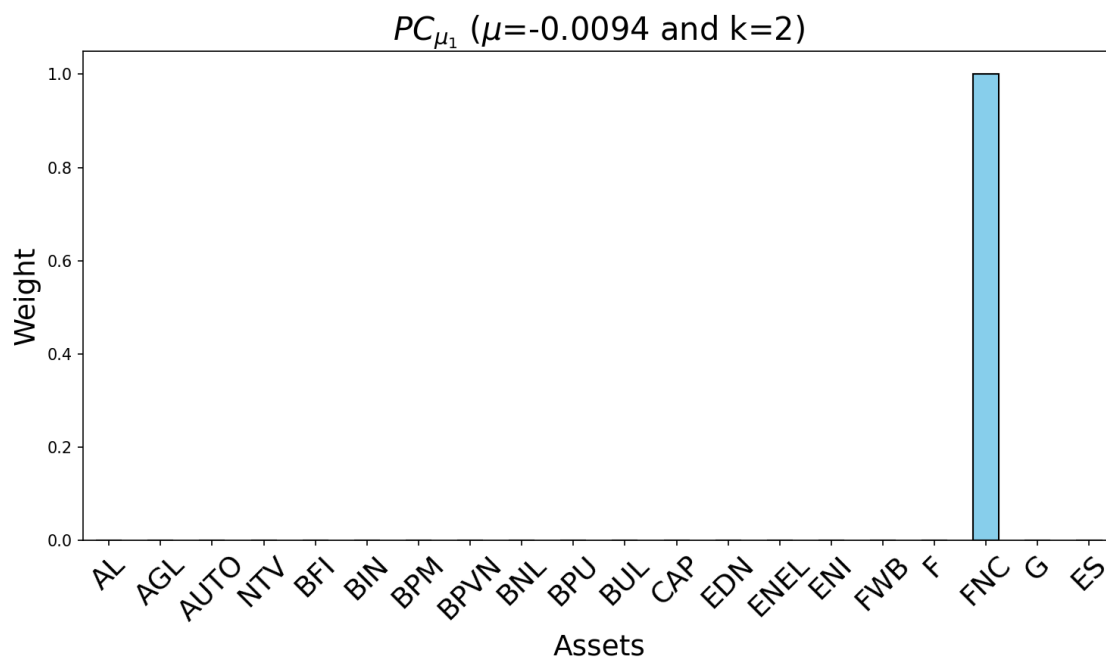
```

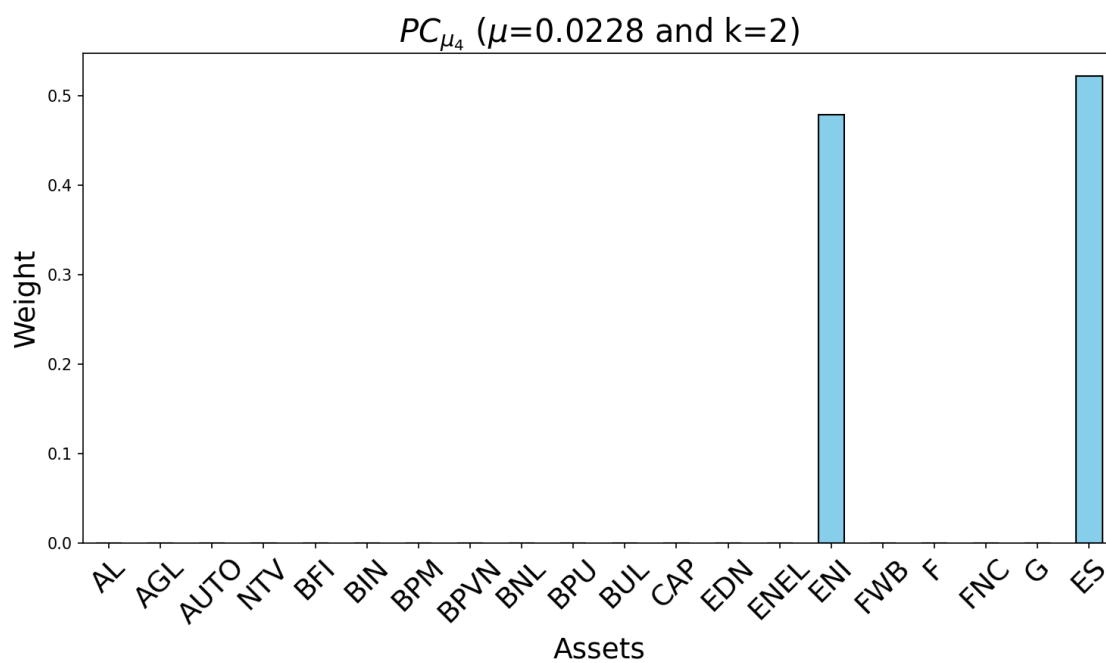
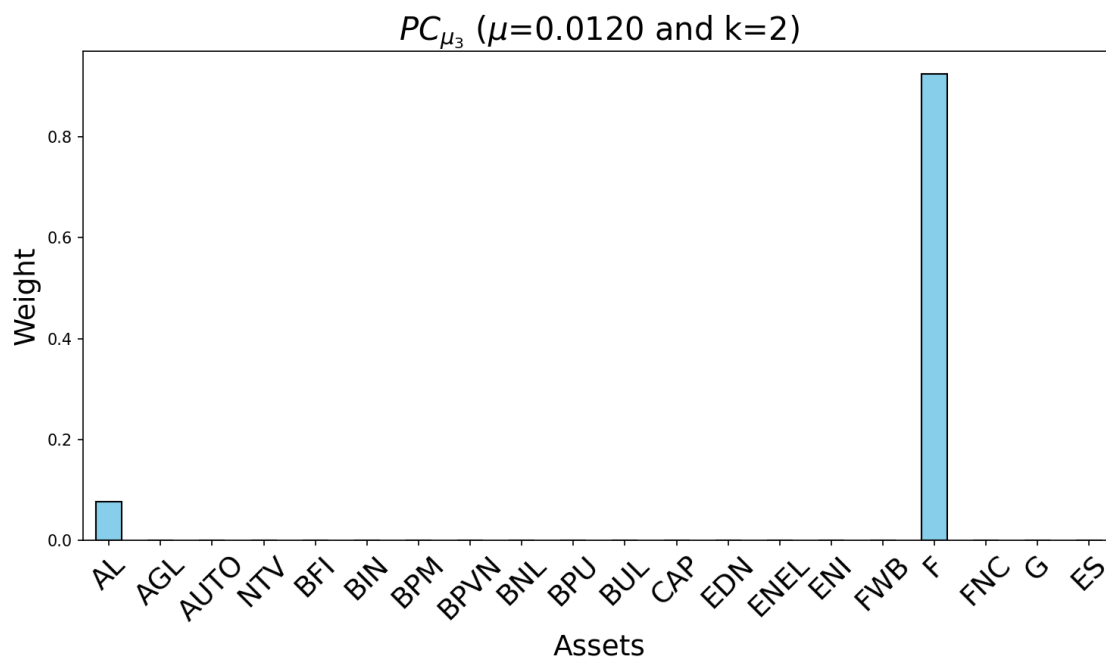
```

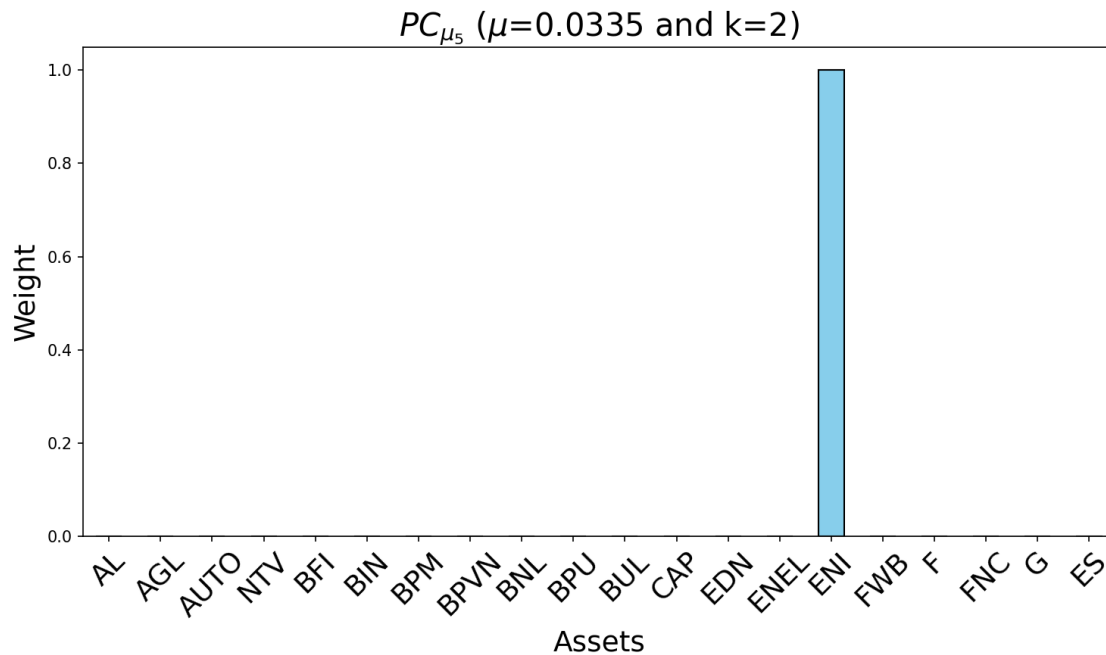
<>:10: SyntaxWarning: invalid escape sequence '\m'
<>:10: SyntaxWarning: invalid escape sequence '\m'
/tmp/ipykernel_5831/161338576.py:10: SyntaxWarning: invalid escape sequence '\m'
  plt.title(f"$PC_{{\mu_{key[-1]}}}$ ($\mu$={result['mu_value']:.4f} and k=2)",
  fontsize=20)

```









```
[22]: # Extract data for plotting
m4_mu_values_plot = [entry["mu"] for entry in m4_efficient_frontier]
m4_variances_plot = [entry["m4_variance"] for entry in m4_efficient_frontier]
m3_mu_values_plot = [entry["mu"] for entry in m3_efficient_frontier]
m3_variances_plot = [entry["m3_variance"] for entry in m3_efficient_frontier]

stock_stds = df[stocks].std()
stock_returns = df[stocks].mean()

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6), dpi=150)
plt.plot(m4_variances_plot, m4_mu_values_plot, marker="o", color='red',
        ↪label="Efficient Frontier ($PC_\mu$)")
plt.plot(m3_variances_plot, m3_mu_values_plot, marker="o", color='blue',
        ↪label="Efficient Frontier ($P_\mu$)")
# Visualize stocks

plt.xlabel("Standard Deviation ($\sigma$)", fontsize=18)
plt.ylabel("Expected Return ($\mu$)", fontsize=18)
plt.title("Efficient Frontier ($PC_\mu$ and $P_\mu$)", fontsize=20)
plt.legend()
plt.grid()
plt.show()
```

<>:16: SyntaxWarning: invalid escape sequence '\s'

<>:17: SyntaxWarning: invalid escape sequence '\m'

```

<>:16: SyntaxWarning: invalid escape sequence '\s'
<>:17: SyntaxWarning: invalid escape sequence '\m'
/tmp/ipykernel_5831/49823176.py:16: SyntaxWarning: invalid escape sequence '\s'
  plt.xlabel("Standard Deviation ( $\sigma$ )", fontsize=18)
/tmp/ipykernel_5831/49823176.py:17: SyntaxWarning: invalid escape sequence '\m'
  plt.ylabel("Expected Return ( $\mu$ )", fontsize=18)

```

