

Polygon Puzzle User Manual

How to install	2
How to play	3
Reskin	4
Basic Game Settings	5
Setup your own bundle ID	5
Other game information	5
Advanced Scripts	5
Scripts Outline	5
Change piece sizes.....	6
How the Json Data works	6
Important API and functions.....	9
Make your own puzzle gallery.....	10
Ready enough materials.....	10
Cover the new created texture	10
Setup in the scripts.....	11
Scores	12
Switch game mode.....	12
Use as in-game puzzle	13
In app purchase.....	14
Localization	16
Ready your localization file	16
Add new language to system	16
Publish to appstore	18
Ready Dotween	18
If you are using plugin such as Ads.....	18
Basic knowleage must know	20
build and submit a game on app store with unity.....	20
build and apk on android platform	20
create iap on goolgeplay	20
create iap on apple console(please ignore code part)	20

How to install

Make sure the inspector panel include tags and layers which default project not have. Which means you have set up the project properly.

To test the game, search **startscene** by project panel of unity editor to found the scene file named **startscene**.

You can also found the scene files under

Assets/polypuzzle/gamelevel

Double click on it to active the scene. Then you can run the game correctly. Other scene files can running independently but you may not get correct level data for test without a correct initialization sequence.

Important!!!

As unity disallow uploading package including other package on store(even free).

If you want to **upload your game to Apple appstore**,

You should delete the minimal dotween dll and upload the full dotween package from official site manually.

Be easy. It is free. Just follow the steps

1.find .../scripts/tools/tweentool

there are 3 .dll files in it.

2.Delete this folder

3.download dotween from the [official site](#) or search **dotween** in asset store

4.Import dotween asset package

5.unity menu:"tools-dotween utility panel"

6 click setup dotween.

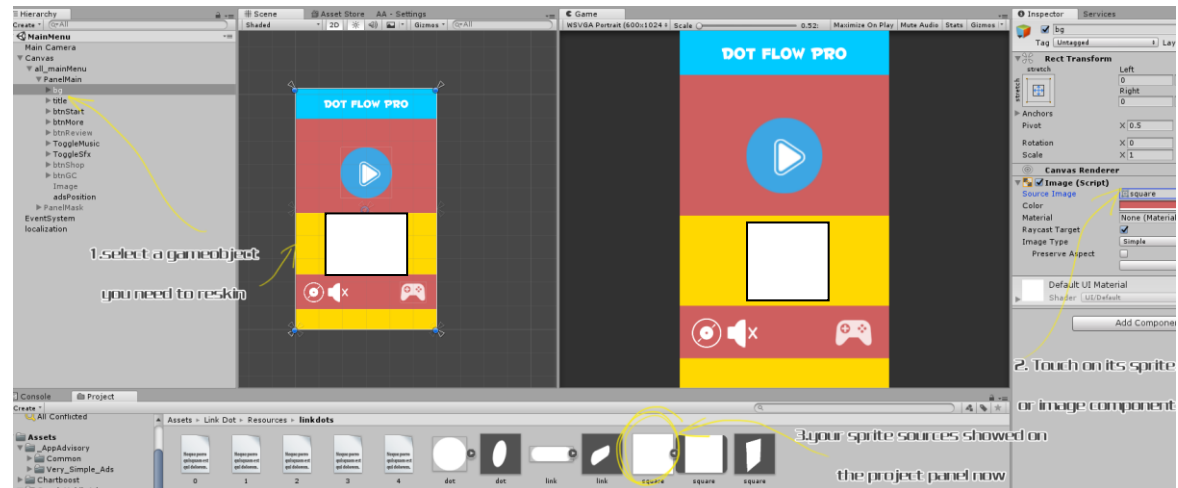
How to play

This was a classic game which you may already played in many places. The game rule were very clear even without a tutorial.

Drag the puzzle piece on below parts and try putting them upon to fill the board. When parts were intersected, you would not be able to put down the part. There would be a red frame flash under your grabbing piece which indicates the current rectangle area of your piece.

Reskin

The only thing you need to know about reskin is the unity sprite or the unity ui image. Find the referring picture sources by just click on the image/sprite component on each gameobject from editor window.



(zoom the picture by holding ctrl+mouse wheel)

All other resources were under

Assets/PolyPuzzle/Resources

Basic Game Settings

Setup your own bundle ID

Each game must have a different Bundle id. So you must make the id to fit the id you request from apple or gp.

File->build setting, open the build setting panel. Find and click player setting button.

On right inspector panel, touch other settings panels. Change bundle id in bundle identifier section.

Other game information

Type `const.cs` to search on project panel.

Pay attention for `LEADER_BOARD_ID`, `appid`.

These 2 relate your `gamecenter` id and your game app id.

Search and found

`Application.OpenURL ("http://itunes.apple.com/WebObjects/MZSearch.woa/wa/search?submit=seeAllLockups&media=software&entity=software&term=`

Change the url you need to be a more games link.

Advanced Scripts

Scripts Outline

Under `Assets->PolyPuzzle->scripts` folder. There are all scripts of the game. The major files' detail were listed as below.

Const.cs: some parameters not for game but for your publish services like user id etc.

GameData.cs: Store the temporary variables of the game like score, level, time cost, etc. Can be called by `Game.GetInstance().xxx` in any place of the game.

GameManager.cs: The most important file for initialize and process game controller service like music, advertisement, iap etc. Can be called by `GameManager.GetInstance().xxx` in any place of the game.

LevelMenu: The level menu UI file. Attached on the UI root element of the `levelmenu` scene.

MainScript.cs: the game logical class. Attached on the gameobject of the **game** level scene. Process the game start ,retry,or the win or fail.

PanelMain.cs: Attached on the UI element of **MainMenu** (game title) Scene. Just deal with the things for game start, rate etc.

StartSplash.cs: File attached on the gameObject of **startScene** ,The start scene of the game. It initialize some forever exist object.

TipPanel.cs: process the UI events of the tip panel.Not used for this game yet.

Winpanel.cs:process the UI events of the game win panel.

Change piece sizes

in tangram.cs

int maxCol = 7;//how many pieces your want on a row mostly

float xgap = .2f;

float tShrink = 3f;

you can change these 3 parameters yourself.

The first depend on how many pieces you want mostly on a line. (exceed the count would change a row)

the xgap means the pieces gap on x

the tshrink is a zoom parameter. The lager it is, the smaller the pieces will be.

As the game got many levels. You can not make the blocks all "perfect" big **with one same paramter**.

So set a mid count or set different numbers refers to the pieces count as you wish.

How the Json Data works

For tangram game

The file 0-4.txt under polypuzzle/resources/tangram/

were all level data.

They are json data files.

Json was kind of a data format always be used for complicate data.

Let's open 0.txt first

See first line

```
{b:[{}],{x:10},{x:10,y:10},{y:10},{}],p:[{o:{x:7,y:4},v:[{y:6},{}],{x:3},{x:3,y:6},{y:6}],c:1,t:16,tr:{items:[0,3,2,2,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0],size:6}},{}],v:[{}],{x:10},{x:10,y:2},{x:5,y:2},{}],t:8,tr:{items:[0,3,2,2,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0],size:6}},{}],{o:{x:3,y:2},v:[{y:4},{x:2},{x:7},{x:7,y:2},{x:4,y:2},{x:4,y:4},{y:4}],c:3,t:2,tr:{items:[0,5,4,4,3,2,0,4,2,2,1,0,0,0,0,0],size:12}},{}],{o:{y:6},v:[{y:4},{x:7,y:4},{x:7},{}],{y:4}],c:2,tr:{items:[3,0,1,1,2,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0],size:6}},{}],v:[{y:5},{}],{x:5,y:2},{x:3,y:6},{y:6},{y:5}],c:4,t:3,tr:{items:[0,4,3,0,3,2,2,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0],size:9}}}]}
```

The 0.txt mean the easy difficulty and the first line(line 0)is level 1 in easy difficulty

These data were created by some kind of level editor but of course, right now I can't ask the game designer where it is.

So I only use its useful part.

So you see shit like `tr:{items:[0,4,3,0,3,2,2,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0],size:9}`. They are deprecated data which not used for these games.

Then I think you could know the data much easier.

The json data is a nested list separated by tags.See level1 data by this way

```
{b:{},{x:10},{x:10,y:10},{y:10},{},
```

```
p:
```

```
[{o:{x:7,y:4},v:[{y:6},{},{x:3},{x:3,y:6},{y:6}],c:1,t:16,tr:{items:[0,3,2,2,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0],size:6}},  
{o:{},v:[{},{x:10},{x:10,y:2},{x:5,y:2},{},t:8,tr:{items:[0,3,2,2,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0],size:6}},  
{o:{x:3,y:2},v:[{y:4},{x:2},{x:7},{x:7,y:2},{x:4,y:2},{x:4,y:4},{y:4}],c:3,t:2,tr:{items:[0,5,4,4,3,2,0,4,2,2,1,0,0,0,0,0],size:12}},  
{o:{y:6},v:[{y:4},{x:7,y:4},{x:7},{},t:4}],c:2,tr:{items:[3,0,1,1,2,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0],size:6}},  
{o:{},v:[{y:5},{},t:4}],c:4,t:3,tr:{items:[0,4,3,0,3,2,2,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0],size:9}}}]
```

The first line, you see, `x:10 y:10`, means the game map is 10x10 grid boards.

then

You see, there are 5 "o" tags. So you can see 5 blocks in the game level1.

Then ,see first line

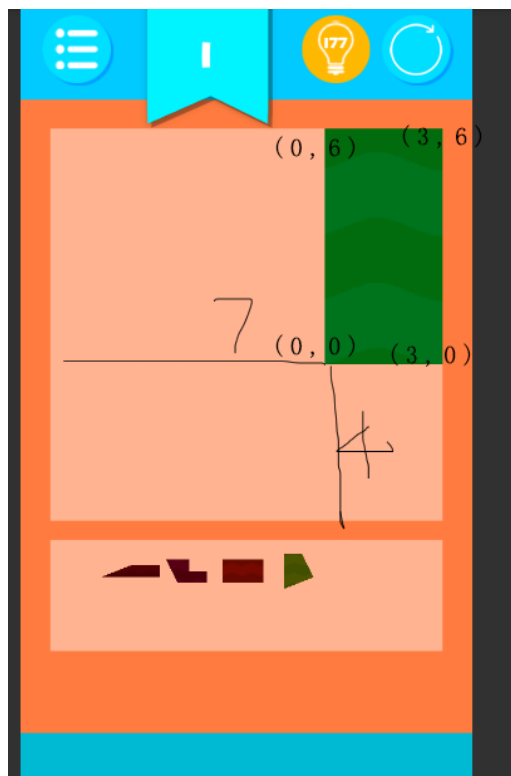
```
[{o:{x:7,y:4},v:[{y:6},{},{x:3},{x:3,y:6},{y:6}],c:1,t:16,tr:{items:[0,3,2,2,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0],size:6}},
```

There are "o" and "v" 2 tags in this line then.

The "o" tag has only one element. It means block1 should be "placed at" 7,4(this not used for gameplay but tell you why the tip know where should put this block)

and the "v" tag described all coordinates around a polygon, this used to draw a polygon. The coordinates were all start from (0,0). If a data is like({})means the x and y are all 0.

The picture shows you what the data really did in the game.



Important API and functions

Now all the functions and variables were commented in the script files and you can open each script to see. There is not much to say as most of them only describes the UI which all can be understand easily for a glance.

To play a music: Use `GameManager.getInstance().playMusic(xxx);`

To play a sound effect: Use

`GameManager.getInstance().playSfx(xxx)`

Remember to put your music and sound effect file into `assets/polypuzzle/Resources/sound` source folder. And for a background music you must start its name with text `bg` ,Like `bg1,bg2,bgmusic`.

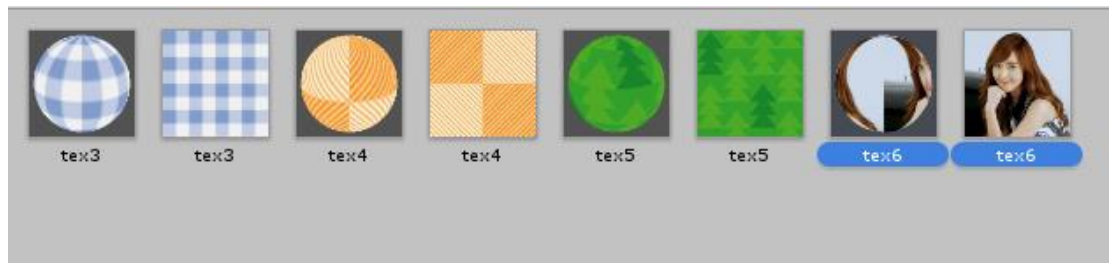
Make your own puzzle gallery

The most important feature of the game was that you can easily add **infinite** pictures for random puzzle. If you want the game not just a simple puzzle game, strongly recommend you to read this part.

Ready enough materials

Find under **polypuzzle/resources/tangram/materials**

You could see many textures with a material ball for each inside this folder.



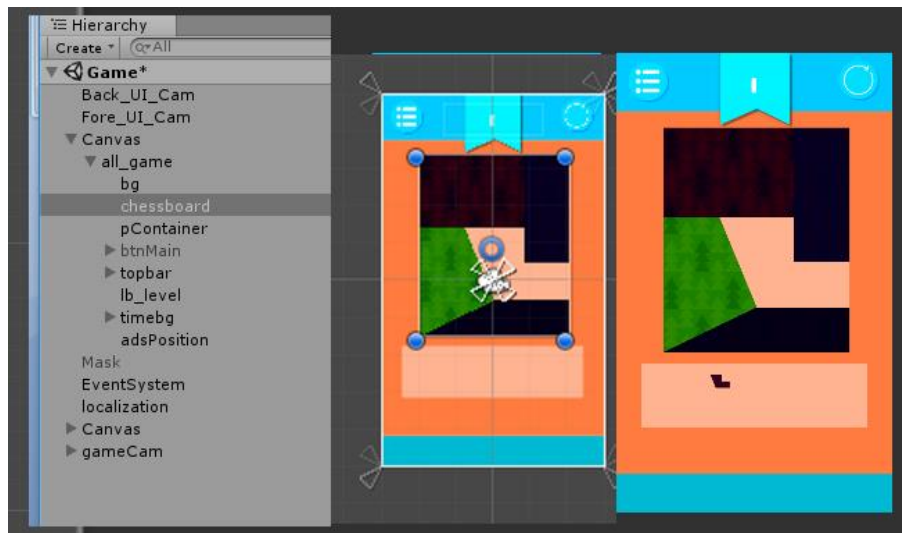
As you see, select a pair of a texture(means a texture with a material ball) hold and drag to duplicate a new texture and a new material.

The system would give the new texture a sequenced new name as tex7 and material tex7. Remember do not change the texture or material's name as the system requires a unique name format of **"tex" + "number"**

Cover the new created texture

Let's suppose the tex6 was your just duplicated texture. So ready a picture(no size limit) name exactly the same of this texture(here is tex6) and cover the origin one, you would found the tex6 material ball automatically changed also. Upon all, the ready work finishes.

Remember, the height/width ratio is no limited. But for better looking, you need to give **a same standard** for every textures. Then make the **chessboard** frame in the same aspect ratio of your textures.



Example of change board aspect ratio

Setup in the scripts

Find the script under `polypuzzle/scripts/polypuzzle`

Find `Tangram.cs`

Locate the script:

```
int tTextureNo = Random.Range(0, 6); //got 5 textures in materials folder total
```

Here set the number 6 to the total pictures you just duplicated included in the materials folder.

If you got 5 pairs of pictures, set the number to one larger (6) and so on.

So, in the game, each level would find a random picture from your texture folder when start or restart.

If you not want to be randomly, just make sure you have the existed number of textures for read.

For example, read a level refers to the level number:

```
int tTextureNo = GameData.instance.cLevel;
```

The other important thing is the `UV size`. If you want the finally completed picture the same of your origin texture image. You need to do the following:

Find the script under `polypuzzle/scripts/polypuzzle`

Find `GameData.cs`

Locate: `public int uvZoom = 3;` And set it to `public int uvZoom = 1;`

Scores

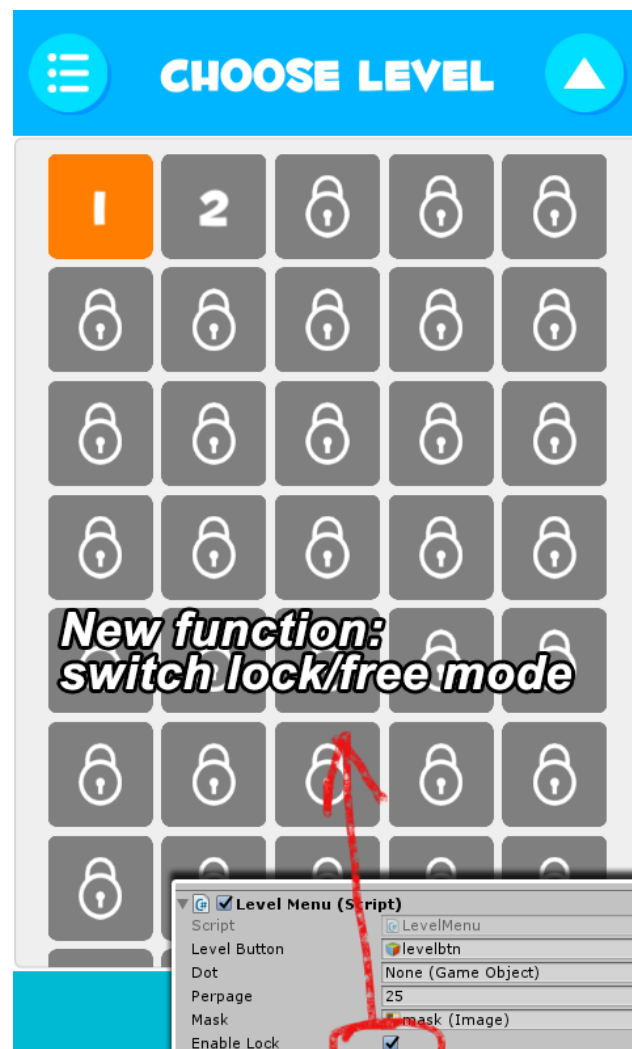
The game count the totalscore at starts.

Refresh scores when finish each level. Temporary, each level you finishes ,you will get 1 score.

Score is not used for this game yet, to get the score information, call the API at any places you want.

`GameData.instance.bestScore`

Switch game mode



Active **LevelMenu** scene file. Select **Canvas** gameobject, on its inspector, the **levelmenu** script component, there is an **enable lock** checkbox. You can switch game mode by check on/off it for whether you want player to unlock the level one by one.

Use as in-game puzzle

Find the level file named **3dTest**

The game prefab used for the minigame is under

Assets/polypuzzle/src/prefab

When use the game as a prefab widget, just drag and drop the **polypuzzle** prefab into your scene.

As the prefab elements were all uses the **game** layer and a depths only camera. Make sure your make scene camera does not include the same layer otherwise you would see duplicated game objects.

The example scripts for control is **TestGame.cs**

Open the script for detail with comment.

In **Tangram.cs** in the **checkwin()** function,locate:

```
GameObject.Find("3Dscene").BroadcastMessage("polyPuzzleWin");
```

This script fires a broadcast named polyPuzzleWin,

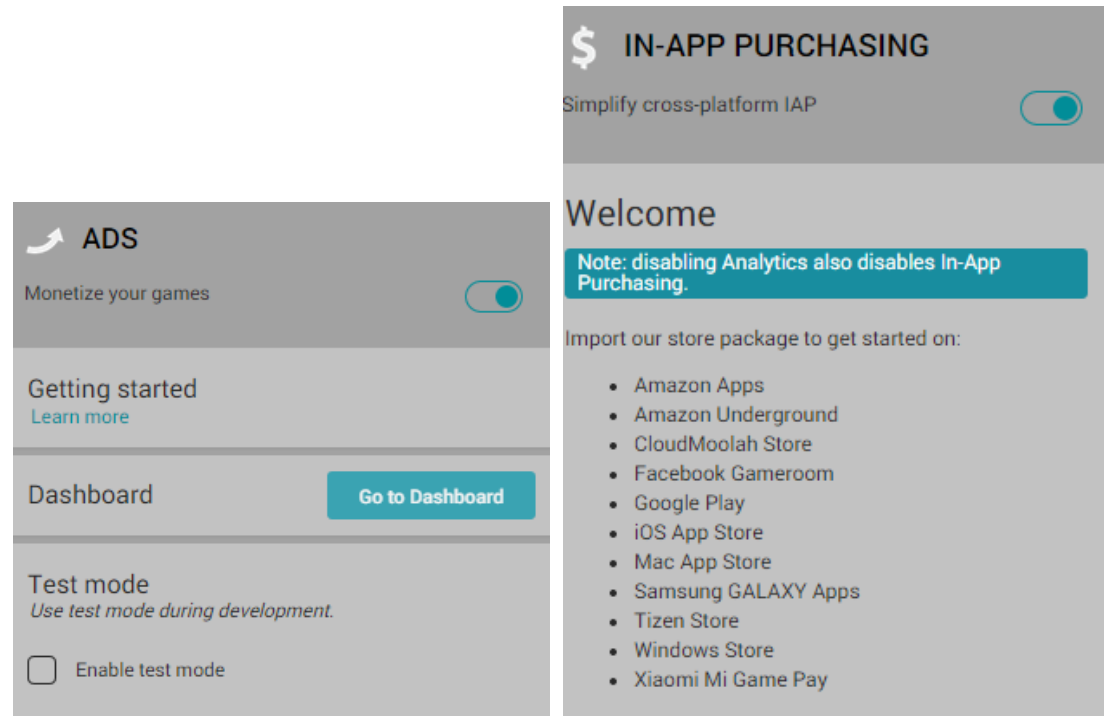
You could find this receive function in TestGame.cs.

If you want your own win inform message. Just change this script your self.

In app purchase

First make sure the service were updated to the latest and being turned on. The services were all unity native function so they maybe update some files for different version. Just let unity do the job automatically and no worry about it.

Make sure the following services were on



The in-app purchasing sometimes require a reimport, **if the import button on service tab not works**, find **unitychannel** and **unitypurchasing** these 2 package files under **asset/plugin** folder and double click them to import the packages manually.

Find **Gamemanager.cs**

Find

```
public const string CONSUMABLE0 = "20Coin";  
public const string CONSUMABLE1 = "50Coins";  
public const string CONSUMABLE2 = "100Coins";
```

Set these 3 id to your own **product id**, If you don't know what is product id, please read apple or google development guide for in app purchase section.

I would not talk detail about this because this is not unity or game template issues.

The iap setting can be very very difficulty so make sure you are very familiar the process and have done all the job correctly yourself.

Here are 2 quick recommended tutorial

[Learn basic about iap setting for IOS development](#)

[Learn basic about iap setting for googleplay](#)

Remember, sometimes the iap service not work on test device before them active online because some development console requires **test id** or **sandbox** environment. You can not run the game just with normal users account.

By default, the game always returns true for any buy action. You must turn off this before you publish to a real store.

In **Gamemanager.cs** find

```
public bool test = true; //set it to false when you publish to test for real.
```

Set it to false.

Iap attached on a gameobject on **music.cs**

This music only start from **startscene**. So there maybe error if you start on other scene with **test** mode shut down.

Localization

Ready your localization file

Find `src/localization` folder. Duplicate `English.txt` and rename it a new name like `French`.

Open the file, see like

`btnBack = back`

This means the `btnBack` key refers to the value of translation `"back"`

After your localization file were all ready, set the `size` of localization attribution to 2 or more and assign your language files.(see right picture)

Add new language to system

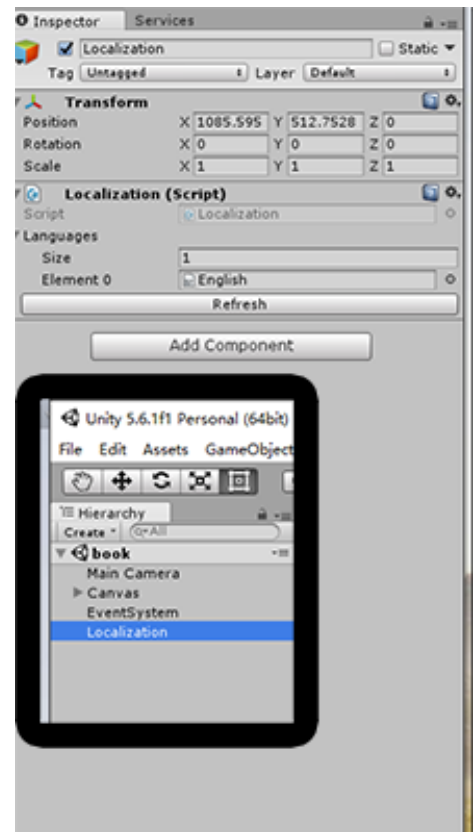
In `GameData.cs`, we see the function `GetSystemLanguage()`.

This function get system language by switch branches.

You should add the language cases only when your localization file(txt) is ready. Otherwise if the system can not find the right translation file or the file does not include current translation phases, it would throw errors and break the game.

For default testing ,it is

```
public int GetSystemLanguage(){
    int returnValue = 0;
    switch (Application.systemLanguage) {
        case SystemLanguage.Chinese:
            returnValue = 1;
            break;
        case SystemLanguage.ChineseSimplified:
            returnValue = 1;
            break;
        case SystemLanguage.ChineseTraditional:
            returnValue = 1;
            break;
        default:
            returnValue = 0;
    }
}
```




```
        break;

    }
    returnValue = 0;//test
    return returnValue;
}
```

see `returnValue = 0;//test`

This line is uncommented. The language will **always be English**. If you may not have time to deal with your own native translation or you did not want a localization function for your game, just leave it uncommented. Otherwise, you should comment this line and make the system to decide which localization to choose.

The **returnValue** must be refer to the element order of localization Gameobject as I said upon.

Use localization in game

Just call like:

```
xxx.text = Localization.Instance.GetString("phasename");
```

Publish to appstore

Ready Dotween

As unity disallow uploading package including other package on store(even free).You should delete the minimal dotween dll and upload the full dotween package from official site manually.

Be easy,it is easy. Just follow the steps

1.find .../scripts/tools/tweentool

there are 3 dll files in it.

2.Delete this folder

3.download dotween from the url or search dotween in asset store

<http://dotween.demigiant.com/download.php>

4.Import dotween asset package

5.unity menu:"tools-dotween utility panel"

6 click setup dotween.

If you are using plugin such as Ads.

Before reading this page. You required at least very familiar of how to publishing to appstore. Otherwise please read related tutorials by apple first.

When you compile the xcode project exported by unity. You should make sure the following frameworks were included in your project.

And here is the list, please require these following frameworks manually.

Select **targets** first,on **Build phases-link binary with librairaies**

[Libsqlite3.tbd](#)

[Security.framework](#)

[Libz.1.2.5.tbd](#)

[Messengui.framework](#)

[Mobilecoreservices.framework](#)

[Glkit.framework](#)

[Adsupport.framework](#)

[Mediatoolbox.framework](#)

All these can be find directly in xcode.

If you need admob download Admob framework and add [GoogleMobileAds.framework](#) frame into project file first.

You can download [here](#)

The other thing is the bitcode. You need to turn it off before your achieve. In **build settings** , search **Enable Bitcode** , Set it to **NO**.

Admob Ads are not included in this asset. For simple job, you can download assets like “very simple ads” from asset store.

Basic knowleage must know

build and submit a game on app store with unity.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=C3izqF6h_aY

build and apk on android platform

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0eK3vPbYNqk>

create iap on goolgeplay

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KBcOjMI6WVo>

create iap on apple console(please ignore code part)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YHGlij_stpk

How to get support

Contact to us [E-mail](#)

Remember attach your invoice otherwise there would not be my reply.

NOV 14	Unity Technologies ApS Payment
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Paid with
PayPal balance

Transaction ID
33A

Seller information
Unity Technologies ApS
+45 70301303
<http://unity3d.com>
support@unity3d.com

Invoice ID
2006

The invoice you can get from your paypal account records.

If you do not have a invoice. Grab some **screenshot** to confirm your buy successful flow is also ok.

If you want support our work or feel interested in other assets, take a look at [More Games](#)

