Iris Flower Classification with Machine Learning

```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score

data = pd.read_csv('/content/Iris.csv')
```

First five Values

print (iris.head())

→ *		Id	SepalLengthCm	SepalWidthCm	PetalLengthCm	PetalWidthCm	Species
	0	1	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
	1	2	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
	2	3	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	Iris-setosa
	3	4	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	Iris-setosa
	4	5	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa

Last Five Values

print (iris.tail())

₹		Id	SepalLengthCm	SepalWidthCm	PetalLengthCm	PetalWidthCm	\
	145	146	6.7	3.0	5.2	2.3	
	146	147	6.3	2.5	5.0	1.9	
	147	148	6.5	3.0	5.2	2.0	
	148	149	6.2	3.4	5.4	2.3	
	149	150	5.9	3.0	5.1	1.8	

Species 145 Iris-virginica 146 Iris-virginica 147 Iris-virginica 148 Iris-virginica 149 Iris-virginica

Statistics

print(iris.describe())

Id SepalLengthCm SepalWidthCm PetalLengthCm PetalWidthCm count 150.000000 150.000000 150.000000 150.000000 150.000000

```
75.500000
                       5.843333
                                     3.054000
                                                    3.758667
                                                                 1.198667
mean
       43.445368
                       0.828066
                                     0.433594
                                                   1.764420
                                                                 0.763161
std
                                     2.000000
        1.000000
                       4.300000
                                                   1.000000
                                                                 0.100000
       38.250000
                       5.100000
                                     2.800000
                                                    1.600000
                                                                 0.300000
       75.500000
                       5.800000
                                     3.000000
                                                    4.350000
                                                                 1.300000
      112.750000
75%
                       6.400000
                                     3.300000
                                                    5.100000
                                                                 1.800000
max
      150.000000
                       7.900000
                                     4.400000
                                                    6.900000
                                                                 2.500000
```

```
print("Target Labels", iris["Species"].unique())

Target Labels ['Iris-setosa' 'Iris-versicolor' 'Iris-virginica']
```

Separate features (X) and target variable (y)

```
X = data[['SepalLengthCm', 'SepalWidthCm', 'PetalLengthCm', 'PetalWidthCm']]
y = data['Species']
```

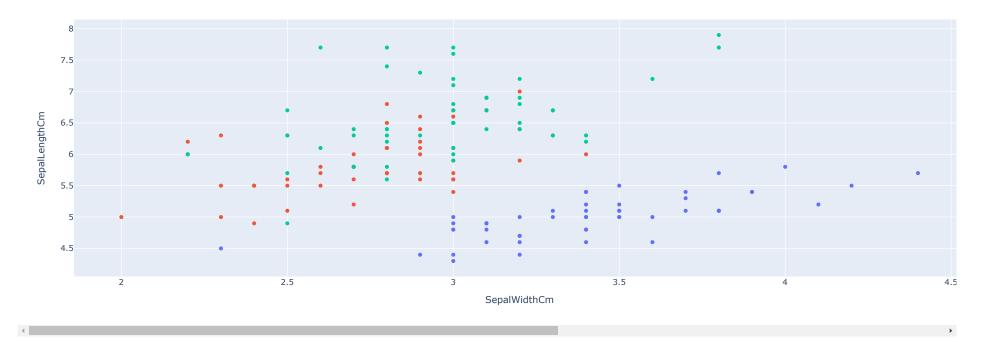
Split the data into training and testing sets

```
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
```

Scatter Plot

```
import plotly.express as px
fig = px.scatter(iris, x="SepalWidthCm", y="SepalLengthCm", color="Species")
fig.show()
```





KNN Clasification Aligorithm

```
x = iris.drop("Species", axis=1)
y = iris["Species"]
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y,
                                                     test size=0.2,
                                                     random_state=0)
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=1)
knn.fit(x_train, y_train)
\overline{\mathbf{T}}
              KNeighborsClassifier
     KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=1)
x_{new} = np.array([[5, 2.9, 1, 0.2,6]])
prediction = knn.predict(x_new)
print("Prediction: {}".format(prediction))
→ Prediction: ['Iris-setosa']
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/base.py:465: UserWarning:
     X does not have valid feature names, but KNeighborsClassifier was fitted with feature names
```

Train the model

```
model.fit(X_train, y_train)

→ LogisticRegression
LogisticRegression()
```

Make predictions on the test set

```
y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
```

Evaluate the model

```
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
print("Accuracy:", accuracy)

Accuracy: 0.3
```

Decision Tree model

Train the model

```
dt_model.fit(X_train, y_train)

**DecisionTreeClassifier()

DecisionTreeClassifier()
```

Make predictions on the test set

```
dt_y_pred = dt_model.predict(X_test)
```

Evaluate the model

Support Vector Machine model

Random Forest model

```
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier

rf_model = RandomForestClassifier()

rf_model.fit(X_train, y_train)

rf_y_pred = rf_model.predict(X_test)

rf_accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, rf_y_pred)

print("Random Forest Accuracy:", rf_accuracy)
Random Forest Accuracy: 0.3
```

Naive Bayes model

```
nb_model = GaussianNB()
nb_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
nb_y_pred = nb_model.predict(X_test)
nb_accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, nb_y_pred)
nrint("Naive Bayes Accuracy." nb_accuracy)
```

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