

Question 2 [6+2+4 = 12 Marks]

A. Consider the following array:

wordArray WORD 810Dh, 0C064h, 93ABh

Note: Write the updated values of wordArray in the respective block, not the code.

a) Shift three memory words to the left by 1 bit position.

81 0D  
1000 0001 0000 1101  
CF=1 0000 0010 0001 1010 ← ans  
C0 64  
1100 0000 0110 0100  
CF=1 1000 0000 1100 1000 ← ans  
93 AB  
1001 0011 1010 1011  
CF=1 0010 0111 0101 0110 ← ans

b) Logical Shift Right three memory words by 1 bit position.

81 0D  
1000 0001 0000 1101  
0100 0000 1000 0110 CF=1  
C0 64  
1100 0000 0110 0100  
0110 0000 0011 0010 CF=0  
93 AB  
1001 0011 1010 1011  
0100 1001 1101 0101 CF=1  
← ans

B. Suppose the instruction set contained no rotate instructions. Show how we might use SHR and a conditional jump instruction to rotate the contents of the AL register one position to the right.

.data  
arr 8 dup(0)  
L1:  
code  
mov cx, 8  
mov si, offset arr  
shr al, 1  
mov [si], 0  
jnc next  
mov [si], 1

next:  
inc si  
loop L1

MOV AL, 5, AL = 0000 0101  
1000 0010 CF=1  
0101  
0 0101 CF=1  
0 0010 CF=0  
0 0010 CF=1  
0 0000 CF=0

C. To multiply  $eax * 29$ , how many shift left operations are required. Write how the multiplier (29) is factored?

$$\Rightarrow EAX * (16 + 8 + 4 + 1)$$

$$= (EAX * 2^4) + (EAX * 2^3) + (EAX * 2^2) + (EAX * 2^0)$$

$$\text{Shifts required} = 4 + 3 + 2 + 0 = 9$$

MOV EBX, EAX  
MOV ECX, EAX  
MOV EDX, EAX

SHL EAX, 4  
SHL EBX, 3

SHL ECX, 2  
ADD EAX, EBX  
ADD EAX, ECX  
ADD EAX, EDX

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Question 1 [10 Marks]

Update Flag register value after execution of the CMP statement. Mark ✓ in taken or not taken box for each jump instruction respectively.

Instructions	Taken	Not Taken
Mov al, 72		
Cmp al, -15		
Ja L1	✓	✓
L1: jg L2	✓	✓
L2: jnb L3	✓	✓
L3: jnge L4	✓	✓
L4: jbe L5	✓	✓
L5: jng L7	✓	✓
L6: jmp end	✓	
L7:		
End:		

Flags	Sign	0
	Zero	0
	Carry	1
	Overflow	0
	Parity	0
	Auxiliary	0

Calculations:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 FF \\
 14 \rightarrow 16 \times 16 \\
 0048 \\
 \oplus FFF1 \\
 \hline
 0057
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 0101 \quad 0111
 \end{array}$$

JG/JNLE	ZF = 0 and SF = OF
JGE/JNL	SF = OF
JL/JNGE	SF < OF
JLE/JNG	(ZF = 1) or (SF < OF)
JA/JNBE	(CF and ZF) = 0
JAE/JNB	CF = 0
JB/JNAE/JC	CF = 1
JBE/JNA	(CF or ZF) = 1
JL/JZ	ZF = 1

Greater / Not Less nor Equal
Grater or Equal / Not Less
Less / Not Greater nor Equal
Less or equal / not greater
Above / Not Below or Equal
Above or Equal / Not Below
Below / Not Above or Equal / Carry
Below or Equal / Not Above
Equal / Zero

Question 2 [6+10 Marks]

(a) Update flags(carry, overflow, auxiliary, parity and zero flag) after following operations:

1) 75BDh + FEFEh

[3 Marks]

$$\begin{array}{r}
 000 \\
 75BD \\
 + FEFE \\
 \hline
 74BB
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 CF = 1 \\
 OF = 0 \\
 AF = 1 \\
 PF = 1 \\
 ZF = 0 \\
 SF = 0
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 16 \sqrt{213} \\
 -16 \\
 \hline
 27
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 16 \sqrt{27} \\
 -16 \\
 \hline
 11
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 16 \sqrt{20} \\
 -16 \\
 \hline
 4
 \end{array}$$



2) 12B0h - 8347h

16 16 16 16  
12B0  
- 8347  
-----  
8F69  
0110 1001

[3 Marks]

CF = 1  
OF = 1  
AF = 1  
PF = 1  
ZF = 0  
SF = 1

- (b) You may use jumps for the conversion of **IF ELSE** statement and **WHILE** loop. Write proper data segment for initializing variables used in code and code segment for writing code. [10 marks]

Note: all variables are 16-bit unsigned integers.

```
Int array[ ]={10,60,20,33,72};
Int index=0;
Int sample=40;
var1=10;
array_size=sizeof array/sizeof sample;
while(index<array_size){
    if(array[index]<sample)
    {
        var1= var1+1;
        index++;
    }
    else
    {
        Index--;
    }
}
```

• Model Small  
• Stack 100h

• data

array dw 10,60,20,33,72  
index dw 0  
sample dw 40  
var1 dw 10

• code

cmp index,array\_size  
jae exit ; start loop  
cmp [array+index],sample  
jae elsecond ; not less than  
add var1,1  
add index,1  
jmp startloop

je else cond  
sub index,1

```

mov     bx, sizeof array
startloop: cmp     index, bx
          jae     exit
          mov     ax, WORD PTR (array + index)
          cmp     ax, sample
          jae     else cond
          add     var1, 1
          add     index, 1
          jmp     startloop
    
```

if part

else cond:  
sub index, 1  
jmp start loop

exit:  
mov ah, 4ch  
int 21h

Question 3 [20+6+4=30 Marks]

(a) Consider the following data declaration and fill instruction after every instruction.

Assume all registers have zero value at the start of execution of code. Also fill memory of these data declaration [20 marks]

```

L1 LABEL BYTE
L2 LABEL WORD
L3 DD 66ab77efh, 2, 3, 4, 5
L4 LABEL WORD
Byte1 SBYTE -4, -2, 3, 1
L6 db sizeof L3 DUP(type Byte1 DUP(1))
    
```

FF 02 10 1  
4 - 04 FB 1  
(-2) -> (FE) (FC) -> (-4)

Mov AL, L1	AL=	ef	✓
Mov AX, L4	AX=	FE FC	✓
Mov AX, (L4+2)	AX=	01 03	✓
Mov BL, SIZEOF L3	BL=	20	(in hex = 14) ✓
Mov BH, BYTE PTR (L3 + 1)	BH=	77	✓
Mov CL, (L1+2)	CL=	ab	✓
Mov BX, L2	BX=	77 ef	✓
Mov AX, sizeof L6	AX=	00 20	(in hex = 00 14) ✓
Mov DX, (L2+4)	DX=	00 02	✓
Mov esi, Offset L3	AX=	XX XX	(garbage) ✓
Mov ax, [esi-4]			



	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	0A	0B	0C	0D	0E	0F
0000	ef	77	ab	66	02	00	00	08	03	00	00	00	04	00	00	00
0010	05	00	00	00	fc	fe	03	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01
0020	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01			

(b) Find the values of SizeOf, LengthOf and Type operators. [6 marks]

.data	SizeOf	LengthOf	Type
V1 byte 11,22,33,44,55	5	5	1
V2 word 15 Dup(0),5,7	34	17	2
V3 dword 4 Dup(10 Dup(4))	160	40	4
V4 word 1,2,3,4,5,6, 7,8,8 Word 7,8,6,9,8,9	18	9	2

(c) Write a code that adds v1 and v2 and store result in sum. Your code should be x86 architecture.

[4 marks]

.data

V1 db -5

V2 dw 0FFFC

Sum dw 0

.code

```
mov ax, TYPE V1
add ax, V2
mov sum, ax
```

Question 4 [4 marks]  
Update value of registers after each line of code.

Bval1 db 034h, 022h

Wval2 dw 0ABCDh

Dval3 dd 0AB22EF12h

Mov ax, WORD PTR bval1

Mov al, BYTE PTR wval2

Mov bx, WORD PTR dval3

Mov cx, WORD PTR [dval3+2]

Ax  
Ax  
Bx  
Cx

H L

22	34
22	CD
EF	12
AB	22

4

01	34	} bval1
02	22	
03	CD	} wval2
04	AB	
05	12	} dval3