

1) Given  $\|x+y\| \leq \|x\| + \|y\|$

let  $x = x-y$  and  $y = y$

$$\|x-y+y\| \leq \|x-y\| + \|y\|$$

$$\Rightarrow \|x\| \leq \|x-y\| + \|y\|$$

$$\Rightarrow \|x-y\| \geq \|x\| - \|y\|.$$

Hence Proved

2) In MDP  $V_{\pi}(s) = E \left[ \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^t r(s_t, a_t) \right]$  For any policy  $\pi$

$$r(s_t, a_t) \leq |r(s_t, a_t)| \leq \max_{s,a} (|r(s_t, a_t)|)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\Rightarrow E \left[ \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^t \cdot r(s_t, a_t) \right] &\leq E \left[ \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^t \cdot \max_{s,a} (|r(s_t, a_t)|) \right] \\
&= E \left[ \max_{s,a} (|r(s_t, a_t)|) \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^t \right] \\
&= E \left[ \max_{s,a} (|r(s_t, a_t)|) \cdot \frac{1}{1-\gamma} \right] \\
&\quad \left[ \text{As } \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^t = \frac{1}{1-\gamma} \quad \gamma < 1 \right] \\
&= \frac{\max_{s,a} |r(s, a)|}{1-\gamma} \quad * \text{ estimation of a constant is also a constant.}
\end{aligned}$$

Therefore, for any  $\pi$  and  $s$

$$\sup_{\pi} \|V_{\pi}(s)\|_{\infty} \leq \frac{\max_{s,a} |r(s, a)|}{1-\gamma} \quad * \text{ Superior of a constant is also a constant.}$$

3) We have  $v_1 \geq v_2$  element-wise

$$\Rightarrow v_1(s) \geq v_2(s)$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{s'} P(s'|s, a) v_1(s') \geq \sum_{s'} P(s'|s, a) v_2(s')$$

$$\Rightarrow \gamma \sum_{s'} P(s'|s, a) v_1(s') \geq \gamma \sum_{s'} P(s'|s, a) v_2(s') \quad [\text{As } \gamma > 0]$$

$$\Rightarrow \underbrace{\max \left( r(s, a) + \gamma \sum_{s'} P(s'|s, a) v_1(s') \right)}_{(Tv_1)(s)} \geq \underbrace{\max \left( r(s, a) + \gamma \sum_{s'} P(s'|s, a) v_2(s') \right)}_{(Tv_2)(s)}$$

$$\Rightarrow (Tv_1)(s) \geq (Tv_2)(s)$$

\* Therefore, if  $v_1 \geq v_2$  element-wise  $(Tv_1)(s) \geq (Tv_2)(s)$ .

\* Hence Bellman operator  $T$  is monotone.

4) Let  $u, v \in \mathbb{R}^n$

$$\|Au - Av\|_{\infty} = \|A(u-v)\|_{\infty} = \max_{i, 1 \leq i \leq n} \left| \sum_{j=1}^n a_{ij} (u_j - v_j) \right|$$

$$[\text{we know } |\sum x y| \leq \sum |x y| = \sum |x| |y|]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \max_{i, 1 \leq i \leq n} \left| \sum_{j=1}^n a_{ij} (u_j - v_j) \right| &\leq \max_{i, 1 \leq i \leq n} \sum_{j=1}^n |a_{ij}| |u_j - v_j| \\ &\leq \max_{i, 1 \leq i \leq n} \sum_{j=1}^n |a_{ij}| (\|u - v\|_{\infty}) \\ &= \max_{i, 1 \leq i \leq n} \|u - v\|_{\infty} \cdot \underbrace{\sum_{j=1}^n |a_{ij}|}_{\leq \alpha} \\ &\leq \alpha \|u - v\|_{\infty} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \|Au - Av\| \leq \alpha \|u - v\|_{\infty}$$

Hence  $f(u) = Au \quad \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is a contraction mapping with respect to  $\|\cdot\|_{\infty}$

5) Given  $g_1: U \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ,  $g_2: U \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ . Need to prove

$$|\max_u g_1(u) - \max_u g_2(u)| \leq \max_u |g_1(u) - g_2(u)|$$

$$\begin{aligned} \max_x (g_1(x)) &= \max_x (g_1(x) + g_2(x) - g_2(x)) \\ &= \max_x (g_2(x) + (g_1(x) - g_2(x))) \end{aligned}$$

$$a+b \leq a+|b|$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \max_x (g_1(x)) &\leq \max_x (g_2(x) + |g_1(x) - g_2(x)|) \\ &= \max_x (g_2(x)) + \max_x (|g_1(x) - g_2(x)|) \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \max_x (g_1(x)) - \max_x (g_2(x)) \leq \max_x (|g_1(x) - g_2(x)|) \quad \text{--- ①}$$

Similarly,

$$\begin{aligned}\max_x (g_2(x)) &= \max_x (g_2(x) + g_1(x) - g_1(x)) \\ &\leq \max_x (g_1(x) + |g_2(x) - g_1(x)|)\end{aligned}$$

$$|a - b| = |b - a|$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Rightarrow \max_x (g_2(x)) &\leq \max_x (g_1(x) + |g_1(x) - g_2(x)|) \\ &= \max_x (g_1(x)) + \max_x (|g_1(x) - g_2(x)|)\end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \max_x (g_2(x)) - \max_x (g_1(x)) \leq \max_x (|g_1(x) - g_2(x)|)$$

└ ②

From equation 1 and 2 we can write

$$\boxed{|\max_x (g_1(x)) - \max_x (g_2(x))| \leq \max_x (|g_1(x) - g_2(x)|)}$$

Hence Proved.

6)

a) Given  $V_{k+1} = TV_k$ ,  $n > m$  need to prove

$$\|V_m - V_n\|_{\infty} \leq \frac{\gamma^m}{1-\gamma} \|V_0 - V_1\|_{\infty}$$

$$\|V_k - V_{k+1}\|_{\infty} = \|TV_{k-1} - TV_k\|_{\infty}$$

As Bellman operator  $T$  is a contraction mapping we can write

$$\|TV_{k-1} - TV_k\|_{\infty} \leq \gamma \|V_{k-1} - V_k\|_{\infty} \quad [\text{for } \gamma < 1]$$

$$\Rightarrow \|V_k - V_{k+1}\| \leq \gamma \|V_{k-1} - V_k\|_{\infty}$$

$$= \gamma \|TV_{k-2} - TV_{k-1}\|_{\infty}$$

$$\leq \gamma \cdot \gamma \|V_{k-2} - V_{k-1}\|_{\infty}$$

⋮

$$\vdots$$

$$\leq \gamma^k \|v_0 - v_1\|_\infty$$

$$\Rightarrow \|v_k - v_{k+1}\| \leq \gamma^k \|v_0 - v_1\|_\infty$$

And

$$\|v_m - v_n\|_\infty = \|v_m - v_{m+1} + v_{m+1} - v_{m+2} + v_{m+2} - \dots - v_n\|_\infty$$

$$\leq \|v_m - v_{m+1}\| + \|v_{m+1} - v_{m+2}\| + \dots + \|v_{n-1} - v_n\|$$

$$\left[ \|a+b\| \leq \|a\| + \|b\| \right]$$

$$= \sum_{k=m}^{n-1} \|v_k - v_{k+1}\|_\infty$$

$$\leq \sum_{k=m}^{n-1} \gamma^k \|v_0 - v_1\|_\infty$$

$$\leq \|v_0 - v_1\|_\infty \cdot \sum_{k=m}^{n-1} \gamma^k$$

$$= \|v_0 - v_1\|_\infty \cdot \frac{\gamma^m (1 - \gamma^{n-m})}{(1 - \gamma)}$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{l} 1 - \gamma^{n-m} < 1 \\ \Rightarrow \frac{\gamma^m (1 - \gamma^{n-m})}{1 - \gamma} < \frac{\gamma^m}{1 - \gamma} \end{array} \right]$$



$$\leq \|v_0 - v_1\|_{\infty} \cdot \frac{\gamma^m}{(1-\gamma)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \|v_m - v_n\|_{\infty} \leq \frac{\gamma^m}{(1-\gamma)} \|v_0 - v_1\|_{\infty}$$

Hence proved.

b) According to value iteration  $v_0$  converges to  $v^*$ .

$$\Rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} v_n = v^*$$

As  $n = \infty > m$

$$\|v_m - v^*\|_{\infty} \leq \frac{\gamma^m}{1-\gamma} \|v_0 - v_1\|_{\infty}$$

$$c) \quad v_{k+1} = T v_k$$

$$\Rightarrow \|v_m - v^*\|_\infty = \|T v_{m-1} - T v^*\|_\infty$$

$$[T v^* = v^*]$$

$$\|T v_{m-1} - T v^*\|_\infty \leq \gamma \|v_{m-1} - v^*\|_\infty \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{convergence} \\ \text{property} \end{array} \right]$$

$$= \gamma \|v_{m-1} - v_m + v_m - v^*\|_\infty$$

$$\leq \gamma \left( \|v_{m-1} - v_m\|_\infty + \|v_m - v^*\|_\infty \right)$$

$$[\text{Triangle Property}]$$

$$\Rightarrow \|v_m - v^*\|_\infty \leq \gamma \|v_{m-1} - v_m\|_\infty + \gamma \|v_m - v^*\|_\infty$$

$$\|V_m - V^*\| \leq \frac{\gamma}{(1-\gamma)} \|V_{m-1} - V_m\|_\infty$$

hence proved

7) Given  $\|\bar{Q} - Q^*\|_\infty \leq \epsilon$

and  $\bar{\pi} = \operatorname{argmax}_a (\bar{Q}(s, a))$

$\Rightarrow V_{\bar{\pi}} = Q^-(s, \bar{\pi}(s))$   $[a = \bar{\pi}(s)]$

$\Rightarrow V^* = Q^*(s, \pi^*(s))$

$\Rightarrow V^* - V_{\bar{\pi}} = Q^*(s, \pi^*(s)) - Q^-(s, \bar{\pi}(s))$

$$= Q^*(s, \pi^*(s)) - Q^*(s, \bar{\pi}(s)) + Q^*(s, \bar{\pi}(s)) - Q^-(s, \bar{\pi}(s))$$

$$Q^*(s, \bar{\pi}(s)) - Q^-(s, \bar{\pi}(s)) = r(s, a) + \gamma E_{s' \sim P(s, a)} [v^*(s)] - r(s, a) - \gamma E_{s' \sim P(s, a)} [v_{\bar{\pi}}(s)]$$

$$= \gamma E_{s' \sim P(s, a)} [v^*(s) - v_{\bar{\pi}}(s)]$$

$$\leq \gamma E_{s' \sim P(s, a)} [v^*(s) - v_{\bar{\pi}}(s)] \quad [x \leq |x|]$$

$$\leq \gamma E_{s' \sim P(s, a)} [|v^*(s) - v_{\bar{\pi}}(s)|]$$

$$\leq \gamma E_{s' \sim P(s, a)} [\|v^*(s) - v_{\bar{\pi}}(s)\|_{\infty}]$$

$$= \gamma \|v^*(s) - v_{\bar{\pi}}(s)\|_{\infty}$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \|x\|_{\infty} = \max(|x|) \\ \Rightarrow |x| \leq \|x\|_{\infty} \end{array} \right]$$

$$[E[\text{constant}] = \text{constant}]$$

$$\Rightarrow Q^*(s, \bar{\pi}(s)) - Q^-(s, \bar{\pi}(s)) \leq \gamma \|v^*(s) - v_{\bar{\pi}}(s)\|_{\infty}$$

$$\Rightarrow v^* - v_{\bar{\pi}} \leq Q^*(s, \pi^*(s)) - Q^*(s, \bar{\pi}(s)) + \gamma \|v^*(s) - v_{\bar{\pi}}(s)\|_{\infty}$$

Apply superior on both sides.

$$\|v^* - v_{\bar{\pi}}\|_{\infty} \leq \|Q^*(s, \pi^*(s)) - Q^*(s, \bar{\pi}(s))\|_{\infty} + \gamma \|v^*(s) - v_{\bar{\pi}}(s)\|_{\infty}$$

$$\text{we know } \bar{Q}(s, \bar{\pi}(s)) \geq \bar{Q}(s, \pi^*(s))$$

$$\Rightarrow \|v^* - v_{\bar{\pi}}\|_{\infty} \leq \|Q^*(s, \pi^*(s)) - \bar{Q}(s, \pi^*(s)) + \bar{Q}(s, \bar{\pi}(s)) - Q^*(s, \bar{\pi}(s))\|_{\infty} + \gamma \|v^* - v_{\bar{\pi}}\|_{\infty}$$

[triangle inequality]

$$\leq \|Q^*(s, \pi^*(s)) - \bar{Q}(s, \pi^*(s))\|_{\infty} +$$

$$\|\bar{Q}(s, \bar{\pi}(s)) - Q^*(s, \bar{\pi}(s))\|_{\infty} + \gamma \|v^* - v_{\bar{\pi}}\|_{\infty}$$

$$\|v^* - v_{\bar{\pi}}\|_{\infty} \leq e + e + \gamma \|v^* - v_{\bar{\pi}}\|_{\infty} \quad [As \|\bar{Q} - Q^*\|_{\infty} \leq e]$$

$$\Rightarrow \|v^* - v_{\bar{\pi}}\|_{\infty} \leq \frac{2e}{(1-\gamma)}$$

Hence Proved

