Performance Monitoring AlwaysOn Availability Groups

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Overview

- Motivation
- How Availability Groups move data
- Impact of replication latency on availability
- Monitoring techniques
- Demo
- Dealing with replication latency



Why is this important?

- Recovery Objectives
 - Recovery Point Objective RPO
 - Recovery Time Objective RTO
- Availability
 - How much data can we lose?
 - How fast will the system fail over?
- Monitoring and Trending
 - Establish a baseline for analysis are we meeting those objectives?
 - Impact on resources
- Ownership
 - All of the components are monitored by the DBA

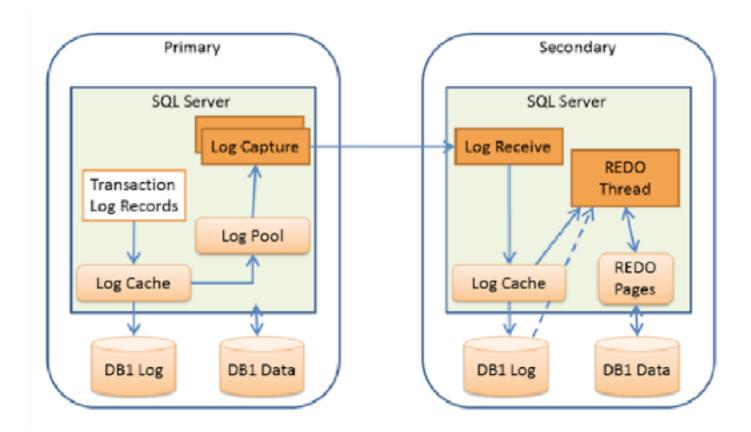


Data Movement In Availability Groups

- Transaction log blocks are replicated to secondaries
- Replication mode
 - Synchronous
 - Asynchronous
- Database mirroring endpoint



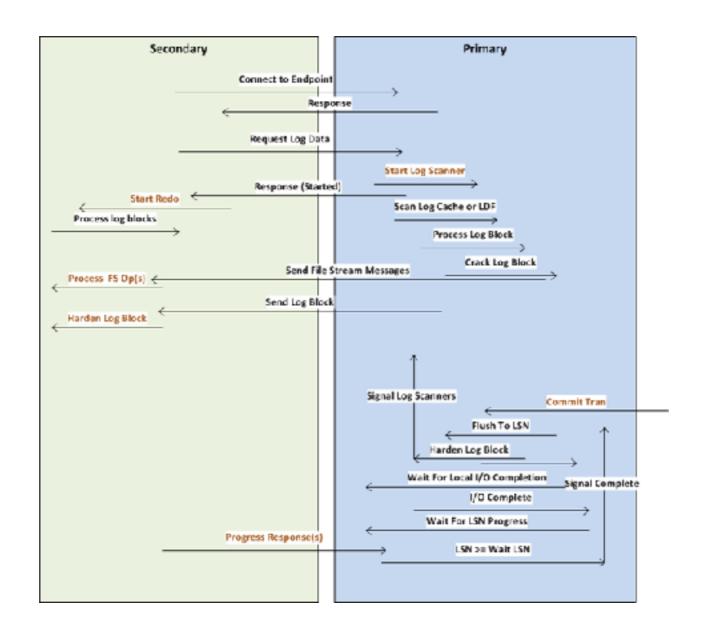
Data Movement in Availability Groups



From: SQLCAT's Guide to High Availability Disaster Recovery - http://bit.ly/1U0vsss



Synchronous Commit



From: CSS SQL Engineers Blog - http://bit.ly/1P8SzNc



Network Based Replication

- Strong working relationship with network team
 - Maintenance patching, network outages, database
- Network conditions can impact your AG's availability
 - Latency how long it takes for a packet of data to traverse the network from source to destination.
 - Bandwidth how much data can be moved in a time interval



Network Latency

- Often measured in milliseconds, sometimes microseconds
- Directly impacts network throughput
 - TCP Congestion Window
- ping isn't your best measure of latency, by default it doesn't include any load...measure your workload
- It's often up to us to PROVE to the network team there is an issue
 - · Pinging 192.168.2.1 with 32 bytes of data:
 - Reply from 192.168.2.1: bytes=32 time=1001ms TTL=128
- In synchronous mode, you have to wait for network latency



Availability Group Flow Control

- Used in response to network and system conditions
- Log blocks exchange sequence numbers
- The AG will enter flow control mode IF:
 - The primary detects too many unacknowledged messages, the primary stops sending messages
 - The secondary needs to tell the primary to back off, likely due to resource constraints, it will send a flow control message to the primary to back off
- Primary polls every 1000ms for a change in flow control state
 - Secondary will message primary to leave flow control mode

From: SQL Server PFE Blog - http://bit.ly/1ZpGyIL



Database Synchronization States

- Not synchronizing
- Synchronized
- Synchronizing
- Reverting
- Initializing

https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff877972.aspx



Failover Modes

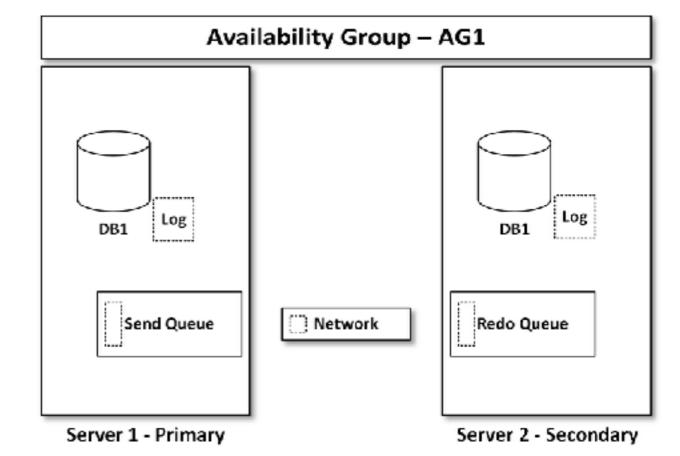
- Automatic
 - Synchronous mode only
 - Synchronization state must by synchronized
 - Commonly used within a data center
- Manual
 - Synchronous or Asynchronous
 - Commonly used between data centers

https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh213151.aspx



Send Queue

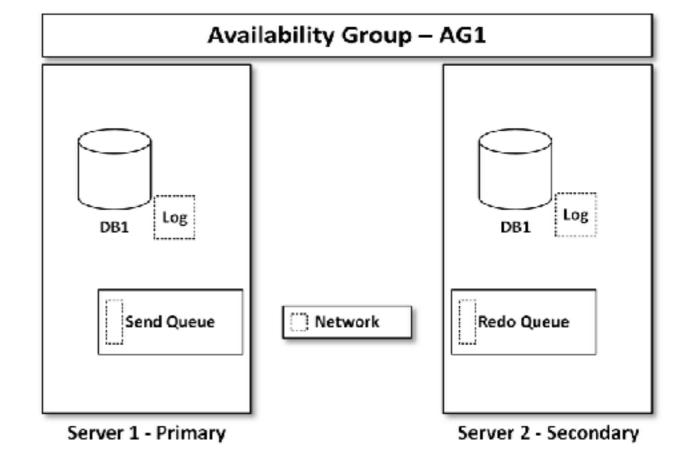
- Queues log blocks to be sent to the secondaries
- Each replica maintains it's own view of the send queue
- Queued data is as risk to data loss in the event of a primary failure
- The send queue can grow due to an unreachable secondary, network outage, network latency and large amount of data change





Redo Queue

- Queues log blocks received on the secondary
- Each replica has it's own redo queue
- On failover, the redo queue must be completely processed
- The redo queue can grow due to a slow disk subsystem or resource contention or sustained outage and subsequent reconnection of a secondary





Send Queue Impact on Availability

- When log generation on primary exceeds the rate they can be sent to the secondaries...
 - No automatic failover
 - Data loss
 - Stale data for reporting from secondaries
 - Stale data for off-loaded backups on secondaries
 - Off-loaded log backups can fail
 - Transaction delay
 - Fill up transaction logs
- Even in synchronous mode!

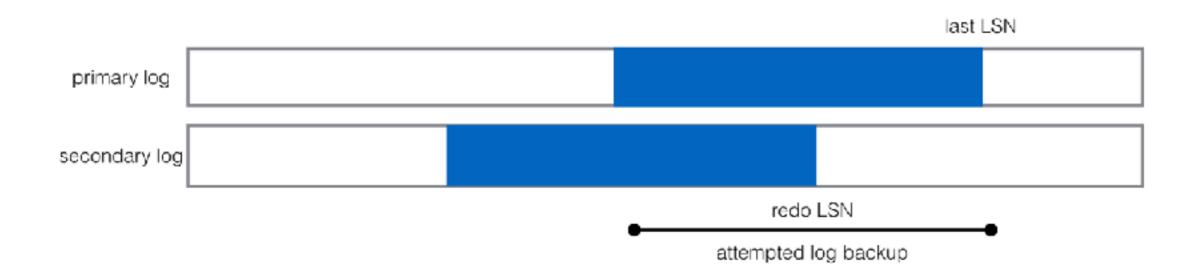


Redo Queue Impact on Availability

- When log blocks received on the secondary exceed the rate they can be processed by the redo thread...
 - Delayed failover
 - Detect failure
 - Process Redo Queue
 - Crash recover database
 - Stale data for reporting from secondaries
 - Stale data for off-loaded backups on secondaries
 - Off-loaded log backups can fail
 - Transaction delay



Log Backups





Disconnected Replica

- When a synchronous secondary exceeds it's session time-out, it changes to asynchronous commit mode
- When the secondary comes back online, it will attempt to re-sync, and resume synchronous mode
- · WRITELOG while replica is down
- HADR_SYNCHRONIZING_THROTTLE time to go from SYNCHRONIZING to SYNCHRONIZED



Transaction Delay

- In synchronous mode, when secondaries are behind, queries on the primary can be delayed
- HADR_SYNC_COMMIT
- HADR_SYNCHRONIZING_THROTTLE replica back online



Maintenance Events That Can Impact Availability

- Bulk data modifications
- Database maintenance
- Network or server maintenance

- Carefully plan maintenance
- Collaborate with other teams!



Monitoring AG Performance

- Dynamic Management Views
 - sys.dm_hadr_database_replica_states
- Perfmon Counters
 - SQL Server: Availability Replica
 - Replication data messages sent, bytes sent, flow control
 - SQL Server:Database Replica
 - Database data log bytes sent, queue sizes, transaction delay per database



Measuring Replication Latency

- sys.dm hadr database replica states
 - · log send queue size
 - log_send_rate
 - redo_queue_size
 - redo_queue_rate
- On the primary there's a row for each database on each replica
- On the secondaries there's a row for each database on that replica
- Replicas track their own values
- When a replica goes offline...
 - log_send_queue_size changes to NULL

log send queue is from primary to secondary



Measuring Replication Latency - ugh!!!

- Well, it looks like sys.dm_hadr_database_replica_states doesn't report the correct values for log_send_rate and redo_queue_rate
 - Reported on Connect
 - https://connect.microsoft.com/SQLServer/Feedback/Details/ 928582
 - Known bug in SQL Server 2012 or 2014
 - https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/kb/3012182
 - Cumulative Update 5 or better
 - Observed in SQL 2016
 - Perfmon!



Measuring Latency with Perfmon

Primary

- SQLServer:Databases Log Bytes Flushed/sec
- SQLServer: Availability Replica Bytes Sent to Replica/sec (compressed)
- Network Interface Bytes Sent/sec

Secondaries

- SQLServer: Availability Replica Bytes Received From Replica/sec (compressed)
- SQLServer:Database Replica Log Bytes Received/sec (log send rate/uncompressed)
- SQLServer:Database Replica Redone Bytes/sec (log redo rate)
- Network Interface Bytes Received/sec



Wait stats - sync vs. async

Synchronous - HADR_SYNC_COMMIT

```
sqldk.dll!XeSosPkg::wait_info::Publish+0x138
sqldk.dll!SOS_Scheduler::UpdateWaitTimeStats+0x2bc
sqldk.dll!SOS_Task::PostWait+0x9e
sqlmin.dll!EventInternal<SuspendQueueSLock>::Wait+0x1fb
sqlmin.dll!SequencedObject<LogBlockId,SequencedWaitInfo<LogBlockId>0>::WaitUntilSequenceAdvances+0x160
sqlmin.dll!HaDrCommitMgr::HardenNotifyInternal+0x1af
sqlmin.dll!HaDrCommitMgr::HardenNotify+0xac
sqlmin.dll!RecoveryUnit::NotifyHardenParticipants+0x1e2
sqlmin.dll!RecoveryUnit::HardenLog+0x217
sqlmin.dll!XdesRMFull::CommitInternal+0x6b8
sqlmin.dll!XactRM::SinglePhaseCommit+0x1a1
sqlmin.dll!XactRM::CommitInternal+0x472
```

Asynchronous - WRITELOG

```
sqldk.dll!XeSosPkg::wait_info::Publish+0x138
sqldk.dll!SOS_Scheduler::UpdateWaitTimeStats+0x2bc
sqldk.dll!SOS_Task::PostWait+0x9e
sqlmin.dll!SQLServerLogMgr::WaitLCFlush+0x219
sqlmin.dll!SQLServerLogMgr::LogFlush+0x29e
sqlmin.dll!SQLServerLogMgr::WaitLogWritten+0x17
sqlmin.dll!RecoveryUnit::HardenLog+0x25e
sqlmin.dll!XdesRMFull::CommitInternal+0x6b8
sqlmin.dll!XactRM::SinglePhaseCommit+0x1a1
sqlmin.dll!XactRM::CommitInternal+0x472
...
```



Measuring Latency with Extended Events

In SQL 2014 - SP2/2016 - SP1

Each event has a measure duration

Primary

hadr_log_block_group_commit

log_block_pushed_to_logpool

log_flush_start

hadr_log_block_compression

hadr_capture_log_block

ucs_connection_send_msg

hadr_log_block_send_complete

log flush complete

Synchronous Secondary

hadr_transport_receive_log_block_message

hadr_log_block_decompression

hadr_apply_log_block

log_block_pushed_to_logpool

log_flush_start

log_flush_complete

hadr_send_harden_lsn_message

ucs_connection_send_msg

hadr_lsn_send_complete

hadr_receive_harden_lsn_message hadr_db_commit_mgr_harden

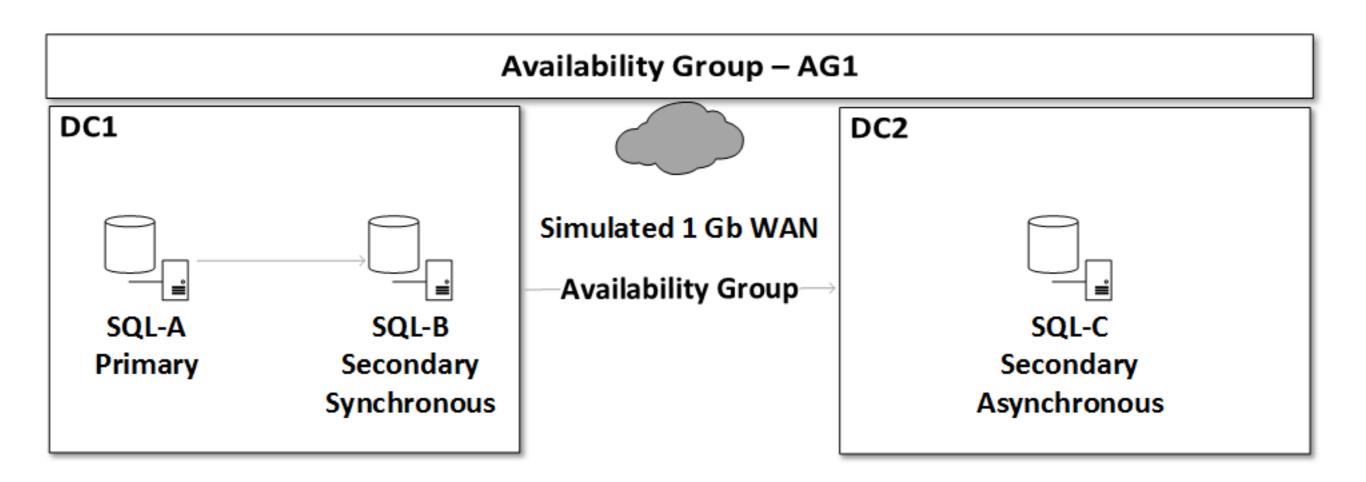


Monitoring Tools

- Build your own
- AlwaysOn Dashboard
- Third Party Tool
 - SentryOne SQL Sentry for SQL Server
 - Redgate SQL Monitor



Demo

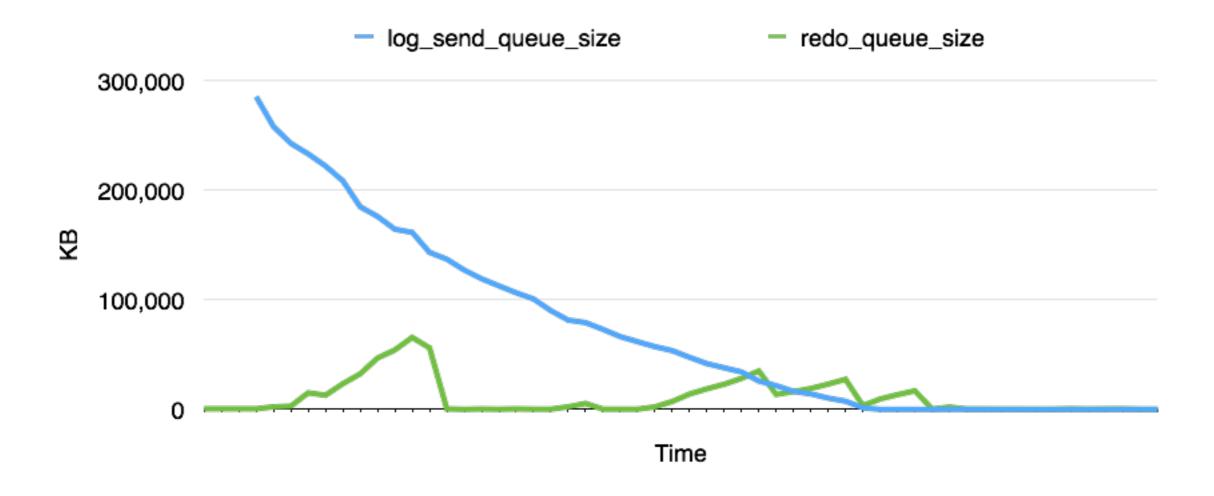




Demo

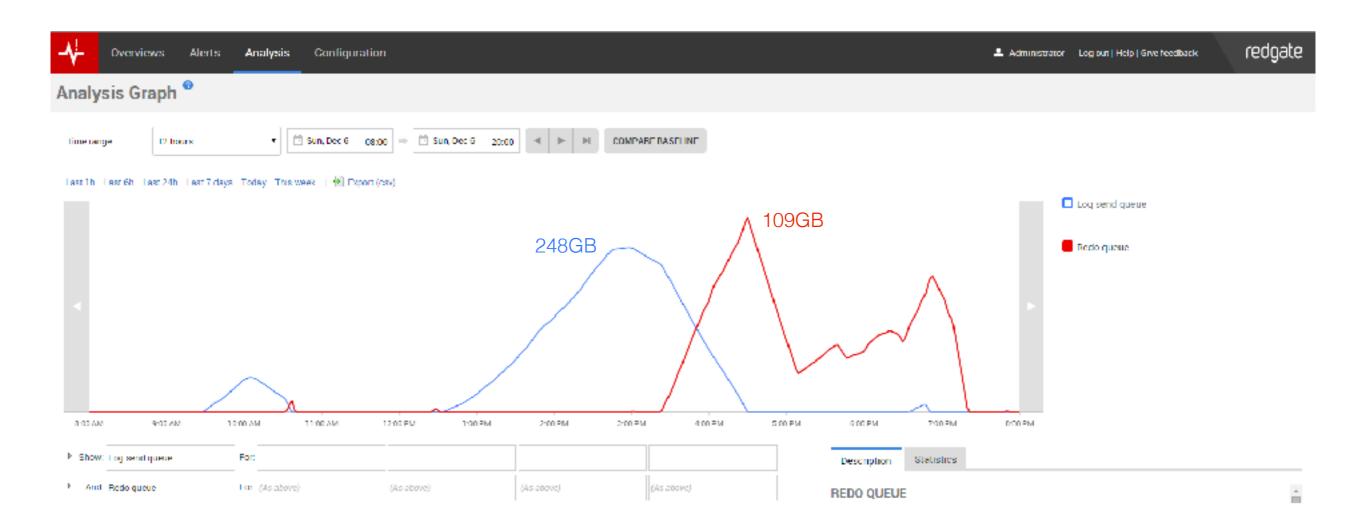


Demo





Real World Example





Dealing With Slow Replication Latency

- Identify your bottleneck and mitigate it
 - Minimize log generation
 - Use smart index maintenance/Better Indexes
 - More bandwidth
 - Perhaps a dedicated network connection
 - Better hardware
 - Log throughput on secondaries needs to be equal to primary
 - Upgrade SQL Server
 - 2012/2014 single threaded redo ~45MB/sec
 - 2016 multi-threaded redo ~600MB/sec



Key Takeaways

- It is imperative to track and trend replication latency in your Availability Groups so you can answer the questions
 - How much data can will I lose?
 - How long it will take to failover?
- Monitor and trend send_queue and redo_queue in sys.dm_hadr_database_replica_states on replicas to measure availability impact
- Understand how much log is generated in your databases
- Understand your system's operations, consider downtime for patching and network maintenance



Key Takeaways

- Plan database maintenance
- Use a smart index maintenance strategy!
- Offloaded backups
 - If availability is most important, backup on primary



Need more data or help?

http://www.centinosystems.com/blog/talks/

Links to resources

Demos

Presentation

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Solving tough business challenges with technical innovation



Questions?



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References

- http://www.centinosystems.com/blog/sql/designing-for-offloadedbackups-in-alwayson-availability-groups/
- http://www.centinosystems.com/blog/sql/designing-for-offloadedlog-backups-in-alwayson-availability-groups-monitoring/
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