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$$\begin{aligned} E_{\text{TM}}(z) &= A_T^+ e^{-jk_z z} + A_T^- e^{jk_z z} \\ H_{\text{TM}}(z) &= \frac{1}{\eta_{\text{TM}}} [A_T^+ e^{-jk_z z} - A_T^- e^{jk_z z}] \end{aligned} \quad (7.2.9)$$

$$\begin{aligned} E_{\text{TE}}(z) &= B_T^+ e^{-jk_z z} + B_T^- e^{jk_z z} \\ H_{\text{TE}}(z) &= \frac{1}{\eta_{\text{TE}}} [B_T^+ e^{-jk_z z} - B_T^- e^{jk_z z}] \end{aligned} \quad (7.2.10)$$

For TM, we have $P_z = \frac{\text{Re}[E_x H_y^*]}{2}$ and for TE, $P_z = -\frac{\text{Re}[E_y H_x^*]}{2}$.

$$P_z = \frac{1}{2\eta_T} (|E_T^+|^2 - |E_T^-|^2) \quad (7.3.17)$$

For oblique incidence, the absorption is

$$A = \frac{\omega}{2} \epsilon_0 n'' \left[\frac{|E_{\text{film}}^f|^2 (1 - e^{-2k''d})}{2k''} + \frac{|E_{\text{film}}^b|^2 (e^{2k''d} - 1)}{2k''} + \frac{\text{Re}(E_{\text{film}}^f (E_{\text{film}}^b)^*) \sin(2k'd)}{k'} \right] \quad (1.1)$$

For TM, I only have the transverse electric field. Thus, I need to use

$$A = \frac{\omega}{2 \cos^2 \theta} \epsilon_0 n'' \left[\frac{|E_{\text{film}}^f|^2 (1 - e^{-2k''d})}{2k''} + \frac{|E_{\text{film}}^b|^2 (e^{2k''d} - 1)}{2k''} + \frac{\text{Re}(E_{\text{film}}^f (E_{\text{film}}^b)^*) \sin(2k'd)}{k'} \right] \quad (1.2)$$

To normalize the absorption,

$$A = k_0 n'' \left[\frac{|E_{\text{film}}^f|^2 (1 - e^{-2k''d})}{2k''} + \frac{|E_{\text{film}}^b|^2 (e^{2k''d} - 1)}{2k''} + \frac{\text{Re}(E_{\text{film}}^f (E_{\text{film}}^b)^*) \sin(2k'd)}{k'} \right] \quad (1.3)$$

Within a given layer, absorption is an analytical function:

$$a(z) = A_1 e^{2z \text{Im}(k_z)} + A_2 e^{-2z \text{Im}(k_z)} + A_3 e^{2iz \text{Re}(k_z)} + A_3^* e^{-2iz \text{Re}(k_z)} \quad (1.4)$$

$$\int_0^d a(z) dz = \frac{A_1}{2 \text{Im}(k_z)} (e^{2d \text{Im}(k_z)} - 1) + \frac{A_2}{-2 \text{Im}(k_z)} (e^{-2d \text{Im}(k_z)} - 1) \quad (1.5)$$

$$+ \frac{A_3}{2i \text{Re}(k_z)} (e^{2id \text{Re}(k_z)} - 1) + \frac{A_3^*}{-2i \text{Re}(k_z)} (e^{-2id \text{Re}(k_z)} - 1). \quad (1.6)$$