

# Itemsets

## Mining Massive Datasets

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# Sources

- Data Mining, The Textbook (2015) by Charu Aggarwal (Chapters 4, 5) –  
slides by Lijun Zhang
- Mining of Massive Datasets 2<sup>nd</sup> edition (2014) by Leskovec et al. (Chapter 6) –  
slides
- Data Mining Concepts and Techniques, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition (2011) by Han et al. (Chapter 6)
- Introduction to Data Mining 2<sup>nd</sup> edition (2019) by Tan et al. (Chapters 5, 6) –  
slides ch5, slides ch6

# Market Basket Analysis

- Understand **customers**
  - Purchasing habits, sensitivity to price, promotions
- Understand **products**
  - Co-purchases, fast/slow movers
- Take action: promotions, store layout, ...

# Transactions contain items, which can be grouped into itemsets

- Transactions
  - Sets of items bought by customers
- The Goal
  - Determine associations between groups of items bought by customers
- Quantification of the Level of Association
  - Frequencies of sets of items
- The Discovered Sets of Items
  - Large itemsets, frequent itemsets, or frequent patterns

# “Transaction” is a general concept

Items	Transactions
Groceries	Grocery cart
University courses	Transcript of courses taken
Guests	Party
Actors	Movies
Symptoms	Patient
Streamed songs	Streaming subscriber
Words	Document
Liked photos	Instagram account

# Applications

- Supermarket Data
  - Target marketing, shelf placement
- Text Mining
  - Identifying co-occurring terms
- Generalization to Dependency-oriented Data Types
  - Web log analysis, software bug detection
- Other Major Data Mining Problems
  - Clustering, classification, and outlier analysis

# Association rules

- Generated from frequent itemsets
- Formulation  $X \Rightarrow Y$ 
  - $\{\text{Soy latte}\} \Rightarrow \{\text{Brown Sugar}\}$
  - $\{\text{Kale, Quinoa}\} \Rightarrow \{\text{Almond milk}\}$
- Applications
  - Promotion
  - Shelf placement
- Conditional Probability  $P(Y|X) = \frac{P(X \cap Y)}{P(X)}$

# Association rule mining

- $U$  is a set of  $d$  items
- $T$  is a set of  $n$  transactions  $T_1, T_2, \dots, T_n$   
with  $T_i \subseteq U$
- **Itemset**: a set of items
- **k-itemset**: a set of  $k$  items

How many different k-itemsets exist?  $2^k$



# Binary representation of a transaction

tid	Set of items	Binary representation
1	Bread, Jam, Juice	110010
2	Tofu, Juice, Tomatoes	000111
3	Bread, Strawberries, Tofu, Juice	101110
4	Tofu, Juice, Tomatoes	000111
5	Strawberries, Juice, Tomatoes	001011

# Support of an Itemset

# Definitions

- **Support of itemset  $I$** , written  $sup(I)$ :

the fraction of transactions in the database

$T = \{T_1 \dots T_n\}$  that contain  $I$  as a subset.

- **Frequent itemset mining with support minsup:**

Given a set of transactions  $T = \{T_1, \dots, T_n\}$ ,

where  $T_i \subseteq U$ , find all itemsets  $I_j$  such that  $sup(I_j) \geq minsup$

# Example

tid	Set of items
1	Bread, Jam, Juice
2	Tofu, Juice, Tomatoes
3	Bread, Strawberries, Tofu, Juice
4	Tofu, Juice, Tomatoes
5	Strawberries, Juice, Tomatoes

- $\text{sup}(\{\text{Bread, Juice}\}) = 2/5 = 0.4$
- $\text{sup}(\{\text{Strawberries, Tomatoes}\}) = 1/5 = 0.2$
- If  $\text{minsup}=0.3$ ,  $\{\text{Bread, Juice}\}$  is a frequent itemset

# Exercise: compute support

TID	Items
100	1 3 4
200	2 3 5
300	1 2 3 5
400	2 5

- Write the support of every 2-itemset and 3-itemset occurring in this database
- Indicate which are frequent itemsets if  $minsup = 1/2$



Spreadsheet links: <https://upfbarcelona.padlet.org/chato/hogch321o6pws1fd>

# Properties

- The smaller minsup is, the larger the number of frequent itemsets

Support monotonicity property:

$$\text{if } J \subseteq I, \text{sup}(J) \geq \text{sup}(I) \quad \text{WHY?}$$

# Properties

- Support monotonicity property:  
$$\text{if } J \subseteq I, \text{ sup}(J) \geq \text{sup}(I)$$
- Confusingly, some authors refer to this as the support anti-monotonicity property
- Downward closure property

Every subset of a *frequent* itemset is also *frequent*

# Closed and Maximal Itemsets



# Closed itemset

An itemset is **closed** if all itemsets containing it are **strictly less frequent**

tid	Set of items
1	Bread, Jam, Juice
2	Tofu, Juice, Tomatoes
3	Bread, Strawberries, Tofu, Juice
4	Tofu, Juice, Tomatoes
5	Strawberries, Juice, Tomatoes

Find a closed itemset in this set of transactions

# Maximal itemset

An itemset is **maximal** if:  
it is closed and  
it has support  $\geq$  minsup

tid	Set of items
1	Bread, Jam, Juice
2	Tofu, Juice, Tomatoes
3	Bread, Strawberries, Tofu, Juice
4	Tofu, Juice, Tomatoes
5	Strawberries, Juice, Tomatoes

## Exercise

Find three **maximal** frequent itemsets at minsup=0.4

*Tip: first find all frequent itemsets at minsup=0.4*

# Maximal itemset

An itemset is **maximal** if:  
it is closed and  
it has support  $\geq$  minsup

tid	Set of items
1	Bread, Jam, Juice
2	Tofu, Juice, Tomatoes
3	Bread, Strawberries, Tofu, Juice
4	Tofu, Juice, Tomatoes
5	Strawberries, Juice, Tomatoes

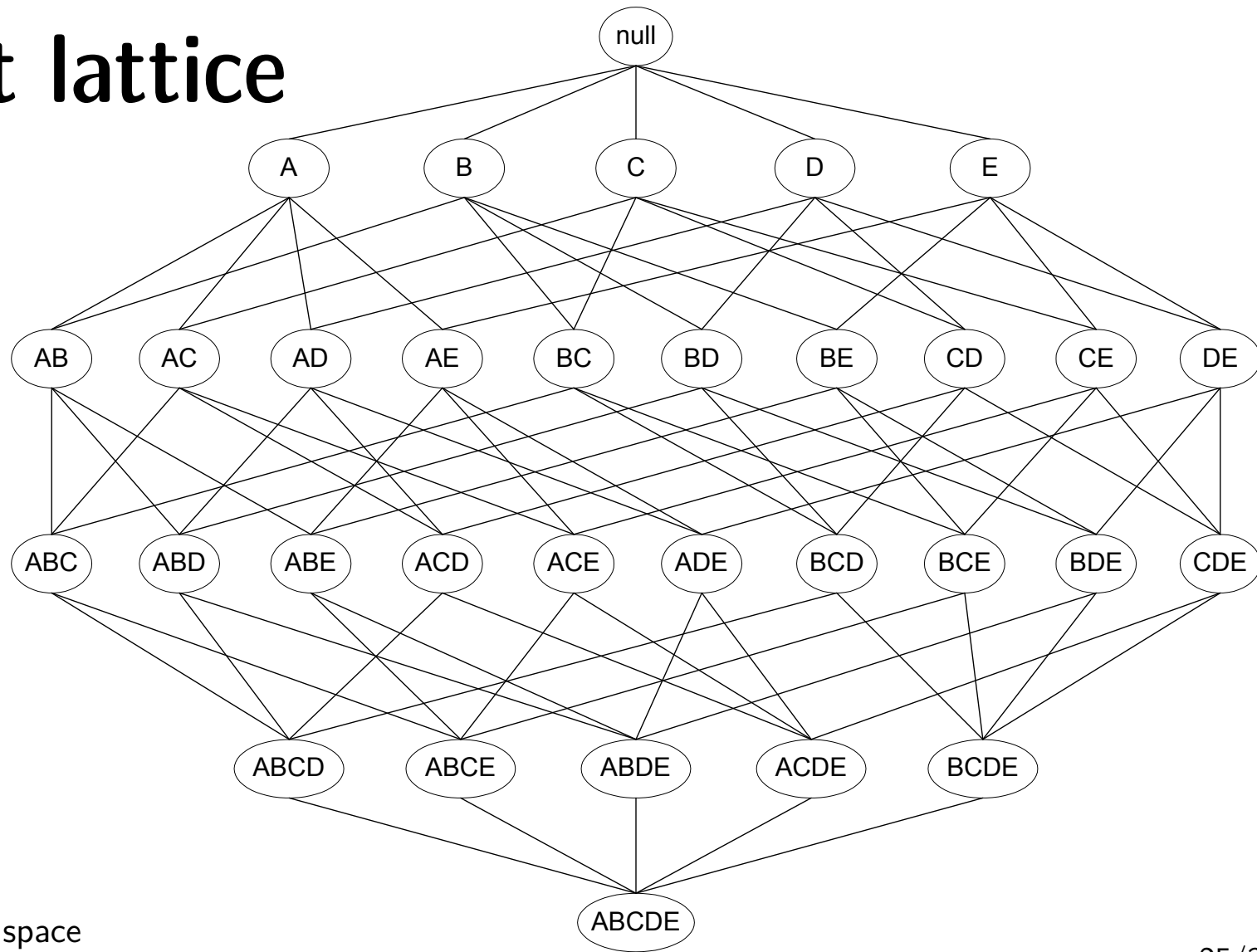
## Maximal itemsets

{Bread, Juice}, {Strawberries, Juice}, {Tofu, Juice, Tomatoes}

... are **condensed** representations of frequent patterns, but do not retain information about the support of their subsets.

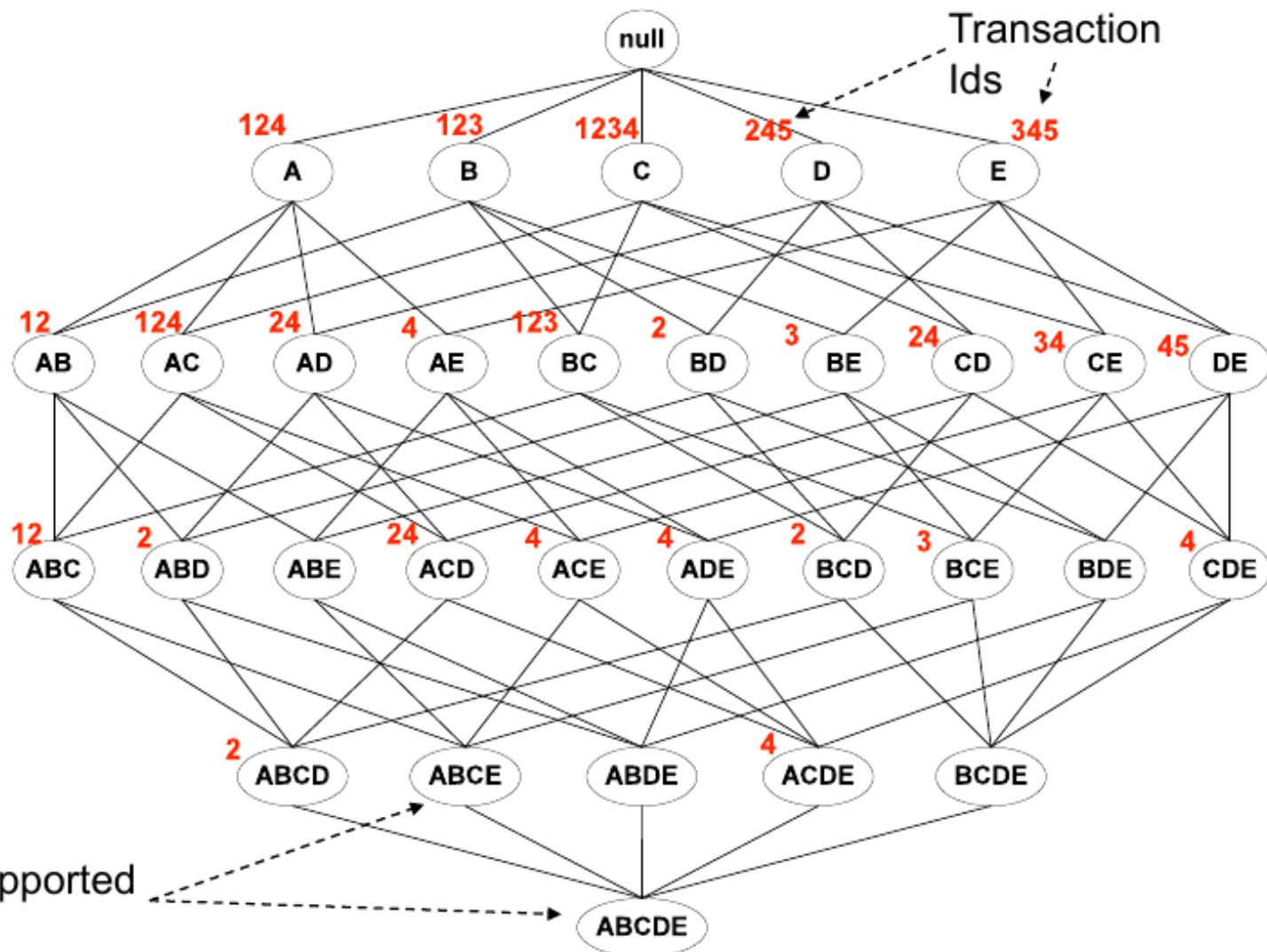
# The Itemsets Lattice

# The itemset lattice



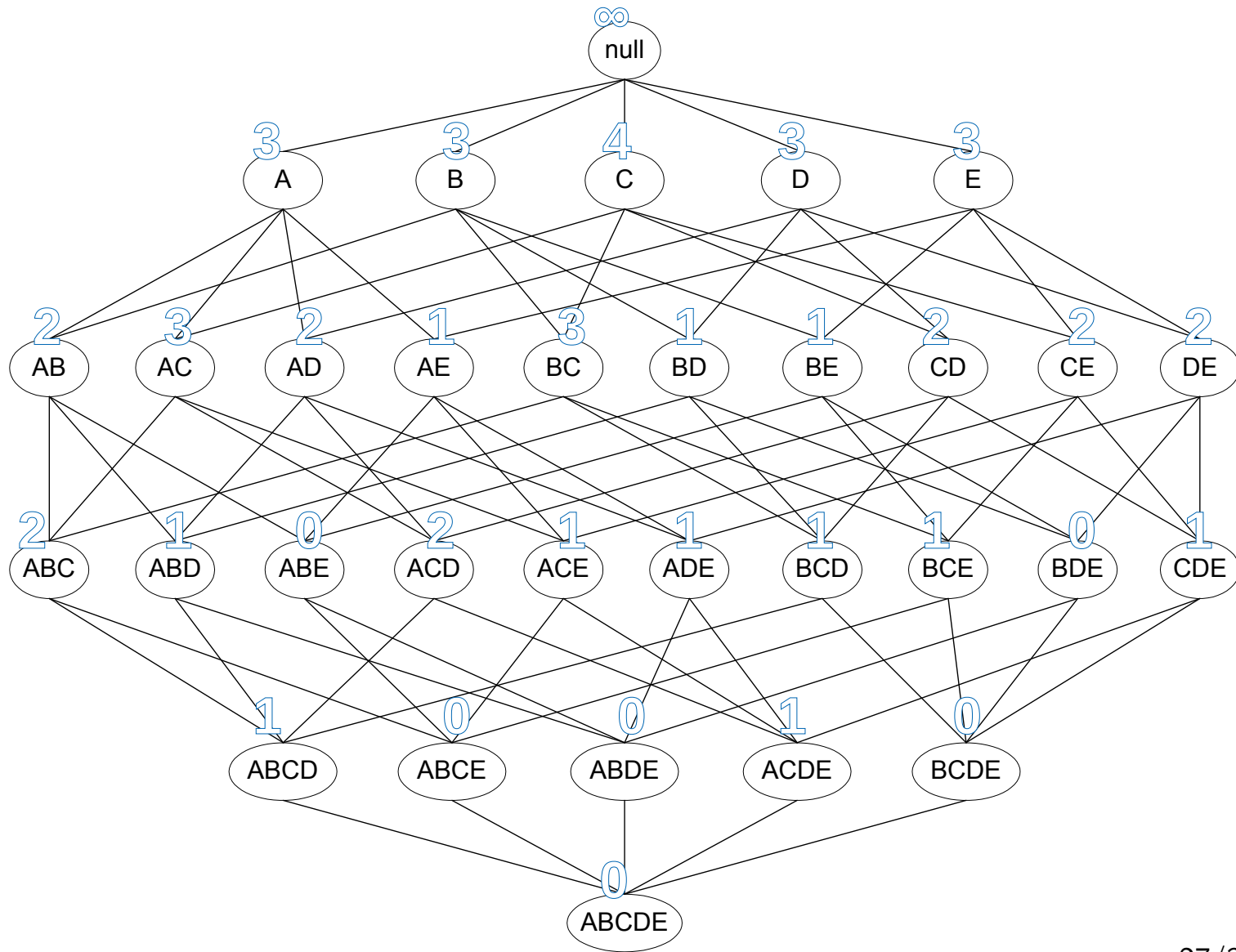
$2^{|U|}$  nodes representing search space

TID	Items
1	ABC
2	ABCD
3	BCE
4	ACDE
5	DE



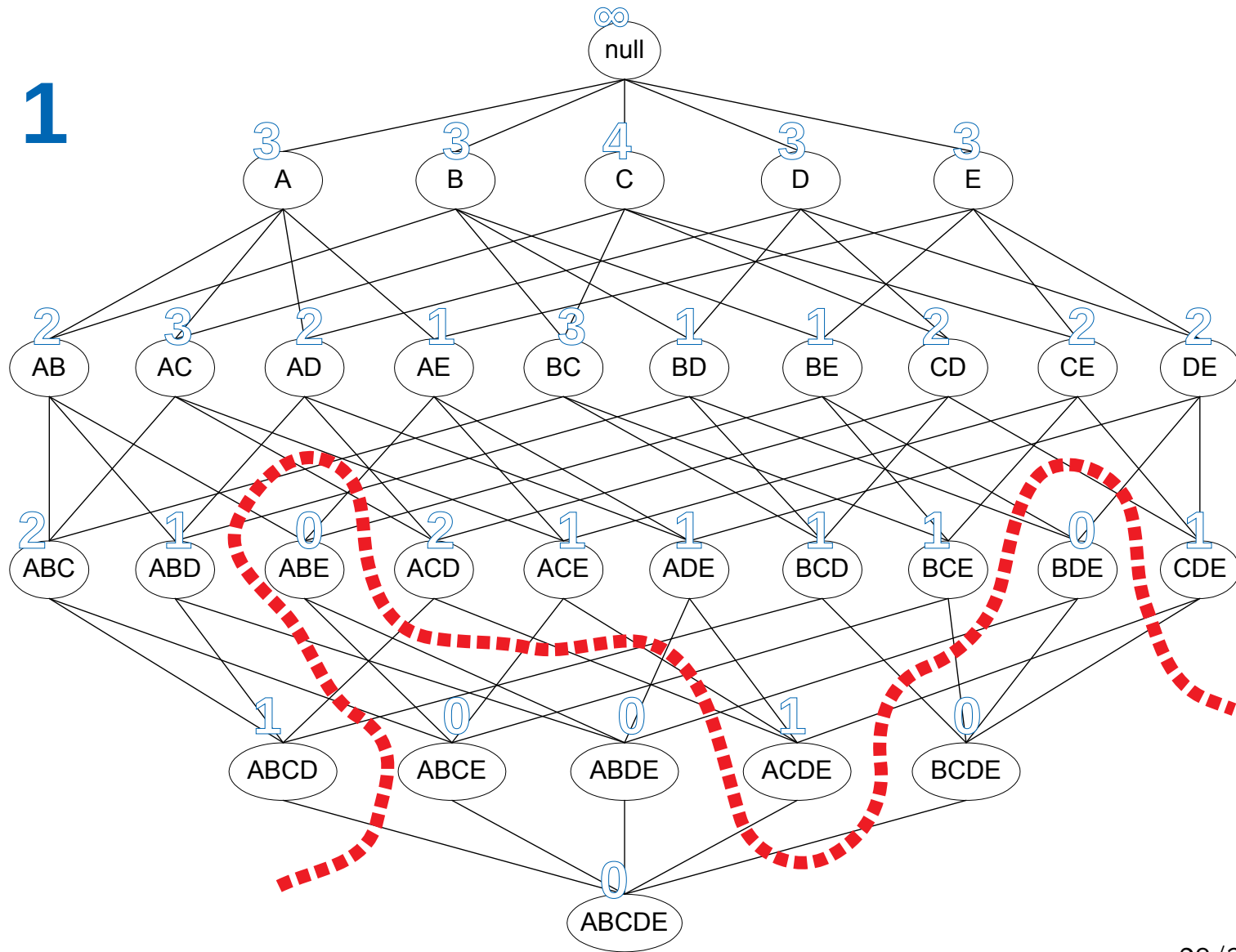
# Support of each itemset

TID	Items
1	ABC
2	ABCD
3	BCE
4	ACDE
5	DE



# minsup = 1

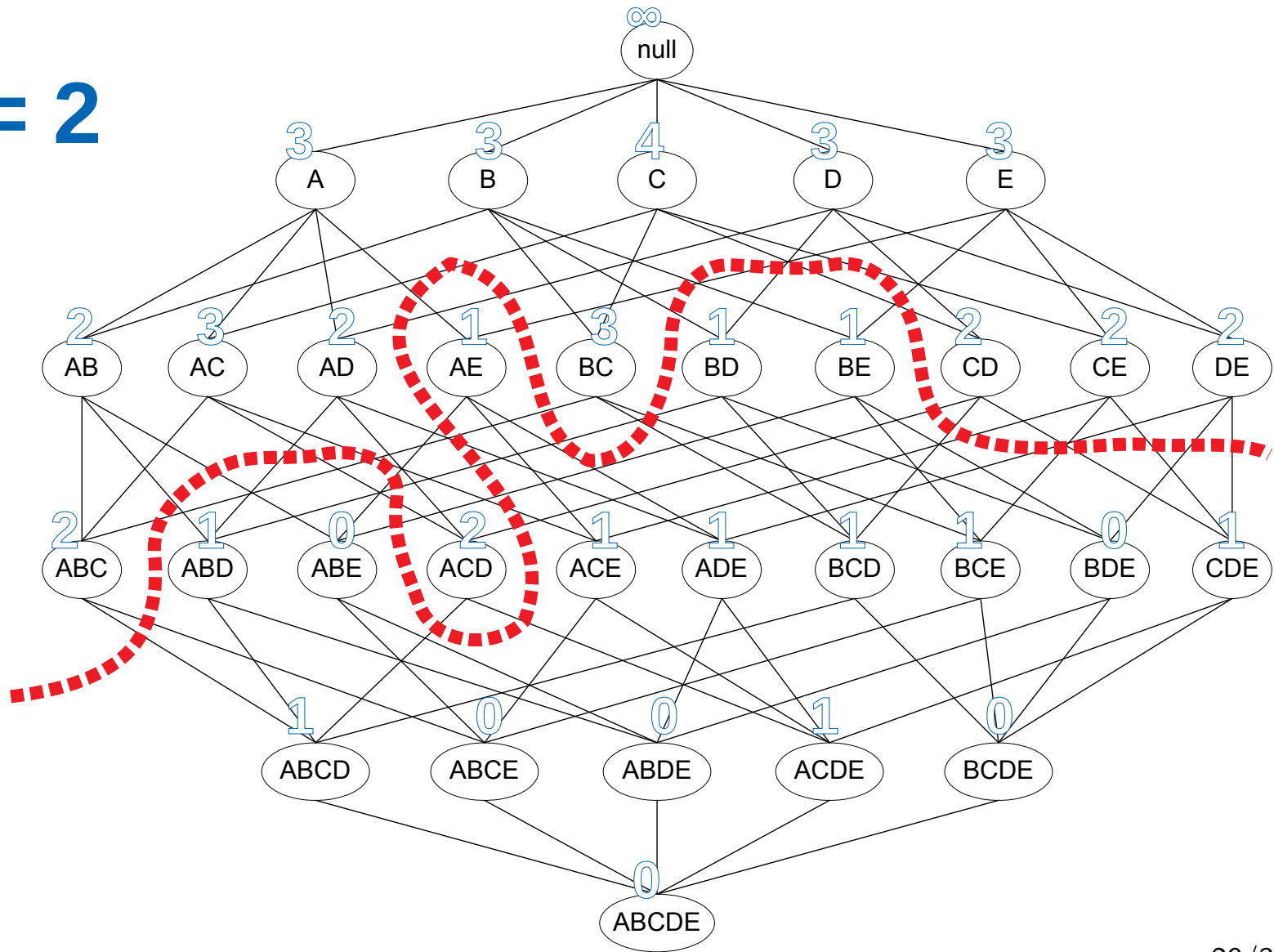
TID	Items
1	ABC
2	ABCD
3	BCE
4	ACDE
5	DE



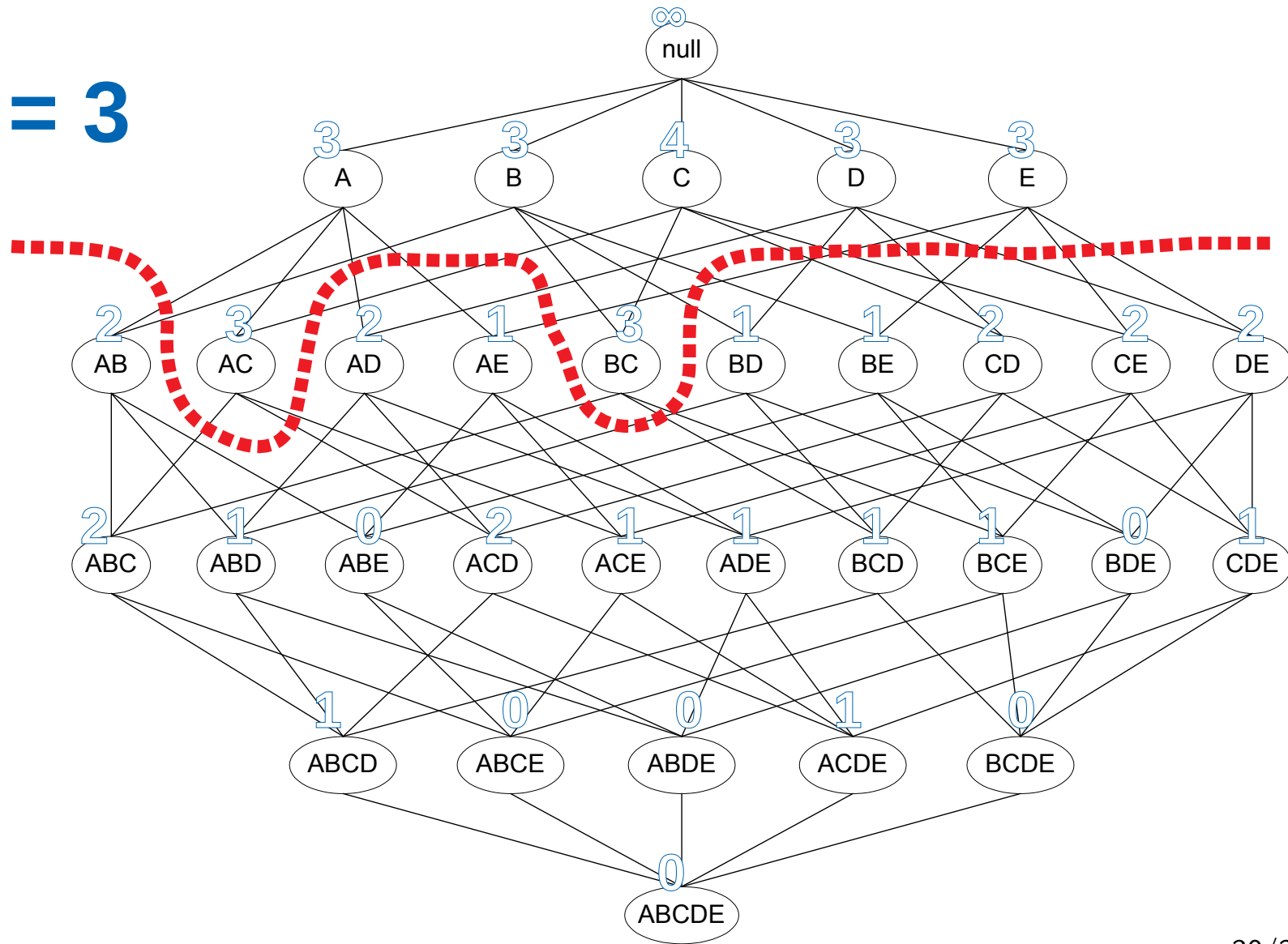


# minsup = 2

TID	Items
1	ABC
2	ABCD
3	BCE
4	ACDE
5	DE



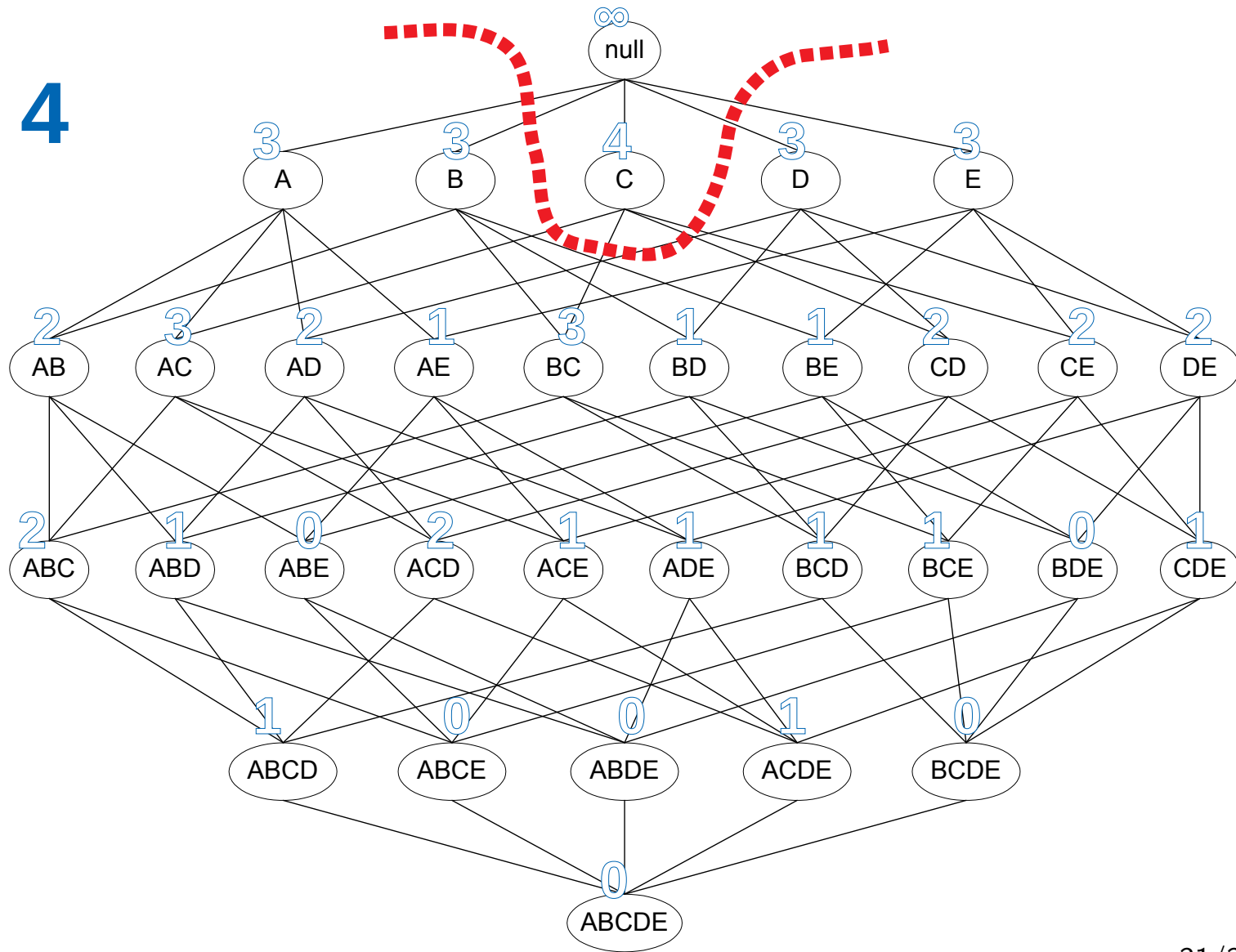
# minsup = 3



TID	Items
1	ABC
2	ABCD
3	BCE
4	ACDE
5	DE

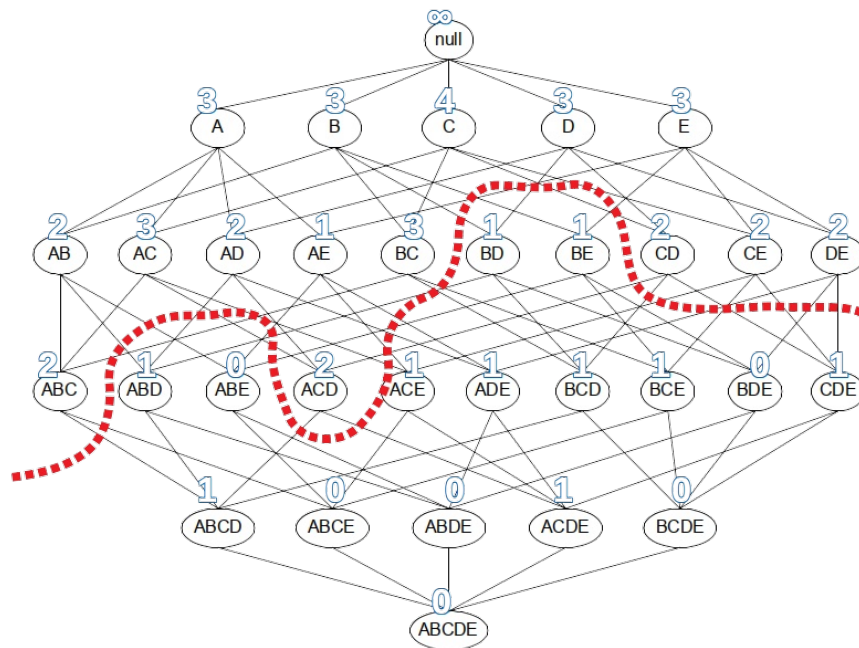
# minsup = 4

TID	Items
1	ABC
2	ABCD
3	BCE
4	ACDE
5	DE



# The border is a graph cut and ...

- All itemsets **above** the border are **frequent**
- All itemsets **below** the border are **not frequent**
- All **maximal** frequent itemsets are adjacent to the border
- Any border respects the **downward closure** property



# Summary

# Things to remember

- Itemset, k-itemset, transaction, support
- Support monotonicity property
- Maximal and closed itemsets
- Itemset lattice

# Exercises for TT11-TT12

- Data Mining, The Textbook (2015) by Charu Aggarwal
  - Exercises 4.9  $\rightarrow$  1-3, 5, 7-8
  - Exercises 5.7  $\rightarrow$  1-5
- Mining of Massive Datasets 2<sup>nd</sup> edition (2014) by Leskovec et al.
  - Exercises 6.1.5  $\rightarrow$  6.1.1-6.1.7
- Introduction to Data Mining 2<sup>nd</sup> edition (2019) by Tan et al.
  - Exercises 5.10  $\rightarrow$  2-7