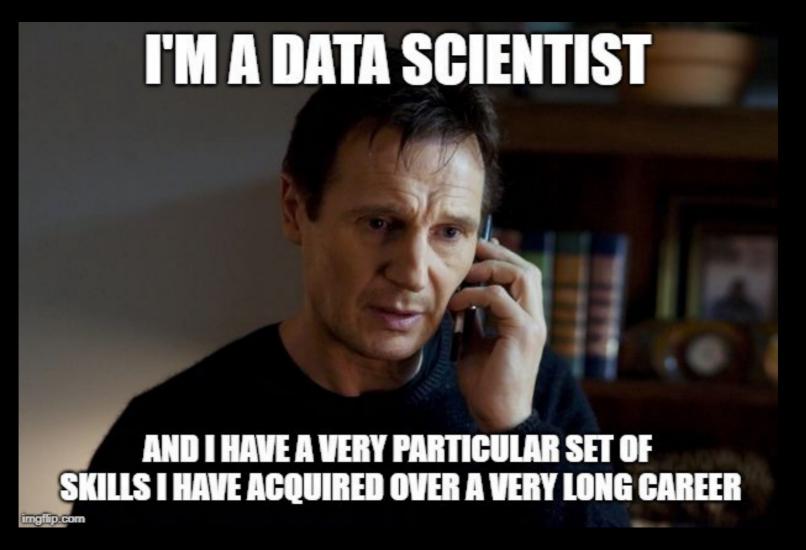
# The Data Mining Process

#### Mining Massive Datasets

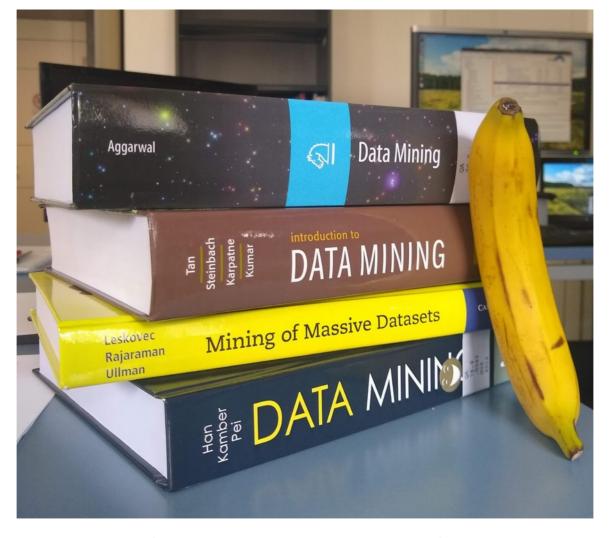
Prof. Carlos Castillo — <a href="https://chato.cl/teach">https://chato.cl/teach</a>



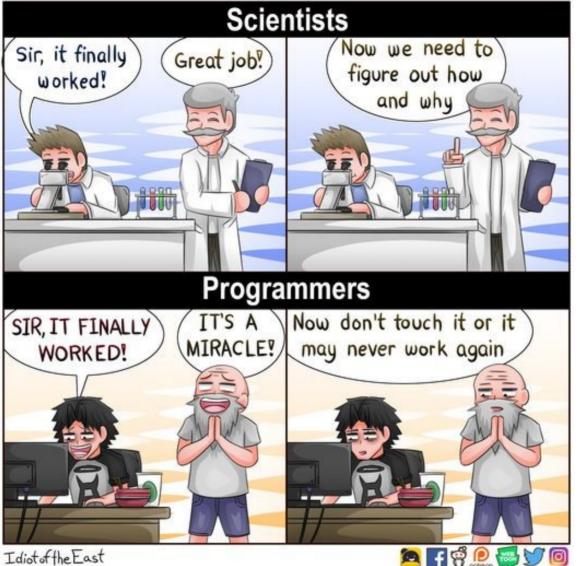


#### **Main Sources**

- Data Mining, The Textbook (2015) by Charu Aggarwal (Chapter 1) + slides by Lijun Zhang
- Mining of Massive Datasets, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition (2014) by Leskovec et al. (Chapter 1)
- Data Mining Concepts and Techniques, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition (2011) by Han et al. (Chapters 1-2)



(Banana for scale)



# **Data Mining**

#### What do these have in common?







Clay



**Papyrus** 



Paper



Wax cylinder

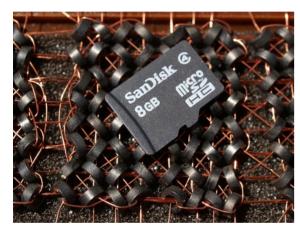


Tape



Vinyl

#### What do these have in common?



8GB (front) vs 8B (back)



Floppy disks (8", 5 1/4", 3 1/2")



Compact disk

# The age of "Big Data"

The co-evolution of storage capacity, transmission capacity, and processing capacity



#### Wikipedia definition

- Data mining is the process of
  - discovering patterns in
  - large data sets
  - involving methods at the intersection of
    - machine learning,
    - statistics, and
    - database systems.

#### Informal definition

Given lots of data, discover patterns and models that are:

- Valid hold on new data with some certainty
- Useful should be possible to act on them
- Unexpected or novel non-obvious
- Understandable interpretable
- Complete contain most of the interesting information

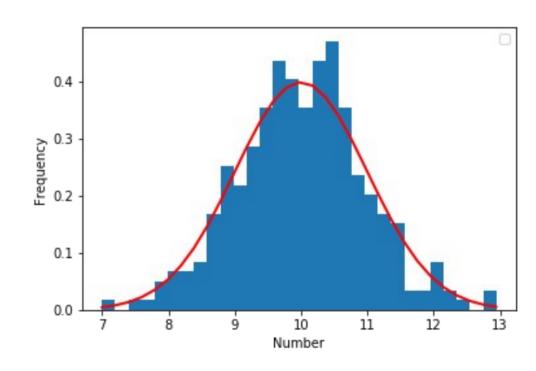
#### Example: 300 numbers

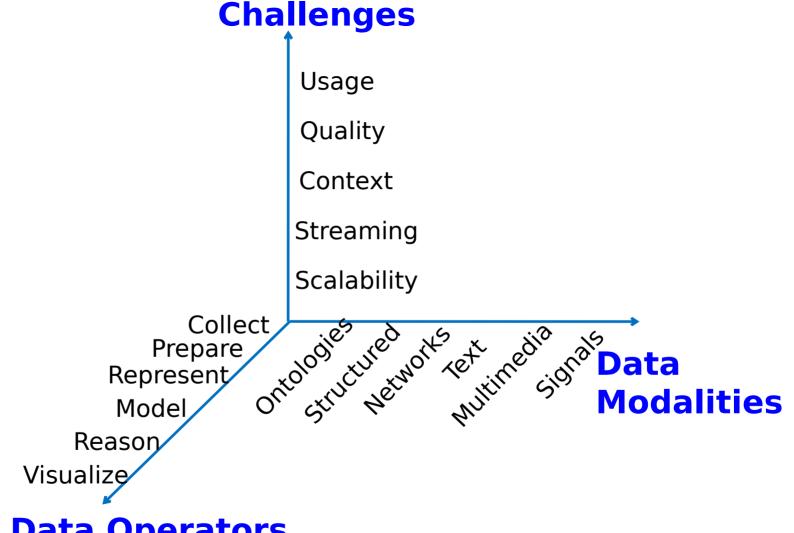
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10.16544667 9.92277128
```

# Example: 300 numbers (cont.)

Through statistical modeling we can find the data comes from a Normal distribution with mean 10 and standard deviation 1

• Normal( $\mu$ =10, $\sigma$ =1) is a model for the data





#### **Data Operators**

#### Describing vs Predicting

#### Descriptive methods

- Find human-interpretable patterns that describe the data
- Example: Clustering

#### Predictive methods

- Use some variables to predict unknown or future values of other variables
- Example: recommender systems

# Characterizing vs Distinguishing

#### Data characterization methods

A summary of the general characteristics or features of a target class of data

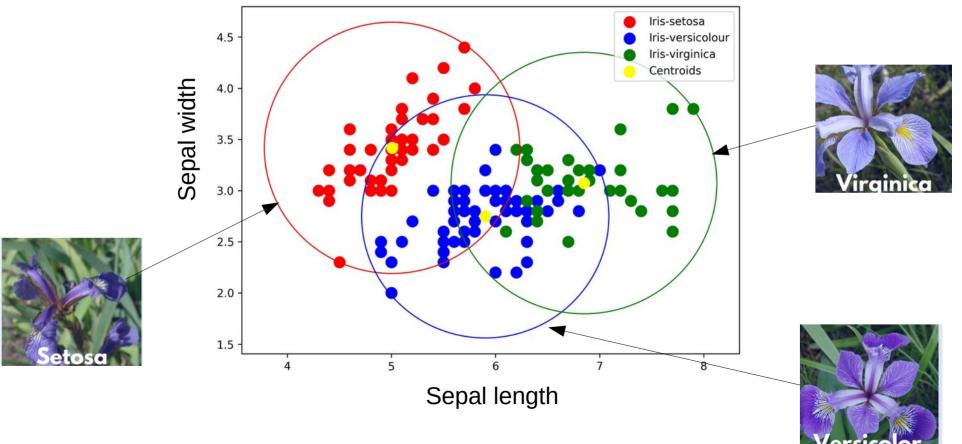
#### Data discrimination methods

 A comparison of the general features of the target class data objects against the general features of objects from one or multiple contrasting classes

#### Data mining has several goals

- To produce a model
  - E.g., a regression model for a numerical variable, or a classification model for a categorical variable
- To create a summary
- To extract prominent features

#### **Example summary: clustering**



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#### Picking the right features

- Representing these flowers by their petal length and sepal length was key
  - These are good features for this task
- Other features such as color or number of leaves may not be so good
- Feature selection is key!

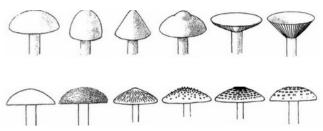


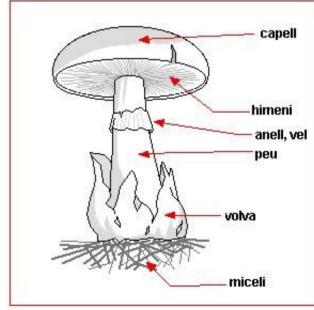




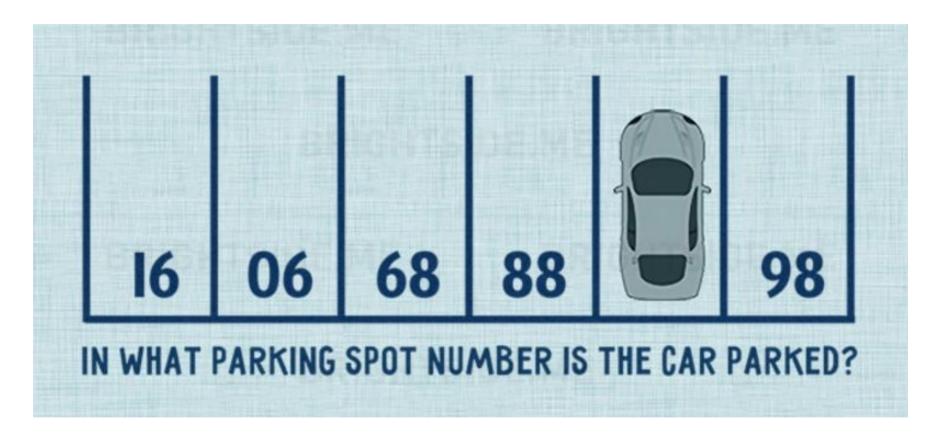
#### Features: a matter of life or death







#### Another pattern-finding example



Source: Centauro Blog (2017)

#### **Example:** complex features

- Given shopping baskets of previous customers, determine:
  - Frequent itemsets(bought together)
  - Similar items(e.g., for recommendations)



#### Risk #1: Spurious patterns

- A risk with "Data mining" is that an analyst can "discover" patterns that are **meaningless**
- If you look in more places for interesting patterns than your amount of data will support, you are bound to find something (~Bonferroni principle)

If you interrogate data hard enough it will tell you what you want to hear

#### Risk #2: Surveillance state

- Attention-grabbing evil actions are also very rare, with consequences:
  - Suppose 1 in a million in a suicide bomber
  - Catching one suicide bomber a year on average means examining 999.999 innocent people
- A system with 1% false positive rate will flag  ${\sim}10\text{K}$  people as potential suicide bombers



Image: Red Bubble

# Data mining (DM) vs other disciplines

- For a database person, DM means analytic processing
- For a machine learning person, DM means modeling
- For an algorithms person, DM means ensuring scalability

Our focus will be on scalable algorithms

### Data rich but information poor

- Fast-paced data streams
   become data archives that
   become data tombs
- Decisions could be better made by using data that already exists but is hard to "mine"



### Knowledge Discovery from Data

- KDD, a popular acronym
  - "Discovery" is Data Mining
- Other names: knowledge mining from data, knowledge extraction, data/pattern analysis



#### Typical stages of KDD

- 1)Data Cleaning
- 2)Data Integration
- 3)Data Selection
- 4) Data Transformation
- 5)Data Mining  $\leftarrow$  application of a DM algorithm
- 6)Pattern Evaluation
- 7)Knowledge Presentation

## Typical stages of KDD

- 1)Data Cleaning
- 2)Data Integration
- 3)Data Selection
- 4) Data Transformation
- 5)Data Mining
- 6)Pattern Evaluation
- 7) Knowledge Presentation

Pre-processing phase

Analytical phase

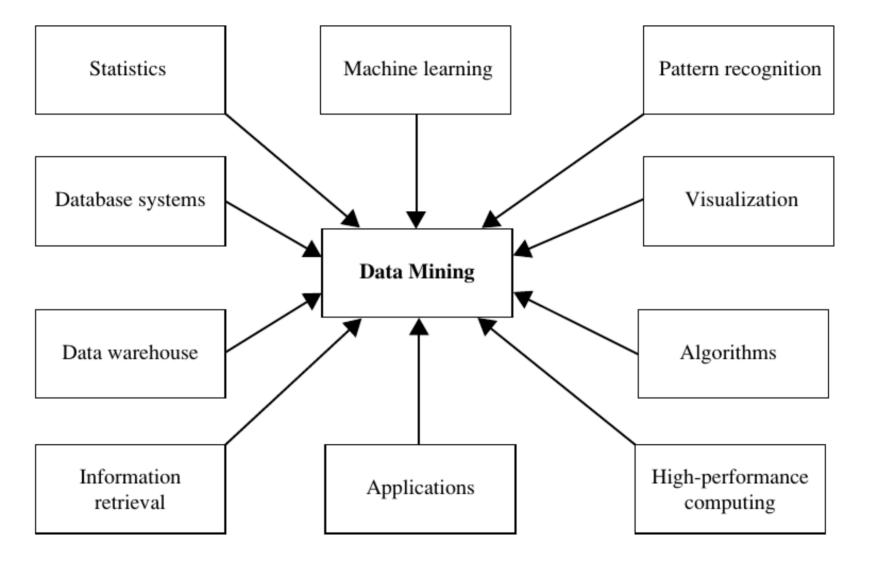
# Summary

#### Things to remember

- Define and contrast:
  - Describing vs Predicting
  - Characterizing vs Discriminating
- Describe the stages of the KDD process

# Additional contents (not included in exams)





Data Mining Concepts and Techniques, 3rd edition (2011) by Han et al.

# Data Collection and Database Creation (1960s and earlier) Primitive file processing Database Management Systems (1970s to early 1980s) Hierarchical and network database systems Relational database systems Data modeling: entity-relationship models, etc. Indexing and accessing methods Query languages: SQL, etc. User interfaces, forms, and reports Query processing and optimization Transactions, concurrency control, and recovery Online transaction processing (OLTP)

#### Advanced Database Systems

(mid-1980s to present)

- Advanced data models: extended-relational, object relational, deductive, etc.
- Managing complex data: spatial, temporal, multimedia, sequence and structured, scientific, engineering, moving objects, etc.
- Data streams and cyber-physical data systems
- Web-based databases (XML, semantic web)
- Managing uncertain data and data cleaning
- Integration of heterogeneous sources
- Text database systems and integration with information retrieval
- Extremely large data management
- Database system tuning and adaptive systems
- Advanced queries: ranking, skyline, etc.
- Cloud computing and parallel data processing
- Issues of data privacy and security

#### Advanced Data Analysis (late-1980s to present)

- Data warehouse and OLAP
- Data mining and knowledge discovery: classification, clustering, outlier analysis, association and correlation, comparative summary, discrimination analysis, pattern discovery, trend and deviation analysis, etc.
- Mining complex types of data: streams, sequence, text, spatial, temporal, multimedia, Web, networks, etc.
- Data mining applications: business, society, retail, banking, telecommunications, science and engineering, blogs, daily life, etc.
- Data mining and society: invisible data mining, privacy-preserving data mining, mining social and information networks, recommender systems, etc.

Data mining is a
descendant of methods for
Online Analytical
Processing (OLAP) done
over Data Warehouses

Future Generation of Information Systems

(Present to future)