

Department of Computer Engineering 01CE0717 – DevOps Essentials – Lab Manual

7. Deploy Angular/React/Java/Python or any other Application in Docker Container.

Step 1: Clone the Project Repository

- 1. **Open a Terminal**: Start a terminal session to enter the commands.
- 2. Navigate to a Working Directory:

```
cd ~
mkdir my_projects
cd my projects
```

3. Clone the Repository: Run the following command to clone the Git repository.

```
git clone <repository url>
```

Example:

git clone https://github.com/sorani123/laptop-shopping-cart-ui.git

```
dhruv@dhruv-VirtualBox: $ sudo docker run hello-world
[sudo] password for dhruv:
Unable to find image 'hello-world:latest' locally
latest: Pulling from library/hello-world
c1ec31eb5944: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:d211f485f2dd1dee407a80973c8f129f00d54604d2c90732e8e320e5038a0348
Status: Downloaded newer image for hello-world:latest
Hello from Docker!
This message shows that your installation appears to be working correctly.
To generate this message, Docker took the following steps:
1. The Docker client contacted the Docker daemon.
2. The Docker daemon pulled the "hello-world" image from the Docker Hub.
    (amd64)
3. The Docker daemon created a new container from that image which runs the
    executable that produces the output you are currently reading.
4. The Docker daemon streamed that output to the Docker client, which sent it
    to your terminal.
To try something more ambitious, you can run an Ubuntu container with:
$ docker run -it ubuntu bash
Share images, automate workflows, and more with a free Docker ID:
https://hub.docker.com/
For more examples and ideas, visit:
 https://docs.docker.com/get-started/
```

4. Navigate into the Project Directory:



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cd laptop-shopping-cart-ui
Step 2: Create a Dockerfile

1. Create a New File Named Dockerfile:

o In the project root directory, create a file named Dockerfile:

nano Dockerfile

2. Write Dockerfile Instructions:

- o Depending on the type of application, use one of the following configurations:
- o For Node.js Applications (Angular/React):

```
dockerfile
# Use the official Node.js image
FROM node:16-alpine
# Set the working directory in the container
WORKDIR /app
# Copy package.json and install dependencies
COPY package*.json ./
RUN npm install
# Copy the rest of the application code
COPY . .
# Build the app
RUN npm run build
# Serve the app using an HTTP server
RUN npm install -g serve
CMD ["serve", "-s", "build", "-1", "3000"]
# Expose the port the app runs on
EXPOSE 3000
```

o For Java Applications (Spring Boot):

```
dockerfile

FROM openjdk:17-jdk-slim
COPY target/*.jar app.jar
ENTRYPOINT ["java", "-jar", "/app.jar"]
EXPOSE 8080
```

o For Python Applications (Flask):



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FROM python:3.9-slim
WORKDIR /app
COPY requirements.txt .
RUN pip install -r requirements.txt

COPY . .

CMD ["python", "app.py"]

EXPOSE 5000

dockerfile

```
dhruv@dhruv-VirtualBox:-$ cd ..

dhruv@dhruv-VirtualBox:/home$ glt clone https://glthub.com/soram123/laptop-shopping-cart-ui.glt
fatal: could not create work tree dir 'laptop-shopping-cart-ui': Permission denied
dhruv@dhruv-VirtualBox:/home$ cd -
dhruv@dhruv-VirtualBox:-$ git clone clone https://github.com/soram123/laptop-shopping-cart-ui.glt
fatal: repository 'clone' does not exist
dhruv@dhruv-VirtualBox:-$ git clone https://github.com/soram123/laptop-shopping-cart-ui.glt
Cloning into 'laptop-shopping-cart-ui'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 81, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (81/81), done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (62/62), done.
remote: Total 81 (delta 21), reused 67 (delta 13), pack-reused 0 (from 0)
Unpacking objects: 100% (81/81), 761.01 KiB | 3.06 MlB/s, done.
dhruv@dhruv-VirtualBox:-$
```

3. Save and Exit the Dockerfile:

o For nano, press CTRL + X, then Y, and Enter.

Step 3: Build the Docker Image

1. Build the Image:

```
sudo docker build -t my-shopping-app .
```

o -t is used to tag the image with a name (my-shopping-app).

2. Verify Build Output:

 During the build, Docker will pull dependencies and prepare the environment as specified in the Dockerfile.



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```
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (62/62), done.
remote: Total 81 (delta 21), reused 67 (delta 13), pack-reused 0 (from 0)
Unpacking objects: 100% (81/81), 761.01 KiB | 3.06 MiB/s, done.
dhruv@dhruv-VirtualBox:-$ cd laptop-shopping-cart-ui
dhruv@dhruv-VirtualBox:-/laptop-shopping-cart-ut$ ls
package.json public README.md src
dhruv@dhruv-VirtualBox:-/laptop-shopping-cart-ul$ nano Dockerfile
dhruv@dhruv-VirtualBox:-/laptop-shopping-cart-ui$ sudo docker build -t my-shopping-app
[sudo] password for dhruv:
DEPRECATED: The legacy builder is deprecated and will be removed in a future release.
              Install the buildx component to build images with BuildKit:
              https://docs.docker.com/go/buildx/
Sending build context to Docker daemon 1.64MB
Step 1/7 : FROM node:18
18: Pulling from library/node
cdd62bf39133: Pull complete
a47cff7f31e9: Pull complete
a173f2aee8e9: Pull complete
01272fe8adba: Pull complete
8fb86272621d: Pull complete
7208174e5c55: Pull complete
96cb38999f9f: Pull complete
919dc9e6461a: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:f910225c96b0f77b0149f350a3184568a9ba6cddba2a7c7805cc125a50591605
Status: Downloaded newer image for node:18
 ---> 2e348d98bd63
Step 2/7 : WORKDIR /app
---> Running in dc58e8919d34
Removing intermediate container dc58e8919d34
  --> 407436d692a8
Step 3/7 : COPY package*.json ./
---> 724e92f15fb8
Step 4/7 : RUN npm install
    -> Running in afca29beea6d
```

Step 4: Run the Docker Container

1. Run the Container:

```
docker run -p <host_port>:<container_port> my-shopping-app
```

o Replace <host_port> and <container_port> with the actual port, e.g., 3000:3000 for Angular/React.

2. Example Command:

```
docker run -p 3000:3000 my-shopping-app
```

3. Check for Application Access:

Open a browser and go to http://localhost:<host_port>, e.g., http://localhost:3000.



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```
Line 14:11: 'navigate' is assigned a value but never used no-unused-vars
src/components/Reducer.js
  Line 10:61: Expected '===' and instead saw '=='
Line 41:91: Expected '===' and instead saw '=='
                                                      egegeg
  Line 64:27: Expected '===' and instead saw '=='
                                                      egegeg
src/components/Register.js
 Line 35:120: Expected '===' and instead saw '=='
 Line 39:122: Expected '===' and instead saw '=='
Search for the keywords to learn more about each warning.
To ignore, add // eslint-disable-next-line to the line before.
File sizes after gzip:
 73.39 kB build/static/js/main.a6a53232.js
 31.54 kB build/static/css/main.a6cfd029.css
The project was built assuming it is hosted at /.
You can control this with the homepage field in your package.json.
The build folder is ready to be deployed.
You may serve it with a static server:
  npm install -q serve
  serve -s build
Find out more about deployment here:
  https://cra.link/deployment
Removing intermediate container 41e33df55e5e
---> 2320fd07bd20
Step 7/7 : CMD ["npm", "start"]
---> Running in dfede5449dea
Removing intermediate container dfede5449dea
---> bbe489ead1cc
Successfully built bbe489eadicc
Successfully tagged my-shopping-app:latest
```

```
dlasses and described the state of the state
```

Step 5: Troubleshooting and Logs

1. View Running Containers:

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docker ps

o This lists all active containers with their IDs, names, and other details.

Image Space: Insert a screenshot showing docker ps output.

2. View Container Logs:

```
docker logs <container id>
```

- o Replace < container id> with the ID of your container.
- 3. Access the Container's Shell (Optional):

```
docker exec -it <container id> /bin/sh
```

o This command lets you interact with the container's filesystem for further troubleshooting.

Step 6: Stopping and Removing Containers

1. Stop the Container:

```
docker stop <container id>
```

2. Remove the Container:

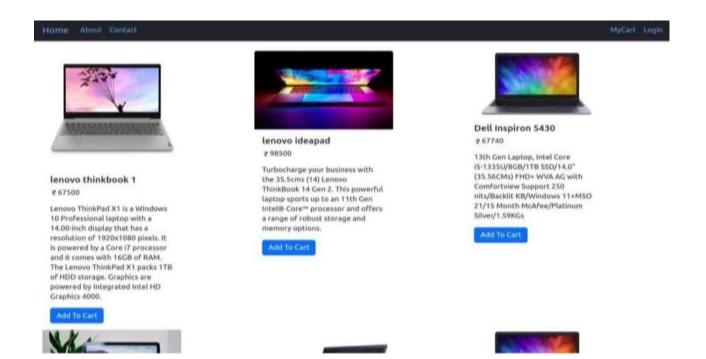
```
docker rm <container_id>
```

3. **Remove the Docker Image** (if no longer needed):

```
docker rmi my-shopping-app
```



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O D localhost:3000

Lenovo ThinkPad X1 is a Windows 10 Professional laptop with a 14.00-inch display that has a resolution of 1920x1080 pixels. It is powered by a Core i7 processor and it comes with 16GB of RAM. The Lenovo ThinkPad X1 packs 1TB of HDD storage. Graphics are powered by Integrated Intel HD Graphics 4000.

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Apple 2022 MacBook Pro Laptop

₹119990

M2 chip: 33.74 cm (13.3-inch) Retina Display, 8GB RAM, 256GB SSD Storage, Touch Bar, Backlit Keyboard, FaceTime HD Camera; Silver

Add To Cart

naptop sports up to an 11th Gen Intel® Core™ processor and offers a range of robust storage and memory options.

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21/15 Month McAfee/Platinum Silver/1.59KGs 5

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HP Envy x360 ₹ 98999

15T i7-1195G7, 15.6" FHD Touch,16 GB RAM, 1TB SSD, Intel Iris Xe, Windows 11 Pro, Tilt Pen, No Numpad,Silver

Add To Cart



HP Envy x360

₹82490

12th Gen Intel Evo i5-1230U, 13.3inch(33.8 cm) WUXGA 400 Nits, Corning Gorilla Glass Multi-Touch Display(8GB RAM/512GB SSD/B&O /Intel Iris Xe Graphics/5MP IR Camera/Alexa/Pen/13-bf0085TU

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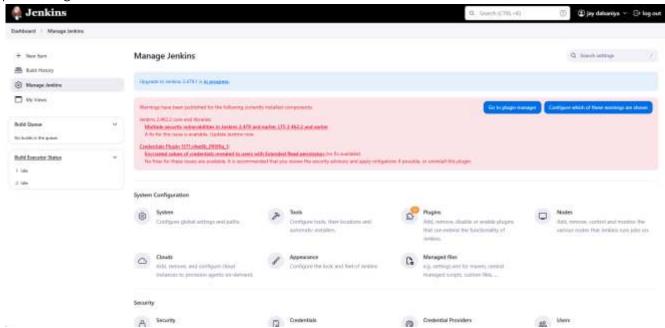
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8. Use Jenkins to set up a distributed pipeline that will compile and test a Maven project on two different slave nodes respectively.

Step 1: Open Jenkins

- 1. Open a web browser.
- 2. Go to http://localhost:8000 to access the Jenkins dashboard.

Step 2: Configure Slave Nodes



- 1. From the Jenkins dashboard, navigate to **Manage Jenkins**.
- 2. Select Manage Nodes and Clouds.



3. Click on **New Node** to create a new agent.

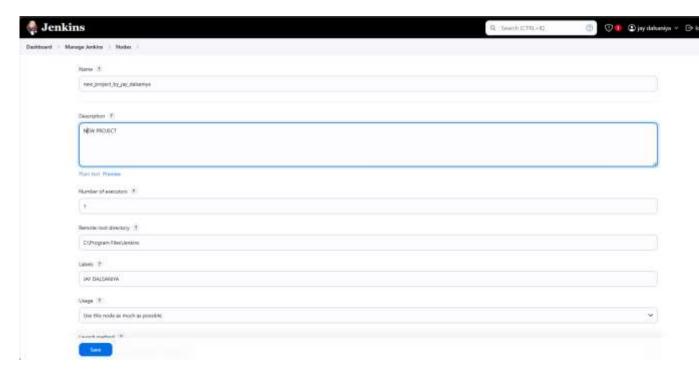
Node Name: Enter a unique name for the agent (e.g., new_project_by_jay_dalsaniya).

Number of Executors: Set to 1.



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- Remote Root Directory: Specify the directory where the agent will be located (e.g., C:\Program Files\Jenkins\slave1).
- Labels: Add a label (e.g., JAY DALSANIYA) to identify the node.
- o Usage: Choose Use this node as much as possible.
- o Launch Method: Set to Launch agent by connecting it to the controller.
- o Availability: Choose Keep this agent online as much as possible.
- 4. Click **Save** to create the node.
- 5. Repeat steps 1-4 to create a second slave node, if not already configured.



Step 3: Launch and Connect the Slave Node

- 1. After configuring the slave node, open a command prompt on the machine where the slave node is set up.
- 2. Run the command to launch the Jenkins agent. The output should indicate the connection status.

Example output:

INFO: Setting up agent: node 2 INFO: Agent discovery successful INFO: Agent address localhost INFO: Handshaking INFO: Connected

This indicates that the slave node has successfully connected to the Jenkins master.



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```
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.e X
Oct 16, 2024 8:27:49 AM hudson.remoting.Launcher createEngine
INFO: Setting up agent: node 2
Oct 16, 2024 8:27:49 AM hudson.remoting.Engine startEngine
INFO: Using Remoting version: 3261.v9c670a_4748a_9
Oct 16, 2024 8:27:49 AM org.jenkinsci.remoting.engine.WorkDirManager initializeWorkDir
INFO: Using C:\Program Files\Jenkins\slave 2\remoting as a remoting work directory
Oct 16, 2024 8:27:50 AM hudson.remoting.Launcher$CuiListener status
INFO: Locating server among [http://localhost:8080/]
Oct 16, 2024 8:27:50 AM org.jenkinsci.remoting.engine.JnlpAgentEndpointResolver resolve
INFO: Remoting server accepts the following protocols: [JNLP4-connect, Ping]
Oct 16, 2024 8:27:50 AM hudson.remoting.Launcher$CuiListener status
INFO: Agent discovery successful
  Agent address: localhost
  Agent port:
Identity:
                     5000
                     9c:9a:a1:9b:d0:4e:10:44:f7:e7:98:8c:b7:28:40:8a
Oct 16, 2024 8:27:50 AM hudson.remoting.Launcher$CuiListener status
INFO: Handshaking
Oct 16, 2024 8:27:50 AM hudson.remoting.Launcher$CuiListener status
INFO: Connecting to localhost:5000
Oct 16, 2024 8:27:50 AM hudson remoting Launcher CuiListener status INFO: Server reports protocol JNLP4-connect-proxy not supported, skipping
Oct 16, 2024 8:27:50 AM hudson.remoting.Launcher$CuiListener status
INFO: Trying protocol: JNLP4-connect
Oct 16, 2024 8:27:50 AM org.jenkinsci.remoting.protocol.impl.BIONetworkLayer$Reader run
Oct 16, 2024 8:27:51 AM hudson.remoting.Launcher$CuiListener status
INFO: Remote identity confirmed: 9c:9a:a1:9b:d0:4e:10:44:f7:e7:98:8c:b7:28:40:8a
Oct 16, 2024 8:27:51 AM hudson.remoting.Launcher$CuiListener status
INFO: Connected
```

Step 4: Set Up a Distributed Pipeline

- 1. Go back to the Jenkins dashboard.
- 2. Select your Maven project or create a new one by clicking on **New Item**.
- 3. Configure the project as a **Pipeline** job.
 - o **Pipeline Script**: Define a pipeline script with stages for Build and Test.
 - o Assign stages to different nodes using node ('node label') for each slave node. Example:

```
groovy
Copy code
pipeline {
    agent none
    stages {
        stage('Build and Test') {
            agent { label 'JAY DALSANIYA' }
            steps {
                sh 'mvn clean install'
            }
        }
        stage('Windows Agent') {
            agent { label 'windows-agent1-pipeline' }
            steps {
                sh 'mvn test'
            }
        }
        rest 'mvn test'
        }
}
```

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```
}
stage('Another Windows Agent') {
    agent { label 'windows-agent2-pipeline' }
    steps {
        sh 'mvn test'
    }
}
```

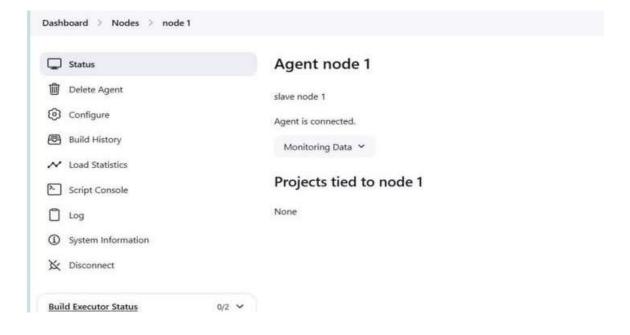
4. Click **Save** to apply your changes.

Step 5: Run and Monitor the Pipeline

- 1. Run the pipeline by clicking **Build Now** on the project page.
- 2. Go to the **Status** page to monitor the pipeline progress.
- 3. The **Stage View** will display each stage's execution on different nodes.

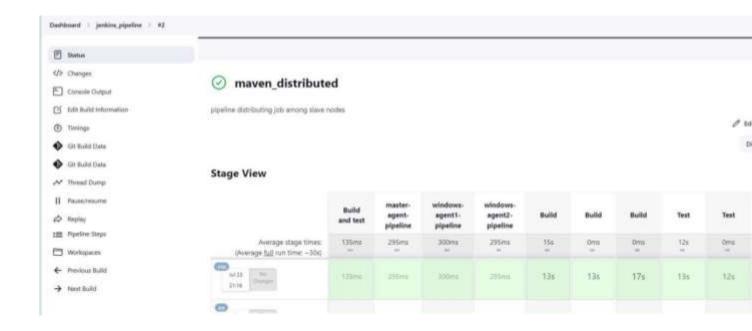
Observing Results:

- The Stage View shows each stage's build and test time, indicating successful distribution across slave nodes.
- Each stage executed on its designated node, ensuring the Maven project was built and tested as intended.





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