

Department of Computer Engineering Artificial Intelligence Lab (01CE1702)

Practical 13: Develop an NLP application

Program:

```
from nltk.sentiment.vader import SentimentIntensityAnalyzer import nltk sia =
SentimentIntensityAnalyzer()
# Tweets about AI
tweets = [
  "Artificial Intelligence is transforming the world in unimaginable ways!",
  "AI can help solve complex problems but it must be handled responsibly.",
  "I'm really excited to see how AI is being used in healthcare.",
  "AI in education is going to make learning more personalized and accessible.",
  "The future of AI is bright but we need to ensure it doesn't replace
  jobs.",
  "Al technology is advancing faster than we can keep up with."
def analyze sentiment(tweets): for
tweet in tweets: print(f"Tweet:
{tweet}") score =
sia.polarity scores(tweet)
print(f"Sentiment Score: {score}")
     print("\n")
analyze sentiment(tweets)
```



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Output:

Tweet: Artificial Intelligence is transforming the world in unimaginable ways! Sentiment Score: {'neg': 0.0, 'neu': 0.702, 'pos': 0.298, 'compound': 0.5255}

Tweet: AI can help solve complex problems but it must be handled responsibly. Sentiment Score: {'neg': 0.131, 'neu': 0.638, 'pos': 0.23, 'compound': 0.1027}

Tweet: I'm really excited to see how AI is being used in healthcare. Sentiment Score: {'neg': 0.0, 'neu': 0.803, 'pos': 0.197, 'compound': 0.4005}

Tweet: AI in education is going to make learning more personalized and accessible. Sentiment Score: {'neg': 0.0, 'neu': 1.0, 'pos': 0.0, 'compound': 0.0}

Tweet: The future of AI is bright but we need to ensure it doesn't replace jobs. Sentiment Score: {'neg': 0.0, 'neu': 0.708, 'pos': 0.292, 'compound': 0.6542}

Tweet: AI technology is advancing faster than we can keep up with.

Sentiment Score: {'neg': 0.0, 'neu': 1.0, 'pos': 0.0, 'compound': 0.0}

92100103336 Batch – 7TC4 B



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Practical 14: Implement Library for visual representations of text data

Program:

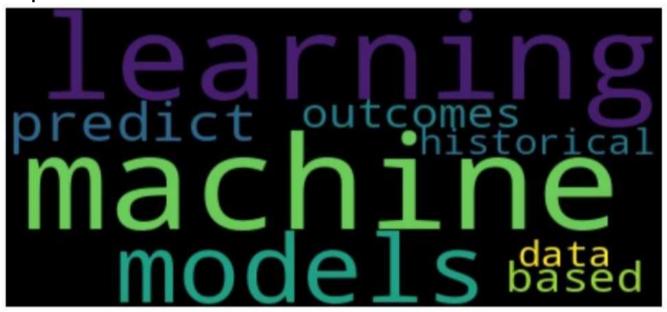
```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 import seaborn as sns
 from wordcloud import
 WordCloud import networkx as
 nx from collections import
 Counter import numpy as np
 from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
 #import pyLDAvis
 #import
 pyLDAvis.sklearn
 def plot wordcloud(text,max words=100,colormap='viridis'):
 wordcloud=WordCloud(max words=max words,colormap=colormap,background color='white').gen
 erat e(text)
  plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))
  plt.imshow(wordcloud,interpolation='bili
  near') plt.axis('off') plt.show()
def
 plot barchart(text,top n=20
 ): words=text.split()
 word counts=Counter(word
 s)
  most common=word counts.most common(top n)
  labels, values = zip(*most common)
  plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
  sns.barplot(x=labels,y=values)
  plt.title(f"Top {top_n} Words by Frequency.")
  plt.show()
 def plot heatmap(data matrix,x labels,y labels):
  plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
  sns.heatmap(data matrix,annot=True,cmap='coolwarm',xticklabels=x labels,yticklabels=y la
  bels) plt.title("Heatmap of Text Features") plt.show()
def
 plot_graph(edges)
  G=nx.Graph()
  G.add_edges_from(edges)
  plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
  pos=nx.spring layout(G)
  nx.draw(G,pos,with labels=True,node color='
  lightblue',edge color='gray',node size=1500,f
  ont size=10
```



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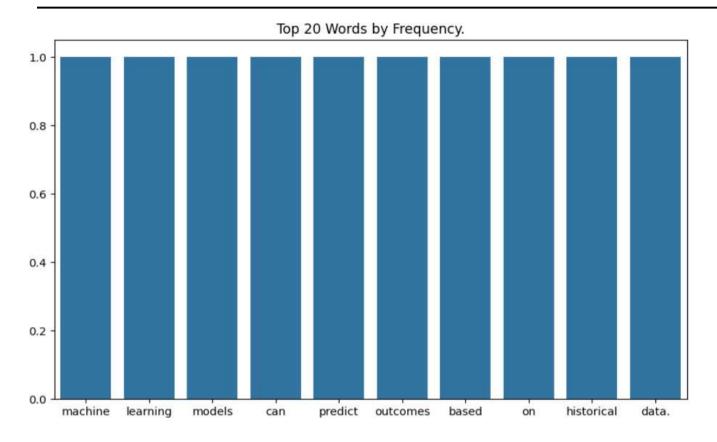
```
)
 plt.show()
def plot scatterplot(embeddings,labels=None):
 pca=PCA(n components=2)
 reduced_embeddings=pca.fit_transform(embeddings)
 plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
 plt.scatter(reduced embeddings[:,0],reduced embeddings[:,1]
 ,s=50) plt.xlabel("Principal Component 1") plt.ylabel("Principal
 Component 2") plt.title("PCA projection of text embeddings.")
 plt.show()
if__name___== "__main__": text = "machine learning models can predict
 outcomes based on historical data." plot wordcloud(text)
 plot barchart(text) data=np.random.rand(10,10)
 plot heatmap(data,x labels=[f'word{i}'for i in range(10)],y labels=[f'word{i}'for i in
 range(10)]) edges=[('A','B'),('B','C'),('C','D'),('D','E'),('E','A')] plot_graph(edges)
 embeddings=np.random.rand(100,100)
 plot scatterplot(embeddings)
```

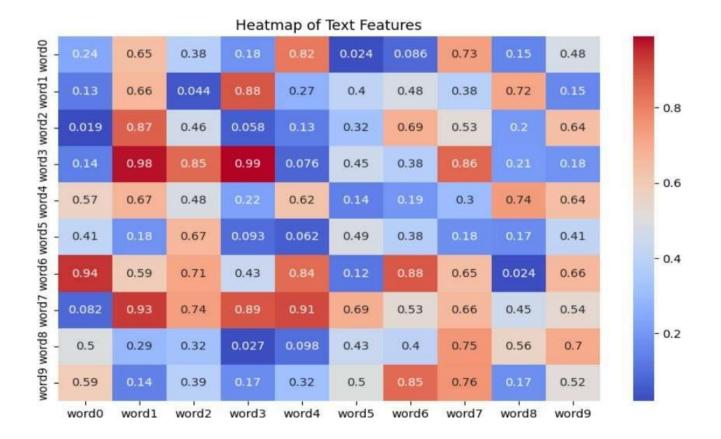
Output:



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