

# Software Engineering (IT - 314)

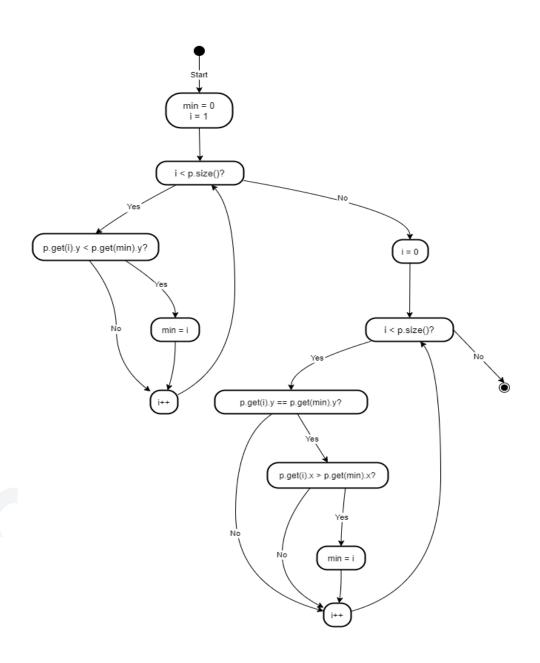
**Lab - 9** 

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The code below is part of a method in the ConvexHull class in the VMAP system. The following is a small fragment of a method in the ConvexHull class. For the purposes of this exercise, you do not need to know the intended function of the method. The parameter p is a Vector of Point objects, p.size() is the size of the vector p, (p.get(i)).x is the x component of the ith point appearing in p, similarly for (p.get(i)).y. This exercise is concerned with structural testing of code, so the focus is on creating test sets that satisfy some particular coverage criteria.

```
Vector doGraham(Vector p) {
   Point t;
   for (i = 1; i < p.size(); ++i) {
        if (((Point) p.get(i)).y < ((Point) p.get(min)).y) {</pre>
   for (i = 0; i < p.size(); ++i) {
        if ((((Point) p.get(i)).y == ((Point) p.get(min)).y) &&
            (((Point) p.get(i)).x > ((Point) p.get(min)).x)) {
            min = i;
```

**Task 1**. Convert the code comprising the beginning of the doGraham method into a control flow graph (CFG). You are free to write the code in any programming language.



## **Task 2:** Construct test sets for your flow graph that are adequate for the following criteria:

#### a. Statement Coverage:

- TC1: p = [(2, 8), (3, 4), (7, 2)]

  Covers cases where p.get(i).y < p.get(min).y is true.
- TC2: p = [(2, 2), (3, 2), (5, 2), (6, 2)]
   Covers cases where p.get(i).y == p.get(min).y and p.get(i).x > p.get(min).x.

#### b. Branch Coverage:

- TC3: p = [(3, 4), (6, 6), (7, 10), (11, 16)]

  Covers the false branch for the condition p.get(i).y < p.get(min).y.
- TC3 (Revised): p = [(11, 16), (7, 10), (6, 6), (3, 4)]

  Covers the true branch for the condition p.get(i).y < p.get(min).y.
- TC4: p = [(2, 2), (4, 2), (5, 2)]
   Covers both true and false branches of p.get(i).y == p.get(min).y and p.get(i).x > p.get(min).x.

#### c. Basic Condition Coverage:

- TC5: p = [(3, 5), (5, 6)] Covers p.get(i).y < p.get(min).y as false.
- TC6: p = [(4, 7), (4, 5)] Covers p.get(i).y < p.get(min).y as true.
- TC7: p = [(2, 3), (4, 3)]
   Covers p.get(i).y == p.get(min).y as true and p.get(i).x > p.get(min).x as true.
- TC8: p = [(1, 1), (2, 2)]

  Covers p.get(i).y == p.get(min).y as false and p.get(i).x > p.get(min).x as false.

**Task 3:** For the test set you have just checked can you find a mutation of the code (i.e. the deletion, change or insertion of some code) that will result in failure but is not detected by your test set. You have to use the mutation testing tool.

```
[*] Start mutation process:
    - targets: point
    - tests: test points
 [*] 4 tests passed:
    - test_points [0.36220 s]
 [*] Start mutants generation and execution:
    - [# 1] COI point:
                  .....
    7: def find_min_point(points):
    8: min_index = 0
    9:
          for i in range(1, len(points)):
         if points[i].y < points[min_index].y:
  if not (points[i].y < points[min_index].y):</pre>
 - 10:
  11:
                min_index = i
        for i in range(len(points)):
  if (points[i].y == points[min_index].y and points[i].x > points[min_index].x):
min index = i
   12:
               min_index = i
 -----
 [0.23355 s] killed by test_points.py::TestFindMinPoint::test_multiple_points_with_ties
   - [# 2] COI point:
    O: for i in pango/1 lon/points\\\.
[0.23355 s] killed by test_points.py::TestFindMinPoint::test_multiple_points_with_ties
  - [# 2] COI point:
  9: for i in range(1, len(points)):
         if points[i].y < points[min_index].y:</pre>
 10:
 11:
                min index = i
 12: for i in range(len(points)):
        if (points[i].y == points[min_index].y and points[i].x > points[min_index].x):
  if not ((points[i].y == points[min_index].y and points[i].x > points[min_index].x))
- 13:
+ 13:
                min index = i
 15: return points[min_index]
[0.27441 s] killed by test_points.py::TestFindMinPoint::test_multiple_points_with_same_y
  - [# 3] LCR point:
  9:
       for i in range(1, len(points)):
 10:
             if points[i].y < points[min_index].y:</pre>
                 min_index = i
 11:
        for i in range(len(points)):
 12:
           if (points[i].y == points[min_index].y and points[i].x > points[min_index].x):
- 13:
+ 13:
             if (points[i].y == points[min_index].y or points[i].x > points[min_index].x):
 14:
                 min index = i
        return points[min_index]
 15:
```

```
[0.18323 s] survived
  - [# 6] ROR point:
  9:
         for i in range(1, len(points)):
 10:
             if points[i].y < points[min_index].y:</pre>
 11:
                 min_index = i
 12:
         for i in range(len(points)):
          if (points[i].y == points[min_index].y and points[i].x > points[min_index].x):
- 13:
+ 13:
             if (points[i].y != points[min_index].y and points[i].x > points[min_index].x):
 14:
 15:
        return points[min_index]
[0.18059 s] killed by test_points.py::TestFindMinPoint::test_multiple_points_with_same_y
  - [# 7] ROR point:
  9:
         for i in range(1, len(points)):
 10:
             if points[i].y < points[min_index].y:</pre>
                 min_index = i
 11:
         for i in range(len(points)):
 12:
             if (points[i].y == points[min_index].y and points[i].x > points[min_index].x):
- 13:
             if (points[i].y == points[min_index].y and points[i].x < points[min_index].x):</pre>
+ 13:
                 min_index = i
 15:
        return points[min_index]
 [0.13933 s] killed by test_points.py::TestFindMinPoint::test_multiple_points_with_same_y
   - [# 8] ROR point:
   9:
        for i in range(1, len(points)):
  10:
             if points[i].y < points[min_index].y:</pre>
  11:
                  min_index = i
          for i in range(len(points)):
  12:
 - 13:
             if (points[i].y == points[min_index].y and points[i].x > points[min_index].x):
              if (points[i].y == points[min_index].y and points[i].x >= points[min_index].x):
 + 13:
  14:
                  min_index = i
        return points[min_index]
  15:
 [0.11494 s] survived
 [*] Mutation score [2.22089 s]: 75.0%
   - all: 8
   - killed: 6 (75.0%)
   survived: 2 (25.0%)
   - incompetent: 0 (0.0%)
   timeout: 0 (0.0%)
```

### 1. Deletion Mutation:

```
Remove min = i in the first if condition.

Mutation Code:

// Remove this line: min = i; if (((Point) p.get(i)).y < ((Point) p.get(min)).y) {

// min = i; <- this line is removed
```

#### 2. Insertion Mutation:

```
Add min = 0 at the beginning of the second loop
```

**Mutation Code:** 

}

```
for(i = 0; i < p.size(); ++i) { min = 0; //
    Inserted line if (((Point) p.get(i)).y ==
        ((Point) p.get(min)).y &&
        ((Point) p.get(i)).x < ((Point) p.get(min)).x) {
        min = i;
    }
}</pre>
```

#### 3. Modification Mutation:

```
Change p[i].y < p[min].y to p[i].y > p[min].y in the first if condition.

Mutation Code:

if (((Point) p.get(i)).y > ((Point) p.get(min)).y) { // Modified from < to > min = i; }
```

**Task 4:** Create a test set that satisfies the path coverage criterion where every loop is explored at least zero, one or two times.

```
import unittest
from point import Point, find_min_point

class TestFindMinPointPathCoverage(unittest.TestCase):

    def test_no_points(self):
        points = []
        with self.assertRaises(IndexError): # Expect an IndexError due to empty list
        find_min_point(points)
```

```
def test single point(self):
   points = [Point(5, 5)]
   result = find min point(points)
    self.assertEqual(result, points[0]) # Expect the point (5, 5)
def test_two_points_unique_min(self):
   points = [Point(2, 8), Point(3, 9)]
   result = find min point(points)
   self.assertEqual(result, points[0]) # Expect the point (2, 8)
def test_multiple_points_unique_min(self):
   points = [Point(6, 7), Point(3, 6), Point(4, 2)]
   result = find min point(points)
    self.assertEqual(result, points[2]) # Expect the point (4, 2)
def test multiple points same y(self):
   points = [Point(5, 3), Point(6, 3), Point(4, 3)]
   result = find_min_point(points)
   self.assertEqual(result, points[1]) # Expect the point (6, 3)
def test multiple points minimum y ties(self):
   points = [Point(8, 4), Point(5, 4), Point(7, 1), Point(9, 1)]
   result = find min point(points)
   self.assertEqual(result, points[3]) # Expect the point (9, 1)
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
    unittest.main()
```

#### **Lab Execution:**

**Q1)** After generating the control flow graph, check whether your CFG matches with the CFG generated by Control Flow Graph Factory Tool and Eclipse flow graph generator.

Ans. Control Flow Graph Factory: YES

Eclipse flow graph generator:- YES

- **Q2)** Devise minimum number of test cases required to cover the code using the aforementioned criteria.
  - 1. Statement Coverage: 3 test cases
  - 2. Branch Coverage: 3 test cases
  - 3. Basic Condition Coverage: 2 test cases
  - 4. Path Coverage: 3 test cases

Summary of Minimum Test Cases:

- Total: 3 (Statement) + 3 (Branch) + 2 (Basic Condition) + 3 (Path) = 11 test cases
- Q3) and Q4) Same as Part 1 which is done above