EXPERIMENT 01:

```
def display(s):
  print("{" + ", ".join(map(str, s)) + "}")
class SetOperations:
  def __init__(self):
     self.a = [int(input("Enter element of Set A: ")) for _ in range(int(input("Size of Set A: ")))]
     self.b = [int(input("Enter element of Set B: ")) for _ in range(int(input("Size of Set B: ")))]
     print("Set A:", self.a)
     print("Set B:", self.b)
  def union(self):
     display(list(set(self.a + self.b)))
  def intersection(self):
     display([x for x in self.a if x in self.b])
  def difference(self):
     while True:
        print("\nDifference\n1. A - B\n2. B - A\n3. Back")
        choice = int(input("Enter your choice: "))
        if choice == 1:
          display([x for x in self.a if x not in self.b])
        elif choice == 2:
           display([x for x in self.b if x not in self.a])
        elif choice == 3:
          break
        else:
           print("Invalid choice.")
  def subset(self):
     display([x for x in self.a if x in self.b])
# Main Program
s = SetOperations()
while True:
  print("\nMenu\n1. Union\n2. Intersection\n3. Difference\n4. Subset\n5. Exit")
  choice = int(input("Enter your choice: "))
  if choice == 1:
     s.union()
  elif choice == 2:
     s.intersection()
  elif choice == 3:
     s.difference()
  elif choice == 4:
     s.subset()
  elif choice == 5:
```

```
break
else:
   print("Invalid choice.")
```

EXPERIMENT 02:

```
class HashTable:
  def init (self):
     self.size = int(input("Enter number of phonebook users: "))
     self.table = [None] * self.size
     self.count = 0
     self.comparisons = 0
  def is_full(self):
     return self.count == self.size
  def insert(self):
     for _ in range(self.size):
        if self.is_full():
          print("Table is full.")
          break
       key = int(input("Enter key to insert: "))
       idx = key % self.size
       steps = 0
       # linear probing
       while self.table[idx] is not None and steps < self.size:
          self.comparisons += 1
          idx = (idx + 1) \% self.size
          steps += 1
       if self.table[idx] is None:
          self.table[idx] = key
          self.count += 1
          self.comparisons += 1
          print(f"Inserted {key} at position {idx}")
       else:
          print("Could not insert: table seems full.")
  def display(self):
     print("\nHash Table:")
     for i, key in enumerate(self.table):
        print(f"{i}: {key}")
  def search(self):
     key = int(input("Enter key to search: "))
     idx = key % self.size
```

```
steps = 0
     # probe until found or wrapped around
     while steps < self.size:
       self.comparisons += 1
       if self.table[idx] == key:
          print(f"Found {key} at position {idx}")
          return
       idx = (idx + 1) \% self.size
       steps += 1
     print(f"{key} not found.")
if __name__ == "__main__":
  ht = HashTable()
  menu = {
     "1": ht.insert,
     "2": ht.display,
     "3": ht.search,
  }
  while True:
     print("\nMenu:\n1. Insert\n2. Display\n3. Search\n0. Exit")
     choice = input("Enter your choice: ")
     if choice == "0":
       break
     action = menu.get(choice)
     if action:
       action()
     else:
       print("Invalid choice.")
EXPERIMENT 03:
```

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include <vector>
#include <memory>

struct Node {
    std::string label;
    std::vector<std::unique_ptr<Node>> children;
};

class BookTree {
    std::unique_ptr<Node> root;

// Recursive display with indentation
```

```
void display(const Node* node, int indent = 0) const {
     if (!node) return;
     std::cout << std::string(indent, ' ') << node->label << "\n";
     for (const auto& child: node->children)
       display(child.get(), indent + 4);
  }
public:
  void create() {
     root = std::make unique<Node>();
     std::cout << "Enter book title: ";
     std::getline(std::cin >> std::ws, root->label);
     int numChapters;
     std::cout << "Number of chapters: ";
     std::cin >> numChapters;
     for (int i = 1; i \le numChapters; ++i) {
       auto chap = std::make_unique<Node>();
       std::cout << " Chapter " << i << " title: ";
       std::getline(std::cin >> std::ws, chap->label);
       int numSections;
       std::cout << " Number of sections in \"" << chap->label << "\": ";
       std::cin >> numSections;
       for (int j = 1; j \le numSections; ++j) {
          auto sec = std::make_unique<Node>();
          std::cout << " Section " << j << " title: ";
          std::getline(std::cin >> std::ws, sec->label);
          chap->children.push_back(std::move(sec));
       }
       root->children.push back(std::move(chap));
    }
  }
  void display() const {
     if (!root) {
       std::cout << "Tree is empty. Please create it first.\n";
    } else {
       std::cout << "\n--- Book Contents ---\n";
       display(root.get());
       std::cout << "-----\n":
    }
  }
};
int main() {
```

```
BookTree tree;
while (true) {
  std::cout << "\n1. Create 2. Display 3. Quit\nChoose: ";
  int choice; std::cin >> choice;
  switch (choice) {
     case 1: tree.create(); break;
     case 2: tree.display(); break;
     case 3: return 0;
     default: std::cout << "Invalid choice.\n";
  }
}
```

EXPERIMENT 04:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <memory>
struct Node {
  int data;
  std::unique ptr<Node> left, right;
  explicit Node(int v) : data(v) {}
};
class BST {
  std::unique_ptr<Node> root;
  // Recursive helpers
  std::unique_ptr<Node> insert(std::unique_ptr<Node> node, int v) {
     if (!node)
       return std::make_unique<Node>(v);
     if (v < node->data)
       node->left = insert(std::move(node->left), v);
       node->right = insert(std::move(node->right), v);
     return node;
  }
  void inOrder(const Node* node) const {
     if (!node) return;
     inOrder(node->left.get());
     std::cout << node->data << ' ';
     inOrder(node->right.get());
  }
  int height(const Node* node) const {
     if (!node) return 0;
     return 1 + std::max(height(node->left.get()),
```

```
height(node->right.get()));
  }
  int minValue(const Node* node) const {
     return node->left ? minValue(node->left.get()) : node->data;
  }
  bool search(const Node* node, int v) const {
     if (!node) return false;
     if (node->data == v) return true;
     return search((v < node->data ? node->left.get() : node->right.get()), v);
  }
  void mirror(Node* node) {
     if (!node) return;
     std::swap(node->left, node->right);
     mirror(node->left.get());
     mirror(node->right.get());
  }
public:
  void insert(int v)
                         { root = insert(std::move(root), v); }
  void display() const
                           { inOrder(root.get()); std::cout << "\n"; }
  void printHeight() const { std::cout << "Height: " << height(root.get()) << "\n"; }</pre>
  void printMin() const
     if (root) std::cout << "Min value: " << minValue(root.get()) << "\n";
             std::cout << "Tree is empty.\n";
     else
  }
  void printSearch(int v) const {
     std::cout << (search(root.get(), v) ? "Found\n" : "Not found\n");
  void makeMirror()
                           { mirror(root.get()); }
};
int main() {
  BST tree;
  int choice, value;
  do {
     std::cout << "\n1. Insert\n2. Display (In-order)\n"
             "3. Height\n4. Min value\n"
             "5. Mirror\n6. Search\n0. Exit\nChoose: ";
     std::cin >> choice;
     switch (choice) {
        case 1:
          std::cout << "Value to insert: ";
          std::cin >> value;
```

```
tree.insert(value);
          break;
       case 2:
          tree.display();
          break;
       case 3:
          tree.printHeight();
          break;
       case 4:
          tree.printMin();
          break;
       case 5:
          tree.makeMirror();
          std::cout << "Tree mirrored.\n";
          break;
       case 6:
          std::cout << "Value to search: ";
          std::cin >> value;
          tree.printSearch(value);
          break;
       case 0:
          std::cout << "Goodbye!\n";
          break;
       default:
          std::cout << "Invalid choice.\n";
  } while (choice != 0);
  return 0;
}
EXPERIMENT 05:
```

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string.h>
using namespace std;
struct node
  char data;
  node *left;
  node *right;
};
class tree
  char prefix[20];
```

```
public:
  node *top;
  void expression(char[]);
  void display(node *);
  void non_rec_postorder(node *);
  void del(node *);
};
class stack1
  node *data[30];
  int top;
public:
  stack1()
  {
     top = -1;
  }
  int empty()
     if (top == -1)
        return 1;
     return 0;
  void push(node *p)
     data[++top] = p;
  }
  node *pop()
  {
     return (data[top--]);
  }
};
void tree::expression(char prefix[])
{
  char c;
  stack1 s;
  node *t1, *t2;
  int len, i;
  len = strlen(prefix);
  for (i = len - 1; i >= 0; i--)
  {
     top = new node;
     top->left = NULL;
     top->right = NULL;
     if (isalpha(prefix[i]))
        top->data = prefix[i];
        s.push(top);
```

```
}
     else if (prefix[i] == '+' || prefix[i] == '*' || prefix[i] == '-' || prefix[i] == '/')
       t2 = s.pop();
       t1 = s.pop();
       top->data = prefix[i];
       top->left = t2;
       top->right = t1;
       s.push(top);
     }
  top = s.pop();
void tree::display(node *root)
  if (root != NULL)
  {
     cout << root->data;
     display(root->left);
     display(root->right);
  }
}
void tree::non_rec_postorder(node *top)
  stack1 s1, s2; /*stack s1 is being used for flag . A NULL data implies that the right subtree
has not been visited */
  node *T = top;
  cout << "\n";
  s1.push(T);
  while (!s1.empty())
     T = s1.pop();
     s2.push(T);
     if (T->left != NULL)
        s1.push(T->left);
     if (T->right != NULL)
       s1.push(T->right);
  while (!s2.empty())
     top = s2.pop();
     cout << top->data;
}
void tree::del(node *node)
  if (node == NULL)
     return;
```

```
/* first delete both subtrees */
  del(node->left);
  del(node->right);
  /* then delete the node */
  cout <<endl<<"Deleting node : " << node->data<<endl;</pre>
  free(node);
}
int main()
  char expr[20];
  tree t;
  cout <<"Enter prefix Expression : ";</pre>
  cin >> expr;
  cout << expr;
  t.expression(expr);
  //t.display(t.top);
  //cout<<endl;
  t.non_rec_postorder(t.top);
  t.del(t.top);
  // t.display(t.top);
}
```

EXPERIMENT 06:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <stdlib.h>
using namespace std;
int cost[10][10], i, j, k, n, u,v;
int stk[10], top, visit1[10], visited1[10];
int main()
{
  int m;
  cout << "Enter number of vertices: ";
  cin >> n;
  cout << "Enter number of edges: ";
  cin >> m;
  cout << "\nEDGES :\n";</pre>
  for (k = 1; k \le m; k++)
  {
     cout<<"Enter U and V:";
     cin >> i >> j;
     cost[i][j] = 1;
     cost[j][i] = 1;
  }
```

```
//display function
  cout << "The adjacency matrix of the graph is : " << endl;</pre>
  for (i = 1; i \le n; i++)
  {
     for (j = 1; j \le n; j++)
        cout << " " << cost[i][j];
     }
     cout << endl;
  }
  cout <<endl<<"Enter initial vertex : ";
  cin >> v;
  cout << "The DFS of the Graph is\n";
  cout << v;
  visited1[v] = 1;
  k = 1;
  while (k < n)
  {
     for (j = n; j >= 1; j--)
        if (cost[v][j] != 0 && visited1[j] != 1 && visit1[j] != 1)
          visit1[j] = 1;
          stk[top] = j;
          top++;
       }
     v = stk[--top];
     cout << v << " ";
     k++;
     visit1[v] = 0;
     visited1[v] = 1;
  }
  return 0;
}
EXPERIMENT 07:
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
 int main()
{
       int n, i, j, k, row, col, mincost=0, min;
       char op;
        cout<<"Enter no. of vertices: ";
```

```
cin>>n;
int cost[n][n];
int visit[n];
for(i=0; i<n; i++)
        visit[i] = 0;
for(i=0; i<n; i++)
        for(int j=0; j<n; j++)
                cost[i][j] = -1;
for(i=0; i<n; i++)
{
        for(j=i+1; j<n; j++)
        {
                cout<<"Do you want an edge between "<<i<" and "<<j<<": ";
                //use 'i' & 'j' if your vertices start from 0
                cin>>op;
                if(op=='y' || op=='Y')
                {
                        cout<<"Enter weight: ";
                        cin>>cost[i][j];
                        cost[j][i] = cost[i][j];
                }
        }
}
visit[0] = 1;
for(k=0; k<n-1; k++)
{
        min = 999;
        for(i=0; i<n; i++)
        {
                for(j=0; j<n; j++)
                        if(visit[i] == 1 \&\& visit[j] == 0)
                                if(cost[i][j] != -1 && min>cost[i][j])
                                         min = cost[i][j];
                                         row = i;
                                         col = j;
                                }
                        }
                }
        mincost += min;
        visit[col] = 1;
        cost[row][col] = cost[col][row] = -1;
        cout<<row<<"->"<<col<<endl;
        //use 'row' & 'col' if your vertices start from 0
```

```
}
cout<<"\nMin. Cost: "<<mincost;
return 0;
}</pre>
```

EXPERIMENT 08:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
#define SIZE 10
class OBST {
  int p[SIZE];
  int q[SIZE];
  int a[SIZE];
  int w[SIZE][SIZE];
  int c[SIZE][SIZE];
  int r[SIZE][SIZE];
  int n;
public:
  void get_data() {
     cout << "\n Optimal Binary Search Tree \n";</pre>
     cout << "\n Enter the number of nodes";
     cin >> n;
     cout << "\n Enter the data as...\n";</pre>
     for (i = 1; i \le n; i++) {
        cout << "\n a[" << i << "]";
        cin >> a[i];
     for (i = 1; i \le n; i++) {
        cout << "\n p[" << i << "]";
        cin >> p[i];
     for (i = 0; i \le n; i++) {
        cout << "\n q[" << i << "]";
        cin >> q[i];
     }
  }
  int Min_Value(int i, int j) {
     int m, k;
     int minimum = 32000;
     for (m = r[i][j - 1]; m \le r[i + 1][j]; m++) {
        if ((c[i][m - 1] + c[m][j]) < minimum) {
           minimum = c[i][m - 1] + c[m][j];
           k = m;
```

```
}
  }
  return k;
}
void build_OBST() {
  int i, j, k, l, m;
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     w[i][i] = q[i];
     r[i][i] = c[i][i] = 0;
     w[i][i + 1] = q[i] + q[i + 1] + p[i + 1];
     r[i][i + 1] = i + 1;
     c[i][i + 1] = q[i] + q[i + 1] + p[i + 1];
  }
  w[n][n] = q[n];
  r[n][n] = c[n][n] = 0;
  for (m = 2; m \le n; m++) {
     for (i = 0; i \le n - m; i++) {
        j = i + m;
        w[i][j] = w[i][j - 1] + p[j] + q[j];
        k = Min_Value(i, j);
        c[i][j] = w[i][j] + c[i][k - 1] + c[k][j];
        r[i][j] = k;
     }
  }
}
void build_tree() {
  int i, j, k;
  int queue[20], front = -1, rear = -1;
  cout << "The Optimal Binary Search Tree For the Given Node Is...\n";
  cout << "\n The Root of this OBST is ::" << r[0][n];
  cout << "\nThe Cost of this OBST is::" << c[0][n];
  cout << "\n\n\t NODE \t LEFT CHILD \t RIGHT CHILD ";
  cout << "\n";
  queue[++rear] = 0;
  queue[++rear] = n;
  while (front != rear) {
     i = queue[++front];
     j = queue[++front];
     k = r[i][j];
     cout << "\n\t" << k;
     if (r[i][k - 1] != 0) {
        cout << "\t\t" << r[i][k - 1];
        queue[++rear] = i;
        queue[++rear] = k - 1;
     } else {
        cout << "\t\t";
```

```
}
        if (r[k][j] != 0) {
           cout << "\t" << r[k][j];
           queue[++rear] = k;
           queue[++rear] = j;
        } else {
          cout << "\t";
        }
     cout << "\n";
  }
};
int main() {
  OBST obj;
  obj.get_data();
  obj.build_OBST();
  obj.build_tree();
  return 0;
}
```

EXPERIMENT 09:

```
#include<iostream>
#include<cstring>
#include<cstdlib>
#define MAX 50
#define SIZE 20
using namespace std;
struct AVLnode
{
  public:
  char cWord[SIZE],cMeaning[MAX];
  AVLnode *left,*right;
  int iB_fac,iHt;
};
class AVLtree
{
  public:
    AVLnode *root;
    AVLtree()
    {
       root=NULL;
    int height(AVLnode*);
```

```
int bf(AVLnode*);
    AVLnode* insert(AVLnode*,char[SIZE],char[MAX]);
    AVLnode* rotate_left(AVLnode*);
    AVLnode* rotate_right(AVLnode*);
    AVLnode* LL(AVLnode*);
    AVLnode* RR(AVLnode*);
    AVLnode* LR(AVLnode*);
    AVLnode* RL(AVLnode*);
    AVLnode* delet(AVLnode*,char x[SIZE]);
    void inorder(AVLnode*);
};
AVLnode *AVLtree::delet(AVLnode *curr,char x[SIZE])
  AVLnode *temp;
  if(curr==NULL)
    return(0);
  else
    if(strcmp(x,curr->cWord)>0)
       curr->right=delet(curr->right,x);
       if(bf(curr)==2)
       if(bf(curr->left)>=0)
         curr=LL(curr);
       else
         curr=LR(curr);
    }
    else
    if(strcmp(x,curr->cWord)<0)</pre>
       curr->left=delet(curr->left,x);
       if(bf(curr)==-2)
       if(bf(curr->right)<=0)
         curr=RR(curr);
       else
         curr=RL(curr);
    }
  else
  {
    if(curr->right!=NULL)
       temp=curr->right;
       while(temp->left!=NULL)
       temp=temp->left;
       strcpy(curr->cWord,temp->cWord);
       curr->right=delet(curr->right,temp->cWord);
       if(bf(curr)==2)
       if(bf(curr->left)>=0)
```

```
curr=LL(curr);
       else
         curr=LR(curr);
    }
    else
    return(curr->left);
  }
  curr->iHt=height(curr);
  return(curr);
}
AVLnode* AVLtree :: insert(AVLnode*root,char newword[SIZE],char newmeaning[MAX])
  if(root==NULL)
  {
    root=new AVLnode;
    root->left=root->right=NULL;
    strcpy(root->cWord,newword);
    strcpy(root->cMeaning,newmeaning);
  }
  else if(strcmp(root->cWord,newword)!=0)
    if(strcmp(root->cWord,newword)>0)
       root->left=insert(root->left,newword,newmeaning);
       if(bf(root)==2)
         if (strcmp(root->left->cWord,newword)>0)
            root=LL(root);
         else
            root=LR(root);
       }
    }
    else if(strcmp(root->cWord,newword)<0)
       root->right=insert(root->right,newword,newmeaning);
       if(bf(root)==-2)
       {
         if(strcmp(root->right->cWord,newword)>0)
            root=RR(root);
         else
            root=RL(root);
       }
    }
  }
```

```
else
     cout<<"\nRedundant AVLnode";
  root->iHt=height(root);
  return root;
}
int AVLtree :: height(AVLnode* curr)
{
  int lh,rh;
  if(curr==NULL)
     return 0;
  if(curr->right==NULL && curr->left==NULL)
     return 0;
  else
  {
     lh=lh+height(curr->left);
     rh=rh+height(curr->right);
     if(lh>rh)
       return lh+1;
     return rh+1;
  }
}
int AVLtree :: bf(AVLnode* curr)
  int lh,rh;
  if(curr==NULL)
     return 0;
  else
  {
     if(curr->left==NULL)
       lh=0;
     else
       Ih=1+curr->left->iHt;
     if(curr->right==NULL)
       rh=0;
     else
       rh=1+curr->right->iHt;
     return(lh-rh);
  }
}
AVLnode* AVLtree :: rotate_right(AVLnode* curr)
  AVLnode* temp;
  temp=curr->left;
  curr->left=temp->right;
  temp->left=curr;
```

```
curr->iHt=height(curr);
  temp->iHt=height(temp);
  return temp;
}
AVLnode* AVLtree :: rotate_left(AVLnode* curr)
  AVLnode* temp;
  temp=curr->right;
  curr->right=temp->left;
  temp->left=curr;
  curr->iHt=height(curr);
  temp->iHt=height(temp);
  return temp;
}
AVLnode* AVLtree :: RR(AVLnode* curr)
  curr=rotate_left(curr);
  return curr;
}
AVLnode* AVLtree :: LL(AVLnode* curr)
  curr=rotate_right(curr);
  return curr;
}
AVLnode* AVLtree :: RL(AVLnode* curr)
{
  curr->right=rotate_right(curr->right);
  curr=rotate_left(curr);
  return curr;
}
AVLnode* AVLtree::LR(AVLnode* curr)
  curr->left=rotate_left(curr->left);
  curr=rotate_right(curr);
  return curr;
}
void AVLtree :: inorder(AVLnode* curr)
  if(curr!=NULL)
    inorder(curr->left);
     cout<<"\n\t"<<curr->cWord<<"\t"<<curr->cMeaning;
```

```
inorder(curr->right);
  }
}
int main()
  int iCh;
  AVLtree a;
  AVLnode *curr=NULL;
  char cWd[SIZE],cMean[MAX];
  cout<<"\n-----";
  cout<<"\n\tAVL TREE IMPLEMENTATION";
  cout<<"\n-----";
  do
  { cout<<"\n----";
    cout<<"\n\t\tMENU";
    cout<<"\n-----";
    cout<<"\n1.Insert\n2.Inorder\n3.Delete\n4.Exit";
    cout<<"\n----";
    cout<<"\nEnter your choice :";</pre>
    cin>>iCh;
    switch(iCh)
      case 1: cout<<"\nEnter Word : ";
        cin>>cWd;
        cout<<"\nEnter Meaning : ";</pre>
        cin.ignore();
        cin.getline(cMean,MAX);
        a.root=a.insert(a.root,cWd,cMean);
        break;
      case 2: cout<<"\n\tWORD\tMEANING";
        a.inorder(a.root);
        break;
      case 3: cout<<"\nEnter the word to be deleted : ";
          cin>>cWd:
          curr=a.delet(a.root,cWd);
          if(curr==NULL)
             cout<<"\nWord not present!";
           else
             cout << "\nWord deleted Successfully!";
           curr=NULL;
          break;
      case 4: exit(0);
```

```
}
}while(iCh!=4);
return 0;
}
```

EXPERIMENT 10: