

OOP & DS-Journal

Question 1

An electricity board charges the following rates to user.

For the first 100 units → 60p per unit.

For the next 200 units→80p per unit.

Beyond 300 units→90p per unit.

1).All users are charged a minimum of Rs. 50; if the total amount is more than 300 then an additional surcharges of 15% is added. Write a program to accept name of user consumed and print charges with their rates.

Solution

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
const int minimum=50;
void main()
{
    float total,unit,additional=0;
    char name[20];
    clrscr();
    cout<<"Enter Name :- ";
    cin>>name;
    cout<<"Enter Unit :- ";
    cin>>unit;
    if(unit<=100)
        total=(unit*0.6)+minimum;
    else if(unit<=300)
        total=(unit*0.6)+((unit-100)*0.8)+minimum;
    else
        total=(unit*0.6)+((unit-100)*0.8)+((unit-300)*0.9)+minimum;
    if(total>300)
    {
        additional=total*0.15;
        total+=additional;
    }
    cout<<"Name :- "<<name<<endl;
    cout<<"Units Consumed :- "<<unit<<endl;
    cout<<"Additional Charges :- "<<additional<<endl;
    cout<<"Minimum Charges :- "<<minimum<<endl;
    cout<<"Total :- "<<total;
```

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```
        getch();  
    }
```

Output

```
Enter Name :- Jay  
Enter Unit :- 345  
Name :- Jay  
Units Consumed :- 345  
Additional Charges :- 74.025002  
Minimum Charges :- 50  
Total :- 567.525024_
```

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Question 2

Define a class to represent a bank account. Include the following members:

- a. Name of the depositor b. Account number
- c. Type of Account d. Balance amount in the Account Member Functions:
 - a. To assign initial values.
 - b. To deposit an amount.
 - c. To withdraw an amount after checking the balance.
 - d. To display name and balance.

Write main program and handle accounts of 5 customers.

Solution

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class bank
{
    protected:
        char name[20],type[10];
        float amount;
    public:
        int acno;
        void getdata()
        {
            cout<<"\n\nEnter Name :- ";
            cin>>name;
            cout<<"Enter Account Number :- ";
            cin>>acno;
            cout<<"Enter Type Of Account :- ";
            cin>>type;
            cout<<"Enter Deposited Amount To Open Account :- ";
            cin>>amount;
            cout<<"Your Account Opened Successfully..."<<endl;
        }
        void deposit()
        {
            float d;
            cout<<"\n\nEnter Amount to Deposit :- ";
            cin>>d;
            amount+=d;
            cout<<"Amount Successfully Deposited To your
Account..."<<endl;
```

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```
    }
    void withdraw()
    {
        float w;
        cout<<"\n\nEnter Amount To Withdraw :- ";
        cin>>w;
        if(w>amount)
        {
            cout<<"You have insufficient Balance..."<<endl;
            return;
        }
        amount-=w;
        cout<<"Amount Successfully Withdrawn..."<<endl;
    }
    void display()
    {
        cout<<"\n\nName :- "<<name<<endl;
        cout<<"Balance :- "<<amount<<endl;
    }
};

void main()
{
    int ch,i,acc,j=0,choice;
    bank b[5];
    clrscr();
    do
    {
        cout<<"\n1.New Account\n2.Existing Account\n3.Exit\n";
        cin>>ch;
        switch(ch)
        {
            case 1:
                b[j].getdata();
                j++;
                break;
            case 2:
                cout<<"\nEnter Account Number :- ";
                cin>>acc;
                for(i=0;i<j;i++)
                {
                    if(b[i].acno==acc)
                    {
```

```
do
{
    cout<<"\n1.Deposit\n2.Withdraw\n3.Display\n4.Exit\n";
    cin>>choice;
    switch(choice)
    {
        case 1:
            b[i].deposit();
            break;
        case 2:
            b[i].withdraw();
            break;
        case 3:
            b[i].display();
            break;
        case 4:
            cout<<"Exitting..."<<endl;
            break;
        default:
            cout<<"Enter Corrcet
Choice...";
    }
    }while(choice!=4);
    break;
}
}
if(i==j)
    cout<<"Account Not Found..."<<endl;
    break;
case 3:
    cout<<"Exitting..."<<endl;
    break;
default:
    cout<<"Enter Correct Choice...";
    }
}while(ch!=3);
}
```

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Output

```
1.New Account
2.Existing Account
3.Exit
1

Enter Name :- Jay
Enter Account Number :- 1001
Enter Type Of Account :- S
Enter Deposited Amount To Open Account :-10000
Your Account Opened Successfully...

1.New Account
2.Existing Account
3.Exit
2

Enter Account Number :- 1001

1.Deposit
2.Withdraw
3.Display
4.Exit
1

Enter Amount to Deposit :- 1000
Amount Successfully Deposited To your Account...

1.Deposit
2.Withdraw
3.Display
4.Exit
2

Enter Amount To Withdraw :- 5900
Amount Successfully Withdrawn...

1.Deposit
2.Withdraw
3.Display
4.Exit
3

Name :- Jay
Balance :- 5100
```

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Question 3

Program to create a class person having members name and age. Derive a class student having member percentage. Derive another class teacher having member salary. Write necessary member function to initialize, read and write data. Also write the main function.

Solution

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class Person
{
    protected:
        char name[20];
        int age;
    public:
        void getdata()
        {
            cout<<"Enter Name :- ";
            cin>>name;
            cout<<"Enter Age :- ";
            cin>>age;
        }
        void display()
        {
            cout<<"Name :- "<<name<<endl;
            cout<<"Age :- "<<age<<endl;
        }
};
class Student:public Person
{
    protected:
        float per;
    public:
        void getstu()
        {
            getdata();
            cout<<"Enter Percentage :- ";
            cin>>per;
        }
        void disstu()
        {
```

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```
        display();
        cout<<"Percentage :- "<<per<<endl;
    }
};
class Teacher:public Person
{
    protected:
        float salary;
    public:
        void gettea()
        {
            getdata();
            cout<<"Enter Salary :- ";
            cin>>salary;
        }
        void distea()
        {
            display();
            cout<<"Salary :- "<<salary<<endl;
        }
};
void main()
{
    int ch,i,sn,tn;
    Student s[10];
    Teacher t[10];
    do
    {
        cout<<"\n1.Enter Student Details\n2.Display Student\n3.Enter
Teacher Details\n4.Display Teacher Details\n5.Exit";
        cin>>ch;
        switch(ch)
        {
            case 1:
                cout<<"Enter Number Of Students :- ";
                cin>>sn;
                for(i=0;i<sn;i++)
                {
                    cout<<"Enter Details Of Student

"<<i+1<<" :-\n\n";

                    s[i].getstu();
                }
            }
```



```
        break;
    case 2:
        for(i=0;i<sn;i++)
        {
            cout<<"Details Of Student "<<i+1<<" :-
\n\n";

            s[i].disstu();
        }
        break;
    case 3:
        cout<<"Enter Number Of Teachers :- ";
        cin>>tn;
        for(i=0;i<tn;i++)
        {
            cout<<"Enter Details Of Teacher
"<<i+1<<" :-\n\n";

            t[i].gettea();
        }
        break;
    case 4:
        for(i=0;i<tn;i++)
        {
            cout<<"Details Of Teacher "<<i+1<<" :-
\n\n";

            t[i].distea();
        }
        break;
    }
}while(ch!=5);
}
```

Output

```
1.Enter Student Details
2.Display Student
3.Enter Teacher Details
4.Display Teacher Details
5.Exit
```

```
2
Details Of Student 1 :-
```

```
Name :- Jay
Age :- 18
Percentage :- 67
Details Of Student 2 :-
```

```
Name :- 2
Age :- 19
Percentage :- 76
```

```
1.Enter Student Details
2.Display Student
3.Enter Teacher Details
4.Display Teacher Details
5.Exit
```

```
1
Enter Number Of Students :- 2
Enter Details Of Student 1 :-
```

```
Enter Name :- Jay
Enter Age :- 18
Enter Percentage :- 67
Enter Details Of Student 2 :-
```

```
Enter Name :- 2
Enter Age :- 19
Enter Percentage :- 76
```

```
1.Enter Student Details
2.Display Student
3.Enter Teacher Details
4.Display Teacher Details
5.Exit
```

```
3
Enter Number Of Teachers :- 2
Enter Details Of Teacher 1 :-
```

```
Enter Name :- Rajesh
Enter Age :- 25
Enter Salary :- 25000
Enter Details Of Teacher 2 :-
```

```
Enter Name :- Kamlesh
Enter Age :- 36
Enter Salary :- 30000
```

```
1.Enter Student Details
2.Display Student
3.Enter Teacher Details
4.Display Teacher Details
5.Exit
4
Details Of Teacher 1 :-

Name :- Rajesh
Age :- 25
Salary :- 25000
Details Of Teacher 2 :-

Name :- Kamlesh
Age :- 36
Salary :- 30000
```

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Question 4

Program to create a class name student having data member name, no & three marks. Write a member function to input name, roll no & marks & calculate percentage.

Solution

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class Student
{
    protected:
        char name[20];
        int no,m1,m2,m3;
        float per;
    public:
        void getdata()
        {
            cout<<"Enter Roll No :- ";
            cin>>no;
            cout<<"Enter Name :- ";
            cin>>name;
            cout<<"Enter Marks1 :- ";
            cin>>m1;
            cout<<"Enter Marks2 :- ";
            cin>>m2;
            cout<<"Enter Marks3 :- ";
            cin>>m3;
        }
        void percentage()
        {
            getdata();
            per=(m1+m2+m3)/3.0;
            cout<<"Percentage :- "<<per;
        }
};
void main()
{
    Student s;
    clrscr();
    s.percentage();getch();
}
```

Output

```
Enter Roll No :- 1
Enter Name :- Jay
Enter Marks1 :- 23
Enter Marks2 :- 43
Enter Marks3 :- 54
Percentage :- 40
```

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Question 5

Create a class called "Vehicle" which contains data members registration number and fuel type. Make getdata() function to input data value. Create class "two-Wheeler" from vehicle which contains data member's distance and mileage. Make getdata() function to input data. Use overloading techniques for getdata() function and display the information with fuel used.

Solution

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class Vehicle
{
    protected:
        char rn[20],ftype[10];
    public:
        virtual void getdata()
        {
            cout<<"Enter Registration Number :- ";
            cin>>rn;
            cout<<"Enter Fuel Type :- ";
            cin>>ftype;
        }
        virtual void display()
        {
            cout<<"\n\nRegistration Number :- "<<rn<<endl;
            cout<<"Fuel Type :- "<<ftype<<endl;
        }
};
class Two_wheeler:public Vehicle
{
    protected:
        float distance,mileage;
    public:
        void getdata()
        {
            cout<<"Enter Distance Of Your Vehicle Travelled(km) :- ";
            cin>>distance;
            cout<<"Enter Mileage Of Your Vehicle(km/l) :- ";
            cin>>mileage;
        }
        void display()
```

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```
        {
            cout<<"Distance Travelled :- "<<distance<<endl;
            cout<<"Mileage :- "<<mileage<<endl;
            cout<<"Fuel Used :- "<<distance*mileage<<endl;
        }
    };
    void main()
    {
        Vehicle v;
        Two_wheeler t;
        Vehicle *v1=&v,*t1=&t;
        clrscr();
        v1->getdata();
        t1->getdata();
        v1->display();
        t1->display();
        getch();
    }
```

Output

```
Enter Registration Number :- GJ05HP9136
Enter Fuel Type :- P
Enter Distance Of Your Vehicle Travelled(km) :- 36320
Enter Mileage Of Your Vehicle(km/l) :- 40

Registration Number :- GJ05HP9136
Fuel Type :- P
Distance Travelled :- 36320
Mileage :- 40
Fuel Used :- 1452800
```

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Question 6

Write a program that consist of two classes Time12 and Time24. The first one maintains time on 12 hour basis, whereas the other one maintains it on 24-hour basis.

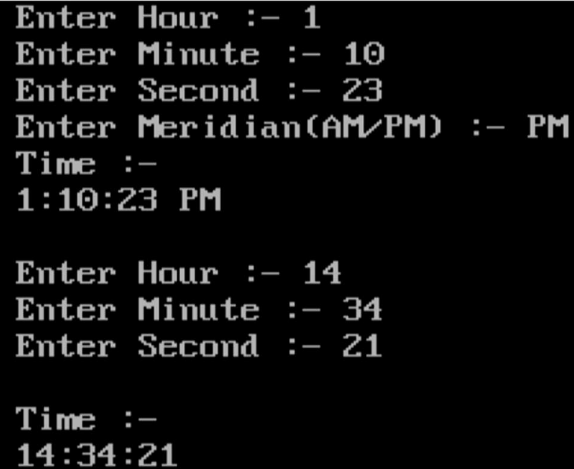
Solution

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class Time12
{
    protected:
        int h,m,s;
        char mer[2];
    public:
        void gettime()
        {
            cout<<"Enter Hour :- ";
            cin>>h;
            cout<<"Enter Minute :- ";
            cin>>m;
            cout<<"Enter Second :- ";
            cin>>s;
            cout<<"Enter Meridian(AM/PM) :- ";
            cin>>mer;
        }
        void display()
        {
            gettime();
            cout<<"Time :-\n";
            cout<<h<<":"<<m<<":"<<s<<" "<<mer;
        }
};
class Time24
{
    protected:
        int h,m,s;
    public:
        void gettime()
        {
            cout<<"Enter Hour :- ";
            cin>>h;
```


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```
        cout<<"Enter Minute :- ";
        cin>>m;
        cout<<"Enter Second :- ";
        cin>>s;
    }
    void display()
    {
        gettime();
        cout<<"Time :-\n";
        cout<<h<<":"<<m<<":"<<s;
    }
};
void main()
{
    Time12 t1;
    Time24 t2;
    clrscr();
    t1.display();
    t2.display();
    getch();
}
```

Output



```
Enter Hour :- 1
Enter Minute :- 10
Enter Second :- 23
Enter Meridian(AM/PM) :- PM
Time :-
1:10:23 PM

Enter Hour :- 14
Enter Minute :- 34
Enter Second :- 21

Time :-
14:34:21
```

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Question 7

Create two classes DM and DB which store the values of distance. DM stores distance in meters and centimeters. DB stores distances in feet and inches. Write a program that can read values for the class object and add one object of DM with another object of DB. Use a friend function to carry out the addition operation and this function will display answer in meter and centimeters.

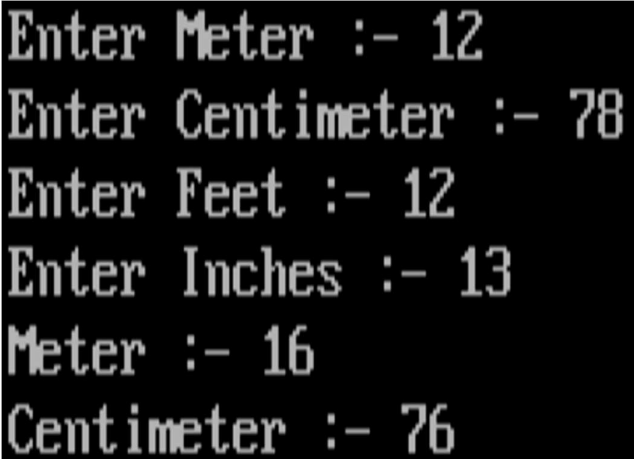
Solution

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class DB;
class DM
{
    protected:
        int m,cm;
    public:
        DM()
        {
            cout<<"Enter Meter :- ";
            cin>>m;
            cout<<"Enter Centimeter :- ";
            cin>>cm;
        }
        friend void add(DM m,DB b);
};
class DB
{
    protected:
        int f,i;
    public:
        DB()
        {
            cout<<"Enter Feet :- ";
            cin>>f;
            cout<<"Enter Inches :- ";
            cin>>i;
        }
        friend void add(DM m,DB b);
};
void add(DM m,DB b)
{
```

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```
float m1,cm;
cm=m.cm+(b.i*2.54)+(b.f*30.48);
m1=m.m+(int)(cm/100);
cm=(int)cm%100;
cout<<"Meter :- "<<m1<<endl;
cout<<"Centimeter :- "<<cm<<endl;
}
void main()
{
    clrscr();
    DM m;
    DB b;
    add(m,b);
    getch();
}
```

Output



The screenshot displays the output of a C++ program on a black background with white text. It shows the results of adding two objects, DM m and DB b, which represent measurements in different units. The output is as follows:

```
Enter Meter :- 12
Enter Centimeter :- 78
Enter Feet :- 12
Enter Inches :- 13
Meter :- 16
Centimeter :- 76
```

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Question 8

Write a program to maintain a telephone directory use add() and Show() methods to add new entries and display the telephone numbers of a person when the name of the person is given.

Solution

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
class Telephone
{
    protected:
        char name[20][20];
        long int tno[20];
        int i,j;
    public:
        Telephonr()
        {
            i=0;
        }
        void add()
        {
            cout<<"Enter Name :- ";
            cin>>name[i];
            cout<<"Enter Telephone Number :- ";
            cin>>tno[i];
            i++;
        }
        void show(char nm[20])
        {
            for(j=0;j<i;j++)
            {
                if(strcmp(nm,name[j])==0)
                {
                    cout<<"Telephone Number :- "<<tno[j]<<endl;
                    break;
                }
            }
            if(j==i)
                cout<<"Name Not Found..."<<endl;
        }
}
```

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```
};  
void main()  
{  
    int ch;  
    char nm[20];  
    Telephone t;  
    clrscr();  
    do  
    {  
        cout<<"\n1.Add\n2.Show\nEnter Choice :- ";  
        cin>>ch;  
        switch(ch)  
        {  
            case 1:  
                t.add();  
                break;  
            case 2:  
                cout<<"Enter Name To Search Number :- ";  
                cin>>nm;  
                t.show(nm);  
                break;  
            case 3:  
                break;  
            default:  
                cout<<"Enter Correct Choice...";  
        }  
    }while(ch!=3);  
    getch();  
}
```

Output

```
Enter Choice :- 1
Enter Name :- Jay
Enter Telephone Number :- 1203032

1.Add
2.Show
Enter Choice :- 1
Enter Name :- Rishi
Enter Telephone Number :- 1203423

1.Add
2.Show
Enter Choice :- 1
Enter Name :- Vivek
Enter Telephone Number :- 1205678

1.Add
2.Show
Enter Choice :- 2
Enter Name To Search Number :- Rishi
Telephone Number :- 1203423
```

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Question 9

Create a base class shape use the class two store double type value that could be used to compare the area. A drive to specific classes called triangle and rectangle. From the base shape and a member in get data to the base class to initialize base data member and another function display area

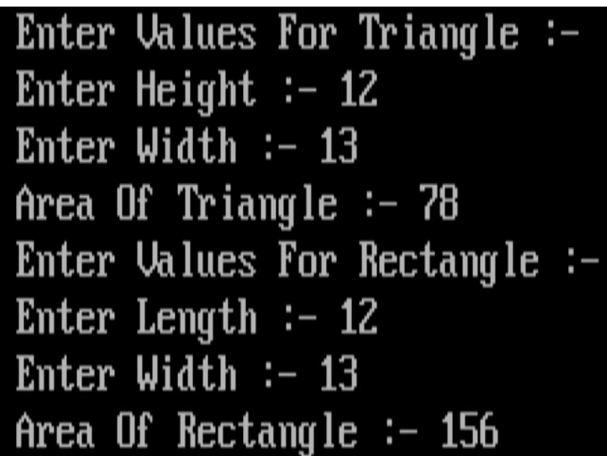
Solution

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class Shape
{
    protected:
        double w,h;
    public:
        virtual void getdata()=0;
        virtual void area()=0;
};
class Triangle:public Shape
{
    public:
        void getdata()
        {
            cout<<"Enter Values For Triangle :-\n";
            cout<<"Enter Height :- ";
            cin>>h;
            cout<<"Enter Width :- ";
            cin>>w;
        }
        void area()
        {
            cout<<"Area Of Triangle :- "<<(h*w)/2;
        }
};
class Rectangle:public Shape
{
    public:
        void getdata()
        {
            cout<<"\nEnter Values For Rectangle :-\n";
            cout<<"Enter Length :- ";
            cin>>h;
```

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```
        cout<<"Enter Width :- ";
        cin>>w;
    }
    void area()
    {
        cout<<"Area Of Rectangle :- "<<h*w;
    }
};
void main()
{
    clrscr();
    Shape *t,*r;
    t=new Triangle();
    r=new Rectangle();
    t->getdata();
    t->area();
    r->getdata();
    r->area();
    getch();
}
```

Output



```
Enter Values For Triangle :-
Enter Height :- 12
Enter Width :- 13
Area Of Triangle :- 78
Enter Values For Rectangle :-
Enter Length :- 12
Enter Width :- 13
Area Of Rectangle :- 156
```


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Question 10

Write Program to implement Stack Operations like PUSH, POP, PEEP, UPDATE and DISPLAY using class and object.

Solution

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
const int n=5;
int s[n],top=-1;
class Stack
{
    public:
    void push(int data)
    {
        if(top==n-1)
        {
            cout<<"Stack is Overflow..."<<endl;
            return;
        }
        top++;
        s[top]=data;
    }
    int pop()
    {
        if(top==--1)
        {
            cout<<"Stack is Underflow..."<<endl;
            return 0;
        }
        int data=s[top];
        top--;
        return data;
    }
    void peep()
    {
        int loc;
        cout<<"Enter Location From Top :- ";
        cin>>loc;
        if(top-loc+1<0)
        {
            cout<<"There is no value..."<<endl;
            return;
        }
    }
}
```

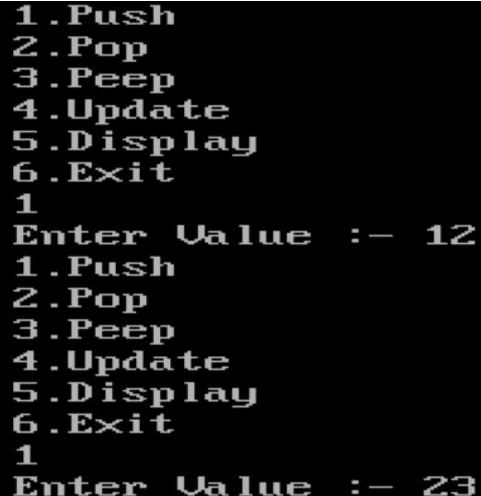
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```
        }
        cout<<"Value at "<<loc<<" from Top :- "<<s[top-loc+1]<<endl;
    }
    void update()
    {
        int loc,data;
        cout<<"Enter Location From Top :- ";
        cin>>loc;
        if(top-loc+1<0)
        {
            cout<<"There is no value..."<<endl;
            return;
        }
        cout<<"Value at "<<loc<<" from Top :- "<<s[top-loc+1]<<endl;
        cout<<"Enter New Value :- ";
        cin>>data;
        s[top-loc+1]=data;
        cout<<"Value Updated..."<<endl;
    }
    void display()
    {
        int i;
        if(top==--1)
        {
            cout<<"Stack is Underflow..."<<endl;
            return;
        }
        for(i=top;i>=0;i--)
            cout<<s[i]<<endl;
    }
};
void main()
{
    int ch,data;
    Stack s1;
    clrscr();
    do
    {
        cout<<"1.Push\n2.Pop\n3.Peep\n4.Update\n5.Display\n6.Exit\n";
        cin>>ch;
        switch(ch)
        {
```

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```
        case 1:
            cout<<"Enter Value :- ";
            cin>>data;
            s1.push(data);
            break;
        case 2:
            cout<<"Removed Value :- "<<s1.pop()<<endl;
            break;
        case 3:
            s1.peep();
            break;
        case 4:
            s1.update();
            break;
        case 5:
            s1.display();
            break;
        case 6:
            break;
        default:
            cout<<"Enter Correct Choice..."<<endl;
    }
    }while(ch!=6);
    getch();
}
```

Output



```
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Peep
4.Update
5.Display
6.Exit
1
Enter Value :- 12
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Peep
4.Update
5.Display
6.Exit
1
Enter Value :- 23
```

```
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Peep
4.Update
5.Display
6.Exit
1
Enter Value :- 34
```

```
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Peep
4.Update
5.Display
6.Exit
3
Enter Location From Top :- 2
Value at 2 from Top :- 23
```

```
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Peep
4.Update
5.Display
6.Exit
4
Enter Location From Top :- 1
Value at 1 from Top :- 34
Enter New Value :- 56
Value Updated...
```

```
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Peep
4.Update
5.Display
6.Exit
2
Removed Value :- 56
```

```
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Peep
4.Update
5.Display
6.Exit
1
Enter Value :- 34
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Peep
4.Update
5.Display
6.Exit
1
Enter Value :- 43
```

```
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Peep
4.Update
5.Display
6.Exit
5
43
34
23
12
```

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Question 11

Write Program to convert Infix to Postfix Expression using class and object.

Solution

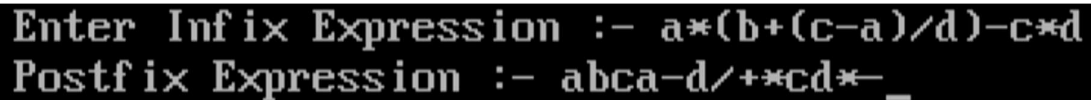
```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
const int n=20;
char s[n];
int top=-1;
class Stack
{
    public:
        void push(char data)
        {
            top++;
            s[top]=data;
        }
        char pop()
        {
            char data=s[top];
            top--;
            return data;
        }
        int priority(char op)
        {
            switch(op)
            {
                case '^':
                    return 3;
                case '*':case '/':
                    return 2;
                case '+':case '-':
                    return 1;
                default:
                    return 0;
            }
        }
};

void main()
{
```

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```
char in[n],post[n];
int i,j=0;
Stack st;
clrscr();
cout<<"Enter Infix Expression :- ";
cin>>in;
for(i=0;in[i]!='\0';i++)
{
    switch(in[i])
    {
        case '(':
            st.push(in[i]);
            break;
        case '^':case '*':case '/':case '+':case '-':
            while(st.priority(s[top])>=st.priority(in[i]))
                post[j++]=st.pop();
            st.push(in[i]);
            break;
        case ')':
            while(s[top]!='(')
                post[j++]=st.pop();
            st.pop();
            break;
        default:
            post[j++]=in[i];
    }
}
while(top>-1)
    post[j++]=st.pop();
post[j]='\0';
cout<<"Postfix Expression :- "<<post;
getch();
}
```

Output



Enter Infix Expression :- a*(b+(c-a)/d)-c*d
Postfix Expression :- abca-d/+*cd*- _

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Question 12

Write Program to convert Infix to Prefix Expression using class and object

Solution

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
const int n=20;
char s[n];
int top=-1;
class Stack
{
    public:
        void push(char data)
        {
            top++;
            s[top]=data;
        }
        char pop()
        {
            char data=s[top];
            top--;
            return data;
        }
        int priority(char op)
        {
            switch(op)
            {
                case '^':
                    return 3;
                case '*':case '/':
                    return 2;
                case '+':case '-':
                    return 1;
                default:
                    return 0;
            }
        }
};
void main()
{
```


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```
char in[n],pre[n];
int i,j=0;
Stack st;
clrscr();
cout<<"Enter Infix Expression :- ";
cin>>in;
strrev(in);
for(i=0;in[i]!='\0';i++)
{
    switch(in[i])
    {
        case ')':
            st.push(in[i]);
            break;
        case '^':case '*':case '/':case '+':case '-':
            while(st.priority(s[top])>=st.priority(in[i]))
                pre[j++]=st.pop();
            st.push(in[i]);
            break;
        case '(':
            while(s[top]!='')
                pre[j++]=st.pop();
            st.pop();
            break;
        default:
            pre[j++]=in[i];
    }
}
while(top>-1)
    pre[j++]=st.pop();
pre[j]='\0';
strrev(pre);
cout<<"Prefix Expression :- "<<pre;
getch();
}
```

Output



The screenshot shows the output of the program. It displays the input infix expression "a*(b+(c-a)/d)-c*d" and the resulting prefix expression "-*a+b/-cad*cd_". The text is in a monospaced font on a black background.

```
Enter Infix Expression :- a*(b+(c-a)/d)-c*d
Prefix Expression :- -*a+b/-cad*cd_
```

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Question 13

Write Program to implement Simple Queue Operations like Insert, Delete and Display.

Solution

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
const n=5;
int f=-1,r=-1,q[n];
class Queue
{
    public:
    void enqueue(int data)
    {
        if(r==n-1)
        {
            cout<<"Queue is Overflow..."<<endl;
            return;
        }
        r++;
        q[r]=data;
        if(f==n-1)
            f++;
    }
    int dequeue()
    {
        int data;
        if(f==n-1)
        {
            cout<<"Queue is Underflow..."<<endl;
            return 0;
        }
        data=q[f];
        if(f==r)
            f=r=-1;
        else
            f++;
        return data;
    }
    void display()
    {
```

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```
        int i;
        if(f==-1)
        {
            cout<<"Queue is Underflow..."<<endl;
            return;
        }
        for(i=f;i<=r;i++)
            cout<<q[i]<<"\t";
    }
};

void main()
{
    int ch,data;
    Queue q1;
    clrscr();
    do
    {
        cout<<"\n1.Enqueue\n2.Dequeue\n3.Display\n4.Exit\n";
        cin>>ch;
        switch(ch)
        {
            case 1:
                cout<<"Enter Value :- ";
                cin>>data;
                q1.enqueue(data);
                break;
            case 2:
                cout<<"Removed Data :- "<<q1.dequeue()<<endl;
                break;
            case 3:
                q1.display();
                break;
            case 4:
                break;
            default:
                cout<<"Enter Correct Choice..."<<endl;
        }
    }while(ch!=4);
    getch();
}
```

Output

```
1.Enqueue
2.Dequeue
3.Display
4.Exit
1
Enter Value :- 21
```

```
1.Enqueue
2.Dequeue
3.Display
4.Exit
1
Enter Value :- 23
```

```
1.Enqueue
2.Dequeue
3.Display
4.Exit
1
Enter Value :- 45
```

```
1.Enqueue
2.Dequeue
3.Display
4.Exit
1
Enter Value :- 34
```

```
1.Enqueue
2.Dequeue
3.Display
4.Exit
2
Removed Data :- 21
```

```
1.Enqueue
2.Dequeue
3.Display
4.Exit
3
23      45      34
1.Enqueue
2.Dequeue
3.Display
4.Exit
```

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Question 14

Write Program to implement Circular Queue Operations like Insert, Delete and Display using class and object.

Solution

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
const int n=5;
int f=-1,r=-1,q[n];
class Queue
{
    public:
    void enqueue(int data)
    {
        if((r==n-1 && f==0) || r+1==f)
        {
            cout<<"Queue is Overflow..."<<endl;
            return;
        }
        if(r==n-1)
            r=0;
        else
            r++;
        q[r]=data;
        if(f==n-1)
            f++;
    }
    int dequeue()
    {
        int data;
        if(f==n-1)
        {
            cout<<"Queue is Underflow..."<<endl;
            return 0;
        }
        data=q[f];
        if(f==r)
            f=r=-1;
        else if(f==n-1)
            f=0;
        else
            f++;
    }
}
```

```
        f++;
        return data;
    }
    void display()
    {
        int i;
        if(f==-1)
        {
            cout<<"Queue is Underflow..."<<endl;
            return;
        }
        if(f<=r)
        {
            for(i=f;i<=r;i++)
            {
                cout<<q[i]<<"\t";
            }
        }
        else
        {
            for(i=f;i<n;i++)
                cout<<q[i]<<"\t";
            for(i=0;i<=r;i++)
                cout<<q[i]<<"\t";
        }
    }
};

void main()
{
    int ch,data;
    Queue q1;
    clrscr();
    do
    {
        cout<<"\n1.Enqueue\n2.Dequeue\n3.Display\n4.Exit\n";
        cin>>ch;
        switch(ch)
        {
            case 1:
                cout<<"Enter Value :- ";
                cin>>data;
                q1.enqueue(data);
```

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```
        break;
    case 2:
        cout<<"Removed Data :- "<<q1.dequeue()<<endl;
        break;
    case 3:
        q1.display();
        break;
    case 4:
        break;
    default:
        cout<<"Enter Correct Choice..."<<endl;
    }
}while(ch!=4);
getch();
}
```

Output

```
1.Enqueue
2.Dequeue
3.Display
4.Exit
1
Enter Value :- 56
```

```
1.Enqueue
2.Dequeue
3.Display
4.Exit
1
Enter Value :- 98
```

```
1.Enqueue
2.Dequeue
3.Display
4.Exit
1
Enter Value :- 45
```

```
1.Enqueue
2.Dequeue
3.Display
4.Exit
2
Removed Data :- 12
```

```
1.Enqueue
2.Dequeue
3.Display
4.Exit
1
Enter Value :- 12
```

```
1.Enqueue
2.Dequeue
3.Display
4.Exit
1
Enter Value :- 23
```



```
1.Enqueue
2.Dequeue
3.Display
4.Exit
1
Enter Value :- 23

1.Enqueue
2.Dequeue
3.Display
4.Exit
3
23      56      98      45      23
```

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Question 15

Write Program to implement Double Ended Queue Operations like Insert, Delete and Display using class and object(To Perform Input Restricted).

Solution

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
const int n=5;
int dq[n],f=-1,r=-1;
class Queue
{
    public:
    void insert_front(int data)
    {
        if(f==0)
        {
            cout<<"Dequeue is Overflow"<<endl;
            return;
        }
        if(f==-1)
            f=r=n-1;
        else
            f--;
        dq[f]=data;
    }
    void insert_rear(int data)
    {
        if(r==n-1)
        {
            cout<<"Dequeue is Overflow"<<endl;
            return;
        }
        r++;
        dq[r]=data;
        if(f==-1)
            f++;
    }
    int delete_front()
    {
        if(f==-1)
        {
```

```
        cout<<"Dequeue is Underflow"<<endl;
        return 0;
    }
    int data=dq[f];
    dq[f]=0;
    if(f==r)
        f=r--1;
    else
        f++;
    return data;
}
int delete_rear()
{
    if(r==1)
    {
        cout<<"Dequeue is Underflow"<<endl;
        return 0;
    }
    int data=dq[r];
    dq[r]=0;
    if(f==r)
        f=r--1;
    else
        r--;
    return data;
}
void display()
{
    int i;
    if(f==1)
    {
        cout<<"Dequeue is Underflow..."<<endl;
        return;
    }
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        cout<<dq[i]<<"\t";
}

};
void main()
{
    int ch,data;
    char rside,side;
```

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```
Queue q1;
clrscr();
cout<<"\nEnter Restricted Side(L/R) :- ";
cin>>rside;
do
{
    cout<<"\n\n1.Insert\n2.Delete\n3.Display\n4.Exit\nEnter Choice :- ";
    cin>>ch;
    switch(ch)
    {
        case 1:
            cout<<"Enter Value :- ";
            cin>>data;
            if(rside=='L')
                q1.insert_rear(data);
            else
                q1.insert_front(data);
            break;
        case 2:
            int del;
            cout<<"Enter Side To Delete Data(L/R) :- ";
            cin>>side;
            if(side=='L')
                del=q1.delete_front();
            else
                del=q1.delete_rear();
            if(del!=0)
                cout<<"Deleted Value :- "<<del<<endl;
            break;
        case 3:
            q1.display();
            break;
        case 4:
            cout<<"Exiting...";
            break;
        default:
            cout<<"Enter Correct Choice...";
    }
}while(ch!=4);
getch();
}
```

Output

```
Enter Restricted Side(L/R) :- R
```

```
1.Insert  
2.Delete  
3.Display  
4.Exit  
Enter Choice :- 1  
Enter Value :- 23
```

```
1.Insert  
2.Delete  
3.Display  
4.Exit  
Enter Choice :- 1  
Enter Value :- 22
```

```
1.Insert  
2.Delete  
3.Display  
4.Exit  
Enter Choice :- 3  
0      0      0      22      23
```

```
1.Insert  
2.Delete  
3.Display  
4.Exit  
Enter Choice :- 1  
Enter Value :- 21
```

```
1.Insert  
2.Delete  
3.Display  
4.Exit  
Enter Choice :- 2  
Enter Side To Delete Data(L/R) :- R  
Deleted Value :- 23
```

```
1.Insert  
2.Delete  
3.Display  
4.Exit  
Enter Choice :- 3  
0      0      21      22      0
```

```
1.Insert
2.Delete
3.Display
4.Exit
Enter Choice :- 2
Enter Side To Delete Data(L/R) :- L
Deleted Value :- 21
```

```
1.Insert
2.Delete
3.Display
4.Exit
Enter Choice :- 3
0      0      0      22      0
```

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Question 16

Write Program to implement Double Ended Queue Operations like Insert, Delete and Display using class and object(To Perform Output Restricted).

Solution

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
const int n=5;
int dq[n],f=-1,r=-1;
class Queue
{
    public:
    void insert_front(int data)
    {
        if(f==0)
        {
            cout<<"Dequeue is Overflow"<<endl;
            return;
        }
        if(f==-1)
            f=n-1;
        else
            f--;
        dq[f]=data;
    }
    void insert_rear(int data)
    {
        if(r==n-1)
        {
            cout<<"Dequeue is Overflow"<<endl;
            return;
        }
        r++;
        dq[r]=data;
    }
    int delete_front()
    {
        if(f==-1)
        {
            cout<<"Dequeue is Underflow"<<endl;
            return 0;
        }
    }
}
```

```
        }
        int data=dq[f];
        dq[f]=0;
        if(f==r)
            f=r--1;
        else
            f++;
        return data;
    }
    int delete_rear()
    {
        if(r==--1)
        {
            cout<<"Dequeue is Underflow"<<endl;
            return 0;
        }
        int data=dq[r];
        dq[r]=0;
        if(f==r)
            f=r--1;
        else
            r--;
        return data;
    }
    void display()
    {
        int i;
        if(f==--1)
        {
            cout<<"Dequeue is Underflow..."<<endl;
            return;
        }
        for(i=0;i<n;i++)
            cout<<dq[i]<<"\t";
    }
};
void main()
{
    int ch,data;
    char rside,side;
    Queue q1;
    clrscr();
```


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```
cout<<"\nEnter Restricted Side(L/R) :- ";
cin>>rside;
do
{
    cout<<"\n\n1.Insert\n2.Delete\n3.Display\n4.Exit\nEnter Choice :- ";
    cin>>ch;
    switch(ch)
    {
        case 1:
            cout<<"Enter Value :- ";
            cin>>data;
            cout<<"Enter Side To Delete Data(L/R) :- ";
            cin>>side;
            if(side=='R')
                q1.insert_rear(data);
            else
                q1.insert_front(data);
            break;
        case 2:
            int del;
            if(rsides=='R')
                del=q1.delete_front();
            else
                del=q1.delete_rear();
            if(del!=0)
                cout<<"Deleted Value :- "<<del<<endl;
            break;
        case 3:
            q1.display();
            break;
        case 4:
            cout<<"Exiting...";
            break;
        default:
            cout<<"Enter Correct Choice...";
    }
}while(ch!=4);
getch();
}
```

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Output

```
Enter Restricted Side(L/R) :- L

1.Insert
2.Delete
3.Display
4.Exit
Enter Choice :- 1
Enter Value :- 21
Enter Side To Delete Data(L/R) :- R

1.Insert
2.Delete
3.Display
4.Exit
Enter Choice :- 1
Enter Value :- 21
Enter Side To Delete Data(L/R) :- L
```

```
1.Insert
2.Delete
3.Display
4.Exit
Enter Choice :- 3
21      0      0      0      21

1.Insert
2.Delete
3.Display
4.Exit
Enter Choice :- 1
Enter Value :- 22
Enter Side To Enter Data(L/R) :- R
```

```
1.Insert
2.Delete
3.Display
4.Exit
Enter Choice :- 3
21      22      0      0      21

1.Insert
2.Delete
3.Display
4.Exit
Enter Choice :- 2
Deleted Value :- 22
```