1. Write the SQL command to change the movie year for movie number 1245 to 2008.

Sol)

**UPDATE** movie

SET movie\_year = 2008

WHERE movie\_num = 1245;

SELECT \* from movie;

### **Output Figure 1**

					♦ PRICE_CODE
1	1234 The Cesar Family Christm	as 2009	39.95	FAMILY	2
2	1235 Smokey Mountain Wildlife	2006	59.95	ACTION	1
3	1236 Richard Goodhope	2010	59.95	DRAMA	2
4	1237 Beatnik Fever	2009	29.95	COMEDY	2
5	1238 Constant Companion	2010	89.95	DRAMA	(null)
6	1239 Where Hope Dies	2000	25.49	DRAMA	3
7	1245 Time to Burn	2008	45.49	ACTION	1
8	1246What He Doesn't Know	2008	58.29	COMEDY	1

2. Write a query to display the movie title, movie year, and movie genre for all movies sorted by movie genre in ascending order, then sorted by movie year in descending order within genre sol)

**SELECT** movie\_title , movie\_year , movie\_genre

FROM movie

**ORDER BY** movie\_genre asc , movie\_year desc;

# output FIGURE 2

MOVIE_TITLE	
1 Time to Burn	2008 ACTION
<sup>2</sup> Smokey Mountain Wildlife	2006 ACTION
3 Beatnik Fever	2009 COMEDY
4 What He Doesn't Know	2008 COMEDY
5 Constant Companion	2010 DRAMA
6 Richard Goodhope	2010 DRAMA
7 Where Hope Dies	2000 DRAMA
8 The Cesar Family Christmas	2009 FAMILY

3. Write a query to display the movie title, movie year, and movie cost for all movies that contain the word "hope" anywhere in the title. Sort the results in ascending order by title (result shown

# in Figure F3).;

sol)

**SELECT** movie\_title,movie\_year,movie\_cost

FROM movie

WHERE movie\_title like '%hope%'

OR movie\_title like '%Hope%';

### **RESULT FIGURE 3:**

MOVIE_TITLE		
1 Richard Goodhope	2010	59.95
Where Hope Dies	2000	25.49

4. Write a query to display the movie number, movie title, movie cost, and movie genre for all movies that are either action or comedy movies or that have a cost that is less than \$50. Sort the results in ascending order by genre. (Result shown in Figure F4.);

sol)

**SELECT** movie\_num,movie\_title,

movie\_cost,movie\_genre

FROM movie

WHERE movie\_genre in ('ACTION', 'COMEDY')

OR movie\_cost< 50

**ORDER BY** movie\_genre asc;

# **RESULT FIGURE 4:**

		♦ MOVIE_TITLE		
1	1245	Time to Burn	45.49	ACTION
2	1235	Smokey Mountain Wildlife	59.95	ACTION
3	1246	What He Doesn't Know	58.29	COMEDY
4	1237	Beatnik Fever	29.95	COMEDY
5	1239	Where Hope Dies	25.49	DRAMA
6	1234	The Cesar Family Christmas	39.95	FAMILY

5. Write a query to display the movie number, and movie description for all movies where the movie

description is a combination of the movie title, movie year and movie genre with the movie year enclosed in parentheses (result shown in Figure F5).;

sol)

**SELECT** movie\_num,

movie\_title ||''||'('||movie\_year||')'||''|| movie\_genre

AS "Movie\_Description"

from movie;

### **RESULT FIGURE 5:**

	♦ MOVIE_NUM	Movie_Description     Movie_Descrip
1	1234	The Cesar Family Christmas (2009) FAMILY
2	1235	Smokey Mountain Wildlife (2006) ACTION
3	1236	Richard Goodhope (2010) DRAMA
4	1237	Beatnik Fever (2009) COMEDY
5	1238	Constant Companion (2010) DRAMA
6	1239	Where Hope Dies (2000) DRAMA
7	1245	Time to Burn (2008) ACTION
8	1246	What He Doesn't Know (2008) COMEDY

6. Write a query to display the movie genre and the number of movies in each genre (result shown in Figure F6);

sol)

SELECT movie\_genre,

**COUNT**(movie\_genre) as "Number of Movies"

FROM movie

**GROUP BY** movie\_genre

ORDER BY movie\_genre;

# **RESULT FIGURE 6:**

		Number of Movies
1	ACTION	2
2	COMEDY	2
3	DRAMA	3
4	FAMILY	1

7. Write a query to display the movie genre and average cost of movies in each genre (result shown in Figure F7).;

sol)

SELECT movie\_genre,

ROUND(avg(movie\_cost),2) as "Average Cost"

FROM movie

**GROUP BY** movie genre

ORDER BY movie genre;

#### **RESULT FIGURE 7:**

	♦ MOVIE_GENRE	Average Cost
1	ACTION	52.72
2	COMEDY	44.12
3	DRAMA	58.46
4	FAMILY	39.95

8. Write a query to display the movie title, movie genre, price description, and price rental fee for all movies with a price code (result shown in Figure F8).;

sol)

SELECT m.movie title, m.movie genre,

p.price\_description,p.price\_rentfee

from movie m

join price p

on p.price\_code = m.price\_code

ORDER BY price\_description desc;

#### **RESULT FIGURE 8:**



9. Write a query to display the movie genre and average price rental fee for movies in each genre

that have a price (result shown in Figure F9).;

sol)

SELECT m.movie\_genre,

**AVG**(p.price\_rentfee) as "Average Rental Fee"

FROM movie m

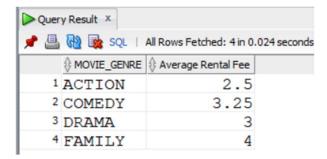
**INNER JOIN** price p

ON m.price code = p.price code

**GROUP BY** movie\_genre

**ORDER BY** movie\_genre;

#### **RESULT FIGURE 9:**



10. Write a query to display the minimum balance, maximum balance, and average balance for memberships that have a rental (result shown in Figure F10).;

sol)

SELECT min(mem\_balance) as "Minimum Balance",

MAX(mem\_balance) as "Maximum Balance",

ROUND(avg(mem\_balance),2) as "Average Balance"

FROM membership;

### **RESULT FIGURE 10:**



11. Write a query to display the movie title and movie year for all movies that have a price code

### (result shown in Figure F11).;

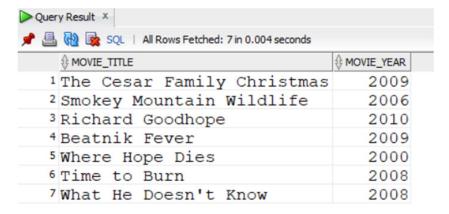
sol)

**SELECT** movie\_title, movie\_year

FROM movie

WHERE price\_code IS NOT NULL;

#### **RESULT FIGURE 11:**



12. Write a query to display the movie title, movie year, and movie cost for all movies that have a cost between \$44.99 and \$49.99 (result shown in Figure F12);

sol)

**SELECT** movie\_title,movie\_year,movie\_cost

FROM movie

WHERE movie\_cost >44.99 and movie\_cost<49.99;

#### **RESULT FIGURE 12:**



13. Write a query to display the movie title, movie year, price description, and price rental fee for all movies that are in the genres Family, Comedy, or Drama (result shown in Figure F13).

# Figure F13 Movies with specific genres;

sol)

SELECT m.movie\_title, m.movie\_year,

p.price\_description,p.price\_rentfee,m.movie\_genre

FROM movie m

**INNER JOIN** price p

ON m.price\_code = p.price\_code

WHERE m.movie\_genre in ('FAMILY','DRAMA','COMEDY');

#### **RESULT FIGURE 13:**



14. Write a query to display the movie number, movie title, and movie year for all movies that do not have a video (result shown in Figure F14).;

sol)

SELECT movie num, movie title, movie year

FROM movie

WHERE movie\_num not in (SELECT movie\_num

FROM video);

#### **RESULT FIGURE 14:**



15. Write a query to display the membership number, first name, last name, and balance of the

memberships that have a rental (result shown in Figure F15).

Figure F15 Balances of memberships with rentals;

sol)

SELECT DISTINCT(m.mem\_num),m.mem\_fname,

m.mem lname,m.mem balance

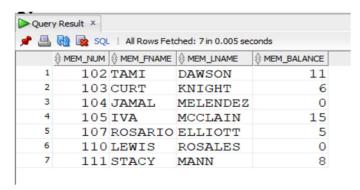
FROM membership m

**INNER JOIN** rental r

ON m.mem num = r.mem num

ORDER BY mem\_num;

#### **RESULT FIGURE 15:**



16. Write a query to display the rental number, rental date, video number, movie title, due date, and return date for all videos that were returned after the due date. Sort the results by rental number and movie title (result shown in Figure F16).;

sol)

**SELECT** r.rent\_num,r.rent\_date,v.vid\_num, m.movie\_title,

 $d.detail\_duedate, d.detail\_returndate$ 

FROM rental r

INNER JOIN detailrental d

ON r.rent\_num=d.rent\_num

INNER JOIN video v

ON d.vid\_num=v.vid\_num

**INNER JOIN** movie m

ON m.movie\_num = v.movie\_num

WHERE d.DETAIL\_RETURNDATE>d.DETAIL\_DUEDATE

ORDER BY rent num asc, movie title;

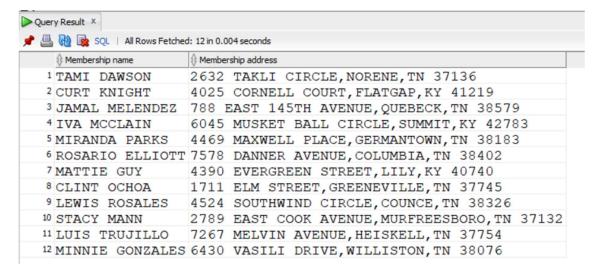
#### **RESULT FIGURE 16:**



17. Write a query to display the membership name (concatenate the first name and last name with a space between them into a single column), membership address (concatenate the street, city, state, and zip codes into a single column with spaces (result shown in Figure F17) sol)

**SELECT CONCAT**(mem\_fname,concat(' ',mem\_lname)) as "Membership name",
mem\_street||','||mem\_city||','||mem\_state||' '||Mem\_Zip as "Membership address"
FROM membership;

#### **RESULT FIGURE 17:**



18. Write a query to display the rental number, rental date, video number, movie title, due date, return date, detail fee, and number of days past the due date that the video was returned for

each video that was returned after the due date. Sort the results by rental number and movie title. (Result shown in Figure F18.);

sol)

**SELECT** r.rent\_num,r.rent\_date,v.vid\_num, m.movie\_title,

d.detail\_duedate,d.detail\_returndate,

d.detail\_fee,(d.detail\_returndate-d.detail\_duedate) AS "days past due date"

FROM rental r

INNER JOIN detailrental d

ON r.rent\_num=d.rent\_num

INNER JOIN video v

ON d.vid\_num=v.vid\_num

**INNER JOIN** movie m

ON m.movie num = v.movie num

WHERE (d.DETAIL\_RETURNDATE>d.DETAIL\_DUEDATE)

order by rent\_num asc , movie\_title;

### **RESULT FIGURE 18:**

Result X							
📵 🅦 SQL	All Rows Fetche	d: 5 in 0.003	seconds				
RENT_NUM	RENT_DATE	∯ VID_NUM	∯ MOVIE_TITLE	♦ DETAIL_DUEDATE	DETAIL_RETURNDATE	DETAIL_FEE	days past due date
10030	02-03-11	54325	The Cesar Family Christmas	04-03-11	09-03-11	3.5	5
10030	02-03-11	61369	What He Doesn't Know	06-03-11	09-03-11	2	3
10030	02-03-11	61388	Where Hope Dies	06-03-11	09-03-11	0	3
10040	02-03-11	44392	Beatnik Fever	05-03-11	07-03-11	3.5	2
10040	02-03-11	34367	Richard Goodhope	05-03-11	07-03-11	3.5	2
	RENT_NUM ( 1003 ( 1003 ( 1003 ( 1004 (	RENT_NUM RENT_DATE  1003 02-03-11  1003 02-03-11  1003 02-03-11  1004 02-03-11	RENT_NUM RENT_DATE VID_NUM  1003 02-03-11 54325  1003 02-03-11 61369  1003 02-03-11 61388  1004 02-03-11 44392	RENT_NUM     RENT_DATE     ♦ VID_NUM     ♦ MOVIE_TITLE	RENT_NUM   RENT_DATE   VID_NUM   MOVIE_TITLE   DETAIL_DUEDATE	RENT_NUM   RENT_DATE   VID_NUM   MOVIE_TITLE   DETAIL_DUEDATE   DETAIL_RETURNDATE	All Rows Fetched: 5in 0.003 seconds   RENT_DUED ATE   VID_NUM   MOVIE_TITLE   DETAIL_RETURNDATE   DETAIL

19. Write a query to display the rental number, rental date, movie title, and detail fee for each movie that was returned on or before the due date (result shown in Figure F19).;

sol)

SELECT r.rent\_num,r.rent\_date,

m.movie\_title,d.detail\_fee

FROM rental r

INNER JOIN detailrental d

ON r.rent\_num=d.rent\_num

INNER JOIN video v

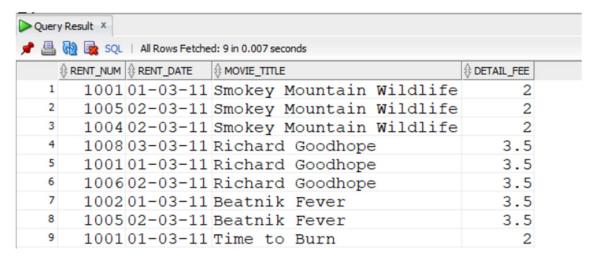
ON d.vid\_num=v.vid\_num

**INNER JOIN** movie m

ON m.movie\_num = v.movie\_num

WHERE d.DETAIL\_RETURNDATE<=d.DETAIL\_DUEDATE;

#### **RESULT FIGURE 19:**



20. Write a query to display the membership number, last name, and total rental fees earned from that membership (result shown in Figure F20). The total rental fee is the sum of all of the detail fees (without the late fees) from all movies that the membership has rented.;

sol)

**SELECT** m.mem\_num,m.mem\_lname,m.mem\_fname,

SUM(d.detail fee) as "rental fee revenue"

FROM membership m

**INNER JOIN** rental r

ON r.mem\_num=m.mem\_num

INNER JOIN detailrental d

ON d.rent\_num=r.rent\_num

**GROUP BY** m.mem\_num, m.mem\_lname, m.mem\_fname

ORDER BY mem num;

**RESULT FIGURE 20:** 

