Elasticsearch Documentation

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Official low-level client for Elasticsearch. Its goal is to provide common ground for all Elasticsearch-related code in Python; because of this it tries to be opinion-free and very extendable.

For a more high level client library with more limited scope, have a look at elasticsearch-dsl - it is a more pythonic library sitting on top of elasticsearch-py.

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Compatibility

The library is compatible with all Elasticsearch versions since 0.90.x but you have to use a matching major version:

For **Elasticsearch 7.0** and later, use the major version 7 (7 . x . y) of the library.

For **Elasticsearch 6.0** and later, use the major version 6 (6.x.y) of the library.

For **Elasticsearch 5.0** and later, use the major version 5 (5 . x . y) of the library.

For Elasticsearch 2.0 and later, use the major version 2 (2.x.y) of the library, and so on.

The recommended way to set your requirements in your setup.py or requirements.txt is:

```
# Elasticsearch 7.x
elasticsearch>=7.0.0,<8.0.0

# Elasticsearch 6.x
elasticsearch>=6.0.0,<7.0.0

# Elasticsearch 5.x
elasticsearch>=5.0.0,<6.0.0

# Elasticsearch 2.x
elasticsearch>=2.0.0,<3.0.0</pre>
```

If you have a need to have multiple versions installed at the same time older versions are also released as elasticsearch2, elasticsearch5 and elasticsearch6.

Installation

Install the elasticsearch package with pip:

\$ python -m pip install elasticsearch

If your application uses async/await in Python you can install with the async extra:

\$ python -m pip install elasticsearch[async]

Read more about how to use asyncio with this project.

Example Usage

```
from datetime import datetime
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch
es = Elasticsearch()
doc = {
    'author': 'kimchy',
    'text': 'Elasticsearch: cool. bonsai cool.',
    'timestamp': datetime.now(),
res = es.index(index="test-index", id=1, body=doc)
print(res['result'])
res = es.get(index="test-index", id=1)
print(res['_source'])
es.indices.refresh(index="test-index")
res = es.search(index="test-index", body={"query": {"match_all": {}}})
print("Got %d Hits:" % res['hits']['total']['value'])
for hit in res['hits']['hits']:
   print("%(timestamp)s %(author)s: %(text)s" % hit["\_source"])
```

Features

This client was designed as very thin wrapper around Elasticsearch's REST API to allow for maximum flexibility. This means that there are no opinions in this client; it also means that some of the APIs are a little cumbersome to use from Python. We have created some *Helpers* to help with this issue as well as a more high level library (elasticsearch-dsl) on top of this one to provide a more convenient way of working with Elasticsearch.

4.1 Persistent Connections

elasticsearch-py uses persistent connections inside of individual connection pools (one per each configured or sniffed node). Out of the box you can choose between two http protocol implementations. See *Transport classes* for more information.

The transport layer will create an instance of the selected connection class per node and keep track of the health of individual nodes - if a node becomes unresponsive (throwing exceptions while connecting to it) it's put on a timeout by the <code>ConnectionPool</code> class and only returned to the circulation after the timeout is over (or when no live nodes are left). By default nodes are randomized before being passed into the pool and round-robin strategy is used for load balancing.

You can customize this behavior by passing parameters to the *Connection Layer API* (all keyword arguments to the *Elasticsearch* class will be passed through). If what you want to accomplish is not supported you should be able to create a subclass of the relevant component and pass it in as a parameter to be used instead of the default implementation.

4.2 Automatic Retries

If a connection to a node fails due to connection issues (raises <code>ConnectionError</code>) it is considered in faulty state. It will be placed on hold for <code>dead_timeout</code> seconds and the request will be retried on another node. If a connection fails multiple times in a row the timeout will get progressively larger to avoid hitting a node that's, by all indication, down. If no live connection is available, the connection that has the smallest timeout will be used.

By default retries are not triggered by a timeout (ConnectionTimeout), set retry_on_timeout to True to also retry on timeouts.

4.3 Sniffing

The client can be configured to inspect the cluster state to get a list of nodes upon startup, periodically and/or on failure. See *Transport* parameters for details.

Some example configurations:

4.4 Thread safety

The client is thread safe and can be used in a multi threaded environment. Best practice is to create a single global instance of the client and use it throughout your application. If your application is long-running consider turning on *Sniffing* to make sure the client is up to date on the cluster location.

By default we allow urllib3 to open up to 10 connections to each node, if your application calls for more parallelism, use the maxsize parameter to raise the limit:

```
# allow up to 25 connections to each node
es = Elasticsearch(["host1", "host2"], maxsize=25)
```

Note: Since we use persistent connections throughout the client it means that the client doesn't tolerate fork very well. If your application calls for multiple processes make sure you create a fresh client after call to fork. Note that Python's multiprocessing module uses fork to create new processes on POSIX systems.

4.5 SSL and Authentication

You can configure the client to use SSL for connecting to your elasticsearch cluster, including certificate verification and HTTP auth:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch
# you can use RFC-1738 to specify the url
```

```
es = Elasticsearch(['https://user:secret@localhost:443'])
# ... or specify common parameters as kwargs
es = Elasticsearch(
   ['localhost', 'otherhost'],
   http_auth=('user', 'secret'),
   scheme="https",
   port=443,
# SSL client authentication using client_cert and client_key
from ssl import create_default_context
context = create_default_context(cafile="path/to/cert.pem")
es = Elasticsearch(
   ['localhost', 'otherhost'],
   http_auth=('user', 'secret'),
   scheme="https",
   port=443,
    ssl_context=context,
```

Warning: elasticsearch-py doesn't ship with default set of root certificates. To have working SSL certificate validation you need to either specify your own as cafile or capath or cadata or install certifi which will be picked up automatically.

See class *Urllib3HttpConnection* for detailed description of the options.

4.6 Connecting via Cloud ID

Cloud ID is an easy way to configure your client to work with your Elastic Cloud deployment. Combine the cloud_id with either http_auth or api_key to authenticate with your Elastic Cloud deployment.

Using cloud_id enables TLS verification and HTTP compression by default and sets the port to 443 unless otherwise overwritten via the port parameter or the port value encoded within cloud_id. Using Cloud ID also disables sniffing.

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch

es = Elasticsearch(
    cloud_id="cluster-1:dXMa5Fx...",
    http_auth=("elastic", "<password>"),
)
```

4.7 APIKey Authentication

You can configure the client to use Elasticsearch's API Key for connecting to your cluster. Please note this authentication method has been introduced with release of Elasticsearch 6.7.0.

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch
# you can use the api key tuple es = Elasticsearch(
        ['node-1', 'node-2', 'node-3'], api_key=('id', 'api_key'),
)
# or you pass the base 64 encoded token es = Elasticsearch(
        ['node-1', 'node-2', 'node-3'], api_key='base64encoded tuple',
)
```

4.8 Logging

elasticsearch-py uses the standard logging library from python to define two loggers: elasticsearch and elasticsearch.trace. elasticsearch is used by the client to log standard activity, depending on the log level. elasticsearch.trace can be used to log requests to the server in the form of curl commands using pretty-printed json that can then be executed from command line. Because it is designed to be shared (for example to demonstrate an issue) it also just uses localhost: 9200 as the address instead of the actual address of the host. If the trace logger has not been configured already it is set to propagate=False so it needs to be activated separately.

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Environment considerations

When using the client there are several limitations of your environment that could come into play.

When using an HTTP load balancer you cannot use the *Sniffing* functionality - the cluster would supply the client with IP addresses to directly connect to the cluster, circumventing the load balancer. Depending on your configuration this might be something you don't want or break completely.

In some environments (notably on Google App Engine) your HTTP requests might be restricted so that GET requests won't accept body. In that case use the send_get_body_as parameter of Transport to send all bodies via post:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch
es = Elasticsearch(send_get_body_as='POST')
```

5.1 Compression

When using capacity-constrained networks (low throughput), it may be handy to enable compression. This is especially useful when doing bulk loads or inserting large documents. This will configure compression.

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch
es = Elasticsearch(hosts, http_compress=True)
```

Compression is enabled by default when connecting to Elastic Cloud via cloud_id.

5.2 Running on AWS with IAM

If you want to use this client with IAM based authentication on AWS you can use the requests-aws4auth package:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch, RequestsHttpConnection
from requests_aws4auth import AWS4Auth
host = 'YOURHOST.us-east-1.es.amazonaws.com'
```

```
awsauth = AWS4Auth(YOUR_ACCESS_KEY, YOUR_SECRET_KEY, REGION, 'es')

es = Elasticsearch(
   hosts=[{'host': host, 'port': 443}],
   http_auth=awsauth,
   use_ssl=True,
   verify_certs=True,
   connection_class=RequestsHttpConnection
)
print(es.info())
```

Customization

6.1 Custom serializers

By default, JSONSerializer is used to encode all outgoing requests. However, you can implement your own custom serializer:

```
from elasticsearch.serializer import JSONSerializer

class SetEncoder(JSONSerializer):
    def default(self, obj):
        if isinstance(obj, set):
            return list(obj)
        if isinstance(obj, Something):
            return 'CustomSomethingRepresentation'
        return JSONSerializer.default(self, obj)

es = Elasticsearch(serializer=SetEncoder())
```

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7.1 API Documentation

All the API calls map the raw REST api as closely as possible, including the distinction between required and optional arguments to the calls. This means that the code makes distinction between positional and keyword arguments; we, however, recommend that people use keyword arguments for all calls for consistency and safety.

Note: for compatibility with the Python ecosystem we use from_instead of from and doc_type instead of type as parameter names.

7.1.1 Global options

Some parameters are added by the client itself and can be used in all API calls.

Ignore

An API call is considered successful (and will return a response) if elasticsearch returns a 2XX response. Otherwise an instance of *TransportError* (or a more specific subclass) will be raised. You can see other exception and error states in *Exceptions*. If you do not wish an exception to be raised you can always pass in an ignore parameter with either a single status code that should be ignored or a list of them:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch
es = Elasticsearch()

# ignore 400 cause by IndexAlreadyExistsException when creating an index
es.indices.create(index='test-index', ignore=400)

# ignore 404 and 400
es.indices.delete(index='test-index', ignore=[400, 404])
```

Timeout

Global timeout can be set when constructing the client (see Connection's timeout parameter) or on a per-request basis using request_timeout (float value in seconds) as part of any API call, this value will get passed to the perform_request method of the connection class:

```
# only wait for 1 second, regardless of the client's default
es.cluster.health(wait_for_status='yellow', request_timeout=1)
```

Note: Some API calls also accept a timeout parameter that is passed to Elasticsearch server. This timeout is internal and doesn't guarantee that the request will end in the specified time.

Tracking Requests with Opaque ID

You can enrich your requests against Elasticsearch with an identifier string, that allows you to discover this identifier in deprecation logs, to support you with identifying search slow log origin or to help with identifying running tasks.

```
import elasticsearch

# You can add to the client to apply to all requests
client = elasticsearch.Elasticsearch(opaque_id="app17@dc06.eu_user1234")

# Or you can apply per-request for more granularity.
resp = client.get(index="test", id="1", opaque_id="app17@dc06.eu_user1234")
```

Response Filtering

The filter_path parameter is used to reduce the response returned by elasticsearch. For example, to only return _id and _type, do:

```
es.search(index='test-index', filter_path=['hits.hits._id', 'hits.hits._type'])
```

It also supports the * wildcard character to match any field or part of a field's name:

```
es.search(index='test-index', filter_path=['hits.hits._*'])
```

7.1.2 Elasticsearch

Elasticsearch low-level client. Provides a straightforward mapping from Python to ES REST endpoints.

The instance has attributes cat, cluster, indices, ingest, nodes, snapshot and tasks that provide access to instances of CatClient, ClusterClient, IndicesClient, IngestClient, NodesClient, SnapshotClient and TasksClient respectively. This is the preferred (and only supported) way to get access to those classes and their methods.

You can specify your own connection class which should be used by providing the connection_class parameter:

```
# create connection to localhost using the ThriftConnection
es = Elasticsearch(connection_class=ThriftConnection)
```

If you want to turn on *Sniffing* you have several options (described in *Transport*):

```
# create connection that will automatically inspect the cluster to get
# the list of active nodes. Start with nodes running on 'esnodel' and
# 'esnode2'
es = Elasticsearch(
    ['esnode1', 'esnode2'],
    # sniff before doing anything
    sniff_on_start=True,
    # refresh nodes after a node fails to respond
    sniff_on_connection_fail=True,
    # and also every 60 seconds
    sniffer_timeout=60
)
```

Different hosts can have different parameters, use a dictionary per node to specify those:

If using SSL, there are several parameters that control how we deal with certificates (see *Urllib3HttpConnection* for detailed description of the options):

```
es = Elasticsearch(
    ['localhost:443', 'other_host:443'],
    # turn on SSL
    use_ssl=True,
    # make sure we verify SSL certificates
    verify_certs=True,
    # provide a path to CA certs on disk
    ca_certs='/path/to/CA_certs'
)
```

If using SSL, but don't verify the certs, a warning message is showed optionally (see *Urllib3HttpConnection* for detailed description of the options):

```
es = Elasticsearch(
    ['localhost:443', 'other_host:443'],
    # turn on SSL
    use_ssl=True,
    # no verify SSL certificates
    verify_certs=False,
    # don't show warnings about ssl certs verification
    ssl_show_warn=False
)
```

SSL client authentication is supported (see *Urllib3HttpConnection* for detailed description of the options):

```
es = Elasticsearch(
   ['localhost:443', 'other_host:443'],
   # turn on SSL
   use_ssl=True,
   # make sure we verify SSL certificates
```

```
verify_certs=True,
# provide a path to CA certs on disk
ca_certs='/path/to/CA_certs',
# PEM formatted SSL client certificate
client_cert='/path/to/clientcert.pem',
# PEM formatted SSL client key
client_key='/path/to/clientkey.pem'
)
```

Alternatively you can use RFC-1738 formatted URLs, as long as they are not in conflict with other options:

By default, JSONSerializer is used to encode all outgoing requests. However, you can implement your own custom serializer:

```
from elasticsearch.serializer import JSONSerializer

class SetEncoder(JSONSerializer):
    def default(self, obj):
        if isinstance(obj, set):
            return list(obj)
        if isinstance(obj, Something):
            return 'CustomSomethingRepresentation'
        return JSONSerializer.default(self, obj)

es = Elasticsearch(serializer=SetEncoder())
```

Parameters

- hosts list of nodes, or a single node, we should connect to. Node should be a dictionary ({"host": "localhost", "port": 9200}), the entire dictionary will be passed to the Connection class as kwargs, or a string in the format of host[:port] which will be translated to a dictionary automatically. If no value is given the Connection class defaults will be used.
- transport_class Transport subclass to use.
- **kwargs** any additional arguments will be passed on to the *Transport* class and, subsequently, to the Connection instances.

bulk (body, index=None, doc_type=None, params=None, headers=None)

Allows to perform multiple index/update/delete operations in a single request. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-bulk.html

Parameters

- body The operation definition and data (action-data pairs), separated by newlines
- index Default index for items which don't provide one
- doc_type Default document type for items which don't provide one

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- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or default list of fields to return, can be overridden on each sub- request
- _source_excludes Default list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field, can be overridden on each sub-request
- _source_includes Default list of fields to extract and return from the _source field, can be overridden on each sub-request
- pipeline The pipeline id to preprocess incoming documents with
- **refresh** If *true* then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* (the default) then do nothing with refreshes. Valid choices: true, false, wait_for
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the bulk operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)

clear_scroll (body=None, scroll_id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Explicitly clears the search context for a scroll. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-request-body.html#_clear_scroll_api

Parameters

- **body** A comma-separated list of scroll IDs to clear if none was specified via the scroll_id parameter
- scroll_id A comma-separated list of scroll IDs to clear

close()

Closes the Transport and all internal connections

count (body=None, index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns number of documents matching a query. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-count.html

- body A query to restrict the results specified with the Query DSL (optional)
- index A comma-separated list of indices to restrict the results
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- analyze_wildcard Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer to use for the query string
- **default_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR) Valid choices: AND, OR Default: OR
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open

- **ignore_throttled** Whether specified concrete, expanded or aliased indices should be ignored when throttled
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **lenient** Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- min score Include only documents with a specific score value in the result
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- **terminate_after** The maximum count for each shard, upon reaching which the query execution will terminate early

create (index, id, body, doc_type=None, params=None, headers=None)

Creates a new document in the index. Returns a 409 response when a document with a same ID already exists in the index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-index_.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- id Document ID
- body The document
- doc_type The type of the document
- pipeline The pipeline id to preprocess incoming documents with
- **refresh** If *true* then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* (the default) then do nothing with refreshes. Valid choices: true, false, wait_for
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version_type Specific version type Valid choices: internal, external_gte
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the index operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)

delete (index, id, doc_type=None, params=None, headers=None)

Removes a document from the index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-delete.html

- index The name of the index
- id The document ID
- doc type The type of the document

- **if_primary_term** only perform the delete operation if the last operation that has changed the document has the specified primary term
- if_seq_no only perform the delete operation if the last operation that has changed the document has the specified sequence number
- **refresh** If *true* then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* (the default) then do nothing with refreshes. Valid choices: true, false, wait for
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version_type Specific version type Valid choices: internal, external_gte
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the delete operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)

delete_by_query (index, body, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes documents matching the provided query. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-delete-by-query.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names to search; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- body The search definition using the Query DSL
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_includes A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- analyze_wildcard Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer to use for the query string
- **conflicts** What to do when the delete by query hits version conflicts? Valid choices: abort, proceed Default: abort
- default_operator The default operator for query string query (AND or OR) Valid choices: AND, OR Default: OR
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- **from**_ Starting offset (default: 0)
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- lenient Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored

- max_docs Maximum number of documents to process (default: all documents)
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- refresh Should the affected indexes be refreshed?
- request_cache Specify if request cache should be used for this request or not, defaults to index level setting
- requests_per_second The throttle for this request in sub- requests per second. -1 means no throttle.
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- scroll_size Size on the scroll request powering the delete by query Default: 100
- search_timeout Explicit timeout for each search request. Defaults to no timeout.
- **search_type** Search operation type Valid choices: query_then_fetch, dfs_query_then_fetch
- **slices** The number of slices this task should be divided into. Defaults to 1, meaning the task isn't sliced into subtasks. Can be set to *auto*. Default: 1
- **sort** A comma-separated list of <field>:<direction> pairs
- stats Specific 'tag' of the request for logging and statistical purposes
- **terminate_after** The maximum number of documents to collect for each shard, upon reaching which the query execution will terminate early.
- timeout Time each individual bulk request should wait for shards that are unavailable.
 Default: 1m
- version Specify whether to return document version as part of a hit
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the delete by query operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)
- wait_for_completion Should the request should block until the delete by query is complete. Default: True

delete_by_query_rethrottle (task_id, params=None, headers=None)

Changes the number of requests per second for a particular Delete By Query operation. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-delete-by-query.html

Parameters

- task_id The task id to rethrottle
- requests_per_second The throttle to set on this request in floating sub-requests per second. -1 means set no throttle.

delete_script (id, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes a script. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-scripting.html

- id Script ID
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

exists (index, id, params=None, headers=None)

Returns information about whether a document exists in an index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-get.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- id The document ID
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_includes A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- preference Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- stored_fields A comma-separated list of stored fields to return in the response
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version_type Specific version type Valid choices: internal, external_gte

exists_source (index, id, doc_type=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns information about whether a document source exists in an index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-get.html

- index The name of the index
- id The document ID
- doc_type The type of the document; deprecated and optional starting with 7.0
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- source excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned source field
- _source_includes A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version type Specific version type Valid choices: internal, external, external gte

explain (*index*, *id*, *body=None*, *params=None*, *headers=None*)

Returns information about why a specific matches (or doesn't match) a query. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-explain.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- id The document ID
- body The query definition using the Query DSL
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_includes A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- analyze_wildcard Specify whether wildcards and prefix queries in the query string query should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer for the query string query
- **default_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR) Valid choices: AND, OR Default: OR
- **df** The default field for query string query (default: _all)
- lenient Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- routing Specific routing value
- stored_fields A comma-separated list of stored fields to return in the response

field_caps (index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns the information about the capabilities of fields among multiple indices. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-field-caps.html

Parameters

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- **fields** A comma-separated list of field names
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **include_unmapped** Indicates whether unmapped fields should be included in the response.

get (index, id, params=None, headers=None)

Returns a document. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-get.html

- index The name of the index
- id The document ID
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- source includes A list of fields to extract and return from the source field
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- stored_fields A comma-separated list of stored fields to return in the response
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version_type Specific version type Valid choices: internal, external_gte

get_script (id, params=None, headers=None)

Returns a script. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-scripting.html

Parameters

- id Script ID
- master timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- get_script_context (params=None, headers=None)

Returns all script contexts. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/painless/master/painless-contexts.html

get_script_languages (params=None, headers=None)

Returns available script types, languages and contexts https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-scripting.html

get_source (index, id, params=None, headers=None)

Returns the source of a document. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-get.html

- index The name of the index
- id The document ID
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_includes A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control

• version_type - Specific version type Valid choices: internal, external_gte

index (index, body, id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Creates or updates a document in an index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-index_.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- body The document
- id Document ID
- if_primary_term only perform the index operation if the last operation that has changed the document has the specified primary term
- if_seq_no only perform the index operation if the last operation that has changed the
 document has the specified sequence number
- op_type Explicit operation type. Defaults to *index* for requests with an explicit document ID, and to 'create' for requests without an explicit document ID Valid choices: index, create
- pipeline The pipeline id to preprocess incoming documents with
- **refresh** If *true* then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* (the default) then do nothing with refreshes. Valid choices: true, false, wait_for
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version_type Specific version type Valid choices: internal, external_gte
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the index operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)

info (params=None, headers=None)

Returns basic information about the cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/index.html

mget (body, index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Allows to get multiple documents in one request. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-multi-get.html

- **body** Document identifiers; can be either *docs* (containing full document information) or *ids* (when index is provided in the URL.
- index The name of the index
- source True or false to return the source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_includes A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)

- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- stored_fields A comma-separated list of stored fields to return in the response

msearch (body, index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Allows to execute several search operations in one request. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-multi-search.html

Parameters

- **body** The request definitions (metadata-search request definition pairs), separated by newlines
- index A comma-separated list of index names to use as default
- ccs_minimize_roundtrips Indicates whether network round- trips should be minimized as part of cross-cluster search requests execution Default: true
- max_concurrent_searches Controls the maximum number of concurrent searches the multi search api will execute
- max_concurrent_shard_requests The number of concurrent shard requests each sub search executes concurrently per node. This value should be used to limit the impact of the search on the cluster in order to limit the number of concurrent shard requests Default: 5
- pre_filter_shard_size A threshold that enforces a pre-filter roundtrip to pre-filter search shards based on query rewriting if the number of shards the search request expands to exceeds the threshold. This filter roundtrip can limit the number of shards significantly if for instance a shard can not match any documents based on its rewrite method ie. if date filters are mandatory to match but the shard bounds and the query are disjoint.
- rest_total_hits_as_int Indicates whether hits.total should be rendered as an integer or an object in the rest search response
- **search_type** Search operation type Valid choices: query_then_fetch, query_and_fetch, dfs_query_then_fetch, dfs_query_and_fetch
- **typed_keys** Specify whether aggregation and suggester names should be prefixed by their respective types in the response

msearch_template (body, index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Allows to execute several search template operations in one request. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-multi-search.html

- **body** The request definitions (metadata-search request definition pairs), separated by newlines
- index A comma-separated list of index names to use as default
- ccs_minimize_roundtrips Indicates whether network round- trips should be minimized as part of cross-cluster search requests execution Default: true
- max_concurrent_searches Controls the maximum number of concurrent searches the multi search api will execute
- rest_total_hits_as_int Indicates whether hits.total should be rendered as an integer or an object in the rest search response

- **search_type** Search operation type Valid choices: query_then_fetch, query_and_fetch, dfs_query_then_fetch, dfs_query_and_fetch
- **typed_keys** Specify whether aggregation and suggester names should be prefixed by their respective types in the response

mtermvectors (body=None, index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns multiple termvectors in one request. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-multi-termvectors.html

Parameters

- **body** Define ids, documents, parameters or a list of parameters per document here. You must at least provide a list of document ids. See documentation.
- index The index in which the document resides.
- **field_statistics** Specifies if document count, sum of document frequencies and sum of total term frequencies should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs". Default: True
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".
- ids A comma-separated list of documents ids. You must define ids as parameter or set "ids" or "docs" in the request body
- offsets Specifies if term offsets should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs". Default: True
- payloads Specifies if term payloads should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs". Default: True
- **positions** Specifies if term positions should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs". Default: True
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random) .Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".
- realtime Specifies if requests are real-time as opposed to near-real-time (default: true).
- **routing** Specific routing value. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".
- **term_statistics** Specifies if total term frequency and document frequency should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version_type Specific version type Valid choices: internal, external_gte

ping (params=None, headers=None)

Returns whether the cluster is running. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/index.html

put_script (id, body, context=None, params=None, headers=None)

Creates or updates a script. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-scripting.html

- id Script ID
- body The document
- context Context name to compile script against
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

rank eval (body, index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Allows to evaluate the quality of ranked search results over a set of typical search queries https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-rank-eval.html

Parameters

- **body** The ranking evaluation search definition, including search requests, document ratings and ranking metric definition.
- index A comma-separated list of index names to search; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **search_type** Search operation type Valid choices: query_then_fetch, dfs_query_then_fetch

reindex (body, params=None, headers=None)

Allows to copy documents from one index to another, optionally filtering the source documents by a query, changing the destination index settings, or fetching the documents from a remote cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-reindex.html

- body The search definition using the Query DSL and the prototype for the index request.
- max_docs Maximum number of documents to process (default: all documents)
- refresh Should the affected indexes be refreshed?
- requests_per_second The throttle to set on this request in sub-requests per second. -1 means no throttle.
- scroll Control how long to keep the search context alive Default: 5m
- **slices** The number of slices this task should be divided into. Defaults to 1, meaning the task isn't sliced into subtasks. Can be set to *auto*. Default: 1
- timeout Time each individual bulk request should wait for shards that are unavailable.
 Default: 1m
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the reindex operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)
- wait_for_completion Should the request should block until the reindex is complete. Default: True

reindex_rethrottle(task_id, params=None, headers=None)

Changes the number of requests per second for a particular Reindex operation. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-reindex.html

Parameters

- task id The task id to rethrottle
- requests_per_second The throttle to set on this request in floating sub-requests per second. -1 means set no throttle.

render_search_template(body=None, id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Allows to use the Mustache language to pre-render a search definition. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-template.html#_validating_templates

Parameters

- body The search definition template and its params
- id The id of the stored search template

scripts_painless_execute (body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Allows an arbitrary script to be executed and a result to be returned https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/painless/master/painless-execute-api.html

Parameters body – The script to execute

scroll (body=None, scroll_id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Allows to retrieve a large numbers of results from a single search request. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-request-body.html#request-body-search-scroll

Parameters

- **body** The scroll ID if not passed by URL or query parameter.
- scroll_id The scroll ID for scrolled search
- rest_total_hits_as_int Indicates whether hits.total should be rendered as an integer or an object in the rest search response
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search

search (body=None, index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns results matching a query. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-search.html

- body The search definition using the Query DSL
- index A comma-separated list of index names to search; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_includes A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- allow_partial_search_results Indicate if an error should be returned if there is a partial search failure or timeout Default: True

- analyze_wildcard Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer to use for the query string
- batched_reduce_size The number of shard results that should be reduced at once on the coordinating node. This value should be used as a protection mechanism to reduce the memory overhead per search request if the potential number of shards in the request can be large. Default: 512
- ccs_minimize_roundtrips Indicates whether network round- trips should be minimized as part of cross-cluster search requests execution Default: true
- **default_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR) Valid choices: AND, OR Default: OR
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- **docvalue_fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return as the docvalue representation of a field for each hit
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- **explain** Specify whether to return detailed information about score computation as part of a hit
- **from**_ Starting offset (default: 0)
- ignore_throttled Whether specified concrete, expanded or aliased indices should be ignored when throttled
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- lenient Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- max_concurrent_shard_requests The number of concurrent shard requests per node this search executes concurrently. This value should be used to limit the impact of the search on the cluster in order to limit the number of concurrent shard requests Default: 5
- pre_filter_shard_size A threshold that enforces a pre-filter roundtrip to pre-filter search shards based on query rewriting if the number of shards the search request expands to exceeds the threshold. This filter roundtrip can limit the number of shards significantly if for instance a shard can not match any documents based on its rewrite method ie. if date filters are mandatory to match but the shard bounds and the query are disjoint.
- preference Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- q Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- request_cache Specify if request cache should be used for this request or not, defaults to index level setting
- rest_total_hits_as_int Indicates whether hits.total should be rendered as an integer or an object in the rest search response
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search

- **search_type** Search operation type Valid choices: query_then_fetch, dfs_query_then_fetch
- **seq_no_primary_term** Specify whether to return sequence number and primary term of the last modification of each hit
- size Number of hits to return (default: 10)
- **sort** A comma-separated list of <field>:<direction> pairs
- stats Specific 'tag' of the request for logging and statistical purposes
- stored_fields A comma-separated list of stored fields to return as part of a hit
- **suggest_field** Specify which field to use for suggestions
- suggest_mode Specify suggest mode Valid choices: missing, popular, always Default: missing
- suggest_size How many suggestions to return in response
- **suggest_text** The source text for which the suggestions should be returned
- **terminate_after** The maximum number of documents to collect for each shard, upon reaching which the query execution will terminate early.
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- track_scores Whether to calculate and return scores even if they are not used for sorting
- track_total_hits Indicate if the number of documents that match the query should be tracked. A number can also be specified, to accurately track the total hit count up to the number.
- **typed_keys** Specify whether aggregation and suggester names should be prefixed by their respective types in the response
- **version** Specify whether to return document version as part of a hit

search_shards (index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns information about the indices and shards that a search request would be executed against. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-shards.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names to search; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- routing Specific routing value

search template (body, index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Allows to use the Mustache language to pre-render a search definition. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-template.html

Parameters

- body The search definition template and its params
- index A comma-separated list of index names to search; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- ccs_minimize_roundtrips Indicates whether network round- trips should be minimized as part of cross-cluster search requests execution Default: true
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- **explain** Specify whether to return detailed information about score computation as part of a hit
- **ignore_throttled** Whether specified concrete, expanded or aliased indices should be ignored when throttled
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- profile Specify whether to profile the query execution
- rest_total_hits_as_int Indicates whether hits.total should be rendered as an integer or an object in the rest search response
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- **search_type** Search operation type Valid choices: query_then_fetch, query_and_fetch, dfs_query_then_fetch, dfs_query_and_fetch
- **typed_keys** Specify whether aggregation and suggester names should be prefixed by their respective types in the response

termvectors (index, body=None, id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns information and statistics about terms in the fields of a particular document. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-termvectors.html

- index The index in which the document resides.
- **body** Define parameters and or supply a document to get termvectors for. See documentation.
- id The id of the document, when not specified a doc param should be supplied.
- **field_statistics** Specifies if document count, sum of document frequencies and sum of total term frequencies should be returned. Default: True
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return.

- offsets Specifies if term offsets should be returned. Default: True
- payloads Specifies if term payloads should be returned. Default: True
- positions Specifies if term positions should be returned. Default: True
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random).
- realtime Specifies if request is real-time as opposed to near-real-time (default: true).
- routing Specific routing value.
- term_statistics Specifies if total term frequency and document frequency should be returned.
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version_type Specific version type Valid choices: internal, external_gte

update (index, id, body, doc_type=None, params=None, headers=None)

Updates a document with a script or partial document. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-update.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- id Document ID
- **body** The request definition requires either *script* or partial *doc*
- **doc_type** The type of the document
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_includes A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- **if_primary_term** only perform the update operation if the last operation that has changed the document has the specified primary term
- if_seq_no only perform the update operation if the last operation that has changed the document has the specified sequence number
- lang The script language (default: painless)
- **refresh** If *true* then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* (the default) then do nothing with refreshes. Valid choices: true, false, wait for
- retry_on_conflict Specify how many times should the operation be retried when a conflict occurs (default: 0)
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the update operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)

update_by_query (index, body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Performs an update on every document in the index without changing the source, for example to pick up

a mapping change. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-update-by-query. html

- index A comma-separated list of index names to search; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- body The search definition using the Query DSL
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_includes A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- analyze_wildcard Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer to use for the query string
- **conflicts** What to do when the update by query hits version conflicts? Valid choices: abort, proceed Default: abort
- **default_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR) Valid choices: AND, OR Default: OR
- **df** The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- **from**_ Starting offset (default: 0)
- ignore_unavailable Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- lenient Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- max_docs Maximum number of documents to process (default: all documents)
- pipeline Ingest pipeline to set on index requests made by this action. (default: none)
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- q Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- **refresh** Should the affected indexes be refreshed?
- request_cache Specify if request cache should be used for this request or not, defaults to index level setting
- requests_per_second The throttle to set on this request in sub-requests per second. -1 means no throttle.
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- scroll size Size on the scroll request powering the update by query Default: 100

- **search_timeout** Explicit timeout for each search request. Defaults to no timeout.
- **search_type** Search operation type Valid choices: query_then_fetch, dfs_query_then_fetch
- **slices** The number of slices this task should be divided into. Defaults to 1, meaning the task isn't sliced into subtasks. Can be set to *auto*. Default: 1
- **sort** A comma-separated list of <field>:<direction> pairs
- stats Specific 'tag' of the request for logging and statistical purposes
- **terminate_after** The maximum number of documents to collect for each shard, upon reaching which the query execution will terminate early.
- timeout Time each individual bulk request should wait for shards that are unavailable.
 Default: 1m
- version Specify whether to return document version as part of a hit
- **version_type** Should the document increment the version number (internal) on hit or not (reindex)
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the update by query operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)
- wait_for_completion Should the request should block until the update by query operation is complete. Default: True

update_by_query_rethrottle (task_id, params=None, headers=None)

Changes the number of requests per second for a particular Update By Query operation. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-update-by-query.html

Parameters

- task id The task id to rethrottle
- requests_per_second The throttle to set on this request in floating sub-requests per second. -1 means set no throttle.

7.1.3 Indices

class elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient(client)

analyze (body=None, index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Performs the analysis process on a text and return the tokens breakdown of the text. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-analyze.html

Parameters

- **body** Define analyzer/tokenizer parameters and the text on which the analysis should be performed
- index The name of the index to scope the operation

clear_cache (index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Clears all or specific caches for one or more indices. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-clearcache.html

- index A comma-separated list of index name to limit the operation
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- fielddata Clear field data
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to clear when using the *fielddata* parameter (default: all)
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- query Clear query caches
- request Clear request cache

clone (index, target, body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Clones an index https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-clone-index.html

Parameters

- index The name of the source index to clone
- target The name of the target index to clone into
- **body** The configuration for the target index (*settings* and *aliases*)
- master timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Set the number of active shards to wait for on the cloned index before the operation returns.

close (index, params=None, headers=None)

Closes an index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-open-close.html

Parameters

- index A comma separated list of indices to close
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of active shards to wait for before the operation returns.

create (index, body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Creates an index with optional settings and mappings. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-create-index.html

- index The name of the index
- **body** The configuration for the index (*settings* and *mappings*)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Set the number of active shards to wait for before the
 operation returns.

create_data_stream (name, body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Creates or updates a data stream https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/data-streams.html

Parameters

- name The name of the data stream
- body The data stream definition

delete (index, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes an index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-delete-index. html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of indices to delete; use _all or * string to delete all indices
- allow_no_indices Ignore if a wildcard expression resolves to no concrete indices (default: false)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether wildcard expressions should get expanded to open or closed indices (default: open) Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- ignore_unavailable Ignore unavailable indexes (default: false)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

delete_alias (index, name, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes an alias. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-aliases.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names (supports wildcards); use _all for all indices
- name A comma-separated list of aliases to delete (supports wildcards); use *_all* to delete all aliases for the specified indices.
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit timestamp for the document

delete_data_stream (name, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes a data stream. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/data-streams.html

Parameters name – The name of the data stream

delete_index_template (name, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes an index template. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-templates.html

- name The name of the template
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

delete_template (name, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes an index template. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-templates.html

Parameters

- name The name of the template
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

exists (index, params=None, headers=None)

Returns information about whether a particular index exists. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-exists.html

Parameters

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names
- allow_no_indices Ignore if a wildcard expression resolves to no concrete indices (default: false)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether wildcard expressions should get expanded to open or closed indices (default: open) Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- flat_settings Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- ignore_unavailable Ignore unavailable indexes (default: false)
- include_defaults Whether to return all default setting for each of the indices.
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

exists_alias (name, index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns information about whether a particular alias exists. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-aliases.html

Parameters

- name A comma-separated list of alias names to return
- index A comma-separated list of index names to filter aliases
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: all
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

exists_index_template (name, params=None, headers=None)

Returns information about whether a particular index template exists. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-templates.html

Parameters

- name The name of the template
- flat_settings Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

exists_template (name, params=None, headers=None)

Returns information about whether a particular index template exists. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-templates.html

Parameters

- name The comma separated names of the index templates
- **flat_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

exists_type (index, doc_type, params=None, headers=None)

Returns information about whether a particular document type exists. (DEPRECATED) https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-types-exists.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all to check the types across all
 indices
- doc_type A comma-separated list of document types to check
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

flush (*index=None*, *params=None*, *headers=None*)

Performs the flush operation on one or more indices. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-flush.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string for all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- **force** Whether a flush should be forced even if it is not necessarily needed ie. if no changes will be committed to the index. This is useful if transaction log IDs should be

incremented even if no uncommitted changes are present. (This setting can be considered as internal)

- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- wait_if_ongoing If set to true the flush operation will block until the flush can be executed if another flush operation is already executing. The default is true. If set to false the flush will be skipped iff if another flush operation is already running.

forcemerge (index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Performs the force merge operation on one or more indices. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-forcemerge.html

Parameters

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- **flush** Specify whether the index should be flushed after performing the operation (default: true)
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- max_num_segments The number of segments the index should be merged into (default: dynamic)
- only_expunge_deletes Specify whether the operation should only expunge deleted documents

freeze (index, params=None, headers=None)

Freezes an index. A frozen index has almost no overhead on the cluster (except for maintaining its metadata in memory) and is read-only. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/freeze-index-api.html

- index The name of the index to freeze
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: closed
- ignore_unavailable Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of active shards to wait for before the operation returns.

get (index, params=None, headers=None)

Returns information about one or more indices. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-get-index.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names
- allow_no_indices Ignore if a wildcard expression resolves to no concrete indices (default: false)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether wildcard expressions should get expanded to open or closed indices (default: open) Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- **flat_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- ignore_unavailable Ignore unavailable indexes (default: false)
- include_defaults Whether to return all default setting for each of the indices.
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

get_alias (index=None, name=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns an alias. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-aliases.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names to filter aliases
- name A comma-separated list of alias names to return
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: all
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

get_data_stream(name=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns data streams. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/data-streams.html

Parameters name – The name or wildcard expression of the requested data streams

get_field_mapping (fields, index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns mapping for one or more fields. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-get-field-mapping.html

- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields
- index A comma-separated list of index names
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open

- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- include_defaults Whether the default mapping values should be returned as well
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

get_index_template (name=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns an index template. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-templates.html

Parameters

- name The comma separated names of the index templates
- **flat_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

get_mapping (index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns mappings for one or more indices. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-get-mapping.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

get_settings (index=None, name=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns settings for one or more indices. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-get-settings.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- name The name of the settings that should be included
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: all
- **flat_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)

- include_defaults Whether to return all default setting for each of the indices.
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

get_template (name=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns an index template. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-templates.html

Parameters

- name The comma separated names of the index templates
- flat_settings Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

get upgrade (index=None, params=None, headers=None)

DEPRECATED Returns a progress status of current upgrade. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-upgrade.html

Parameters

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)

open (index, params=None, headers=None)

Opens an index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-open-close.html

Parameters

- index A comma separated list of indices to open
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: closed
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of active shards to wait for before the operation returns.

put_alias (index, name, body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Creates or updates an alias. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-aliases.html

Parameters

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names the alias should point to (supports wild-cards); use *_all* to perform the operation on all indices.
- name The name of the alias to be created or updated
- body The settings for the alias, such as routing or filter
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit timestamp for the document

put_index_template (name, body, params=None, headers=None)

Creates or updates an index template. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-templates.html

Parameters

- name The name of the template
- body The template definition
- cause User defined reason for creating/updating the index template
- **create** Whether the index template should only be added if new or can also replace an existing one
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

put_mapping (index, body, params=None, headers=None)

Updates the index mappings. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-put-mapping.html

Parameters

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names the mapping should be added to (supports wildcards); use *_all* or omit to add the mapping on all indices.
- body The mapping definition
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- master timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

put_settings (body, index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Updates the index settings. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-update-settings.html

- body The index settings to be updated
- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *all* string or when no indices have been specified)

- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- **flat_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- **preserve_existing** Whether to update existing settings. If set to *true* existing settings on an index remain unchanged, the default is *false*
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

put_template (name, body, params=None, headers=None)

Creates or updates an index template. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-templates.html

Parameters

- name The name of the template
- body The template definition
- **create** Whether the index template should only be added if new or can also replace an existing one
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- **order** The order for this template when merging multiple matching ones (higher numbers are merged later, overriding the lower numbers)

recovery (*index=None*, *params=None*, *headers=None*)

Returns information about ongoing index shard recoveries. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-recovery.html

Parameters

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- active_only Display only those recoveries that are currently on-going
- detailed Whether to display detailed information about shard recovery

refresh (index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Performs the refresh operation in one or more indices. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-refresh.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)

reload search analyzers (index, params=None, headers=None)

Reloads an index's search analyzers and their resources. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-reload-analyzers.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names to reload analyzers for
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)

rollover (alias, body=None, new_index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Updates an alias to point to a new index when the existing index is considered to be too large or too old. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-rollover-index.html

Parameters

- alias The name of the alias to rollover
- body The conditions that needs to be met for executing rollover
- **new_index** The name of the rollover index
- dry_run If set to true the rollover action will only be validated but not actually performed even if a condition matches. The default is false
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Set the number of active shards to wait for on the newly created rollover index before the operation returns.

segments (index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Provides low-level information about segments in a Lucene index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-segments.html

Parameters

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- verbose Includes detailed memory usage by Lucene.

shard_stores (index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Provides store information for shard copies of indices. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-shards-stores.html

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **status** A comma-separated list of statuses used to filter on shards to get store information for Valid choices: green, yellow, red, all

shrink (index, target, body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Allow to shrink an existing index into a new index with fewer primary shards. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-shrink-index.html

Parameters

- index The name of the source index to shrink
- target The name of the target index to shrink into
- **body** The configuration for the target index (*settings* and *aliases*)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Set the number of active shards to wait for on the shrunken index before the operation returns.

simulate_index_template (name, body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Simulate matching the given index name against the index templates in the system https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-templates.html

Parameters

- name The name of the index (it must be a concrete index name)
- **body** New index template definition, which will be included in the simulation, as if it already exists in the system
- cause User defined reason for dry-run creating the new template for simulation purposes
- **create** Whether the index template we optionally defined in the body should only be dry-run added if new or can also replace an existing one
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

$\verb|simulate_template| (body=None, name=None, params=None, headers=None)|$

Simulate resolving the given template name or body https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-templates.html

- **body** New index template definition to be simulated, if no index template name is specified
- name The name of the index template
- **cause** User defined reason for dry-run creating the new template for simulation purposes

- **create** Whether the index template we optionally defined in the body should only be dry-run added if new or can also replace an existing one
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

split (index, target, body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Allows you to split an existing index into a new index with more primary shards. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-split-index.html

Parameters

- index The name of the source index to split
- target The name of the target index to split into
- **body** The configuration for the target index (*settings* and *aliases*)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Set the number of active shards to wait for on the shrunken index before the operation returns.

stats (index=None, metric=None, params=None, headers=None)

Provides statistics on operations happening in an index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-stats.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **metric** Limit the information returned the specific metrics. Valid choices: _all, completion, docs, fielddata, query_cache, flush, get, indexing, merge, request_cache, refresh, search, segments, store, warmer, suggest, bulk
- **completion_fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* and *suggest* index metric (supports wildcards)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- **fielddata_fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* index metric (supports wildcards)
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* and *completion* index metric (supports wildcards)
- **forbid_closed_indices** If set to false stats will also collected from closed indices if explicitly specified or if expand_wildcards expands to closed indices Default: True
- groups A comma-separated list of search groups for *search* index metric
- include_segment_file_sizes Whether to report the aggregated disk usage of each one of the Lucene index files (only applies if segment stats are requested)
- include_unloaded_segments If set to true segment stats will include stats for segments that are not currently loaded into memory
- **level** Return stats aggregated at cluster, index or shard level Valid choices: cluster, indices, shards Default: indices
- types A comma-separated list of document types for the *indexing* index metric

unfreeze (index, params=None, headers=None)

Unfreezes an index. When a frozen index is unfrozen, the index goes through the normal recovery process and becomes writeable again. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/unfreeze-index-api.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index to unfreeze
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: closed
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of active shards to wait for before the operation returns.

update_aliases (body, params=None, headers=None)

Updates index aliases. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-aliases.html

Parameters

- body The definition of *actions* to perform
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Request timeout

upgrade (index=None, params=None, headers=None)

DEPRECATED Upgrades to the current version of Lucene. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-upgrade.html

Parameters

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- only_ancient_segments If true, only ancient (an older Lucene major release) segments will be upgraded
- wait_for_completion Specify whether the request should block until the all segments are upgraded (default: false)

validate_query (body=None, index=None, doc_type=None, params=None, headers=None)
Allows a user to validate a potentially expensive query without executing it. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-validate.html

- body The query definition specified with the Query DSL
- index A comma-separated list of index names to restrict the operation; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- doc_type A comma-separated list of document types to restrict the operation; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- all_shards Execute validation on all shards instead of one random shard per index
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- analyze_wildcard Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer to use for the query string
- **default_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR) Valid choices: AND, OR Default: OR
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- explain Return detailed information about the error
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **lenient** Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- q Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- rewrite Provide a more detailed explanation showing the actual Lucene query that will be executed.

7.1.4 Ingest

class elasticsearch.client.IngestClient (client)

delete_pipeline (id, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes a pipeline. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/delete-pipeline-api. html

Parameters

- id Pipeline ID
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

get_pipeline (id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns a pipeline. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/get-pipeline-api.html

- id Comma separated list of pipeline ids. Wildcards supported
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

processor_grok (params=None, headers=None)

Returns a list of the built-in patterns. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/grok-processor.html#grok-processor-rest-get

put_pipeline (id, body, params=None, headers=None)

Creates or updates a pipeline. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/put-pipeline-api.html

Parameters

- id Pipeline ID
- body The ingest definition
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

simulate (body, id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Allows to simulate a pipeline with example documents. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/simulate-pipeline-api.html

Parameters

- body The simulate definition
- id Pipeline ID
- **verbose** Verbose mode. Display data output for each processor in executed pipeline

7.1.5 Cluster

class elasticsearch.client.ClusterClient(client)

allocation_explain (body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Provides explanations for shard allocations in the cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cluster-allocation-explain.html

Parameters

- **body** The index, shard, and primary flag to explain. Empty means 'explain the first unassigned shard'
- include_disk_info Return information about disk usage and shard sizes (default: false)
- include_yes_decisions Return 'YES' decisions in explanation (default: false)

$\verb"delete_component_template" (name, params=None, headers=None)$

Deletes a component template https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-component-template.html

Parameters

- name The name of the template
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

delete_voting_config_exclusions (params=None, headers=None)

Clears cluster voting config exclusions. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/voting-config-exclusions.html

Parameters wait_for_removal – Specifies whether to wait for all excluded nodes to be removed from the cluster before clearing the voting configuration exclusions list. Default: True.

exists_component_template (name, params=None, headers=None)

Returns information about whether a particular component template exist https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-component-template.html

Parameters

- name The name of the template
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

get_component_template (name=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns one or more component templates https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-component-template.html

Parameters

- name The comma separated names of the component templates
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

get settings(params=None, headers=None)

Returns cluster settings. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cluster-update-settings.html

Parameters

- **flat_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- include_defaults Whether to return all default clusters setting.
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

health (index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns basic information about the health of the cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cluster-health.html

- index Limit the information returned to a specific index
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: all
- level Specify the level of detail for returned information Valid choices: cluster, indices, shards Default: cluster
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait for active shards Wait until the specified number of shards is active

- wait_for_events Wait until all currently queued events with the given priority are processed Valid choices: immediate, urgent, high, normal, low, languid
- wait_for_no_initializing_shards Whether to wait until there are no initializing shards in the cluster
- wait_for_no_relocating_shards Whether to wait until there are no relocating shards in the cluster
- wait for nodes Wait until the specified number of nodes is available
- wait_for_status Wait until cluster is in a specific state Valid choices: green, yellow, red

pending_tasks (params=None, headers=None)

Returns a list of any cluster-level changes (e.g. create index, update mapping, allocate or fail shard) which have not yet been executed. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cluster-pending.html

Parameters

- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

post_voting_config_exclusions (params=None, headers=None)

Updates the cluster voting config exclusions by node ids or node names. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/voting-config-exclusions.html

Parameters

- **node_ids** A comma-separated list of the persistent ids of the nodes to exclude from the voting configuration. If specified, you may not also specify ?node_names.
- **node_names** A comma-separated list of the names of the nodes to exclude from the voting configuration. If specified, you may not also specify ?node_ids.
- timeout Explicit operation timeout Default: 30s

put_component_template (name, body, params=None, headers=None)

Creates or updates a component template https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-component-template.html

Parameters

- name The name of the template
- body The template definition
- **create** Whether the index template should only be added if new or can also replace an existing one
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

put_settings (body, params=None, headers=None)

Updates the cluster settings. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cluster-update-settings.html

Parameters

body – The settings to be updated. Can be either transient or persistent (survives cluster restart).

- **flat_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

remote_info (params=None, headers=None)

Returns the information about configured remote clusters. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cluster-remote-info.html

reroute (body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Allows to manually change the allocation of individual shards in the cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cluster-reroute.html

Parameters

- body The definition of *commands* to perform (*move*, *cancel*, *allocate*)
- dry_run Simulate the operation only and return the resulting state
- explain Return an explanation of why the commands can or cannot be executed
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- metric Limit the information returned to the specified metrics. Defaults to all but metadata Valid choices: _all, blocks, metadata, nodes, routing_table, master_node, version
- retry_failed Retries allocation of shards that are blocked due to too many subsequent allocation failures
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

state (metric=None, index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns a comprehensive information about the state of the cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cluster-state.html

- **metric** Limit the information returned to the specified metrics Valid choices: _all, blocks, metadata, nodes, routing_table, routing_nodes, master_node, version
- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- **flat_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- wait_for_metadata_version Wait for the metadata version to be equal or greater than the specified metadata version
- wait_for_timeout The maximum time to wait for wait_for_metadata_version before timing out

stats (node id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns high-level overview of cluster statistics. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cluster-stats.html

Parameters

- node_id A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use _local to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- **flat_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

7.1.6 Nodes

class elasticsearch.client.NodesClient(client)

hot_threads (node_id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns information about hot threads on each node in the cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cluster-nodes-hot-threads.html

Parameters

- node_id A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- doc_type The type to sample (default: cpu) Valid choices: cpu, wait, block
- **ignore_idle_threads** Don't show threads that are in known- idle places, such as waiting on a socket select or pulling from an empty task queue (default: true)
- interval The interval for the second sampling of threads
- **snapshots** Number of samples of thread stacktrace (default: 10)
- **threads** Specify the number of threads to provide information for (default: 3)
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

info(node id=None, metric=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns information about nodes in the cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cluster-nodes-info.html

Parameters

- **node_id** A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- **metric** A comma-separated list of metrics you wish returned. Leave empty to return all. Valid choices: settings, os, process, jvm, thread_pool, transport, http, plugins, ingest
- flat_settings Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

reload_secure_settings (body=None, node_id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Reloads secure settings. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/secure-settings. html#reloadable-secure-settings

- body An object containing the password for the elasticsearch keystore
- node_id A comma-separated list of node IDs to span the reload/reinit call. Should stay empty because reloading usually involves all cluster nodes.
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

stats (node_id=None, metric=None, index_metric=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns statistical information about nodes in the cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/

reference/master/cluster-nodes-stats.html

Parameters

- **node_id** A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- **metric** Limit the information returned to the specified metrics Valid choices: _all, breaker, fs, http, indices, jvm, os, process, thread_pool, transport, discovery
- index_metric Limit the information returned for *indices* metric to the specific index metrics. Isn't used if *indices* (or *all*) metric isn't specified. Valid choices: _all, completion, docs, fielddata, query_cache, flush, get, indexing, merge, request_cache, refresh, search, segments, store, warmer, suggest, bulk
- **completion_fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* and *suggest* index metric (supports wildcards)
- **fielddata_fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* index metric (supports wildcards)
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* and *completion* index metric (supports wildcards)
- groups A comma-separated list of search groups for search index metric
- include_segment_file_sizes Whether to report the aggregated disk usage of each one of the Lucene index files (only applies if segment stats are requested)
- **level** Return indices stats aggregated at index, node or shard level Valid choices: indices, node, shards Default: node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- types A comma-separated list of document types for the *indexing* index metric

usage (node id=None, metric=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns low-level information about REST actions usage on nodes. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cluster-nodes-usage.html

- node_id A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- metric Limit the information returned to the specified metrics Valid choices: _all, rest actions
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

7.1.7 Cat

class elasticsearch.client.CatClient(client)

aliases (name=None, params=None, headers=None)

Shows information about currently configured aliases to indices including filter and routing infos. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-alias.html

Parameters

- name A comma-separated list of alias names to return
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: all
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- **help** Return help information
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

allocation (node_id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Provides a snapshot of how many shards are allocated to each data node and how much disk space they are using. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-allocation.html

Parameters

- node_id A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information
- **bytes** The unit in which to display byte values Valid choices: b, k, kb, m, mb, g, gb, t, tb, p, pb
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- **help** Return help information
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

count (index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Provides quick access to the document count of the entire cluster, or individual indices. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-count.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names to limit the returned information
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display

- help Return help information
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

fielddata (fields=None, params=None, headers=None)

Shows how much heap memory is currently being used by fielddata on every data node in the cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-fielddata.html

Parameters

- fields A comma-separated list of fields to return in the output
- **bytes** The unit in which to display byte values Valid choices: b, k, kb, m, mb, g, gb, t, tb, p, pb
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

health (params=None, headers=None)

Returns a concise representation of the cluster health. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-health.html

Parameters

- format a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- **help** Return help information
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- time The unit in which to display time values Valid choices: d, h, m, s, ms, micros, nanos
- ts Set to false to disable timestamping Default: True
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers

help (params=None, headers=None)

Returns help for the Cat APIs. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat.html

Parameters

- **help** Return help information
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by

indices (index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns information about indices: number of primaries and replicas, document counts, disk size, ... https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-indices.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names to limit the returned information
- **bytes** The unit in which to display byte values Valid choices: b, k, kb, m, mb, g, gb, t, tb, p, pb

- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: all
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- health A health status ("green", "yellow", or "red" to filter only indices matching the specified health status Valid choices: green, yellow, red
- help Return help information
- include_unloaded_segments If set to true segment stats will include stats for segments that are not currently loaded into memory
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- pri Set to true to return stats only for primary shards
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- time The unit in which to display time values Valid choices: d, h, m, s, ms, micros, nanos
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

master (params=None, headers=None)

Returns information about the master node. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-master.html

Parameters

- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

ml data frame analytics (id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Gets configuration and usage information about data frame analytics jobs. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-dfanalytics.html

- id The ID of the data frame analytics to fetch
- allow_no_match Whether to ignore if a wildcard expression matches no configs. (This includes _all string or when no configs have been specified)
- **bytes** The unit in which to display byte values Valid choices: b, k, kb, m, mb, g, gb, t, tb, p, pb
- format a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display

- help Return help information
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- time The unit in which to display time values Valid choices: d, h, m, s, ms, micros, nanos
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers

ml_datafeeds (datafeed_id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Gets configuration and usage information about datafeeds. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-datafeeds.html

Parameters

- datafeed_id The ID of the datafeeds stats to fetch
- allow_no_datafeeds Whether to ignore if a wildcard expression matches no datafeeds. (This includes _all string or when no datafeeds have been specified)
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- **help** Return help information
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- time The unit in which to display time values Valid choices: d, h, m, s, ms, micros, nanos
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

ml_jobs (job_id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Gets configuration and usage information about anomaly detection jobs. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-anomaly-detectors.html

Parameters

- job_id The ID of the jobs stats to fetch
- **allow_no_jobs** Whether to ignore if a wildcard expression matches no jobs. (This includes *_all* string or when no jobs have been specified)
- **bytes** The unit in which to display byte values Valid choices: b, k, kb, m, mb, g, gb, t, tb, p, pb
- format a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- time The unit in which to display time values Valid choices: d, h, m, s, ms, micros, nanos
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

ml_trained_models (model_id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Gets configuration and usage information about inference trained models. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-trained-model.html

Parameters

• model id – The ID of the trained models stats to fetch

- allow_no_match Whether to ignore if a wildcard expression matches no trained models. (This includes _all string or when no trained models have been specified) Default:

 True
- **bytes** The unit in which to display byte values Valid choices: b, k, kb, m, mb, g, gb, t, tb, p, pb
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- from skips a number of trained models
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- **help** Return help information
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- size specifies a max number of trained models to get Default: 100
- time The unit in which to display time values Valid choices: d, h, m, s, ms, micros, nanos
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

nodeattrs (params=None, headers=None)

Returns information about custom node attributes. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-nodeattrs.html

Parameters

- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

nodes (params=None, headers=None)

Returns basic statistics about performance of cluster nodes. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-nodes.html

- **bytes** The unit in which to display byte values Valid choices: b, k, kb, m, mb, g, gb, t, tb, p, pb
- format a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- full_id Return the full node ID instead of the shortened version (default: false)
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- time The unit in which to display time values Valid choices: d, h, m, s, ms, micros, nanos

• v – Verbose mode. Display column headers

pending_tasks (params=None, headers=None)

Returns a concise representation of the cluster pending tasks. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-pending-tasks.html

Parameters

- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- time The unit in which to display time values Valid choices: d, h, m, s, ms, micros, nanos
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers

plugins (params=None, headers=None)

Returns information about installed plugins across nodes node. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-plugins.html

Parameters

- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- **help** Return help information
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers

recovery (index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns information about index shard recoveries, both on-going completed. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-recovery.html

- index Comma-separated list or wildcard expression of index names to limit the returned information
- active_only If true, the response only includes ongoing shard recoveries
- **bytes** The unit in which to display byte values Valid choices: b, k, kb, m, mb, g, gb, t, tb, p, pb
- detailed If true, the response includes detailed information about shard recoveries
- format a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information

- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- time The unit in which to display time values Valid choices: d, h, m, s, ms, micros, nanos
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

repositories (params=None, headers=None)

Returns information about snapshot repositories registered in the cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-repositories.html

Parameters

- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

segments (index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Provides low-level information about the segments in the shards of an index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-segments.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names to limit the returned information
- **bytes** The unit in which to display byte values Valid choices: b, k, kb, m, mb, g, gb, t, tb, p, pb
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

shards (index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Provides a detailed view of shard allocation on nodes. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-shards.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names to limit the returned information
- **bytes** The unit in which to display byte values Valid choices: b, k, kb, m, mb, g, gb, t, tb, p, pb
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- time The unit in which to display time values Valid choices: d, h, m, s, ms, micros, nanos
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

snapshots (repository=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns all snapshots in a specific repository. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-snapshots.html

Parameters

- repository Name of repository from which to fetch the snapshot information
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- **help** Return help information
- ignore_unavailable Set to true to ignore unavailable snapshots
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- time The unit in which to display time values Valid choices: d, h, m, s, ms, micros, nanos
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

tasks (params=None, headers=None)

Returns information about the tasks currently executing on one or more nodes in the cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/tasks.html

Parameters

- actions A comma-separated list of actions that should be returned. Leave empty to return all.
- **detailed** Return detailed task information (default: false)
- format a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information
- node_id A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- parent_task Return tasks with specified parent task id. Set to -1 to return all.
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- time The unit in which to display time values Valid choices: d, h, m, s, ms, micros, nanos
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

templates (name=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns information about existing templates. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-templates.html

Parameters

- name A pattern that returned template names must match
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

thread_pool (thread_pool_patterns=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns cluster-wide thread pool statistics per node. By default the active, queue and rejected statistics are returned for all thread pools. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-thread-pool.html

Parameters

- **thread_pool_patterns** A comma-separated list of regular- expressions to filter the thread pools in the output
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- time The unit in which to display time values Valid choices: d, h, m, s, ms, micros, nanos
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers

transforms (transform_id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Gets configuration and usage information about transforms. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-transforms.html

- **transform_id** The id of the transform for which to get stats. '_all' or '*' implies all transforms
- allow_no_match Whether to ignore if a wildcard expression matches no transforms. (This includes _all string or when no transforms have been specified)
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- from_ skips a number of transform configs, defaults to 0
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by

- size specifies a max number of transforms to get, defaults to 100
- time The unit in which to display time values Valid choices: d, h, m, s, ms, micros, nanos
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

7.1.8 Snapshot

class elasticsearch.client.SnapshotClient(client)

cleanup_repository (repository, params=None, headers=None)

Removes stale data from repository. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/clean-up-snapshot-repo-api.html

Parameters

- repository A repository name
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

create (repository, snapshot, body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Creates a snapshot in a repository. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-snapshots.html

Parameters

- repository A repository name
- snapshot A snapshot name
- body The snapshot definition
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- wait_for_completion Should this request wait until the operation has completed before returning

create_repository (repository, body, params=None, headers=None)

Creates a repository. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-snapshots.html

Parameters

- repository A repository name
- body The repository definition
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- verify Whether to verify the repository after creation

delete (repository, snapshot, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes a snapshot. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-snapshots.html

- repository A repository name
- snapshot A snapshot name

• master_timeout - Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

delete_repository (repository, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes a repository. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-snapshots. html

Parameters

- repository Name of the snapshot repository to unregister. Wildcard (*) patterns are supported.
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

get (repository, snapshot, params=None, headers=None)

Returns information about a snapshot. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-snapshots.html

Parameters

- repository A repository name
- **snapshot** A comma-separated list of snapshot names
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether to ignore unavailable snapshots, defaults to false which means a SnapshotMissingException is thrown
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **verbose** Whether to show verbose snapshot info or only show the basic info found in the repository index blob

get_repository (repository=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns information about a repository. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-snapshots.html

Parameters

- repository A comma-separated list of repository names
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

restore (repository, snapshot, body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Restores a snapshot. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-snapshots.html

Parameters

- repository A repository name
- snapshot A snapshot name
- body Details of what to restore
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- wait_for_completion Should this request wait until the operation has completed before returning

status (repository=None, snapshot=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns information about the status of a snapshot. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-snapshots.html

Parameters

- repository A repository name
- **snapshot** A comma-separated list of snapshot names
- ignore_unavailable Whether to ignore unavailable snapshots, defaults to false which means a SnapshotMissingException is thrown
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

verify_repository (repository, params=None, headers=None)

Verifies a repository. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-snapshots.html

Parameters

- repository A repository name
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

7.1.9 Tasks

class elasticsearch.client.TasksClient(client)

cancel (task id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Cancels a task, if it can be cancelled through an API. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/tasks.html

Parameters

- task_id Cancel the task with specified task id (node_id:task_number)
- **actions** A comma-separated list of actions that should be cancelled. Leave empty to cancel all.
- **nodes** A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- parent_task_id Cancel tasks with specified parent task id (node_id:task_number). Set to -1 to cancel all.
- wait_for_completion Should the request block until the cancellation of the task and its descendant tasks is completed. Defaults to false

get (task_id, params=None, headers=None)

Returns information about a task. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/tasks. html

Parameters

- task_id Return the task with specified id (node_id:task_number)
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_completion Wait for the matching tasks to complete (default: false)

list (params=None, headers=None)

Returns a list of tasks. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/tasks.html

- actions A comma-separated list of actions that should be returned. Leave empty to return all.
- **detailed** Return detailed task information (default: false)
- **group_by** Group tasks by nodes or parent/child relationships Valid choices: nodes, parents, none Default: nodes
- nodes A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information;
 use _local to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- parent_task_id Return tasks with specified parent task id (node_id:task_number). Set to -1 to return all.
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_completion Wait for the matching tasks to complete (default: false)

7.2 X-Pack APIs

X-Pack is an Elastic Stack extension that bundles security, alerting, monitoring, reporting, and graph capabilities into one easy-to-install package. While the X-Pack components are designed to work together seamlessly, you can easily enable or disable the features you want to use.

7.2.1 Info

X-Pack info provides general info about the installed X-Pack.

class elasticsearch.client.xpack.XPackClient (client)

```
info (params=None, headers=None)
```

Retrieves information about the installed X-Pack features. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/info-api.html

Parameters categories – Comma-separated list of info categories. Can be any of: build, license, features

```
usage (params=None, headers=None)
```

Retrieves usage information about the installed X-Pack features. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/usage-api.html

Parameters master_timeout - Specify timeout for watch write operation

7.2.2 Graph Explore APIs

Graph Explore API enables you to extract and summarize information about the documents and terms in your Elastic-search index.

class elasticsearch.client.graph.GraphClient(client)

```
explore (index, body=None, params=None, headers=None)
```

Explore extracted and summarized information about the documents and terms in an index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/graph-explore-api.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names to search; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- body Graph Query DSL
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

7.2.3 Licensing APIs

Licensing API can be used to manage your licences.

class elasticsearch.client.license.LicenseClient(client)

delete (params=None, headers=None)

Deletes licensing information for the cluster https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/delete-license.html

get (params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves licensing information for the cluster https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/get-license.html

Parameters

- accept_enterprise Supported for backwards compatibility with 7.x. If this param is used it must be set to true
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

get_basic_status (params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves information about the status of the basic license. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/get-basic-status.html

get_trial_status (params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves information about the status of the trial license. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/get-trial-status.html

post (body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Updates the license for the cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/update-license.html

Parameters

- body licenses to be installed
- acknowledge whether the user has acknowledged acknowledge messages (default: false)

post_start_basic (params=None, headers=None)

Starts an indefinite basic license. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/start-basic.html

Parameters acknowledge – whether the user has acknowledged acknowledge messages (default: false)

post_start_trial (params=None, headers=None)

starts a limited time trial license. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/start-trial. html

Parameters

- acknowledge whether the user has acknowledged acknowledge messages (default: false)
- **doc_type** The type of trial license to generate (default: "trial")

7.2.4 Machine Learning APIs

Machine Learning can be useful for discovering new patterns about your data. For a more detailed explanation about X-Pack's machine learning please refer to the official documentation.

class elasticsearch.client.ml.MlClient(client)

close_job (job_id, body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Closes one or more anomaly detection jobs. A job can be opened and closed multiple times throughout its lifecycle. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-close-job.html

Parameters

- job_id The name of the job to close
- body The URL params optionally sent in the body
- allow_no_jobs Whether to ignore if a wildcard expression matches no jobs. (This includes _all string or when no jobs have been specified)
- force True if the job should be forcefully closed
- timeout Controls the time to wait until a job has closed. Default to 30 minutes

delete_calendar (calendar_id, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes a calendar. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-delete-calendar. html

Parameters calendar_id – The ID of the calendar to delete

delete_calendar_event (calendar_id, event_id, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes scheduled events from a calendar. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-delete-calendar-event.html

Parameters

- calendar id The ID of the calendar to modify
- event_id The ID of the event to remove from the calendar

delete_calendar_job (calendar_id, job_id, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes anomaly detection jobs from a calendar. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-delete-calendar-job.html

Parameters

- calendar_id The ID of the calendar to modify
- job_id The ID of the job to remove from the calendar

delete_data_frame_analytics (id, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes an existing data frame analytics job. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/delete-dfanalytics.html

- id The ID of the data frame analytics to delete
- force True if the job should be forcefully deleted

delete datafeed (datafeed id, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes an existing datafeed. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-delete-datafeed.html

Parameters

- datafeed id The ID of the datafeed to delete
- force True if the datafeed should be forcefully deleted

delete_expired_data(body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes expired and unused machine learning data. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-delete-expired-data.html

Parameters body – deleting expired data parameters

delete_filter(filter_id, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes a filter. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-delete-filter.html

Parameters filter_id - The ID of the filter to delete

delete forecast (job id, forecast id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes forecasts from a machine learning job. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-delete-forecast.html

Parameters

- job_id The ID of the job from which to delete forecasts
- **forecast_id** The ID of the forecast to delete, can be comma delimited list. Leaving blank implies *all*
- allow_no_forecasts Whether to ignore if _all matches no forecasts
- timeout Controls the time to wait until the forecast(s) are deleted. Default to 30 seconds

delete_job (job_id, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes an existing anomaly detection job. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-delete-job.html

Parameters

- job_id The ID of the job to delete
- force True if the job should be forcefully deleted
- wait_for_completion Should this request wait until the operation has completed before returning Default: True

delete_model_snapshot (job_id, snapshot_id, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes an existing model snapshot. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-delete-snapshot.html

Parameters

- job_id The ID of the job to fetch
- **snapshot_id** The ID of the snapshot to delete

delete_trained_model (model_id, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes an existing trained inference model that is currently not referenced by an ingest pipeline. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/delete-inference.html

Parameters model id - The ID of the trained model to delete

estimate model memory (body, params=None, headers=None)

Estimates the model memory https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-apis.html

Parameters body – The analysis config, plus cardinality estimates for fields it references

evaluate_data_frame (body, params=None, headers=None)

Evaluates the data frame analytics for an annotated index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/evaluate-dfanalytics.html

Parameters body – The evaluation definition

explain_data_frame_analytics (body=None, id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Explains a data frame analytics config. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/explain-dfanalytics.html

Parameters

- body The data frame analytics config to explain
- id The ID of the data frame analytics to explain

find file structure (body, params=None, headers=None)

Finds the structure of a text file. The text file must contain data that is suitable to be ingested into Elastic-search. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-find-file-structure.html

- body The contents of the file to be analyzed
- charset Optional parameter to specify the character set of the file
- **column_names** Optional parameter containing a comma separated list of the column names for a delimited file
- **delimiter** Optional parameter to specify the delimiter character for a delimited file must be a single character
- explain Whether to include a commentary on how the structure was derived
- **format** Optional parameter to specify the high level file format Valid choices: ndjson, xml, delimited, semi_structured_text
- **grok_pattern** Optional parameter to specify the Grok pattern that should be used to extract fields from messages in a semi- structured text file
- has_header_row Optional parameter to specify whether a delimited file includes the column names in its first row
- line_merge_size_limit Maximum number of characters permitted in a single message when lines are merged to create messages. Default: 10000
- lines_to_sample How many lines of the file should be included in the analysis Default: 1000
- **quote** Optional parameter to specify the quote character for a delimited file must be a single character
- should_trim_fields Optional parameter to specify whether the values between delimiters in a delimited file should have whitespace trimmed from them
- timeout Timeout after which the analysis will be aborted Default: 25s
- timestamp_field Optional parameter to specify the timestamp field in the file
- timestamp_format Optional parameter to specify the timestamp format in the file may be either a Joda or Java time format

flush job (job id, body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Forces any buffered data to be processed by the job. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-flush-job.html

Parameters

- job_id The name of the job to flush
- body Flush parameters
- advance_time Advances time to the given value generating results and updating the model for the advanced interval
- calc_interim Calculates interim results for the most recent bucket or all buckets within the latency period
- end When used in conjunction with calc_interim, specifies the range of buckets on which to calculate interim results
- **skip_time** Skips time to the given value without generating results or updating the model for the skipped interval
- **start** When used in conjunction with calc_interim, specifies the range of buckets on which to calculate interim results

forecast (job_id, params=None, headers=None)

Predicts the future behavior of a time series by using its historical behavior. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-forecast.html

Parameters

- job_id The ID of the job to forecast for
- duration The duration of the forecast
- **expires_in** The time interval after which the forecast expires. Expired forecasts will be deleted at the first opportunity.
- max_model_memory The max memory able to be used by the forecast. Default is 20mb.

get_buckets (job_id, body=None, timestamp=None, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves anomaly detection job results for one or more buckets. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-get-bucket.html

Parameters

- job_id ID of the job to get bucket results from
- body Bucket selection details if not provided in URI
- timestamp The timestamp of the desired single bucket result
- anomaly_score Filter for the most anomalous buckets
- desc Set the sort direction
- end End time filter for buckets
- exclude interim Exclude interim results
- expand Include anomaly records
- **from**_ skips a number of buckets
- size specifies a max number of buckets to get

- sort Sort buckets by a particular field
- **start** Start time filter for buckets

get_calendar_events (calendar_id, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves information about the scheduled events in calendars. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-get-calendar-event.html

Parameters

- calendar_id The ID of the calendar containing the events
- end Get events before this time
- from_ Skips a number of events
- job_id Get events for the job. When this option is used calendar_id must be '_all'
- size Specifies a max number of events to get
- start Get events after this time

get_calendars (body=None, calendar_id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves configuration information for calendars. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-get-calendar.html

Parameters

- body The from and size parameters optionally sent in the body
- calendar_id The ID of the calendar to fetch
- from skips a number of calendars
- size specifies a max number of calendars to get

get_categories (job_id, body=None, category_id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves anomaly detection job results for one or more categories. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-get-category.html

Parameters

- job_id The name of the job
- body Category selection details if not provided in URI
- category_id The identifier of the category definition of interest
- from_ skips a number of categories
- size specifies a max number of categories to get

get_data_frame_analytics (id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves configuration information for data frame analytics jobs. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/get-dfanalytics.html

- id The ID of the data frame analytics to fetch
- allow_no_match Whether to ignore if a wildcard expression matches no data frame analytics. (This includes _all string or when no data frame analytics have been specified) Default: True
- **from**_ skips a number of analytics
- size specifies a max number of analytics to get Default: 100

get_data_frame_analytics_stats(id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves usage information for data frame analytics jobs. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/get-dfanalytics-stats.html

Parameters

- id The ID of the data frame analytics stats to fetch
- allow_no_match Whether to ignore if a wildcard expression matches no data frame analytics. (This includes _all string or when no data frame analytics have been specified) Default: True
- from_ skips a number of analytics
- size specifies a max number of analytics to get Default: 100

get_datafeed_stats (datafeed_id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves usage information for datafeeds. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-get-datafeed-stats.html

Parameters

- datafeed_id The ID of the datafeeds stats to fetch
- allow_no_datafeeds Whether to ignore if a wildcard expression matches no datafeeds. (This includes _all string or when no datafeeds have been specified)

get_datafeeds (datafeed_id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves configuration information for datafeeds. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-get-datafeed.html

Parameters

- datafeed_id The ID of the datafeeds to fetch
- allow_no_datafeeds Whether to ignore if a wildcard expression matches no datafeeds. (This includes _all string or when no datafeeds have been specified)

$\verb"get_filters" (filter_id=None, params=None, headers=None)$

Retrieves filters. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-get-filter.html

Parameters

- filter_id The ID of the filter to fetch
- from_ skips a number of filters
- size specifies a max number of filters to get

get influencers (job id, body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves anomaly detection job results for one or more influencers. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-get-influencer.html

Parameters

- job_id Identifier for the anomaly detection job
- body Influencer selection criteria
- **desc** whether the results should be sorted in decending order
- end end timestamp for the requested influencers
- exclude_interim Exclude interim results
- from skips a number of influencers

- influencer_score influencer score threshold for the requested influencers
- size specifies a max number of influencers to get
- sort sort field for the requested influencers
- **start** start timestamp for the requested influencers

get job stats(job id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves usage information for anomaly detection jobs. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-get-job-stats.html

Parameters

- job_id The ID of the jobs stats to fetch
- allow_no_jobs Whether to ignore if a wildcard expression matches no jobs. (This includes _all string or when no jobs have been specified)

get_jobs (job_id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves configuration information for anomaly detection jobs. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-get-job.html

Parameters

- job_id The ID of the jobs to fetch
- allow_no_jobs Whether to ignore if a wildcard expression matches no jobs. (This includes _all string or when no jobs have been specified)
- get_model_snapshots (job_id, body=None, snapshot_id=None, params=None, headers=None)
 Retrieves information about model snapshots. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-get-snapshot.html

Parameters

- job_id The ID of the job to fetch
- body Model snapshot selection criteria
- snapshot_id The ID of the snapshot to fetch
- desc True if the results should be sorted in descending order
- end The filter 'end' query parameter
- from_ Skips a number of documents
- **size** The default number of documents returned in queries as a string.
- sort Name of the field to sort on
- start The filter 'start' query parameter

get_overall_buckets (job_id, body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves overall bucket results that summarize the bucket results of multiple anomaly detection jobs. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-get-overall-buckets.html

- job_id The job IDs for which to calculate overall bucket results
- body Overall bucket selection details if not provided in URI
- **allow_no_jobs** Whether to ignore if a wildcard expression matches no jobs. (This includes *_all* string or when no jobs have been specified)
- bucket_span The span of the overall buckets. Defaults to the longest job bucket_span

- end Returns overall buckets with timestamps earlier than this time
- exclude_interim If true overall buckets that include interim buckets will be excluded
- overall_score Returns overall buckets with overall scores higher than this value
- **start** Returns overall buckets with timestamps after this time
- top n The number of top job bucket scores to be used in the overall score calculation

get_records (job_id, body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves anomaly records for an anomaly detection job. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-get-record.html

Parameters

- job_id The ID of the job
- body Record selection criteria
- desc Set the sort direction
- end End time filter for records
- exclude interim Exclude interim results
- from skips a number of records
- record_score Returns records with anomaly scores greater or equal than this value
- size specifies a max number of records to get
- sort Sort records by a particular field
- **start** Start time filter for records

get_trained_models (model_id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves configuration information for a trained inference model. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/get-inference.html

Parameters

- model_id The ID of the trained models to fetch
- allow_no_match Whether to ignore if a wildcard expression matches no trained models. (This includes _all string or when no trained models have been specified) Default:
- decompress_definition Should the model definition be decompressed into valid JSON or returned in a custom compressed format. Defaults to true. Default: True
- for_export Omits fields that are illegal to set on model PUT
- from_ skips a number of trained models
- include_model_definition Should the full model definition be included in the results. These definitions can be large. So be cautious when including them. Defaults to false.
- size specifies a max number of trained models to get Default: 100
- tags A comma-separated list of tags that the model must have.

get_trained_models_stats (model_id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves usage information for trained inference models. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/get-inference-stats.html

Parameters

- model id The ID of the trained models stats to fetch
- allow_no_match Whether to ignore if a wildcard expression matches no trained models. (This includes _all string or when no trained models have been specified) Default: True
- from_ skips a number of trained models
- size specifies a max number of trained models to get Default: 100

info(params=None, headers=None)

Returns defaults and limits used by machine learning. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/get-ml-info.html

open_job (job_id, params=None, headers=None)

Opens one or more anomaly detection jobs. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-open-job.html

Parameters job_id - The ID of the job to open

post_calendar_events (calendar_id, body, params=None, headers=None)

Posts scheduled events in a calendar. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-post-calendar-event.html

Parameters

- calendar id The ID of the calendar to modify
- body A list of events

post_data (job_id, body, params=None, headers=None)

Sends data to an anomaly detection job for analysis. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-post-data.html

Parameters

- job_id The name of the job receiving the data
- body The data to process
- reset_end Optional parameter to specify the end of the bucket resetting range
- reset_start Optional parameter to specify the start of the bucket resetting range

preview_datafeed (datafeed_id, params=None, headers=None)

Previews a datafeed. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-preview-datafeed. html

Parameters datafeed_id - The ID of the datafeed to preview

put_calendar (calendar_id, body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Instantiates a calendar. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-put-calendar. html

Parameters

- calendar_id The ID of the calendar to create
- body The calendar details

put_calendar_job (calendar_id, job_id, params=None, headers=None)

Adds an anomaly detection job to a calendar. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-put-calendar-job.html

Parameters

- calendar_id The ID of the calendar to modify
- job_id The ID of the job to add to the calendar

put_data_frame_analytics (id, body, params=None, headers=None)

Instantiates a data frame analytics job. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/put-dfanalytics.html

Parameters

- id The ID of the data frame analytics to create
- body The data frame analytics configuration

put_datafeed (datafeed_id, body, params=None, headers=None)

Instantiates a datafeed. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-put-datafeed. html

Parameters

- datafeed id The ID of the datafeed to create
- body The datafeed config
- allow_no_indices Ignore if the source indices expressions resolves to no concrete indices (default: true)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether source index expressions should get expanded to open or closed indices (default: open) Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all
- ignore_throttled Ignore indices that are marked as throttled (default: true)
- ignore_unavailable Ignore unavailable indexes (default: false)

put_filter(filter_id, body, params=None, headers=None)

Instantiates a filter. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-put-filter.html

Parameters

- filter_id The ID of the filter to create
- body The filter details

put_job (job_id, body, params=None, headers=None)

Instantiates an anomaly detection job. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-put-job.html

Parameters

- job_id The ID of the job to create
- body The job

put_trained_model (model_id, body, params=None, headers=None)

Creates an inference trained model. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/put-inference.html

Parameters

- model_id The ID of the trained models to store
- body The trained model configuration

revert_model_snapshot(job_id, snapshot_id, body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Reverts to a specific snapshot. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-revert-snapshot.html

Parameters

- job_id The ID of the job to fetch
- snapshot_id The ID of the snapshot to revert to
- body Reversion options
- **delete_intervening_results** Should we reset the results back to the time of the snapshot?

set_upgrade_mode (params=None, headers=None)

Sets a cluster wide upgrade_mode setting that prepares machine learning indices for an upgrade. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-set-upgrade-mode.html

Parameters

- enabled Whether to enable upgrade_mode ML setting or not. Defaults to false.
- timeout Controls the time to wait before action times out. Defaults to 30 seconds

start_data_frame_analytics (id, body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Starts a data frame analytics job. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/start-dfanalytics.html

Parameters

- id The ID of the data frame analytics to start
- **body** The start data frame analytics parameters
- timeout Controls the time to wait until the task has started. Defaults to 20 seconds

start_datafeed (datafeed_id, body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Starts one or more datafeeds. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-start-datafeed.html

Parameters

- datafeed_id The ID of the datafeed to start
- **body** The start datafeed parameters
- end The end time when the datafeed should stop. When not set, the datafeed continues in real time
- **start** The start time from where the datafeed should begin
- timeout Controls the time to wait until a datafeed has started. Default to 20 seconds

stop_data_frame_analytics (id, body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Stops one or more data frame analytics jobs. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/stop-dfanalytics.html

- id The ID of the data frame analytics to stop
- **body** The stop data frame analytics parameters
- allow_no_match Whether to ignore if a wildcard expression matches no data frame analytics. (This includes *all* string or when no data frame analytics have been specified)

- force True if the data frame analytics should be forcefully stopped
- timeout Controls the time to wait until the task has stopped. Defaults to 20 seconds

stop_datafeed(datafeed_id, params=None, headers=None)

Stops one or more datafeeds. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-stop-datafeed.html

Parameters

- datafeed_id The ID of the datafeed to stop
- allow_no_datafeeds Whether to ignore if a wildcard expression matches no datafeeds. (This includes _all string or when no datafeeds have been specified)
- force True if the datafeed should be forcefully stopped.
- timeout Controls the time to wait until a datafeed has stopped. Default to 20 seconds

update_datafeed (datafeed_id, body, params=None, headers=None)

Updates certain properties of a datafeed. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-update-datafeed.html

Parameters

- datafeed_id The ID of the datafeed to update
- body The datafeed update settings
- allow_no_indices Ignore if the source indices expressions resolves to no concrete indices (default: true)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether source index expressions should get expanded to open or closed indices (default: open) Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all
- ignore_throttled Ignore indices that are marked as throttled (default: true)
- ignore_unavailable Ignore unavailable indexes (default: false)

update_filter(filter_id, body, params=None, headers=None)

Updates the description of a filter, adds items, or removes items. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-update-filter.html

Parameters

- filter id The ID of the filter to update
- body The filter update

update_job (job_id, body, params=None, headers=None)

Updates certain properties of an anomaly detection job. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-update-job.html

Parameters

- job_id The ID of the job to create
- body The job update settings

update_model_snapshot(job_id, snapshot_id, body, params=None, headers=None)

Updates certain properties of a snapshot. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ml-update-snapshot.html

Parameters

• job id - The ID of the job to fetch

- **snapshot_id** The ID of the snapshot to update
- **body** The model snapshot properties to update

validate(body, params=None, headers=None)

Validates an anomaly detection job. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/machine-learning/current/ml-jobs.html

Parameters body - The job config

validate_detector (body, params=None, headers=None)

Validates an anomaly detection detector. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/machine-learning/current/ml-jobs.html

Parameters body – The detector

7.2.5 Security APIs

Security API can be used to help secure your Elasticsearch cluster. Integrating with LDAP and Active Directory.

class elasticsearch.client.security.SecurityClient(client)

authenticate (params=None, headers=None)

Enables authentication as a user and retrieve information about the authenticated user. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/security-api-authenticate.html

change_password (body, username=None, params=None, headers=None)

Changes the passwords of users in the native realm and built-in users. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/security-api-change-password.html

Parameters

- body the new password for the user
- **username** The username of the user to change the password for
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes. Valid choices: true, false, wait_for

clear cached realms (realms, params=None, headers=None)

Evicts users from the user cache. Can completely clear the cache or evict specific users. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/security-api-clear-cache.html

Parameters

- realms Comma-separated list of realms to clear
- usernames Comma-separated list of usernames to clear from the cache

clear_cached_roles (name, params=None, headers=None)

Evicts roles from the native role cache. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/security-api-clear-role-cache.html

Parameters name - Role name

create_api_key (body, params=None, headers=None)

Creates an API key for access without requiring basic authentication. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/security-api-create-api-key.html

Parameters

• body – The api key request to create an API key

• **refresh** – If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes. Valid choices: true, false, wait_for

delete_privileges (application, name, params=None, headers=None)

Removes application privileges. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/security-api-delete-privilege.html

Parameters

- application Application name
- name Privilege name
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes. Valid choices: true, false, wait_for

delete_role (name, params=None, headers=None)

Removes roles in the native realm. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/security-api-delete-role.html

Parameters

- name Role name
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes. Valid choices: true, false, wait_for

delete_role_mapping (name, params=None, headers=None)

Removes role mappings. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/security-api-delete-role-mapping.html

Parameters

- name Role-mapping name
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes. Valid choices: true, false, wait_for

delete_user (username, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes users from the native realm. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/security-api-delete-user.html

Parameters

- username username
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes. Valid choices: true, false, wait_for

disable_user (username, params=None, headers=None)

Disables users in the native realm. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/security-api-disable-user.html

Parameters

• username – The username of the user to disable

• **refresh** – If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes. Valid choices: true, false, wait_for

enable_user (username, params=None, headers=None)

Enables users in the native realm. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/security-api-enable-user.html

Parameters

- username The username of the user to enable
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes. Valid choices: true, false, wait_for

get_api_key (params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves information for one or more API keys. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/security-api-get-api-key.html

Parameters

- id API key id of the API key to be retrieved
- name API key name of the API key to be retrieved
- owner flag to query API keys owned by the currently authenticated user
- realm_name realm name of the user who created this API key to be retrieved
- username user name of the user who created this API key to be retrieved

get_builtin_privileges (params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves the list of cluster privileges and index privileges that are available in this version of Elasticsearch. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/security-api-get-builtin-privileges.html

get_privileges (application=None, name=None, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves application privileges. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/security-api-get-privileges.html

Parameters

- application Application name
- name Privilege name

get_role (name=None, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves roles in the native realm. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/security-api-get-role.html

Parameters name – A comma-separated list of role names

get_role_mapping (name=None, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves role mappings. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/security-api-get-role-mapping.html

Parameters name – A comma-separated list of role-mapping names

get token (body, params=None, headers=None)

Creates a bearer token for access without requiring basic authentication. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/security-api-get-token.html

Parameters body – The token request to get

get user(username=None, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves information about users in the native realm and built-in users. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/security-api-get-user.html

Parameters username – A comma-separated list of usernames

get_user_privileges (params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves application privileges. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/security-api-get-privileges.html

has_privileges (body, user=None, params=None, headers=None)

Determines whether the specified user has a specified list of privileges. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/security-api-has-privileges.html

Parameters

- body The privileges to test
- user Username

invalidate_api_key (body, params=None, headers=None)

Invalidates one or more API keys. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/security-api-invalidate-api-key.html

Parameters body – The api key request to invalidate API key(s)

invalidate_token (body, params=None, headers=None)

Invalidates one or more access tokens or refresh tokens. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/security-api-invalidate-token.html

Parameters body – The token to invalidate

put_privileges (body, params=None, headers=None)

Adds or updates application privileges. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/security-api-put-privileges.html

Parameters

- body The privilege(s) to add
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes. Valid choices: true, false, wait_for

put_role (name, body, params=None, headers=None)

Adds and updates roles in the native realm. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/security-api-put-role.html

Parameters

- name Role name
- body The role to add
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes. Valid choices: true, false, wait_for

put_role_mapping (name, body, params=None, headers=None)

Creates and updates role mappings. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/security-api-put-role-mapping.html

Parameters

• name – Role-mapping name

- body The role mapping to add
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes. Valid choices: true, false, wait_for

put_user (username, body, params=None, headers=None)

Adds and updates users in the native realm. These users are commonly referred to as native users. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/security-api-put-user.html

Parameters

- username The username of the User
- body The user to add
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes. Valid choices: true, false, wait_for

7.2.6 Watcher APIs

Watcher API can be used to notify you when certain pre-defined thresholds have happened.

class elasticsearch.client.watcher.WatcherClient(client)

ack_watch (watch_id, action_id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Acknowledges a watch, manually throttling the execution of the watch's actions. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/watcher-api-ack-watch.html

Parameters

- watch_id Watch ID
- action_id A comma-separated list of the action ids to be acked

activate_watch (watch_id, params=None, headers=None)

Activates a currently inactive watch. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/watcher-api-activate-watch.html

Parameters watch id - Watch ID

deactivate_watch (watch_id, params=None, headers=None)

Deactivates a currently active watch. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/watcher-api-deactivate-watch.html

Parameters watch_id - Watch ID

delete_watch (id, params=None, headers=None)

Removes a watch from Watcher. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/watcher-api-delete-watch.html

Parameters id – Watch ID

execute_watch (body=None, id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Forces the execution of a stored watch. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/watcher-api-execute-watch.html

- body Execution control
- id Watch ID

• **debug** – indicates whether the watch should execute in debug mode

get watch (id, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves a watch by its ID. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/watcher-api-get-watch.html

Parameters id – Watch ID

put_watch (id, body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Creates a new watch, or updates an existing one. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/watcher-api-put-watch.html

Parameters

- id Watch ID
- body The watch
- active Specify whether the watch is in/active by default
- **if_primary_term** only update the watch if the last operation that has changed the watch has the specified primary term
- **if_seq_no** only update the watch if the last operation that has changed the watch has the specified sequence number
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control

start (params=None, headers=None)

Starts Watcher if it is not already running. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/watcher-api-start.html

stats (metric=None, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves the current Watcher metrics. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/watcher-api-stats.html

Parameters

- metric Controls what additional stat metrics should be include in the response Valid choices: _all, queued_watches, current_watches, pending_watches
- emit_stacktraces Emits stack traces of currently running watches

stop (params=None, headers=None)

Stops Watcher if it is running. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/watcher-api-stop.html

7.2.7 Migration APIs

Migration API helps simplify upgrading X-Pack indices from one version to another.

class elasticsearch.client.migration.MigrationClient(client)

deprecations (index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves information about different cluster, node, and index level settings that use deprecated features that will be removed or changed in the next major version. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/migration-api-deprecation.html

Parameters index – Index pattern

7.2.8 Enrich APIs

Enrich API can be used to add data from your existing indices to incoming documents during ingest.

class elasticsearch.client.enrich.EnrichClient(client)

delete_policy (name, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes an existing enrich policy and its enrich index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/delete-enrich-policy-api.html

Parameters name – The name of the enrich policy

execute_policy (name, params=None, headers=None)

Creates the enrich index for an existing enrich policy. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/execute-enrich-policy-api.html

Parameters

- name The name of the enrich policy
- wait_for_completion Should the request should block until the execution is complete. Default: True

get_policy (name=None, params=None, headers=None)

Gets information about an enrich policy. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/get-enrich-policy-api.html

Parameters name – A comma-separated list of enrich policy names

put_policy (name, body, params=None, headers=None)

Creates a new enrich policy. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/put-enrich-policy-api.html

Parameters

- name The name of the enrich policy
- body The enrich policy to register

stats (params=None, headers=None)

Gets enrich coordinator statistics and information about enrich policies that are currently executing. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/enrich-stats-api.html

7.2.9 SQL APIs

The SQL REST API accepts SQL in a JSON document, executes it, and returns the results.

```
class elasticsearch.client.sql.SqlClient(client)
```

```
clear_cursor (body, params=None, headers=None)
```

Clears the SQL cursor https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/sql-pagination.html

Parameters body – Specify the cursor value in the *cursor* element to clean the cursor.

```
query (body, params=None, headers=None)
```

Executes a SQL request https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/sql-rest-overview. html

Parameters

• **body** – Use the *query* element to start a query. Use the *cursor* element to continue a query.

• **format** – a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml

translate (body, params=None, headers=None)

Translates SQL into Elasticsearch queries https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/sql-translate.html

Parameters body – Specify the query in the *query* element.

7.2.10 Cross-Cluster Replication APIs

Cross-Cluster Replication API used to perform cross-cluster replication operations.

class elasticsearch.client.ccr.CcrClient(client)

delete_auto_follow_pattern (name, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes auto-follow patterns. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ccr-delete-auto-follow-pattern.html

Parameters name – The name of the auto follow pattern.

follow (*index*, *body*, *params=None*, *headers=None*)

Creates a new follower index configured to follow the referenced leader index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ccr-put-follow.html

Parameters

- index The name of the follower index
- body The name of the leader index and other optional ccr related parameters
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before returning. Defaults to 0. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any nonnegative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1) Default: 0

follow_info (index, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves information about all follower indices, including parameters and status for each follower index https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ccr-get-follow-info.html

Parameters index – A comma-separated list of index patterns; use *_all* to perform the operation on all indices

follow_stats (index, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves follower stats. return shard-level stats about the following tasks associated with each shard for the specified indices. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ccr-get-follow-stats. html

Parameters index – A comma-separated list of index patterns; use *_all* to perform the operation on all indices

forget_follower (index, body, params=None, headers=None)

Removes the follower retention leases from the leader. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ccr-post-forget-follower.html

Parameters

 index – the name of the leader index for which specified follower retention leases should be removed

• **body** – the name and UUID of the follower index, the name of the cluster containing the follower index, and the alias from the perspective of that cluster for the remote cluster containing the leader index

get_auto_follow_pattern (name=None, params=None, headers=None)

Gets configured auto-follow patterns. Returns the specified auto-follow pattern collection. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ccr-get-auto-follow-pattern.html

Parameters name – The name of the auto follow pattern.

pause_auto_follow_pattern (name, params=None, headers=None)

Pauses an auto-follow pattern https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ccr-pause-auto-follow-pattern.html

Parameters name – The name of the auto follow pattern that should pause discovering new indices to follow.

pause_follow (index, params=None, headers=None)

Pauses a follower index. The follower index will not fetch any additional operations from the leader index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ccr-post-pause-follow.html

Parameters index – The name of the follower index that should pause following its leader index

put_auto_follow_pattern (name, body, params=None, headers=None)

Creates a new named collection of auto-follow patterns against a specified remote cluster. Newly created indices on the remote cluster matching any of the specified patterns will be automatically configured as follower indices. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ccr-put-auto-follow-pattern.html

Parameters

- name The name of the auto follow pattern.
- body The specification of the auto follow pattern

resume_auto_follow_pattern (name, params=None, headers=None)

Resumes an auto-follow pattern that has been paused https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ccr-resume-auto-follow-pattern.html

Parameters name – The name of the auto follow pattern to resume discovering new indices to follow.

$\verb"resume_follow" (index, body=None, params=None, headers=None)"$

Resumes a follower index that has been paused https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ccr-post-resume-follow.html

Parameters

- **index** The name of the follow index to resume following.
- body The name of the leader index and other optional ccr related parameters

stats (params=None, headers=None)

Gets all stats related to cross-cluster replication. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ccr-get-stats.html

unfollow (index, params=None, headers=None)

Stops the following task associated with a follower index and removes index metadata and settings associated with cross-cluster replication. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ccr-post-unfollow.html

Parameters index – The name of the follower index that should be turned into a regular index.

7.2.11 Monitoring APIs

Monitoring API used to collect data from the Elasticsearch nodes, Logstash nodes, Kibana instances, and Beats in your cluster.

class elasticsearch.client.monitoring.MonitoringClient (client)

bulk (body, doc_type=None, params=None, headers=None)

Used by the monitoring features to send monitoring data. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/monitor-elasticsearch-cluster.html

Parameters

- body The operation definition and data (action-data pairs), separated by newlines
- doc_type Default document type for items which don't provide one
- interval Collection interval (e.g., '10s' or '10000ms') of the payload
- **system_api_version** API Version of the monitored system
- system_id Identifier of the monitored system

7.2.12 Rollup APIs

Rollup API enables searching through rolled-up data using the standard query DSL.

class elasticsearch.client.rollup.RollupClient(client)

```
delete_job (id, params=None, headers=None)
```

Deletes an existing rollup job. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/rollup-delete-job.html

Parameters id – The ID of the job to delete

```
get_jobs (id=None, params=None, headers=None)
```

Retrieves the configuration, stats, and status of rollup jobs. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/rollup-get-job.html

Parameters id – The ID of the job(s) to fetch. Accepts glob patterns, or left blank for all jobs

```
get_rollup_caps (id=None, params=None, headers=None)
```

Returns the capabilities of any rollup jobs that have been configured for a specific index or index pattern. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/rollup-get-rollup-caps.html

Parameters id – The ID of the index to check rollup capabilities on, or left blank for all jobs

```
get_rollup_index_caps (index, params=None, headers=None)
```

Returns the rollup capabilities of all jobs inside of a rollup index (e.g. the index where rollup data is stored). https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/rollup-get-rollup-index-caps.html

Parameters index – The rollup index or index pattern to obtain rollup capabilities from.

```
put_job (id, body, params=None, headers=None)
```

Creates a rollup job. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/rollup-put-job.html

Parameters

- id The ID of the job to create
- body The job configuration

rollup search (index, body, doc type=None, params=None, headers=None)

Enables searching rolled-up data using the standard query DSL. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/rollup-search.html

Parameters

- index The indices or index-pattern(s) (containing rollup or regular data) that should be searched
- **body** The search request body
- doc_type The doc type inside the index
- rest_total_hits_as_int Indicates whether hits.total should be rendered as an integer or an object in the rest search response
- **typed_keys** Specify whether aggregation and suggester names should be prefixed by their respective types in the response

```
start_job (id, params=None, headers=None)
```

Starts an existing, stopped rollup job. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/rollup-start-job.html

Parameters id – The ID of the job to start

stop_job (id, params=None, headers=None)

Stops an existing, started rollup job. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/rollup-stop-job.html

Parameters

- id The ID of the job to stop
- **timeout** Block for (at maximum) the specified duration while waiting for the job to stop. Defaults to 30s.
- wait_for_completion True if the API should block until the job has fully stopped, false if should be executed async. Defaults to false.

7.2.13 Snapshot Lifecycle Management APIs

Snapshot Lifecycle Management API can be used to set up policies to automatically take snapshots and control how long they are retained.

class elasticsearch.client.slm.SlmClient(client)

delete_lifecycle (policy_id, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes an existing snapshot lifecycle policy. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/slm-api-delete-policy.html

Parameters policy_id – The id of the snapshot lifecycle policy to remove

execute_lifecycle (policy_id, params=None, headers=None)

Immediately creates a snapshot according to the lifecycle policy, without waiting for the scheduled time. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/slm-api-execute-lifecycle.html

Parameters policy_id - The id of the snapshot lifecycle policy to be executed

execute retention (params=None, headers=None)

Deletes any snapshots that are expired according to the policy's retention rules. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/slm-api-execute-retention.html

get lifecycle(policy id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves one or more snapshot lifecycle policy definitions and information about the latest snapshot attempts. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/slm-api-get-policy.html

Parameters policy_id - Comma-separated list of snapshot lifecycle policies to retrieve

get stats(params=None, headers=None)

Returns global and policy-level statistics about actions taken by snapshot lifecycle management. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/slm-api-get-stats.html

get_status (params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves the status of snapshot lifecycle management (SLM). https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/slm-api-get-status.html

put_lifecycle (policy_id, body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Creates or updates a snapshot lifecycle policy. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/slm-api-put-policy.html

Parameters

- policy_id The id of the snapshot lifecycle policy
- body The snapshot lifecycle policy definition to register

start (params=None, headers=None)

Turns on snapshot lifecycle management (SLM). https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/slm-api-start.html

stop (params=None, headers=None)

Turns off snapshot lifecycle management (SLM). https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/slm-api-stop.html

7.2.14 Searchable Snapshots APIs

Searchable Snapshots API used to perform searchable snapshots operations.

class elasticsearch.client.searchable_snapshots.SearchableSnapshotsClient(client)

clear_cache (index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Clear the cache of searchable snapshots. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/searchable-snapshots-api-clear-cache.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index name to limit the operation
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)

mount (repository, snapshot, body, params=None, headers=None)

Mount a snapshot as a searchable index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/searchable-snapshots-api-mount-snapshot.html

Parameters

• repository – The name of the repository containing the snapshot of the index to mount

- **snapshot** The name of the snapshot of the index to mount
- body The restore configuration for mounting the snapshot as searchable
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- wait_for_completion Should this request wait until the operation has completed before returning

repository_stats (repository, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieve usage statistics about a snapshot repository. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/searchable-snapshots-repository-stats.html

Parameters repository – The repository for which to get the stats for

stats (index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieve various statistics about searchable snapshots. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/searchable-snapshots-api-stats.html

Parameters index - A comma-separated list of index names

7.2.15 Index Lifecycle Management APIs

Index Lifecycle Management API used to set up policies to automatically manage the index lifecycle.

class elasticsearch.client.ilm.IlmClient(client)

delete_lifecycle (policy, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes the specified lifecycle policy definition. A currently used policy cannot be deleted. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ilm-delete-lifecycle.html

Parameters policy - The name of the index lifecycle policy

explain_lifecycle (index, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves information about the index's current lifecycle state, such as the currently executing phase, action, and step. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ilm-explain-lifecycle.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index to explain
- only_errors filters the indices included in the response to ones in an ILM error state, implies only_managed
- only_managed filters the indices included in the response to ones managed by ILM

get_lifecycle (policy=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns the specified policy definition. Includes the policy version and last modified date. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ilm-get-lifecycle.html

Parameters policy – The name of the index lifecycle policy

get_status (params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves the current index lifecycle management (ILM) status. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ilm-get-status.html

move_to_step (index, body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Manually moves an index into the specified step and executes that step. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ilm-move-to-step.html

Parameters

• **index** – The name of the index whose lifecycle step is to change

• body – The new lifecycle step to move to

put_lifecycle (policy, body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Creates a lifecycle policy https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ilm-put-lifecycle.html

Parameters

- policy The name of the index lifecycle policy
- body The lifecycle policy definition to register

remove_policy (index, params=None, headers=None)

Removes the assigned lifecycle policy and stops managing the specified index https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ilm-remove-policy.html

Parameters index – The name of the index to remove policy on

retry (index, params=None, headers=None)

Retries executing the policy for an index that is in the ERROR step. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ilm-retry-policy.html

Parameters index – The name of the indices (comma-separated) whose failed lifecycle step is to be retry

start (params=None, headers=None)

Start the index lifecycle management (ILM) plugin. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ilm-start.html

stop (params=None, headers=None)

Halts all lifecycle management operations and stops the index lifecycle management (ILM) plugin https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/ilm-stop.html

7.2.16 Transform APIs

Transform API manages transformation operations from grabbing data from source indices, transforms it, and saves it to a destination index.

class elasticsearch.client.transform.TransformClient(client)

delete_transform(transform_id, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes an existing transform. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/delete-transform.html

Parameters

- transform_id The id of the transform to delete
- **force** When *true*, the transform is deleted regardless of its current state. The default value is *false*, meaning that the transform must be *stopped* before it can be deleted.

get_transform(transform_id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves configuration information for transforms. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/get-transform.html

Parameters

- **transform_id** The id or comma delimited list of id expressions of the transforms to get, '_all' or '*' implies get all transforms
- allow_no_match Whether to ignore if a wildcard expression matches no transforms. (This includes _all string or when no transforms have been specified)

- from_ skips a number of transform configs, defaults to 0
- size specifies a max number of transforms to get, defaults to 100

get_transform_stats (transform_id, params=None, headers=None)

Retrieves usage information for transforms. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/get-transform-stats.html

Parameters

- transform_id The id of the transform for which to get stats. '_all' or '*' implies all transforms
- allow_no_match Whether to ignore if a wildcard expression matches no transforms. (This includes _all string or when no transforms have been specified)
- from_ skips a number of transform stats, defaults to 0
- size specifies a max number of transform stats to get, defaults to 100

preview_transform(body, params=None, headers=None)

Previews a transform. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/preview-transform. html

Parameters body – The definition for the transform to preview

put_transform(transform_id, body, params=None, headers=None)

Instantiates a transform. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/put-transform. html

Parameters

- transform_id The id of the new transform.
- body The transform definition
- defer_validation If validations should be deferred until transform starts, defaults to false.

start_transform(transform_id, params=None, headers=None)

Starts one or more transforms. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/start-transform.html

Parameters

- **transform_id** The id of the transform to start
- timeout Controls the time to wait for the transform to start

stop transform (transform id, params=None, headers=None)

Stops one or more transforms. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/stop-transform.html

- transform_id The id of the transform to stop
- allow_no_match Whether to ignore if a wildcard expression matches no transforms. (This includes _all string or when no transforms have been specified)
- force Whether to force stop a failed transform or not. Default to false
- timeout Controls the time to wait until the transform has stopped. Default to 30 seconds

- wait_for_checkpoint Whether to wait for the transform to reach a checkpoint before stopping. Default to false
- wait_for_completion Whether to wait for the transform to fully stop before returning or not. Default to false

update_transform(transform_id, body, params=None, headers=None)

Updates certain properties of a transform. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/update-transform.html

Parameters

- transform id The id of the transform.
- body The update transform definition
- defer_validation If validations should be deferred until transform starts, defaults to false.

7.2.17 Deprecation APIs

Deprecation API used to retrieve information about different cluster, node, and index level settings that use deprecated features that will be removed or changed in the next major version.

7.3 Exceptions

class elasticsearch. Improperly Configured

Exception raised when the config passed to the client is inconsistent or invalid.

class elasticsearch.ElasticsearchException

Base class for all exceptions raised by this package's operations (doesn't apply to ImproperlyConfigured).

class elasticsearch.SerializationError(ElasticsearchException)

Data passed in failed to serialize properly in the Serializer being used.

class elasticsearch.TransportError(ElasticsearchException)

Exception raised when ES returns a non-OK (>=400) HTTP status code. Or when an actual connection error happens; in that case the $status_code$ will be set to 'N/A'.

error

A string error message.

info

Dict of returned error info from ES, where available, underlying exception when not.

status_code

The HTTP status code of the response that precipitated the error or 'N/A' if not applicable.

class elasticsearch.ConnectionError(TransportError)

Error raised when there was an exception while talking to ES. Original exception from the underlying Connection implementation is available as .info.

class elasticsearch.ConnectionTimeout (ConnectionError)

A network timeout. Doesn't cause a node retry by default.

class elasticsearch.SSLError(ConnectionError)

Error raised when encountering SSL errors.

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7.4 Using Asyncio with Elasticsearch

Starting in elasticsearch-py v7.8.0 for Python 3.6+ the elasticsearch package supports async/await with Asyncio and Aiohttp. You can either install aiohttp directly or use the [async] extra:

```
$ python -m pip install elasticsearch>=7.8.0 aiohttp
# - OR -
$ python -m pip install elasticsearch[async]>=7.8.0
```

Note: Async functionality is a new feature of this library in v7.8.0+ so please open an issue if you find an issue or have a question about async support.

7.4.1 Getting Started with Async

After installation all async API endpoints are available via AsyncElasticsearch and are used in the same way as other APIs, just with an extra await:

```
import asyncio
from elasticsearch import AsyncElasticsearch

es = AsyncElasticsearch()

async def main():
    resp = await es.search(
        index="documents",
        body={"query": {"match_all": {}}}
        size=20,
    )
    print(resp)

loop = asyncio.get_event_loop()
loop.run_until_complete(main())
```

All APIs that are available under the sync client are also available under the async client.

7.4.2 ASGI Applications and Elastic APM

ASGI (Asynchronous Server Gateway Interface) is a new way to serve Python web applications making use of async I/O to achieve better performance. Some examples of ASGI frameworks include FastAPI, Django 3.0+, and Starlette. If you're using one of these frameworks along with Elasticsearch then you should be using <code>AsyncElasticsearch</code> to avoid blocking the event loop with synchronous network calls for optimal performance.

Elastic APM also supports tracing of async Elasticsearch queries just the same as synchronous queries. For an example on how to configure AsyncElasticsearch with a popular ASGI framework FastAPI and APM tracing there is a pre-built example in the examples/fastapi-apm directory.

7.4.3 Frequently Asked Questions

NameError / ImportError when importing AsyncElasticsearch?

If when trying to use AsyncElasticsearch and you're receiving a NameError or ImportError you should ensure that you're running Python 3.6+ (check with \$ python --version) and that you have aiohttp installed in your environment (check with \$ python -m pip freeze | grep aiohttp). If either of the above conditions is not met then async support won't be available.

What about the elasticsearch-async package?

Previously asyncio was supported separately via the elasticsearch-async package. The elasticsearch-async package has been deprecated in favor of AsyncElasticsearch provided by the elasticsearch package in v7.8 and onwards.

Receiving 'Unclosed client session / connector' warning?

This warning is created by aiohttp when an open HTTP connection is garbage collected. You'll typically run into this when closing your application. To resolve the issue ensure that <code>close()</code> is called before the <code>AsyncElasticsearch</code> instance is garbage collected.

For example if using FastAPI that might look like this:

```
from fastapi import FastAPI
from elasticsearch import AsyncElasticsearch

app = FastAPI()
es = AsyncElasticsearch()

# This gets called once the app is shutting down.
@app.on_event("shutdown")
async def app_shutdown():
    await es.close()
```

7.4.4 Async Helpers

Async variants of all helpers are available in elasticsearch.helpers and are all prefixed with async_*. You'll notice that these APIs are identical to the ones in the sync *Helpers* documentation.

All async helpers that accept an iterator or generator also accept async iterators and async generators.

Bulk and Streaming Bulk

```
elasticsearch.helpers.async_bulk(client, actions, stats_only=False, *args, **kwargs)
```

Helper for the <code>bulk()</code> api that provides a more human friendly interface - it consumes an iterator of actions and sends them to elasticsearch in chunks. It returns a tuple with summary information - number of successfully executed actions and either list of errors or number of errors if <code>stats_only</code> is set to <code>True</code>. Note that by default we raise a <code>BulkIndexError</code> when we encounter an error so options like <code>stats_only</code> only+ apply when <code>raise_on_error</code> is set to <code>False</code>.

When errors are being collected original document data is included in the error dictionary which can lead to an extra high memory usage. If you need to process a lot of data and want to ignore/collect errors please consider using the <code>async_streaming_bulk()</code> helper which will just return the errors and not store them in memory.

Parameters

- client instance of AsyncElasticsearch to use
- actions iterator containing the actions
- **stats_only** if *True* only report number of successful/failed operations instead of just number of successful and a list of error responses

Any additional keyword arguments will be passed to <code>async_streaming_bulk()</code> which is used to execute the operation, see <code>async_streaming_bulk()</code> for more accepted parameters.

```
elasticsearch.helpers.async_streaming_bulk (client, actions, chunk_size=500, max_chunk_bytes=104857600, raise_on_error=True, expand_action_callback=<function expand_action>, raise_on_exception=True, max_retries=0, initial_backoff=2, max_backoff=600, yield_ok=True, *args, **kwargs)
```

Streaming bulk consumes actions from the iterable passed in and yields results per action. For non-streaming usecases use <code>async_bulk()</code> which is a wrapper around streaming bulk that returns summary information about the bulk operation once the entire input is consumed and sent.

If you specify max_retries it will also retry any documents that were rejected with a 429 status code. To do this it will wait (**by calling asyncio.sleep**) for initial_backoff seconds and then, every subsequent rejection for the same chunk, for double the time every time up to max_backoff seconds.

- client instance of AsyncElasticsearch to use
- actions iterable or async iterable containing the actions to be executed
- **chunk_size** number of docs in one chunk sent to es (default: 500)
- max_chunk_bytes the maximum size of the request in bytes (default: 100MB)
- raise_on_error raise BulkIndexError containing errors (as .errors) from the execution of the last chunk when some occur. By default we raise.
- raise_on_exception if False then don't propagate exceptions from call to bulk and just report the items that failed as failed.
- **expand_action_callback** callback executed on each action passed in, should return a tuple containing the action line and the data line (*None* if data line should be omitted).
- max_retries maximum number of times a document will be retried when 429 is received, set to 0 (default) for no retries on 429
- initial_backoff number of seconds we should wait before the first retry. Any subsequent retries will be powers of initial_backoff * 2**retry_number
- max_backoff maximum number of seconds a retry will wait
- yield_ok if set to False will skip successful documents in the output

```
import asyncio
from elasticsearch import AsyncElasticsearch
from elasticsearch.helpers import async_bulk
es = AsyncElasticsearch()
async def gendata():
    mywords = ['foo', 'bar', 'baz']
    for word in mywords:
        yield {
            "_index": "mywords",
            "doc": {"word": word},
async def main():
    async for ok, result in async_streaming_bulk(es, gendata()):
        action, result = result.popitem()
        if not ok:
            print("failed to %s document %s" % ())
loop = asyncio.get_event_loop()
loop.run_until_complete(main())
```

Scan

```
elasticsearch.helpers.async_scan(client, query=None, scroll='5m', raise_on_error=True, preserve_order=False, size=1000, request_timeout=None, clear_scroll=True, scroll_kwargs=None, **kwares)
```

Simple abstraction on top of the scroll () api - a simple iterator that yields all hits as returned by underlining scroll requests.

By default scan does not return results in any pre-determined order. To have a standard order in the returned documents (either by score or explicit sort definition) when scrolling, use preserve_order=True. This may be an expensive operation and will negate the performance benefits of using scan.

Parameters

- client instance of AsyncElasticsearch to use
- query body for the search () api
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- raise_on_error raises an exception (ScanError) if an error is encountered (some shards fail to execute). By default we raise.
- **preserve_order** don't set the search_type to scan this will cause the scroll to paginate with preserving the order. Note that this can be an extremely expensive operation and can easily lead to unpredictable results, use with caution.
- **size** size (per shard) of the batch send at each iteration.
- request_timeout explicit timeout for each call to scan
- **clear_scroll** explicitly calls delete on the scroll id via the clear scroll API at the end of the method on completion or error, defaults to true.
- scroll_kwargs additional kwargs to be passed to scroll()

Any additional keyword arguments will be passed to the initial search () call:

```
async_scan(es,
    query={"query": {"match": {"title": "python"}}},
    index="orders-*",
    doc_type="books"
)
```

```
import asyncio
from elasticsearch import AsyncElasticsearch
from elasticsearch.helpers import async_scan

es = AsyncElasticsearch()

async def main():
    async for doc in async_scan(
        client=es,
        query={"query": {"match": {"title": "python"}}},
        index="orders-*"
    ):
        print(doc)
```

```
loop = asyncio.get_event_loop()
loop.run_until_complete(main())
```

Reindex

```
elasticsearch.helpers.async_reindex (client, source_index, target_index, query=None, target_client=None, chunk_size=500, scroll='5m', scan kwargs={}, bulk kwargs={})
```

Reindex all documents from one index that satisfy a given query to another, potentially (if *tar-get_client* is specified) on a different cluster. If you don't specify the query you will reindex all the documents.

Since 2.3 a reindex() api is available as part of elasticsearch itself. It is recommended to use the api instead of this helper wherever possible. The helper is here mostly for backwards compatibility and for situations where more flexibility is needed.

Note: This helper doesn't transfer mappings, just the data.

Parameters

- **client** instance of *AsyncElasticsearch* to use (for read if *target_client* is specified as well)
- source index index (or list of indices) to read documents from
- target_index name of the index in the target cluster to populate
- query body for the search () api
- target_client optional, is specified will be used for writing (thus enabling reindex between clusters)
- **chunk_size** number of docs in one chunk sent to es (default: 500)
- **scroll** Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- scan_kwargs additional kwargs to be passed to async_scan()
- bulk_kwargs additional kwargs to be passed to async_bulk()

7.4.5 API Reference

The API of AsyncElasticsearch is nearly identical to the API of Elasticsearch with the exception that every API call like search () is an async function and requires an await to properly return the response body.

AsyncElasticsearch

Note: To reference Elasticsearch APIs that are namespaced like .indices.create() refer to the sync API reference. These APIs are identical between sync and async.

Elasticsearch low-level client. Provides a straightforward mapping from Python to ES REST endpoints.

The instance has attributes cat, cluster, indices, ingest, nodes, snapshot and tasks that provide access to instances of CatClient, ClusterClient, IndicesClient, IngestClient, NodesClient, SnapshotClient and TasksClient respectively. This is the preferred (and only supported) way to get access to those classes and their methods.

You can specify your own connection class which should be used by providing the connection_class parameter:

```
# create connection to localhost using the ThriftConnection
es = Elasticsearch(connection_class=ThriftConnection)
```

If you want to turn on *Sniffing* you have several options (described in *Transport*):

```
# create connection that will automatically inspect the cluster to get
# the list of active nodes. Start with nodes running on 'esnodel' and
# 'esnode2'
es = Elasticsearch(
    ['esnode1', 'esnode2'],
        # sniff before doing anything
        sniff_on_start=True,
        # refresh nodes after a node fails to respond
        sniff_on_connection_fail=True,
        # and also every 60 seconds
        sniffer_timeout=60
)
```

Different hosts can have different parameters, use a dictionary per node to specify those:

If using SSL, there are several parameters that control how we deal with certificates (see <code>Urllib3HttpConnection</code> for detailed description of the options):

```
es = Elasticsearch(
    ['localhost:443', 'other_host:443'],
    # turn on SSL
    use_ssl=True,
    # make sure we verify SSL certificates
    verify_certs=True,
    # provide a path to CA certs on disk
```

```
ca_certs='/path/to/CA_certs'
)
```

If using SSL, but don't verify the certs, a warning message is showed optionally (see <code>Urllib3HttpConnection</code> for detailed description of the options):

```
es = Elasticsearch(
    ['localhost:443', 'other_host:443'],
    # turn on SSL
    use_ssl=True,
    # no verify SSL certificates
    verify_certs=False,
    # don't show warnings about ssl certs verification
    ssl_show_warn=False
)
```

SSL client authentication is supported (see *Urllib3HttpConnection* for detailed description of the options):

```
es = Elasticsearch(
    ['localhost:443', 'other_host:443'],
    # turn on SSL
    use_ssl=True,
    # make sure we verify SSL certificates
    verify_certs=True,
    # provide a path to CA certs on disk
    ca_certs='/path/to/CA_certs',
    # PEM formatted SSL client certificate
    client_cert='/path/to/clientcert.pem',
    # PEM formatted SSL client key
    client_key='/path/to/clientkey.pem'
)
```

Alternatively you can use RFC-1738 formatted URLs, as long as they are not in conflict with other options:

By default, JSONSerializer is used to encode all outgoing requests. However, you can implement your own custom serializer:

```
from elasticsearch.serializer import JSONSerializer

class SetEncoder(JSONSerializer):
    def default(self, obj):
        if isinstance(obj, set):
            return list(obj)
        if isinstance(obj, Something):
            return 'CustomSomethingRepresentation'
        return JSONSerializer.default(self, obj)

es = Elasticsearch(serializer=SetEncoder())
```

Parameters

- hosts—list of nodes, or a single node, we should connect to. Node should be a dictionary ({"host": "localhost", "port": 9200}), the entire dictionary will be passed to the Connection class as kwargs, or a string in the format of host[:port] which will be translated to a dictionary automatically. If no value is given the Connection class defaults will be used.
- transport_class Transport subclass to use.
- **kwargs** any additional arguments will be passed on to the *Transport* class and, subsequently, to the Connection instances.

bulk (body, index=None, doc_type=None, params=None, headers=None)

Allows to perform multiple index/update/delete operations in a single request. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-bulk.html

Parameters

- body The operation definition and data (action-data pairs), separated by newlines
- index Default index for items which don't provide one
- doc_type Default document type for items which don't provide one
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or default list of fields to return, can be overridden on each sub- request
- _source_excludes Default list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field, can be overridden on each sub-request
- _source_includes Default list of fields to extract and return from the _source field, can be overridden on each sub-request
- pipeline The pipeline id to preprocess incoming documents with
- **refresh** If *true* then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* (the default) then do nothing with refreshes. Valid choices: true, false, wait_for
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the bulk operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)

clear scroll (body=None, scroll id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Explicitly clears the search context for a scroll. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-request-body.html#_clear_scroll_api

Parameters

- body A comma-separated list of scroll IDs to clear if none was specified via the scroll_id parameter
- scroll_id A comma-separated list of scroll IDs to clear

close()

Closes the Transport and all internal connections

count (body=None, index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns number of documents matching a query. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-count.html

- body A query to restrict the results specified with the Query DSL (optional)
- index A comma-separated list of indices to restrict the results
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- analyze_wildcard Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer to use for the query string
- **default_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR) Valid choices: AND, OR Default: OR
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_throttled** Whether specified concrete, expanded or aliased indices should be ignored when throttled
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- lenient Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- min_score Include only documents with a specific _score value in the result
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- **terminate_after** The maximum count for each shard, upon reaching which the query execution will terminate early

create (index, id, body, doc_type=None, params=None, headers=None)

Creates a new document in the index. Returns a 409 response when a document with a same ID already exists in the index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-index .html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- id Document ID
- **body** The document
- **doc_type** The type of the document
- pipeline The pipeline id to preprocess incoming documents with
- **refresh** If *true* then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* (the default) then do nothing with refreshes. Valid choices: true, false, wait for
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- **version** Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version_type** Specific version type Valid choices: internal, external, external_gte
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the index operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)

delete (index, id, doc_type=None, params=None, headers=None)

Removes a document from the index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/

master/docs-delete.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- id The document ID
- **doc_type** The type of the document
- **if_primary_term** only perform the delete operation if the last operation that has changed the document has the specified primary term
- **if_seq_no** only perform the delete operation if the last operation that has changed the document has the specified sequence number
- **refresh** If *true* then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* (the default) then do nothing with refreshes. Valid choices: true, false, wait for
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version_type** Specific version type Valid choices: internal, external, external_gte
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the delete operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)

delete_by_query (index, body, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes documents matching the provided query. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-delete-by-query.html

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names to search; use *_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- body The search definition using the Query DSL
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_includes A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- analyze_wildcard Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer to use for the query string
- **conflicts** What to do when the delete by query hits version conflicts? Valid choices: abort, proceed Default: abort
- **default_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR) Valid choices: AND, OR Default: OR
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- **from**_ Starting offset (default: 0)
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)

- **lenient** Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- max_docs Maximum number of documents to process (default: all documents)
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- **refresh** Should the affected indexes be refreshed?
- request_cache Specify if request cache should be used for this request or not, defaults to index level setting
- requests_per_second The throttle for this request in sub- requests per second. -1 means no throttle.
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- scroll_size Size on the scroll request powering the delete by query Default:
- **search_timeout** Explicit timeout for each search request. Defaults to no timeout.
- **search_type** Search operation type Valid choices: query_then_fetch, dfs_query_then_fetch
- **slices** The number of slices this task should be divided into. Defaults to 1, meaning the task isn't sliced into subtasks. Can be set to *auto*. Default: 1
- **sort** A comma-separated list of <field>:<direction> pairs
- **stats** Specific 'tag' of the request for logging and statistical purposes
- **terminate_after** The maximum number of documents to collect for each shard, upon reaching which the query execution will terminate early.
- timeout Time each individual bulk request should wait for shards that are unavailable. Default: 1m
- version Specify whether to return document version as part of a hit
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the delete by query operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)
- wait_for_completion Should the request should block until the delete by query is complete. Default: True

delete_by_query_rethrottle (task_id, params=None, headers=None)

Changes the number of requests per second for a particular Delete By Query operation. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-delete-by-query.html

Parameters

- task id The task id to rethrottle
- **requests_per_second** The throttle to set on this request in floating sub-requests per second. -1 means set no throttle.

delete_script (id, params=None, headers=None)

Deletes a script. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-scripting.html

Parameters

- id Script ID
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

exists (index, id, params=None, headers=None)

Returns information about whether a document exists in an index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/

en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-get.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- id The document ID
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_includes A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- **refresh** Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- stored_fields A comma-separated list of stored fields to return in the response
- **version** Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version_type** Specific version type Valid choices: internal, external, external_gte

exists_source (index, id, doc_type=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns information about whether a document source exists in an index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-get.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- id The document ID
- doc type The type of the document; deprecated and optional starting with 7.0
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_includes A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- **refresh** Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version_type** Specific version type Valid choices: internal, external, external_gte

explain (*index*, *id*, *body=None*, *params=None*, *headers=None*)

Returns information about why a specific matches (or doesn't match) a query. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-explain.html

- index The name of the index
- id The document ID
- body The query definition using the Query DSL
- source True or false to return the source field or not, or a list of fields to

return

- _source_excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_includes A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- analyze_wildcard Specify whether wildcards and prefix queries in the query string query should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer for the query string query
- **default_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR) Valid choices: AND, OR Default: OR
- **df** The default field for query string query (default: _all)
- lenient Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- q Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- routing Specific routing value
- stored_fields A comma-separated list of stored fields to return in the response

field_caps (index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns the information about the capabilities of fields among multiple indices. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-field-caps.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- **fields** A comma-separated list of field names
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **include_unmapped** Indicates whether unmapped fields should be included in the response.

get (index, id, params=None, headers=None)

Returns a document. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-get.html

- index The name of the index
- id The document ID
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_includes A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the

operation

- routing Specific routing value
- stored_fields A comma-separated list of stored fields to return in the response
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version_type** Specific version type Valid choices: internal, external, external_gte

get script(id, params=None, headers=None)

Returns a script. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-scripting.html

Parameters

- id Script ID
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

get_script_context (params=None, headers=None)

Returns all script contexts. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/painless/master/painless-contexts.html

get_script_languages (params=None, headers=None)

Returns available script types, languages and contexts https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-scripting.html

get_source (index, id, params=None, headers=None)

Returns the source of a document. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-get.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- id The document ID
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_includes A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- **refresh** Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- **version** Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version_type Specific version type Valid choices: internal, external, external_gte

index (index, body, id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Creates or updates a document in an index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-index_.html

- index The name of the index
- **body** The document
- id Document ID
- if_primary_term only perform the index operation if the last operation that has changed the document has the specified primary term
- if seq no only perform the index operation if the last operation that has

changed the document has the specified sequence number

- op_type Explicit operation type. Defaults to *index* for requests with an explicit document ID, and to 'create' for requests without an explicit document ID Valid choices: index, create
- pipeline The pipeline id to preprocess incoming documents with
- **refresh** If *true* then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* (the default) then do nothing with refreshes. Valid choices: true, false, wait for
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- **version** Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version_type Specific version type Valid choices: internal, external gte
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the index operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)

info(params=None, headers=None)

Returns basic information about the cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/index.html

mget (body, index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Allows to get multiple documents in one request. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-multi-get.html

Parameters

- **body** Document identifiers; can be either *docs* (containing full document information) or *ids* (when index is provided in the URL.
- index The name of the index
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_includes A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- **refresh** Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- **stored_fields** A comma-separated list of stored fields to return in the response

msearch (body, index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Allows to execute several search operations in one request. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-multi-search.html

- **body** The request definitions (metadata-search request definition pairs), separated by newlines
- index A comma-separated list of index names to use as default
- ccs_minimize_roundtrips Indicates whether network round- trips

should be minimized as part of cross-cluster search requests execution Default: true

- max_concurrent_searches Controls the maximum number of concurrent searches the multi search api will execute
- max_concurrent_shard_requests The number of concurrent shard requests each sub search executes concurrently per node. This value should be used to limit the impact of the search on the cluster in order to limit the number of concurrent shard requests Default: 5
- pre_filter_shard_size A threshold that enforces a pre-filter roundtrip to prefilter search shards based on query rewriting if the number of shards the search request expands to exceeds the threshold. This filter roundtrip can limit the number of shards significantly if for instance a shard can not match any documents based on its rewrite method ie. if date filters are mandatory to match but the shard bounds and the query are disjoint.
- rest_total_hits_as_int Indicates whether hits.total should be rendered as an integer or an object in the rest search response
- **search_type** Search operation type Valid choices: query_then_fetch, query_and_fetch, dfs_query_then_fetch, dfs_query_and_fetch
- **typed_keys** Specify whether aggregation and suggester names should be prefixed by their respective types in the response

msearch_template (body, index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Allows to execute several search template operations in one request. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-multi-search.html

Parameters

- body The request definitions (metadata-search request definition pairs), separated by newlines
- index A comma-separated list of index names to use as default
- ccs_minimize_roundtrips Indicates whether network round- trips should be minimized as part of cross-cluster search requests execution Default: true
- max_concurrent_searches Controls the maximum number of concurrent searches the multi search api will execute
- rest_total_hits_as_int Indicates whether hits.total should be rendered as an integer or an object in the rest search response
- **search_type** Search operation type Valid choices: query_then_fetch, query_and_fetch, dfs_query_then_fetch, dfs_query_and_fetch
- **typed_keys** Specify whether aggregation and suggester names should be prefixed by their respective types in the response

mtermvectors (body=None, index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns multiple termvectors in one request. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-multi-termvectors.html

- **body** Define ids, documents, parameters or a list of parameters per document here. You must at least provide a list of document ids. See documentation.
- index The index in which the document resides.
- **field_statistics** Specifies if document count, sum of document frequencies and sum of total term frequencies should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs". Default: True
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".
- ids A comma-separated list of documents ids. You must define ids as parameter or set "ids" or "docs" in the request body
- offsets Specifies if term offsets should be returned. Applies to all returned

- documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs". Default: True
- payloads Specifies if term payloads should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs". Default: True
- **positions** Specifies if term positions should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs". Default:
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random) .Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".
- realtime Specifies if requests are real-time as opposed to near-real-time (default: true).
- **routing** Specific routing value. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".
- **term_statistics** Specifies if total term frequency and document frequency should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version_type** Specific version type Valid choices: internal, external, external_gte

ping (params=None, headers=None)

Returns whether the cluster is running. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/index.html

put_script (id, body, context=None, params=None, headers=None)

Creates or updates a script. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-scripting.html

Parameters

- id Script ID
- **body** The document
- context Context name to compile script against
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

rank_eval (body, index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Allows to evaluate the quality of ranked search results over a set of typical search queries https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-rank-eval.html

Parameters

- **body** The ranking evaluation search definition, including search requests, document ratings and ranking metric definition.
- index A comma-separated list of index names to search; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- ignore_unavailable Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **search_type** Search operation type Valid choices: query_then_fetch, dfs_query_then_fetch

reindex (body, params=None, headers=None)

Allows to copy documents from one index to another, optionally filtering the source documents

by a query, changing the destination index settings, or fetching the documents from a remote cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-reindex.html

Parameters

- **body** The search definition using the Query DSL and the prototype for the index request.
- max docs Maximum number of documents to process (default: all documents)
- **refresh** Should the affected indexes be refreshed?
- requests_per_second The throttle to set on this request in sub-requests per second. -1 means no throttle.
- scroll Control how long to keep the search context alive Default: 5m
- **slices** The number of slices this task should be divided into. Defaults to 1, meaning the task isn't sliced into subtasks. Can be set to *auto*. Default: 1
- timeout Time each individual bulk request should wait for shards that are unavailable. Default: 1m
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the reindex operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any nonnegative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)
- wait_for_completion Should the request should block until the reindex is complete. Default: True

reindex_rethrottle (task_id, params=None, headers=None)

Changes the number of requests per second for a particular Reindex operation. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-reindex.html

Parameters

- task id The task id to rethrottle
- **requests_per_second** The throttle to set on this request in floating sub-requests per second. -1 means set no throttle.

render_search_template (body=None, id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Allows to use the Mustache language to pre-render a search definition. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-template.html#_validating_templates

Parameters

- body The search definition template and its params
- id The id of the stored search template

scripts_painless_execute (body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Allows an arbitrary script to be executed and a result to be returned https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/painless/master/painless-execute-api.html

Parameters body – The script to execute

scroll (body=None, scroll id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Allows to retrieve a large numbers of results from a single search request. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-request-body.html# request-body-search-scroll

Parameters

- **body** The scroll ID if not passed by URL or query parameter.
- scroll id The scroll ID for scrolled search
- rest_total_hits_as_int Indicates whether hits.total should be rendered as an integer or an object in the rest search response
- **scroll** Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search

search (body=None, index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns results matching a query. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/

master/search-search.html

- body The search definition using the Query DSL
- **index** A comma-separated list of index names to search; use *_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_includes A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- allow_partial_search_results Indicate if an error should be returned if there is a partial search failure or timeout Default: True
- analyze_wildcard Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer to use for the query string
- batched_reduce_size The number of shard results that should be reduced at once on the coordinating node. This value should be used as a protection mechanism to reduce the memory overhead per search request if the potential number of shards in the request can be large. Default: 512
- ccs_minimize_roundtrips Indicates whether network round- trips should be minimized as part of cross-cluster search requests execution Default: true
- default_operator The default operator for query string query (AND or OR) Valid choices: AND, OR Default: OR
- **df** The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- **docvalue_fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return as the docvalue representation of a field for each hit
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- explain Specify whether to return detailed information about score computation as part of a hit
- **from**_ Starting offset (default: 0)
- **ignore_throttled** Whether specified concrete, expanded or aliased indices should be ignored when throttled
- ignore_unavailable Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- lenient Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- max_concurrent_shard_requests The number of concurrent shard requests per node this search executes concurrently. This value should be used to limit the impact of the search on the cluster in order to limit the number of concurrent shard requests Default: 5
- pre_filter_shard_size A threshold that enforces a pre-filter roundtrip to prefilter search shards based on query rewriting if the number of shards the search request expands to exceeds the threshold. This filter roundtrip can limit the number of shards significantly if for instance a shard can not match any documents based on its rewrite method ie. if date filters are mandatory to match but the shard bounds and the query are disjoint.
- preference Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on

(default: random)

- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- request_cache Specify if request cache should be used for this request or not, defaults to index level setting
- rest_total_hits_as_int Indicates whether hits.total should be rendered as an integer or an object in the rest search response
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- **search_type** Search operation type Valid choices: query_then_fetch, dfs_query_then_fetch
- **seq_no_primary_term** Specify whether to return sequence number and primary term of the last modification of each hit
- size Number of hits to return (default: 10)
- **sort** A comma-separated list of <field>:<direction> pairs
- stats Specific 'tag' of the request for logging and statistical purposes
- stored_fields A comma-separated list of stored fields to return as part of a hit
- **suggest_field** Specify which field to use for suggestions
- suggest_mode Specify suggest mode Valid choices: missing, popular, always Default: missing
- **suggest_size** How many suggestions to return in response
- suggest_text The source text for which the suggestions should be returned
- **terminate_after** The maximum number of documents to collect for each shard, upon reaching which the query execution will terminate early.
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- track_scores Whether to calculate and return scores even if they are not used for sorting
- track_total_hits Indicate if the number of documents that match the query should be tracked. A number can also be specified, to accurately track the total hit count up to the number.
- **typed_keys** Specify whether aggregation and suggester names should be prefixed by their respective types in the response
- version Specify whether to return document version as part of a hit

search_shards (index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns information about the indices and shards that a search request would be executed against. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-shards.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names to search; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- routing Specific routing value

search template (body, index=None, params=None, headers=None)

Allows to use the Mustache language to pre-render a search definition. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-template.html

Parameters

- **body** The search definition template and its params
- index A comma-separated list of index names to search; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- ccs_minimize_roundtrips Indicates whether network round- trips should be minimized as part of cross-cluster search requests execution Default: true
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- explain Specify whether to return detailed information about score computation as part of a hit
- **ignore_throttled** Whether specified concrete, expanded or aliased indices should be ignored when throttled
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- preference Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- **profile** Specify whether to profile the query execution
- rest_total_hits_as_int Indicates whether hits.total should be rendered as an integer or an object in the rest search response
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- **search_type** Search operation type Valid choices: query_then_fetch, query_and_fetch, dfs_query_then_fetch, dfs_query_and_fetch
- **typed_keys** Specify whether aggregation and suggester names should be prefixed by their respective types in the response

termvectors (index, body=None, id=None, params=None, headers=None)

Returns information and statistics about terms in the fields of a particular document. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-termvectors.html

- index The index in which the document resides.
- body Define parameters and or supply a document to get termvectors for. See documentation.
- id The id of the document, when not specified a doc param should be supplied.
- **field_statistics** Specifies if document count, sum of document frequencies and sum of total term frequencies should be returned. Default: True
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return.
- offsets Specifies if term offsets should be returned. Default: True
- payloads Specifies if term payloads should be returned. Default: True
- positions Specifies if term positions should be returned. Default: True
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random).
- **realtime** Specifies if request is real-time as opposed to near-real-time (default: true).
- routing Specific routing value.

- term_statistics Specifies if total term frequency and document frequency should be returned.
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version_type Specific version type Valid choices: internal, external, external_gte

update (index, id, body, doc_type=None, params=None, headers=None)

Updates a document with a script or partial document. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-update.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- id Document ID
- **body** The request definition requires either *script* or partial *doc*
- doc_type The type of the document
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_includes A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- **if_primary_term** only perform the update operation if the last operation that has changed the document has the specified primary term
- **if_seq_no** only perform the update operation if the last operation that has changed the document has the specified sequence number
- lang The script language (default: painless)
- **refresh** If *true* then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* (the default) then do nothing with refreshes. Valid choices: true, false, wait_for
- retry_on_conflict Specify how many times should the operation be retried when a conflict occurs (default: 0)
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the update operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)

update_by_query (index, body=None, params=None, headers=None)

Performs an update on every document in the index without changing the source, for example to pick up a mapping change. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-update-by-query.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names to search; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- body The search definition using the Query DSL
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_includes A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *all* string or when no indices have

- been specified)
- analyze_wildcard Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer to use for the query string
- conflicts What to do when the update by query hits version conflicts? Valid choices: abort, proceed Default: abort
- default_operator The default operator for query string query (AND or OR) Valid choices: AND, OR Default: OR
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, hidden, none, all Default: open
- **from**_ Starting offset (default: 0)
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- lenient Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- max_docs Maximum number of documents to process (default: all documents)
- **pipeline** Ingest pipeline to set on index requests made by this action. (default: none)
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- refresh Should the affected indexes be refreshed?
- request_cache Specify if request cache should be used for this request or not, defaults to index level setting
- requests_per_second The throttle to set on this request in sub-requests per second. -1 means no throttle.
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- scroll_size Size on the scroll request powering the update by query Default: 100
- search_timeout Explicit timeout for each search request. Defaults to no timeout.
- **search_type** Search operation type Valid choices: query_then_fetch, dfs_query_then_fetch
- **slices** The number of slices this task should be divided into. Defaults to 1, meaning the task isn't sliced into subtasks. Can be set to *auto*. Default: 1
- **sort** A comma-separated list of <field>:<direction> pairs
- **stats** Specific 'tag' of the request for logging and statistical purposes
- **terminate_after** The maximum number of documents to collect for each shard, upon reaching which the query execution will terminate early.
- timeout Time each individual bulk request should wait for shards that are unavailable. Default: 1m
- version Specify whether to return document version as part of a hit
- version_type Should the document increment the version number (internal) on hit or not (reindex)
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the update by query operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)
- wait_for_completion Should the request should block until the update

by query operation is complete. Default: True

update_by_query_rethrottle (task_id, params=None, headers=None)

Changes the number of requests per second for a particular Update By Query operation. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-update-by-query.html

Parameters

- task id The task id to rethrottle
- **requests_per_second** The throttle to set on this request in floating sub-requests per second. -1 means set no throttle.

AsyncTransport

class elasticsearch. **AsyncTransport** (*hosts*, *args, sniff_on_start=False, **kwargs)

Encapsulation of transport-related to logic. Handles instantiation of the individual connections as well as creating a connection pool to hold them.

Main interface is the *perform_request* method.

- hosts list of dictionaries, each containing keyword arguments to create a connection_class instance
- connection_class subclass of Connection to use
- connection_pool_class subclass of ConnectionPool to use
- host_info_callback callback responsible for taking the node information from /_cluster/nodes, along with already extracted information, and producing a list of arguments (same as *hosts* parameter)
- **sniff_on_start** flag indicating whether to obtain a list of nodes from the cluster at startup time
- sniffer_timeout number of seconds between automatic sniffs
- sniff_on_connection_fail flag controlling if connection failure triggers
 a sniff
- **sniff_timeout** timeout used for the sniff request it should be a fast api call and we are talking potentially to more nodes so we want to fail quickly. Not used during initial sniffing (if sniff_on_start is on) when the connection still isn't initialized.
- serializer serializer instance
- **serializers** optional dict of serializer instances that will be used for deserializing data coming from the server. (key is the mimetype)
- **default_mimetype** when no mimetype is specified by the server response assume this mimetype, defaults to 'application' json'
- max_retries maximum number of retries before an exception is propagated
- retry_on_status set of HTTP status codes on which we should retry on a different node. defaults to (502, 503, 504)
- retry_on_timeout should timeout trigger a retry on different node? (default *False*)
- **send_get_body_as** for GET requests with body this option allows you to specify an alternate way of execution for environments that don't support passing

bodies with GET requests. If you set this to 'POST' a POST method will be used instead, if to 'source' then the body will be serialized and passed as a query parameter source.

Any extra keyword arguments will be passed to the *connection_class* when creating and instance unless overridden by that connection's options provided as part of the hosts parameter.

close()

Explicitly closes connections

create_sniff_task(initial=False)

Initiate a sniffing task. Make sure we only have one sniff request running at any given time. If a finished sniffing request is around, collect its result (which can raise its exception).

mark dead(connection)

Mark a connection as dead (failed) in the connection pool. If sniffing on failure is enabled this will initiate the sniffing process.

Parameters connection - instance of Connection that failed

```
perform_request (method, url, headers=None, params=None, body=None)
```

Perform the actual request. Retrieve a connection from the connection pool, pass all the information to it's perform_request method and return the data.

If an exception was raised, mark the connection as failed and retry (up to max_retries times).

If the operation was successful and the connection used was previously marked as dead, mark it as live, resetting it's failure count.

Parameters

- method HTTP method to use
- url absolute url (without host) to target
- headers dictionary of headers, will be handed over to the underlying Connection class
- params dictionary of query parameters, will be handed over to the underlying Connection class for serialization
- body body of the request, will be serialized using serializer and passed to the connection

sniff hosts(initial=False)

Either spawns a sniffing_task which does regular sniffing over time or does a single sniffing session and awaits the results.

AIOHttpConnection

```
class elasticsearch.AIOHttpConnection (host='localhost',
                                                                            port=None,
                                                  http auth=None,
                                                                          use ssl=False,
                                                  verify_certs=<object
                                                                               object>,
                                                  ssl_show_warn=<object
                                                                               object>,
                                                  ca certs=None,
                                                                       client cert=None,
                                                  client key=None,
                                                                      ssl version=None,
                                                  ssl assert fingerprint=None,
                                                 maxsize=10,
                                                                         headers=None.
                                                  ssl_context=None, http_compress=None,
                                                  cloud_id=None,
                                                                         api_key=None,
                                                 opaque id=None, loop=None, **kwargs)
```

Default connection class for AsyncElasticsearch using the aiohttp library and the http protocol.

- host hostname of the node (default: localhost)
- port port to use (integer, default: 9200)
- timeout default timeout in seconds (float, default: 10)
- http_auth optional http auth information as either ':' separated string or a tuple
- use ssl use ssl for the connection if *True*
- verify certs whether to verify SSL certificates
- ssl_show_warn show warning when verify certs is disabled
- ca_certs optional path to CA bundle. See https://urllib3.readthedocs.io/en/latest/security.html#using-certifi-with-urllib3 for instructions how to get default set
- client_cert path to the file containing the private key and the certificate, or cert only if using client_key
- **client_key** path to the file containing the private key if using separate cert and key files (client_cert will contain only the cert)
- ssl_version version of the SSL protocol to use. Choices are: SSLv23 (default) SSLv2 SSLv3 TLSv1 (see PROTOCOL_* constants in the ssl module for exact options for your environment).
- ssl_assert_hostname use hostname verification if not False
- ssl_assert_fingerprint verify the supplied certificate fingerprint if not None
- maxsize the number of connections which will be kept open to this host. See https://urllib3.readthedocs.io/en/1.4/pools.html#api for more information.
- **headers** any custom http headers to be add to requests
- http_compress Use gzip compression
- **cloud_id** The Cloud ID from ElasticCloud. Convenient way to connect to cloud instances. Other host connection params will be ignored.
- api_key optional API Key authentication as either base64 encoded string or a tuple.
- opaque_id Send this value in the 'X-Opaque-Id' HTTP header For tracing all requests made by this transport.
- **loop** asyncio Event Loop to use with aiohttp. This is set by default to the currently running loop.

close()

Explicitly closes connection

7.5 Connection Layer API

All of the classes responsible for handling the connection to the Elasticsearch cluster. The default subclasses used can be overriden by passing parameters to the *Elasticsearch* class. All of the arguments to the client will be passed on to *Transport*, *ConnectionPool* and Connection.

For example if you wanted to use your own implementation of the <code>ConnectionSelector</code> class you can just pass in the <code>selector_class</code> parameter.

Note: ConnectionPool and related options (like selector_class) will only be used if more than one connection is defined. Either directly or via the *Sniffing* mechanism.

7.5.1 Transport

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{class} & \texttt{elasticsearch.Transport} \ (\textit{hosts}, & \textit{connection_class=Urllib3HttpConnection}, \\ & \textit{connection_pool_class=ConnectionPool}, \\ & \textit{host_info_callback=construct_hosts_list}, & \textit{sniff_on_start=False}, \\ & \textit{sniffer_timeout=None}, & \textit{sniff_on_connection_fail=False}, & \textit{serial-izer=JSONSerializer()}, & \textit{max_retries=3}, **kwargs) \end{array}$

Encapsulation of transport-related to logic. Handles instantiation of the individual connections as well as creating a connection pool to hold them.

Main interface is the *perform_request* method.

- hosts list of dictionaries, each containing keyword arguments to create a connection class instance
- connection_class subclass of Connection to use
- connection_pool_class subclass of ConnectionPool to use
- host_info_callback callback responsible for taking the node information from /_cluster/nodes, along with already extracted information, and producing a list of arguments (same as hosts parameter)
- **sniff_on_start** flag indicating whether to obtain a list of nodes from the cluster at startup time
- sniffer_timeout number of seconds between automatic sniffs
- sniff_on_connection_fail flag controlling if connection failure triggers a sniff
- **sniff_timeout** timeout used for the sniff request it should be a fast api call and we are talking potentially to more nodes so we want to fail quickly. Not used during initial sniffing (if sniff_on_start is on) when the connection still isn't initialized.
- serializer serializer instance
- **serializers** optional dict of serializer instances that will be used for deserializing data coming from the server. (key is the mimetype)
- **default_mimetype** when no mimetype is specified by the server response assume this mimetype, defaults to 'application' json'
- max_retries maximum number of retries before an exception is propagated
- retry_on_status set of HTTP status codes on which we should retry on a different node. defaults to (502, 503, 504)
- retry_on_timeout should timeout trigger a retry on different node? (default *False*)
- **send_get_body_as** for GET requests with body this option allows you to specify an alternate way of execution for environments that don't support passing bodies with GET requests. If you set this to 'POST' a POST method will be used instead, if to 'source' then the body will be serialized and passed as a query parameter *source*.

Any extra keyword arguments will be passed to the *connection_class* when creating and instance unless over-ridden by that connection's options provided as part of the hosts parameter.

DEFAULT CONNECTION CLASS

alias of elasticsearch.connection.http_urllib3.Urllib3HttpConnection

add_connection (host)

Create a new Connection instance and add it to the pool.

Parameters host – kwargs that will be used to create the instance

close()

Explicitly closes connections

get connection()

Retrieve a Connection instance from the ConnectionPool instance.

mark_dead (connection)

Mark a connection as dead (failed) in the connection pool. If sniffing on failure is enabled this will initiate the sniffing process.

Parameters connection - instance of Connection that failed

perform_request (method, url, headers=None, params=None, body=None)

Perform the actual request. Retrieve a connection from the connection pool, pass all the information to it's perform_request method and return the data.

If an exception was raised, mark the connection as failed and retry (up to *max_retries* times).

If the operation was successful and the connection used was previously marked as dead, mark it as live, resetting it's failure count.

Parameters

- method HTTP method to use
- url absolute url (without host) to target
- headers dictionary of headers, will be handed over to the underlying Connection class
- params dictionary of query parameters, will be handed over to the underlying Connection class for serialization
- body body of the request, will be serialized using serializer and passed to the connection

set_connections (hosts)

Instantiate all the connections and create new connection pool to hold them. Tries to identify unchanged hosts and re-use existing Connection instances.

Parameters hosts – same as __init__

sniff_hosts (initial=False)

Obtain a list of nodes from the cluster and create a new connection pool using the information retrieved.

To extract the node connection parameters use the $nodes_to_host_callback$.

Parameters initial – flag indicating if this is during startup (sniff_on_start), ignore the sniff_timeout if True

7.5.2 Connection Pool

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{class} \ \ \text{elasticsearch.} \textbf{ConnectionPool} \ (connections, & dead_timeout = 60, & selector_class = RoundRobinSelector, & randomize_hosts = True, \\ & **kwargs) \end{array}$

Container holding the Connection instances, managing the selection process (via a ConnectionSelector) and dead connections.

It's only interactions are with the Transport class that drives all the actions within ConnectionPool.

Initially connections are stored on the class as a list and, along with the connection options, get passed to the *ConnectionSelector* instance for future reference.

Upon each request the *Transport* will ask for a *Connection* via the *get_connection* method. If the connection fails (it's *perform_request* raises a *ConnectionError*) it will be marked as dead (via *mark_dead*) and put on a timeout (if it fails N times in a row the timeout is exponentially longer - the formula is *default_timeout* * 2 ** (*fail_count - 1*)). When the timeout is over the connection will be resurrected and returned to the live pool. A connection that has been previously marked as dead and succeeds will be marked as live (its fail count will be deleted).

Parameters

- connections list of tuples containing the Connection instance and it's options
- dead_timeout number of seconds a connection should be retired for after a failure, increases on consecutive failures
- timeout_cutoff number of consecutive failures after which the timeout doesn't increase
- selector_class ConnectionSelector subclass to use if more than one connection is live
- randomize_hosts shuffle the list of connections upon arrival to avoid dog piling effect across processes

close()

Explicitly closes connections

get connection()

Return a connection from the pool using the *ConnectionSelector* instance.

It tries to resurrect eligible connections, forces a resurrection when no connections are available and passes the list of live connections to the selector instance to choose from.

Returns a connection instance and it's current fail count.

mark_dead (connection, now=None)

Mark the connection as dead (failed). Remove it from the live pool and put it on a timeout.

Parameters connection – the failed instance

mark_live (connection)

Mark connection as healthy after a resurrection. Resets the fail counter for the connection.

Parameters connection - the connection to redeem

resurrect (force=False)

Attempt to resurrect a connection from the dead pool. It will try to locate one (not all) eligible (it's timeout is over) connection to return to the live pool. Any resurrected connection is also returned.

Parameters force – resurrect a connection even if there is none eligible (used when we have no live connections). If force is specified resurrect always returns a connection.

7.5.3 Connection Selector

```
class elasticsearch.ConnectionSelector(opts)
```

Simple class used to select a connection from a list of currently live connection instances. In init time it is passed a dictionary containing all the connections' options which it can then use during the selection process. When the *select* method is called it is given a list of *currently* live connections to choose from.

The options dictionary is the one that has been passed to *Transport* as *hosts* param and the same that is used to construct the Connection object itself. When the Connection was created from information retrieved from the cluster via the sniffing process it will be the dictionary returned by the *host_info_callback*.

Example of where this would be useful is a zone-aware selector that would only select connections from it's own zones and only fall back to other connections where there would be none in its zones.

Parameters opts – dictionary of connection instances and their options

```
select (connections)
```

Select a connection from the given list.

Parameters connections – list of live connections to choose from

7.5.4 Urllib3HttpConnection (default connection_class)

If you have complex SSL logic for connecting to Elasticsearch using an *SSLContext* object might be more helpful. You can create one natively using the python SSL library with the *create_default_context* (https://docs.python.org/3/library/ssl.html#ssl.create_default_context) method.

To create an SSLContext object you only need to use one of cafile, capath or cadata:

```
>>> from ssl import create_default_context
>>> context = create_default_context(cafile=None, capath=None, cadata=None)
```

- cafile is the path to your CA File
- capath is the directory of a collection of CA's
- cadata is either an ASCII string of one or more PEM-encoded certificates or a bytes-like object of DER-encoded certificates.

Please note that the use of SSLContext is only available for Urllib3.

```
class elasticsearch.Urllib3HttpConnection(host='localhost', port=None, http_auth=None,
                                                      use ssl=False,
                                                                             verify certs=<object
                                                      object>,
                                                                   ssl_show_warn=<object
                                                                                client cert=None,
                                                      iect>.
                                                              ca certs=None,
                                                      client key=None,
                                                                               ssl version=None,
                                                      ssl_assert_hostname=None,
                                                      ssl_assert_fingerprint=None,
                                                      size=10, headers=None, ssl_context=None,
                                                      http_compress=None,
                                                                                  cloud_id=None,
                                                      api_key=None, opaque_id=None, **kwargs)
```

Default connection class using the *urllib3* library and the http protocol.

- host hostname of the node (default: localhost)
- port port to use (integer, default: 9200)
- url_prefix optional url prefix for elasticsearch

- timeout default timeout in seconds (float, default: 10)
- http_auth optional http auth information as either ':' separated string or a tuple
- use_ssl use ssl for the connection if *True*
- **verify_certs** whether to verify SSL certificates
- ssl_show_warn show warning when verify certs is disabled
- ca_certs optional path to CA bundle. See https://urllib3.readthedocs.io/en/latest/security.html#using-certifi-with-urllib3 for instructions how to get default set
- client_cert path to the file containing the private key and the certificate, or cert only
 if using client_key
- **client_key** path to the file containing the private key if using separate cert and key files (client_cert will contain only the cert)
- **ssl_version** version of the SSL protocol to use. Choices are: SSLv23 (default) SSLv2 SSLv3 TLSv1 (see PROTOCOL_* constants in the ssl module for exact options for your environment).
- ssl_assert_hostname use hostname verification if not False
- **ssl_assert_fingerprint** verify the supplied certificate fingerprint if not *None*
- maxsize the number of connections which will be kept open to this host. See https: //urllib3.readthedocs.io/en/1.4/pools.html#api for more information.
- headers any custom http headers to be add to requests
- http_compress Use gzip compression
- cloud_id The Cloud ID from ElasticCloud. Convenient way to connect to cloud instances. Other host connection params will be ignored.
- api_key optional API Key authentication as either base64 encoded string or a tuple.
- **opaque_id** Send this value in the 'X-Opaque-Id' HTTP header For tracing all requests made by this transport.

close()

Explicitly closes connection

7.6 Transport classes

List of transport classes that can be used, simply import your choice and pass it to the constructor of *Elasticsearch* as *connection_class*. Note that the *RequestsHttpConnection* requires requests to be installed.

For example to use the requests-based connection just import it and use it:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch, RequestsHttpConnection
es = Elasticsearch(connection_class=RequestsHttpConnection)
```

The default connection class is based on urllib3 which is more performant and lightweight than the optional requests-based class. Only use RequestsHttpConnection if you have need of any of requests advanced features like custom auth plugins etc.

7.6.1 Connection

Class responsible for maintaining a connection to an Elasticsearch node. It holds persistent connection pool to it and it's main interface (*perform_request*) is thread-safe.

Also responsible for logging.

Parameters

- host hostname of the node (default: localhost)
- port port to use (integer, default: 9200)
- use_ssl use ssl for the connection if *True*
- url_prefix optional url prefix for elasticsearch
- timeout default timeout in seconds (float, default: 10)
- http_compress Use gzip compression
- cloud_id The Cloud ID from ElasticCloud. Convenient way to connect to cloud instances.
- **opaque_id** Send this value in the 'X-Opaque-Id' HTTP header For tracing all requests made by this transport.

7.6.2 Urllib3HttpConnection

class elasticsearch.connection.Urllib3HttpConnection(host='localhost',

port=None, http_auth=None, use ssl=False, verify certs=<object object>, ssl_show_warn=<object object>, ca_certs=None, client cert=None, client_key=None, ssl_version=None, ssl_assert_hostname=None, *ssl_assert_fingerprint=None*, maxsize=10, headers=None, ssl_context=None, http_compress=None, cloud_id=None, api key=None, opaque_id=None, **kwargs)

Default connection class using the *urllib3* library and the http protocol.

- host hostname of the node (default: localhost)
- port port to use (integer, default: 9200)
- url_prefix optional url prefix for elasticsearch
- timeout default timeout in seconds (float, default: 10)

- http_auth optional http auth information as either ':' separated string or a tuple
- use ssl use ssl for the connection if *True*
- **verify_certs** whether to verify SSL certificates
- ssl_show_warn show warning when verify certs is disabled
- ca_certs optional path to CA bundle. See https://urllib3.readthedocs.io/en/latest/security.html#using-certifi-with-urllib3 for instructions how to get default set
- **client_cert** path to the file containing the private key and the certificate, or cert only if using client_key
- **client_key** path to the file containing the private key if using separate cert and key files (client_cert will contain only the cert)
- **ssl_version** version of the SSL protocol to use. Choices are: SSLv23 (default) SSLv2 SSLv3 TLSv1 (see PROTOCOL_* constants in the ssl module for exact options for your environment).
- ssl assert hostname use hostname verification if not False
- ssl_assert_fingerprint verify the supplied certificate fingerprint if not *None*
- maxsize the number of connections which will be kept open to this host. See https://urllib3.readthedocs.io/en/1.4/pools.html#api for more information.
- headers any custom http headers to be add to requests
- http_compress Use gzip compression
- cloud_id The Cloud ID from ElasticCloud. Convenient way to connect to cloud instances. Other host connection params will be ignored.
- api_key optional API Key authentication as either base64 encoded string or a tuple.
- **opaque_id** Send this value in the 'X-Opaque-Id' HTTP header For tracing all requests made by this transport.

7.6.3 RequestsHttpConnection

class elasticsearch.connection.RequestsHttpConnection(host='localhost', port=None,

http_auth=None,
use_ssl=False, verify_certs=True,
ssl_show_warn=True,
ca_certs=None,
client_cert=None,
client_key=None,
headers=None,
http_compress=None,
cloud_id=None,
api_key=None,
opaque_id=None, **kwargs)

Connection using the requests library.

Parameters

http_auth – optional http auth information as either ':' separated string or a tuple. Any
value will be passed into requests as auth.

- use ssl use ssl for the connection if *True*
- **verify_certs** whether to verify SSL certificates
- ssl_show_warn show warning when verify certs is disabled
- ca_certs optional path to CA bundle. By default standard requests' bundle will be used
- **client_cert** path to the file containing the private key and the certificate, or cert only if using client key
- **client_key** path to the file containing the private key if using separate cert and key files (client_cert will contain only the cert)
- headers any custom http headers to be add to requests
- http_compress Use gzip compression
- cloud_id The Cloud ID from ElasticCloud. Convenient way to connect to cloud instances. Other host connection params will be ignored.
- api_key optional API Key authentication as either base64 encoded string or a tuple.
- **opaque_id** Send this value in the 'X-Opaque-Id' HTTP header For tracing all requests made by this transport.

7.7 Helpers

Collection of simple helper functions that abstract some specifics or the raw API.

7.7.1 Bulk helpers

There are several helpers for the bulk API since its requirement for specific formatting and other considerations can make it cumbersome if used directly.

All bulk helpers accept an instance of Elasticsearch class and an iterable actions (any iterable, can also be a generator, which is ideal in most cases since it will allow you to index large datasets without the need of loading them into memory).

The items in the action iterable should be the documents we wish to index in several formats. The most common one is the same as returned by <code>search()</code>, for example:

Alternatively, if _source is not present, it will pop all metadata fields from the doc and use the rest as the document data:

```
{
    "_id": 42,
    "_routing": 5,
    "title": "Hello World!",
    "body": "..."
}
```

The bulk () api accepts index, create, delete, and update actions. Use the _op_type field to specify an action (_op_type defaults to index):

```
{
    '_op_type': 'delete',
    '_index': 'index-name',
    '_id': 42,
}
{
    '_op_type': 'update',
    '_index': 'index-name',
    '_id': 42,
    'doc': {'question': 'The life, universe and everything.'}
}
```

Example:

Lets say we have an iterable of data. Lets say a list of words called mywords and we want to index those words into individual documents where the structure of the document is like { "word": "<myword>"}.

For a more complete and complex example please take a look at https://github.com/elastic/elasticsearch-py/blob/master/examples/bulk-ingest

The parallel_bulk() api is a wrapper around the <code>bulk()</code> api to provide threading. parallel_bulk() returns a generator which must be consumed to produce results.

To see the results use:

```
for success, info in parallel_bulk(...):
if not success:
    print('A document failed:', info)
```

If you don't care about the results, you can use deque from collections:

```
from collections import deque
deque(parallel_bulk(...), maxlen=0)
```

Note: When reading raw json strings from a file, you can also pass them in directly (without decoding to dicts first). In that case, however, you lose the ability to specify anything (index, op_type and even id) on a per-record basis, all

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documents will just be sent to elasticsearch to be indexed as-is.

```
elasticsearch.helpers.streaming_bulk (client, actions, chunk_size=500, max_chunk_bytes=104857600, raise_on_error=True, expand_action_callback=<function expand_action>, raise_on_exception=True, max_retries=0, initial_backoff=2, max_backoff=600, yield_ok=True, *args, **kwargs)
```

Streaming bulk consumes actions from the iterable passed in and yields results per action. For non-streaming usecases use bulk() which is a wrapper around streaming bulk that returns summary information about the bulk operation once the entire input is consumed and sent.

If you specify max_retries it will also retry any documents that were rejected with a 429 status code. To do this it will wait (by calling time.sleep which will block) for initial_backoff seconds and then, every subsequent rejection for the same chunk, for double the time every time up to max_backoff seconds.

Parameters

- client instance of Elasticsearch to use
- actions iterable containing the actions to be executed
- **chunk size** number of docs in one chunk sent to es (default: 500)
- max_chunk_bytes the maximum size of the request in bytes (default: 100MB)
- raise_on_error raise BulkIndexError containing errors (as .errors) from the execution of the last chunk when some occur. By default we raise.
- raise_on_exception if False then don't propagate exceptions from call to bulk and just report the items that failed as failed.
- **expand_action_callback** callback executed on each action passed in, should return a tuple containing the action line and the data line (*None* if data line should be omitted).
- max_retries maximum number of times a document will be retried when 429 is received, set to 0 (default) for no retries on 429
- initial_backoff number of seconds we should wait before the first retry. Any subsequent retries will be powers of initial_backoff * 2**retry_number
- max_backoff maximum number of seconds a retry will wait
- yield_ok if set to False will skip successful documents in the output

```
elasticsearch.helpers.parallel_bulk (client, actions, thread_count=4, chunk_size=500, max_chunk_bytes=104857600, queue_size=4, expand_action_callback=<function expand_action>, *args, **kwargs)
```

Parallel version of the bulk helper run in multiple threads at once.

- client instance of Elasticsearch to use
- actions iterator containing the actions
- thread_count size of the threadpool to use for the bulk requests
- **chunk_size** number of docs in one chunk sent to es (default: 500)
- max_chunk_bytes the maximum size of the request in bytes (default: 100MB)

- raise_on_error raise BulkIndexError containing errors (as .errors) from the execution of the last chunk when some occur. By default we raise.
- raise_on_exception if False then don't propagate exceptions from call to bulk and just report the items that failed as failed.
- **expand_action_callback** callback executed on each action passed in, should return a tuple containing the action line and the data line (*None* if data line should be omitted).
- **queue_size** size of the task queue between the main thread (producing chunks to send) and the processing threads.

```
elasticsearch.helpers.bulk (client, actions, stats_only=False, *args, **kwargs)
```

Helper for the <code>bulk()</code> api that provides a more human friendly interface - it consumes an iterator of actions and sends them to elasticsearch in chunks. It returns a tuple with summary information - number of successfully executed actions and either list of errors or number of errors if <code>stats_only</code> is set to <code>True</code>. Note that by default we raise a <code>BulkIndexError</code> when we encounter an error so options like <code>stats_only</code> only apply when <code>raise_on_error</code> is set to <code>False</code>.

When errors are being collected original document data is included in the error dictionary which can lead to an extra high memory usage. If you need to process a lot of data and want to ignore/collect errors please consider using the <code>streaming_bulk()</code> helper which will just return the errors and not store them in memory.

Parameters

- client instance of Elasticsearch to use
- actions iterator containing the actions
- **stats_only** if *True* only report number of successful/failed operations instead of just number of successful and a list of error responses

Any additional keyword arguments will be passed to <code>streaming_bulk()</code> which is used to execute the operation, see <code>streaming_bulk()</code> for more accepted parameters.

7.7.2 Scan

```
elasticsearch.helpers.scan (client, query=None, scroll='5m', raise_on_error=True, preserve_order=False, size=1000, request_timeout=None, clear scroll=True, scroll kwargs=None, **kwargs)
```

Simple abstraction on top of the scroll() api - a simple iterator that yields all hits as returned by underlining scroll requests.

By default scan does not return results in any pre-determined order. To have a standard order in the returned documents (either by score or explicit sort definition) when scrolling, use preserve_order=True. This may be an expensive operation and will negate the performance benefits of using scan.

Parameters

- client instance of Elasticsearch to use
- query body for the search () api
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- raise_on_error raises an exception (ScanError) if an error is encountered (some shards fail to execute). By default we raise.
- **preserve_order** don't set the search_type to scan this will cause the scroll to paginate with preserving the order. Note that this can be an extremely expensive operation and can easily lead to unpredictable results, use with caution.

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- **size** size (per shard) of the batch send at each iteration.
- request_timeout explicit timeout for each call to scan
- **clear_scroll** explicitly calls delete on the scroll id via the clear scroll API at the end of the method on completion or error, defaults to true.
- scroll_kwargs additional kwargs to be passed to scroll()

Any additional keyword arguments will be passed to the initial search () call:

```
scan(es,
   query={"query": {"match": {"title": "python"}}},
   index="orders-*",
   doc_type="books"
)
```

7.7.3 Reindex

Reindex all documents from one index that satisfy a given query to another, potentially (if *target_client* is specified) on a different cluster. If you don't specify the query you will reindex all the documents.

Since 2.3 a reindex() api is available as part of elasticsearch itself. It is recommended to use the api instead of this helper wherever possible. The helper is here mostly for backwards compatibility and for situations where more flexibility is needed.

Note: This helper doesn't transfer mappings, just the data.

- **client** instance of *Elasticsearch* to use (for read if *target_client* is specified as well)
- source_index index (or list of indices) to read documents from
- target_index name of the index in the target cluster to populate
- query body for the search () api
- target_client optional, is specified will be used for writing (thus enabling reindex between clusters)
- **chunk size** number of docs in one chunk sent to es (default: 500)
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- scan_kwargs additional kwargs to be passed to scan ()
- bulk_kwargs additional kwargs to be passed to bulk ()

7.8 Changelog

7.8.1 7.7.1 (2020-05-26)

• Updated create, update, explain, get_source, and termvectors APIs to use non-deprecated Elasticsearch API routes when doc_type is not specified to suppress deprecation warnings (See #1253)

7.8.2 7.7.0 (2020-05-13)

- Added support for ES 7.7 APIs (See #1182)
- Added ElasticsearchDeprecationWarning which is raised when a Warning HTTP header is sent by Elasticsearch. (See #1179)
- Added support for serializing numpy and pandas. data types to JSONSerializer. (See '#1180'_)
- Added certifi as a dependency so HTTPS connections work automatically.
- Fixed duplicated parameters in some API docstrings (See #1169, thanks to Morten Hauberg!)

7.8.3 7.6.0 (2020-03-19)

- Added support for ES 7.6 APIs
- Added support for X-Opaque-Id to identify long-running tasks
- Added support for HTTP compression to RequestsHttpConnection
- Updated default setting of http_compress when using cloud_id to True
- Updated default setting of sniffing when using cloud_id to False
- Updated default port to 443 if cloud_id and no other port is defined on the client or within cloud_id
- Updated GET HTTP requests that contain a body to POST where the API allows this to fix proxies rejecting these requests.
- Fix regression of client.cluster.state() where the default metric should be set to "_all" if an index is given (See #1143)
- Fix regression of client.tasks.get() without a task_id having similar functionality to client. tasks.list() This will be removed in v8.0 of elasticsearch-py (See #1157)

7.8.4 7.5.1 (2020-01-19)

• 7.5.0 tag was not released so retagging

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7.8.5 7.5.0

- · All API is now auto generated
- deprecated the .xpack namespace
- Update client to support ES 7.5 APIs

7.8.6 7.1.0 (2019-11-14)

- Fix sniffing with http.publish_host
- Fix request_timeout for indices APIs
- Allow access to x-pack features without xpack namespace
- · Fix mark dead

7.8.7 7.0.5 (2019-10-01)

• Fix verify_certs=False

7.8.8 7.0.4 (2019-08-22)

• Fix wheel distribution

7.8.9 7.0.3 (2019-08-21)

- remove sleep in retries
- pass scroll_id through body in scroll
- add user-agent

7.8.10 7.0.2 (2019-05-29)

- Add connection parameter for Elastic Cloud cloud_id.
- ML client uses client object for _bulk_body requests

7.8.11 7.0.1 (2019-05-19)

- Use black to format the code.
- Update the test matrix to only use current pythons and 7.x ES
- Blocking pool must fit thread_count
- Update client to support missing ES 7 API's and query params.

7.8.12 7.0.0 (2019-04-11)

- Removed deprecated option update_all_types.
- Using insecure SSL configuration (verify_cert=False) raises a warning, this can be not showed with ssl_show_warn=False
- Add support for 7.x api's in Elasticsearch both xpack and oss flavors

7.8.13 6.8.1 (2020-03-31)

- Added support for serializing numpy and pandas data types to JSONSerializer. (See '#1180'_)
- Fixed a namespace conflict in elasticsearch6 wheel distribution for v6.8.0 (See #1186)

7.8.14 6.8.0 (2020-03-12)

- Added support for HTTP compression to RequestsHttpConnection
- Updated cloud_id default port
- Enable HTTP compression and disable sniffing by default when using Cloud ID to connect to ES.
- · Updated versioning scheme to match ES major.minor

7.8.15 6.3.0 (2018-06-20)

- · Add an exponential wait on delays
- · Fix issues with dependencies
- · Adding X-pack Docs
- Adding forecast to x-pack ML client

7.8.16 6.2.0 (2018-03-20)

- cleanup for SSL Context
- Add X-Pack clients to -py
- · Adding Gzip support for capacity constrained networks
- _routing in bulk action has been deprecated in ES. Introduces a breaking change if you use routing as a field in your documents.

7.8.17 6.1.1 (2018-01-05)

- Updates to SSLContext logic to make it easier to use and have saner defaults.
- · Doc updates

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7.8.18 6.1.0 (2018-01-05)

· bad release

7.8.19 6.0.0 (2017-11-14)

• compatibility with Elasticsearch 6.0.0

7.8.20 5.5.0 (2017-11-10)

- streaming_bulk helper now supports retries with incremental backoff
- scan helper properly checks for successful shards instead of just checking failed
- compatible release with elasticsearch 5.6.4
- fix handling of UTF-8 surrogates

7.8.21 5.4.0 (2017-05-18)

• bulk helpers now extract pipeline parameter from the action dictionary.

7.8.22 5.3.0 (2017-03-30)

Compatibility with elasticsearch 5.3

7.8.23 5.2.0 (2017-02-12)

• The client now automatically sends Content-Type http header set to application/json. If you are explicitly passing in other encoding than json you need to set the header manually.

7.8.24 5.1.0 (2017-01-11)

Fixed sniffing

7.8.25 5.0.1 (2016-11-02)

• Fixed performance regression in scan helper

7.8.26 5.0.0 (2016-10-19)

- Version compatible with elasticsearch 5.0
- when using SSL certificate validation is now on by default. Install certifi or supply root certificate bundle.
- elasticsearch.trace logger now also logs failed requests, signature of internal logging method log_request_fail has changed, all custom connection classes need to be updated
- added headers arg to connections to support custom http headers
- passing in a keyword parameter with None as value will cause that param to be ignored

7.8.27 2.4.0 (2016-08-17)

- ping now ignores all TransportError exceptions and just returns False
- expose scroll_id on ScanError
- increase default size for scan helper to 1000
- Internal: changed Transport.perform_request to just return the body, not status as well.

7.8.28 2.3.0 (2016-02-29)

- added client_key argument to configure client certificates
- · debug logging now includes response body even for failed requests

7.8.29 2.2.0 (2016-01-05)

- Due to change in json encoding the client will no longer mask issues with encoding if you work with non-ascii data in python 2 you must use the unicode type or have proper encoding set in your environment.
- adding additional options for ssh ssl_assert_hostname and ssl_assert_fingerprint to the default connection class
- · fix sniffing

7.8.30 2.1.0 (2015-10-19)

• move multiprocessing import inside parallel bulk for Google App Engine

7.8.31 2.0.0 (2015-10-14)

• Elasticsearch 2.0 compatibility release

7.8.32 1.8.0 (2015-10-14)

- removed thrift and memcached connections, if you wish to continue using those, extract the classes and use them separately.
- added a new, parallel version of the bulk helper using thread pools
- In helpers, removed bulk_index as an alias for bulk. Use bulk instead.

7.8.33 1.7.0 (2015-09-21)

- elasticsearch 2.0 compatibility
- thrift now deprecated, to be removed in future version
- make sure urllib3 always uses keep-alive

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7.8.34 1.6.0 (2015-06-10)

- Add indices.flush_synced API
- helpers.reindex now supports reindexing parent/child documents

7.8.35 1.5.0 (2015-05-18)

- Add support for query_cache parameter when searching
- helpers have been made more secure by changing defaults to raise an exception on errors
- removed deprecated options replication and the deprecated benchmark api.
- Added AddonClient class to allow for extending the client from outside

7.8.36 1.4.0 (2015-02-11)

- Using insecure SSL configuration (verify_cert=False) raises a warning
- reindex accepts a query parameter
- enable reindex helper to accept any kwargs for underlying bulk and scan calls
- when doing an initial sniff (via sniff_on_start) ignore special sniff timeout
- option to treat TransportError as normal failure in bulk helpers
- fixed an issue with sniffing when only a single host was passed in

7.8.37 1.3.0 (2014-12-31)

- Timeout now doesn't trigger a retry by default (can be overriden by setting retry_on_timeout=True)
- Introduced new parameter retry_on_status (defaulting to (503, 504)) controls which http status code should lead to a retry.
- Implemented url parsing according to RFC-1738
- · Added support for proper SSL certificate handling
- · Required parameters are now checked for non-empty values
- ConnectionPool now checks if any connections were defined
- DummyConnectionPool introduced when no load balancing is needed (only one connection defined)
- Fixed a race condition in ConnectionPool

7.8.38 1.2.0 (2014-08-03)

- Compatibility with newest (1.3) Elasticsearch APIs.
- Filter out master-only nodes when sniffing
- · Improved docs and error messages

7.8.39 1.1.1 (2014-07-04)

• Bugfix release fixing escaping issues with request_timeout.

7.8.40 1.1.0 (2014-07-02)

- Compatibility with newest Elasticsearch APIs.
- Test helpers ElasticsearchTestCase and get_test_client for use in your tests
- Python 3.2 compatibility
- Use simple json if installed instead of stdlib json library
- Introducing a global request timeout parameter for per-call timeout
- Bug fixes

7.8.41 1.0.0 (2014-02-11)

- Elasticsearch 1.0 compatibility. See 0.4.X releases (and 0.4 branch) for code compatible with 0.90 elasticsearch.
- major breaking change compatible with 1.0 elasticsearch releases only!
- Add an option to change the timeout used for sniff requests (sniff_timeout).
- empty responses from the server are now returned as empty strings instead of None
- get_alias now has name as another optional parameter due to issue #4539 in es repo. Note that the order of params have changed so if you are not using keyword arguments this is a breaking change.

7.8.42 0.4.4 (2013-12-23)

- helpers.bulk_index renamed to helpers.bulk (alias put in place for backwards compatibility, to be removed in future versions)
- Added helpers.streaming_bulk to consume an iterator and yield results per operation
- helpers.bulk and helpers.streaming_bulk are no longer limited to just index operations.
- unicode body (for incices.analyze for example) is now handled correctly
- changed perform_request on Connection classes to return headers as well. This is a backwards incompatible change for people who have developed their own connection class.
- changed deserialization mechanics. Users who provided their own serializer that didn't extend JSONSerializer need to specify a mimetype class attribute.
- minor bug fixes

7.8.43 0.4.3 (2013-10-22)

- Fixes to helpers.bulk_index, better error handling
- More benevolent hosts argument parsing for Elasticsearch
- requests no longer required (nor recommended) for install

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7.8.44 0.4.2 (2013-10-08)

- ignore param accepted by all APIs
- Fixes to helpers.bulk_index

7.8.45 0.4.1 (2013-09-24)

• Initial release.

CHAPTER 8

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