EECS2040 Data Structure Hw #2 (Chapter 3 Stack/Queue) due date 4/17/2022

Format: Use a text editor to type your answers to the homework problem. You need to submit your HW in an HTML file or a DOCX, pdf file named as Hw2-SNo.docx, Hw2-SNo.pdf or Hw2-SNo.html, where SNo is your student number. Submit the Hw2-SNo.doc or Hw2-SNo.html file via eLearn. Inside the file, you need to put the header and your student number, name (e.g., EECS2040 Data Structure Hw #2 (Chapter 3 of textbook) due date 4/17/2022 by SNo, name) first, and then the problem itself followed by your answer to that problem, one by one. The grading will be based on the correctness of your answers to the problems, and the format. Fail to comply with the aforementioned format (file name, header, problem, answer, problem, answer,...), will certainly degrade your score. If you have any questions, please feel free to ask me.

Part 2 Coding (5% of final Grade)

You should submit:

- (a) All your source codes (C++ file). Proper comments should be included in the code.
- (b) Show the execution trace of your program.
- 1. (30%) Based on the circular queue and template queue ADT in **ADT 3.2** shown below (or pptx pp.82), write a C++ program to implement the queue ADT using dynamic (circular) array (10%). Then add three more functions to
 - (a) (5%) Return the size of a queue (int Size()).
 - (b) (5%) Return the capacity of a queue (int Capacity()).
 - (c) (10%) Merge two queues into a one by alternately taking elements from each queue. The relative order of queue elements is unchanged. What is the complexity of your function?

You should **demonstrate all the functions** using at least one example.

```
template < class T >
class Queue
{
public:
    Queue (int queueCapacity = 0);
    bool IsEmpty() const;
    void Push(const T& item);  // add an item into the queue
    void Pop();  // delete an item
```

```
T& Front() const;  // return top element of stack
T& Rear() const;  // return top element of stack
};
```

- 2. (20%) Design a C++ function template, reverseQueue, that takes as a parameter a queue object and uses a stack object to reverse the elements of the queue. The operations on queue and stack should strictly follow the ADT 3.2 Queue ADT and ADT 3.1 Stack ADT. You should **demonstrate the functions** using at least one example, e.g., queue1=(1,3,5,7), queue2=(2,4,6,8), mergedqueue=(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8)
- 3. (25%) Referring to **Program 3.13** in textbook (pptx pp.98),
 - (a) (5%) Implement Stack as a publicly derived class of Bag using template. **Demonstrate** your C++ code using at least two element types (e.g., int, float,...). **Show results** of a series of Pushes and Pops and Size functions.
 - (b) (5%) Implement Queue as a publicly derived class of Bag using template. **Demonstrate** your C++ code using at least two element types (e.g., int, float,...). **Show results** of a series of Pushes and Pops and Size functions.
 - (c) (15%) A template double-ended queue (deque) is a linear list in which additions and deletions may be made at either end. Implement the class Deque as a publicly derived templated class of Queue. The class Deque must have public functions (either via inheritance from Queue or by direct implementation in Deque) to add and delete elements from either end of the deque and also to return an element from either end. The complexity of each function (excluding array doubling) should be $\Theta(1)$.

Demonstrate your C++ code using at least two element types (e.g., int, float,...). **Show results** of a series of two types of Pushes and Pops and Size functions to illustrate your code is working.

- 4. (25%) Write a C++ program to implement the maze in textbook using the example codes of Program 3.15 (pptx pp.106 Algorithm()) and 3.16 (pptx void Path(const int m, const int p). You should use a text editor to edit a file containing the maze matrix and then read in the file to establish the maze matrix in your program. The default entrance and exit are located in the upper left corner and lower right corner, respectively as shown in textbook.
 - (a) (10%) Demonstrate your maze program using the maze shown in **Figure 3.11**.
 - (b) (5%) Find a path manually through the maze shown in **Figure 3.11**.
 - (c) (10%) Trace out the action of function path (**Program 3.16**) on the maze shown in Figure 3.11. Compare this to your own attempt in (b).

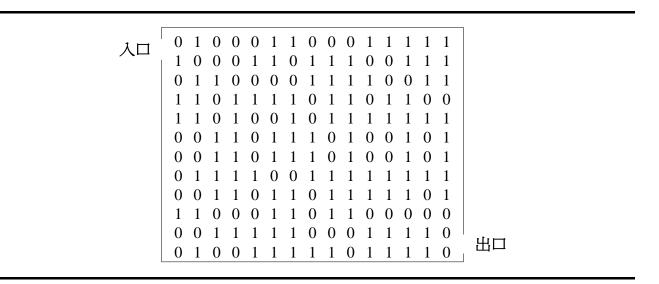


Figure 3.11:一個迷宮的例子(你能找出一條路徑嗎?)