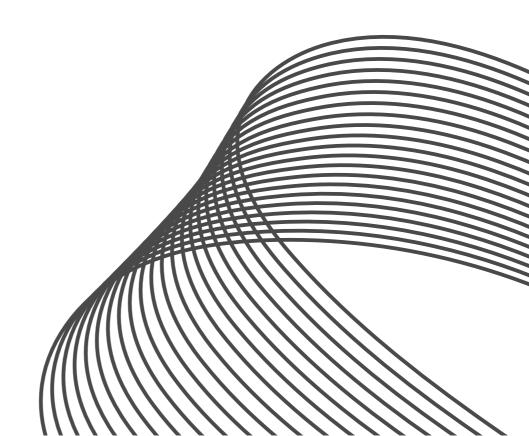


DBMS PROJECT

BANK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM





A PROJECT REPORT ON

THE BANK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM



COURSE: DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (CSE1401) SUBMITTED BY

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INDEX

Content	Page No.
Description	1
Assumptions	3
Entity Relationship Diagram	6
Tables	8
Description Of Normalization	12
DDLs	21
PROCEDURES	36
FUNCTIONS	59
TRIGGERS	64

DESCRIPTION

- The BANK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM is a software tool that models and manages financial activities connected with customer, banking activities, also connected with implementation of management functions in banking.
- The main aim of the project is provide customer with user account to carry various financial activities, model the functioning of a bank and to store all the data with minimum redundancy.
- This project maintains in detail the following functions of a bank

BRANCH, DEPARTMENT, EMPLOYEES, CUSTOMER

 This segment deals with all branches of a bank along with details of departments that a particular branch contains. The records of employees working in particular department of a branch and records of customer is also maintained. The customer is one who has one or more accounts in bank.

ACCOUNT AND TRANSACTION

 This section maintains the records of accounts that are opened in a bank. Customers are provided with various types of accounts such as savings, current, salary, PF. The transactions on accounts are also maintained efficiently and securely. Various types of payment methods available with customers are: debit card, credit card, UPI, cheque.

FD, LOAN, AND LOCKER

• Customers can create FD account. FDs with variables intervals and variable interests are available. Further, details of loans borrowed by customer along with loan types are stored in database. The process of EMI deduction, pre- matured FD fine are also handled efficiently. Locker facility is one of the ancillary services provided by the Bank to its customers. Lockers Branches are equipped with high security features and specially built strong rooms. The details of available lockers, occupied lockers, along with operator i.e. a person who is in charge of a locker are stored.



• DEBIT CARD, CREDIT CARD AND CHEQUE:-

• A Debit Card is a plastic currency or plastic money. The banks issue a Debit Card and it is linked with the account. All transactions made through Debit Card are reflected in bank account statement. A credit card is a type of credit facility, provided by banks that allow customers to borrow funds within a pre-approved credit limit. The details of debit and credit card holders are maintained in the project's database. A cheque is a financial document that orders a bank to pay a particular amount of money from a person's account to another individual's or company's account in whose name the cheque has been made or issued. The details of issued cheque book, pending cheques, cheque bounce scenario ,etc. are handled with utmost efficiency and security.

UPI

 This is a real-time payment system where funds are credited instantly on a real-time basis. It allows users to link more than one bank account in a single smartphone app and make fund transfers without having to provide IFSC code or account number.



ASSUMPTIONS

- Every branch of the bank has a distinguishable IFSC code(datatype:varchar2) with pattern:
- 4 digit bank name + 4 digit branch no, branch no will be in order of opening of particular branch.
- All the departments present in all branches of the bank are listed in the Department table and every department is associated with department number.
- Branch may or may not be managed by at most 1 manager at particular instance compulsorily working in that branch only, similarly department of any branch may be headed by any employee working in that branch but 1 employee can head 1 or more department in branch in which he/she is working.
- Any customer registered in a bank must have a minimum 1 account in bank of type Savings, Current or salary.
- In case of a joint account there must be a main account holder and rate of interest depends upon type of account and major account holder.
- In case a minor(having age<18 years) is an account holder then it must be a joint account with at least 1 elder as joint account holder.
- Interest on a balance of account will be calculated on the basis of balance in account on a particular day and total interest of a month will be transferred in account at end of month as a transaction from bank to account.
- Maintenance charges and price on issuing a new checkbook will be deducted from the account directly after 1 year of opening the account, also as a transaction from account to bank.
- Penalty on failure of maintaining minimum balance from account will be deducted from account whenever balance overcomes minimum balance depending upon type of an account as transaction.
- PF account will be issued on salary account depending upon choice of customer.
- Account holders can issue a number of FDs on 1 account.



- Interest on FD will be deposited in FD depending upon maturity interval prescribed.
- If someone wants a loan from the bank then the person must have an account in the bank and such person can issue a number of loans and of types prescribed, Interest depends upon loan type.
- Every loan holder must have 1 and only 1 guarantor guaranteeing loan and the guarantor may or may not have an account in the bank and he/she can guarantee 1 or more loans.
- Number of lockers of different types in the number of branches can be owned by an account holder.
- One Operator can operate a number of lockers and One locker can be operated by a number of operators (many to many) not compulsorily be account holders.
- Lockers will be issued for an account holder on the basis of date applied(First come first serve).
- Only 1 debit card can be issued for 1 account and via debit card only account to account transfer is possible.
- Transaction of amount>limit of debit card will not be performed.
- Credit card will be inserted in credit_due table if transaction of amt>limit of
 credit card will be performed or bill is not paid in time limit, If any credit card
 is satisfying conditions of credit_due then it will be blocked and can not be
 used for transaction before paying fine and bill.
- Via Credit card only credit card to account transfer is possible.
- Via UPI only UPI to UPI transfer is possible.
- All services payments between bank and customer(b2c) and Third party transactions(c2c) (Including cheques and self transfer also) will be stored in the transaction table.
- In one day only 10^30 maximum transactions are possible.
- Transaction id (datatype:number(38)) will be as of following pattered : ddmmyyyy+Transaction of that particular day
- Transaction will only be performed when the sender is having balance>amount of transaction in account.
- Cheque can be either order, barrer or account payee. In case of account payee cheque only receiver account no is needed.

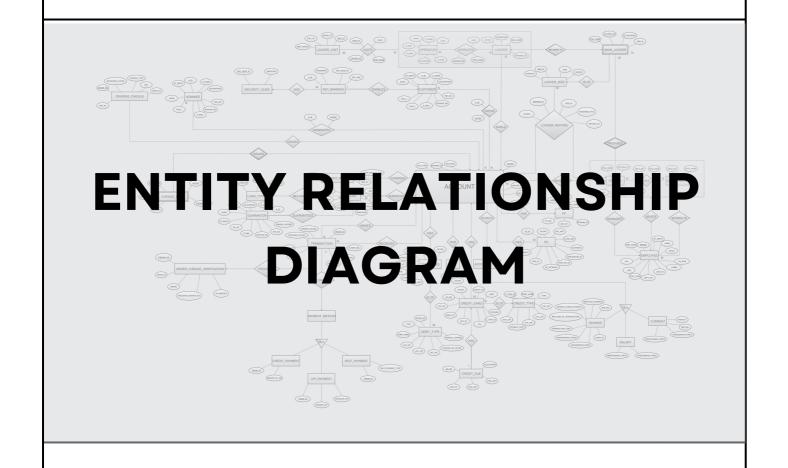


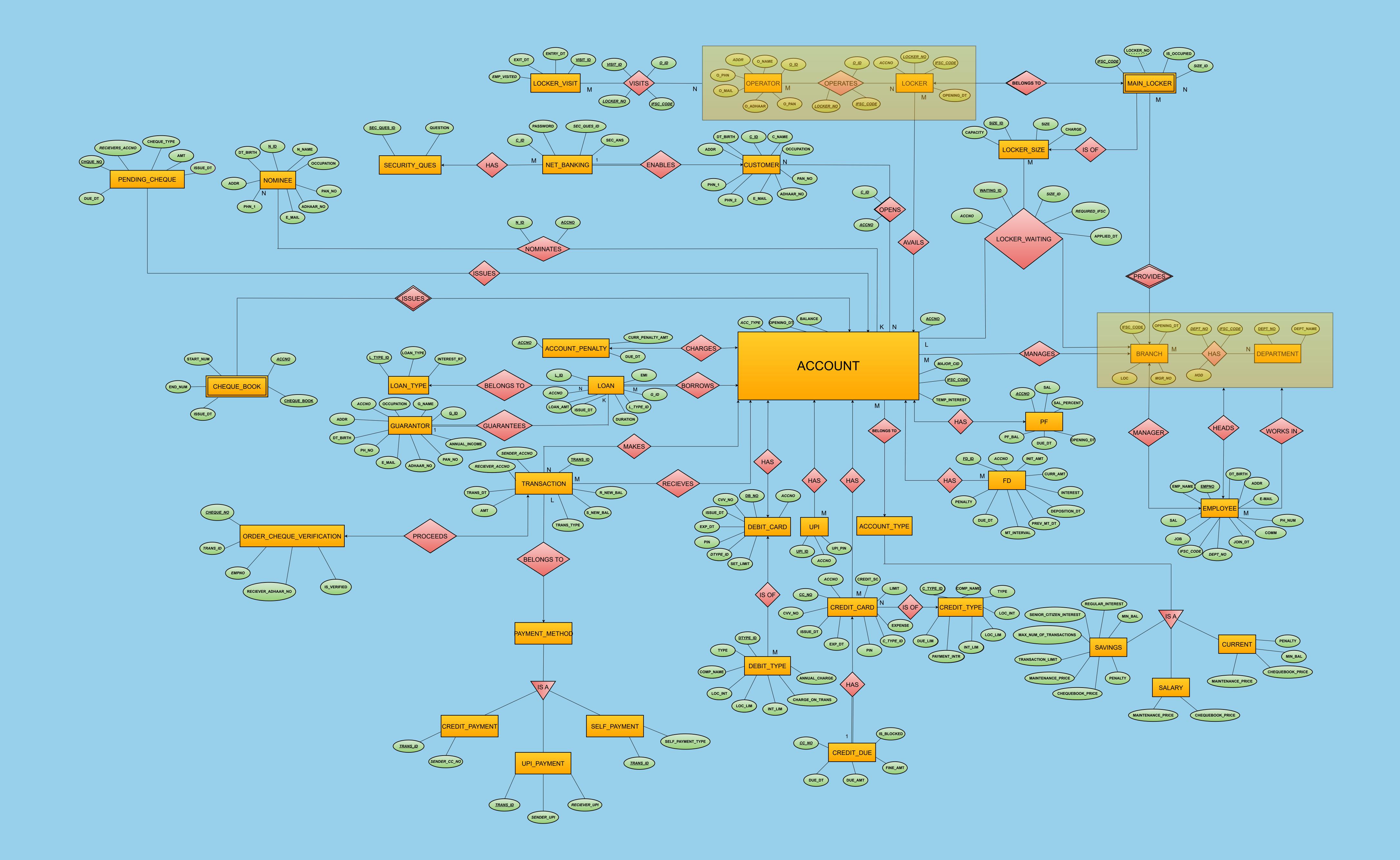
 Records of Pending Cheques will be deleted on successful transaction or also on unsuccessful transaction and be inserted in transaction if payment is successful.

• In case of order cheques receivers general information will be inserted in Order Cheque Verification table.









<u></u> Tables

- CUSTOMER(<u>C_ID</u>, CNAME, DT_BIRTH, ADDR, PHN_NO1, PHN_NO2, MAIL_ID, ADHAAR_NO, PAN_NO, OCCUPATION)
- **BRANCH**(**IFSC_CODE**, OPENING_DT, LOC, *MGR*)
- **DEPARTMENT**(**DEPTNO**, DNAME)
- **EMPLOYEE**(**EMPNO**, EMP_NAME, SAL, COMM, JOB, ADDRESS, BIRTH_DT, JOINING_DT, PHN_NO, MAIL_ID, IFSC_CODE, DEPTNO)
- ACCOUNT(<u>ACC_NO</u>, BALANCE, OPENING_DT, ACC_TYPE, TEMP_INTEREST, <u>MAJOR_CID</u>, <u>IFSC_CODE</u>)
- ACCOUNT_PENALTY(<u>ACC_NO</u>, DUE_DT, CURRENT_PENALTY_AMT)
- NOMINEE(<u>N_ID</u>, NNAME, DT_BIRTH, ADDR, PHN_NO, MAIL_ID, ADHAAR_NO, PAN_NO, OCCUPATION)
- SAVING(MIN_BAL, REGULAR_INTEREST, SENIOR_SITIZEN_INTEREST_RATE, NO_OF_TRANSACTION, TRANSACTION_LIMIT, PENALTY, CHEQUE_BOOK_PRICE, MAINTENANCE_PRICE)
- CURRENT_ACCOUNT(MIN_BAL, PENALTY, CHEQUE_BOOK_PRICE, MAINTENANCE_PRICE)
- **SALARY**(CHEQUEBOOK_PRICE, MAINTENANCE_PRICE)
- PF_ACCOUNT(<u>ACC_NO</u>, SAL, SAL_PERCENT, OPENING_DT, DUE_DT, PF_BALANCE)

- FD(<u>FD_ID</u>, INIT_AMT, CURR_AMT, INTEREST, DEPOSITION_DT, PREV_MT_DT, MT_INTERVAL, DUE_DT, PENALTY, ACC_NO)
- LOAN(<u>L_ID</u>, LOAN_AMT, ISSUE_DT, DURATION, EMI, L_TYPE_ID, G_ID, ACC_NO)
- LOAN_TYPE(*L_TYPE_ID*, LOAN_TYPE, INTEREST_RT)
- **GUARANTOR**(**G_ID**, G_NAME, DT_BIRTH, ADDR, PHN_NO, E_MAIL, OCCUPATION, ANNUAL_INCOME, ADHAAR_NO, PAN_NO, ACC_NO)
- PENDING_EMI(<u>L_ID</u>, PENDING_DT, AMT)
- LOCKER(IFSC CODE, LOCKER NO, OPENING_DT, ACCNO)
- OPERATOR(O_ID, O_NAME, ADDR, O_PHN, O_MAIL, O_ADHAAR, O_PAN)
- LOCKER_VISIT(VISIT_ID, ENTRY_DT, EXIT_DT, EMP_VISITED)
- MAIN_LOCKER(IFSC CODE, LOCKER NO, IS_OCCUPIED, SIZE_ID)
- LOCKER_SIZE(SIZE_ID, SIZE, CHARGE, CAPACITY)
- DEBIT(<u>DEBIT_CARD_NO</u>, CVV_NO, PIN, SET_LIMIT, ISSUE_DT, EXP_DT, ACC_NO, DTYPE_ID)
- **DEBIT_TYPE**(**DTYPE_ID**, COMP_NAME, TYPE, LOCAL_INTERNATIONAL, LOCAL_LIMIT, INTERNATIONAL_LIMIT)



- CREDIT(CREDIT_CARD_NO, CVV_NO, PIN, LIMIT, CREDIT_SCORE, EXPENSE, INTEREST_AMT, ISSUE_DT, EXP_DT, ACC_NO, CTYPE_ID)
- CREDIT_TYPE(<u>CTYPE_ID</u>, COMP_NAME, TYPE, LOCAL_INTERNATIONAL, LOCAL_LIMIT, INTERNATIONAL_LIMIT, PAYMENT_INTERVAL)
- CREDIT_DUE(<u>CREDIT_CARD_NO</u>, DUE_DT, DUE_AMT, FINE_AMT, IS_BLOCKED)
- PENDING_CREDIT_BILL(<u>CREDIT_CARD_NO</u>, BILL_AMT, INTEREST_AMT)
- UPI(<u>UPI_ID</u>, UPI_PIN, ACC_NO)
- TRANSACTION(<u>TRANS_ID</u>, TRANS_DT, AMT, TYPE, SENDER_INSTANT_BAL, RECEIVER_INSTANT_BAL, MOTTO, SENDER_ACC, RECEIVER_ACC)
- **CREDIT_PAY**(**TRANS_ID**, SENDER_CC)
- **UPI_PAY**(**TRANS_ID**, SENDER_UPI, RECEIVER_UPI)
- **SELF_PAY**(**TRANS_ID**, PAY_TYPE)
- PENDING_CHEQUE(<u>CHEQUE NO</u>, CHEQUE_TYPE, AMT, ISSUE_DT, DUE_DT, RECEIVER_ACCNO)

- ORDER_CHEQUE_VERIFICATION(CHEQUE_NO),
 RECEIVERS_ADHAAR_NO, IS_VERIFIED, EMPNO, TRANS_ID)
- CHEQUE_BOOK(<u>ACC_NO, CHEQUEBOOK_NO</u>, START_NUM, END_NUM, ISSUE_DT)
- **NET_BANKING**(**C_ID**, PASSWORD, SEC_ANS, **SEC_QUE_ID**)
- **SECURITY_QUES**(**SEC_QUES_ID**, QUESTION)
- BRANCH_HAS_DEPT(<u>IFSC_CODE,DEPT_NO</u>,HOD)
- ACCOUNT_HAS_NOMINEE(N_ID, ACC_NO)
- CUSTOMER_OPENS_ACCOUNT(<u>C_ID</u>, <u>ACC_NO</u>)
- LOC_OPR(O ID, IFSC CODE, LOCKER NO)
- OPR_VISITS_LOC(O ID, IFSC CODE, LOCKER NO, V ID)
- LOCKER_WAITING(<u>WAITING_ID</u>, APPLIED_DT, ACCNO, SIZE_ID, REQUIRED_IFSC)

NORMALIZATION

CUSTOMER:

- Every record in the customer table is atomic and uniquely identified by the primary key, therefore the table is in 1NF.
- Since there is a single primary key, we don't need to check for 2NF.
- Since, no non-prime attribute depends on any other non-prime attribute, the table is in 3NF.

• BRANCH:

- Every record is atomic, so it satisfies 1NF.
- Since there is single prime attribute, we don't need to check for 2NF.
- Since, no non-prime attribute depends on any other non-prime attribute, thus, transitivity is not present and the table is in 3NF.

DEPARTMENT:

- Every record is atomic, so it satisfies 1NF.
- Since there is a single prime attribute, we don't need to check for 2NF.
- Since, no non-prime attribute depends on any other non-prime attribute, the table is in 3NF.

BRANCH_HAS_DEPARTMENT (RELATION):

- Every record is atomic and uniquely identified by prime attributes, thus it is in 1NF.
- Since, HOD is fully functionally dependent on both the prime attributes, it is in 2NF.
- As there is only one non-prime attribute, transitivity will not occur and it is 3NF.



• EMPLOYEE:

- Every record in EMPLOYEE table is atomic and uniquely identified by the primary key, therefore the table is in 1NF.
- Since, there is single primary key, we don't need to check for 2NF.
- Since, no non-prime attribute depends on any other non-prime attribute, the table is in 3NF.

ACCOUNT:

- Since every record is atomic, it is in 1NF.
- As there is only one prime attribute, no need to check for 2NF.
- As there is no transitivity in the columns, it is in 3NF.

ACCOUNT_PENALTY:

- Since every record is atomic, it is in 1NF.
- As there is only one prime attribute, no need to check for 2NF.
- As there is no transitivity in the columns, it is in 3NF.

ACCOUNT_HAS_NOMINEE (RELATION):

- Since every record is atomic, it is in 1NF.
- As there are only two attributes and both of them are prime attributes, each record is fully functionally dependent, thus it is in 2NF.
- Since there are no non-prime attributes, it also satisfies the condition for 3NF.



• NOMINEE:

- Every record in NOMINEE table is atomic and uniquely identified by the primary key, therefore the table is in 1NF.
- Since there is a single primary key, we don't need to check for 2NF.
- Since, no non-prime attribute depends on any other non-prime attribute, the table is in 3NF.

CUTOMER_OPENS_ACCOUNT (RELATION) :

- Since every record is atomic, it is in 1NF.
- As there are only two attributes and both of them are prime attributes, each record is fully functionally dependent, thus it is in 2NF.
- Since there are no non-prime attributes, it also satisfies the condition for 3NF.

PF_ACCOUNT :

- Since every record is atomic and uniquely identified by the primary key, it is in 1NF.
- Since there is only one prime attribute, no need to check for 2NF.
- As no non-prime attribute depends on other non-prime attribute, transitivity is not present and hence it is in 3NF.



• FD:

- Since every record is atomic and uniquely identified by the primary key, it is in 1NF.
- Since there is only one prime attribute, no need to check for 2NF.
- As no non-prime attribute depends on other non-prime attribute, transitivity is not present and hence it is in 3NF.

LOAN :

- Since every record is atomic and uniquely identified by the primary key, it is in 1NF.
- Since there is only one prime attribute, no need to check for 2NF.
- As no non-prime attribute depends on other non-prime attribute, transitivity is not present and hence it is in 3NF.

LOAN_TYPE :

- Since every record is atomic and uniquely identified by the primary key, it is in 1NF.
- Since there is only one prime attribute, no need to check for 2NF.
- As no non-prime attribute depends on other non-prime attribute, transitivity is not present and hence it is in 3NF.

GUARANTOR:

- Every record in GUARANTOR table is atomic and uniquely identified by the primary key, therefore the table is in 1NF.
- Since there is a single primary key, we don't need to check for 2NF.
- Since, no non-prime attribute depends on any other non-prime attribute, the table is in 3NF.



• LOCKER:

- Since every record is atomic and uniquely identified by the primary key, it is in 1NF.
- As all the non-prime attributes are fully functionally dependent on both the prime attributes, it is in 2NF.
- As there is no transitivity present, the table is in 3NF.

OPERATOR:

- Every record in OPERATOR table is atomic and uniquely identified by the primary key, therefore the table is in 1NF.
- Since there is a single primary key, we don't need to check for 2NF.
- Since, no non-prime attribute depends on any other non-prime attribute, the table is in 3NF.

OPERATOR_OPERATES_LOCKER (RELATION) :

- As every record is atomic, the table is in 1NF.
- Since the record fully depends on all the three prime attributes, it satisfies 2NF.
- As there are no non-prime attributes, no need to check for 3NF.

OPERATOR_VISITS_LOCKER (RELATION) :

- As every record is atomic, the table is in 1NF.
- Since the record fully depends on all the three prime attributes, it satisfies 2NF.
- As there are no non-prime attributes, no need to check for 3NF.



LOCKER_VISIT :

- As every record is atomic, the table is in 1NF.
- As there is only one prime attribute, no need to check for 2NF.
- Since, there is no transitivity, the table is in 3NF.

MAIN_LOCKER:

- As every record is atomic, the table is in 1NF.
- As all the non-prime attributes are fully functionally dependent on both the prime attributes, the table is in 2NF.
- As transitivity is not present, the table is in 3NF too.

LOCKER_SIZE :

- As every record is atomic, the table is in 1NF.
- As there is only one prime attribute, no need to check for 2NF.
- Since, no non-prime attribute depends on any other non-prime attribute, the table is in 3NF.

LOCKER_WAITING (RELATION):

- As every record is atomic, the table is in 1NF.
- As there is only one prime attribute, no need to check for 2NF.
- Since, there is no transitivity, the table is in 3NF.

• DEBIT :

- As every record is atomic, the table is in 1NF.
- As there is only one prime attribute, no need to check for 2NF.
- Since, there is no transitivity, the table is in 3NF.



• DEBIT_TYPE :

- As every record is atomic, the table is in 1NF.
- As there is only one prime attribute, no need to check for 2NF.
- Since, no non-prime attribute depends on any other non-prime attribute, the table is in 3NF.

CREDIT:

- As every record is atomic, the table is in 1NF.
- As there is only one prime attribute, no need to check for 2NF.
- Since, no non-prime attribute depends on any other non-prime attribute, the table is in 3NF.

CREDIT_TYPE:

- As every record is atomic, the table is in 1NF.
- As there is only one prime attribute, no need to check for 2NF.
- Since, no non-prime attribute depends on any other non-prime attribute, the table is in 3NF.

• CREDIT_DUE:

- As every record is atomic, the table is in 1NF.
- As there is only one prime attribute, no need to check for 2NF.
- Since, no non-prime attribute depends on any other non-prime attribute, the table is in 3NF.

• PENDING_CREDIT_BILL:

- As every record is atomic, the table is in 1NF.
- As there is only one prime attribute, no need to check for 2NF.
- Since, no non-prime attribute depends on any other non-prime attribute, the table is in 3NF.



UPI :

- As every record is atomic, the table is in 1NF.
- As there is only one prime attribute, no need to check for 2NF.
- Since, no non-prime attribute depends on any other non-prime attribute, the table is in 3NF.

TRANSACTION :

- As every record is atomic, the table is in 1NF.
- As there is only one prime attribute, no need to check for 2NF.
- Since, no non-prime attribute depends on any other non-prime attribute, the table is in 3NF.

CREDIT_PAYMENT:

- As every record is atomic, the table is in 1NF.
- As there is only one prime attribute, no need to check for 2NF.
- As there is only one non-prime attribute, no need to check for 3NF, it is already in 3NF.

• UPI_PAYMENT:

- As every record is atomic, the table is in 1NF.
- As there is only one prime attribute, no need to check for 2NF.
- Since, no non-prime attribute depends on any other non-prime attribute, the table is in 3NF.

• SELF_PAYMENT :

- As every record is atomic, the table is in 1NF.
- As there is only one prime attribute, no need to check for 2NF.
- As there is only one non-prime attribute, no need to check for 3NF, it is already in 3NF.

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PENDING_CHEQUE:

- As every record is atomic, the table is in 1NF.
- As there is only one prime attribute, no need to check for 2NF.
- Since, no non-prime attribute depends on any other non-prime attribute, the table is in 3NF.

• ORDER_CHEQUE_VERIFICATION:

- As every record is atomic, the table is in 1NF.
- As there is only one prime attribute, no need to check for 2NF.
- Since, no non-prime attribute depends on any other non-prime attribute, the table is in 3NF.

CHEQUE_BOOK:

- As every record is atomic, the table is in 1NF.
- As all the non-prime attributes are fully functionally dependent on both the prime attributes, the table is in 2NF.
- Since, no non-prime attribute depends on any other non-prime attribute, the table is in 3NF.

NET_BANKING:

- As every record is atomic, the table is in 1NF.
- As there is only one prime attribute, no need to check for 2NF.
- Since, no non-prime attribute depends on any other non-prime attribute, the table is in 3NF.

SECURITY_QUES:

- As every record is atomic, the table is in 1NF.
- As there is only one prime attribute, no need to check for 2NF.
- As there is only one non-prime attribute, no need to check for 3NF, it is already in 3NF.

DDLs

• CREATE TABLE BRANCH(

IFSC_CODE VARCHAR2(8) CONSTRAINT PK_IFSC PRIMARY KEY, OPENING_DT DATE CONSTRAINT NN_OPEN_DT NOT NULL, LOC VARCHAR2(50) CONSTRAINT NN_LOC NOT NULL, MGR_NO NUMBER(4) CONSTRAINT FK_MGR REFERENCES EMPLOYEE(EMPNO));

- CREATE TABLE DEPARTMENT (
 DEPT_NO NUMBER(2) CONSTRAINT PK_DEPTNO PRIMARY KEY,
 DEPT_NAME CONSTRAINT NN_DNAME NOT NULL);
- CREATE TABLE BRANCHHASDEPT(

IFSC_CODE VARCHAR2(8) CONSTRAINT FK_IFSC REFERENCES BRANCH(IFSC_CODE),

DEPT_NO NUMBER(2) CONSTRAINT FK_DEPTNO REFERENCES DEPT(DEPTNO),

HOD NUMBER(4) CONSTRAINT FK_HOD REFERENCES EMPLOYEE(EMPNO),

CONSTRAINT PK_IFSC_DEPTNO PRIMARY KEY(IFSC_CODE, DEPTNO));

CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEE(

EMPNO NUMBER(4) CONSTRAINT PK_EMPNO PRIMARY KEY, EMP_NAME VARCHAR2(30) CONSTRAINT NN_ENAME NOT NULL,

SAL NUMBER(9,2), COMM NUMBER(5,2), JOB VARCHAR2(30),



ADDR VARCHAR2(100) CONSTRAINT NN_ADDRESS NOT NULL,

DT_BIRTH DATE CONSTRAINT NN_BIRTH_DT NOT NULL,
JOIN_DT DATE CONSTRAINT NN_JOIN_DT NOT NULL,
PH_NUM NUMBER(10) CONSTRAINT NN_PHN NOT NULL,
E_MAIL VARCHAR2(30) CONSTRAINT NN_MAIL NOT NULL,
IFSC_CODE VARCHAR2(8) CONSTRAINT FK_IFSC_EMP NOT
REFERENCES
BRANCH(IFSC_CODE),
DEPT_NO NUMBER(2) CONSTRAINT FK_DEPTNO_EMP
REFERENCES DEPT(DEPTNO));

CREATE TABLE CUSTOMER(

C_ID NUMBER(11) CONSTRAINT PK_CUSID PRIMARY KEY, CNAME VARCHAR2(100) CONSTRAINT NN_CNAME NOT NULL,

DT_BIRTH DATE CONSTRAINT NN_BDAY NOT NULL,
ADDR VARCHAR2(150) CONSTRAINT NN_ADDR NOT NULL,
PHN_NO1 NUMBER CONSTRAINT NN_PHN1 NOT NULL,
PHN_NO2 NUMBER CONSTRAINT NN_PHN2 NOT NULL,
MAIL_ID VARCHAR2(100) CONSTRAINT NN_MAIL NOT NULL,
ADHAAR_NO NUMBER(14) CONSTRAINT UK_ADHAAR
UNIQUE,

PAN_NO VARCHAR2(10) CONSTRAINT UK_PAN UNIQUE, OCCUPATION VARCHAR2(25) CONSTRAINT NN_OCCUPATION NOT NULL);



CREATE TABLE ACCOUNT(

ACC_NO NUMBER(16) CONSTRAINT PK_ACCNO PRIMARY KEY.

IFSC_CODE VARCHAR2(8) CONSTRAINT FK_IFSCCODE
REFERENCES BRANCH(IFSC_CODE) NOT NULL,
BALANCE NUMBER(20,2) CONSTRAINT NN_BAL NOT NULL,
OPENING_DT DATE CONSTRAINT NN_OPDT NOT NULL,
ACC_TYPE VARCHAR2(10) CONSTRAINT NN_TYPE NOT
NULL,

TEMP_INTEREST NUMBER(10) CONSTRAINT
NN_TEMP_INTEREST NOT NULL,
MAJOR_CID NUMBER(11) CONSTRAINT FK_MCID
REFERENCES CUSTOMER(C_ID) NOT NULL);

CREATE TABLE NOMINEE(

N_ID NUMBER(10) CONSTRAINT PK_NOM_ID PRIMARY KEY, NNAME VARCHAR2(100) CONSTRAINT NN_NOM_NAME NOT NULL,

DT_BIRTH DATE CONSTRAINT NN_NOM_BDAY NOT NULL, ADDR VARCHAR2(150) CONSTRAINT NN_NOM_ADDR NOT NULL,

PHN_NO NUMBER CONSTRAINT NN_NOM_PHN NOT NULL, MAIL_ID VARCHAR2(100) CONSTRAINT NN_NOM_MAIL NOT NULL,

ADHAAR_NO NUMBER(14) CONSTRAINT UK NOM ADHAAR UNIQUE,

PAN_NO VARCHAR2(10) CONSTRAINT UK_NOM_PAN UNIQUE,

OCCUPATION VARCHAR2(25) CONSTRAINT NN_NOM_OCCUPATION NOT NULL);



CREATE TABLE CUSTOMER_OPENS_ACCOUNT(
 C_ID CONSTRAINT FK_COA_CID REFERENCES
 CUSTOMER(C_ID),
 ACC_NO CONSTRAINT FK_ACCNO REFERENCES
 ACCOUNT(ACC_NO),
 CONSTRAINT PK_COA_CID#ACCNO PRIMARY
 KEY(C_ID,ACC_NO));

CREATE TABLE ACCOUNT_PENALTY(
 ACC_NO CONSTRAINT FK_AP_ACCNO REFERENCES
 ACCOUNT(ACC_NO),
 DUE_DT DATE,
 CURRENT_PENALTY_AMT NUMBER(10),
 CONSTRAINT PK_AP_ACCNO PRIMARY KEY(ACC_NO));

CREATE TABLE CURRENT_ACCOUNT(
 MIN_BAL NUMBER(10),
 PENALTY NUMBER(4,2),
 CHEQUE_BOOK_PRICE NUMBER(6),
 MAINTENANCE_PRICE NUMBER(6));

CREATE TABLE SALARY(
 CHEQUE_BOOK_PRICE NUMBER(6),
 MAINTENANCE PRICE NUMBER(6));



• CREATE TABLE SAVING(

MIN_BAL NUMBER(10),

REGULAR_INTEREST_RATE NUMBER(4,2),

SENIOR_CITIZEN_INTEREST_RATE NUMBER(4,2),

NO_OF_TRANSACTION NUMBER,

TRANSACTION_LIMIT NUMBER(10),

PENALTY NUMBER(4,2),

CHEQUE_BOOK_PRICE NUMBER(6),

• CREATE TABLE PF_ACCOUNT(

MAINTENANCE_PRICE NUMBER(6));

ACC_NO NUMBER(16) CONSTRAINT FK_PFACCNO
REFERENCES ACCOUNT(ACC_NO),
SAL NUMBER(15),
SAL_PERCENT NUMBER(4,2),
OPENING_DT DATE,
DUE_DT DATE,
PF BALANCE NUMBER(15));

CREATE TABLE UPI (

UPI_ID NUMBER(35) CONSTRAINT PK_UPI PRIMARY KEY, ACC_NO NUMBER(16) CONSTRAINT NN_ACC_UPI NOT NULL,

UPI_PIN NUMBER(4) CONSTRAINT NN_UPI_PIN NOT NULL, CONSTRAINT FK_ACC_UPI FOREIGN KEY(ACC_NO) REFERENCES ACCOUNT(ACC_NO) ON DELETE CASCADE);



• CREATE TABLE LOAN TYPE(

L_TYPE_ID NUMBER(3) CONSTRAINT PK_LOAN_TYPE PRIMARY KEY, LOAN_TYPE VARCHAR2(30) CONSTRAINT NN_LOAN_TYPE NOT NULL,

INTEREST_RT NUMBER(4,2) CONSTRAINT NN_INTEREST_LOAN NOT NULL);

• CREATE TABLE LOAN(

L_ID NUMBER(10) CONSTRAINT PK_LID PRIMARY KEY,
LOAN_AMT NUMBER(9,2) CONSTRAINT NN_LOAN_AMT NOT NULL,
ISSUE_DT DATE CONSTRAINT NN_ISSUE_DT NOT NULL,
DURATION NUMBER(4,2) CONSTRAINT NN_DURATION NOT NULL,
EMI NUMBER(5,2) CONSTRAINT NN_EMI NOT NULL,
L_TYPE_ID NUMBER(3) CONSTRAINT FK_LOAN_TYPE REFERENCES
LOAN_TYPE(LOAN_TYPE_ID),
G_ID NUMBER(10) CONSTRAINT FK_GID REFERENCES
GUARANTOR(G_ID),
ACCNO NUMBER(16) CONSTRAINT FK_ACCNO_LOAN REFERENCES
ACCOUNT(ACCNO));

CREATE TABLE GUARANTOR(

G_ID NUMBER(10) CONSTRAINT PK_GID PRIMARY KEY,
G_NAME VARCHAR2(30) CONSTRAINT NN_GNAME NOT NULL,
DT_BIRTH DATE CONSTRAINT NN_BIRTHDT NOT NULL,
ADDR VARCHAR2(100) CONSTRAINT NN_ADDRESS NOT NULL,
PHN_NO NUMBER(10) CONSTRAINT NN_PHN1 NOT NULL,
E_MAIL VARCHAR2(30) CONSTRAINT NN_MAIL NOT NULL,
AADHAR_NO NUMBER(12) CONSTRAINT NN_AADHAR_NO NOT NULL,
PAN_NO NUMBER(10) CONSTRAINT NN_PAN_NO NOT NULL,
OCCUPATION VARCHAR2(20) CONSTRAINT NN_OCC NOT NULL,
ANNUAL_INCOME NUMBER(9,2) CONSTRAINT NN_INCOME NOT
NULL,

ACCNO NUMBER(16) CONSTRAINT FK_ACCNO_GUARANTOR REFERENCES LOAN(ACCNO));



• CREATE TABLE PENDING EMI(

AMT NUMBER(5,2),

PENDING DT DATE;

L_ID NUMBER(10) CONSTRAINT FK_LID REFERENCES LOAN(L_ID);
CONSTRAINT PK_EMI PRIMARY KEY(L_ID, PENDING_DT));

CREATE TABLE CHEQUEBOOK(

CHEQUEBOOK_NO NUMBER(10) CONSTRAINT

PK_CHEQUE_BOOK_NO PRIMARY KEY,

START_NUM NUMBER(6) CONSTRAINT NN_START NOT NULL,

END_NUMBER NUMBER(6) CONSTRAINT NN_END NOT NULL,

ISSUE_DT DATE CONSTRAINT NN_ISSUE_DT_CHEQUE NOT NULL,

ACCNO NUMBER(16) CONSTRAINT FK_ACCNO_CHEQUE

REFERENCES ACCOUNT(ACC_NO));

CREATE TABLE PENDINGCHEQUE(

CHEQUE_NO NUMBER(6) CONSTRAINT PK_CHEQUE_NO PRIMARY KEY,

CHEQUE_TYPE VARCHAR2(20) CONSTRAINT NN_CHEQUE_TYPE NOT NULL,

ISSUE_DT DATE CONSTRAINT NN_ISSUE_DT NOT NULL,
AMT NUMBER(9,2) CONSTRAINT NN_AMT NOT NULL,
DUE_DT DATE CONSTRAINT NN_DUE_DT NOT NULL,
RECEIVER_ACCNO NUMBER(16) CONSTRAINT FK_REC_ACCNO
REFERENCES ACCOUNT(ACC_NO));



• CREATE TABLE FD(

FD_ID NUMBER(10) CONSTRAINT PK_FD_ID PRIMARY KEY, INIT_AMT NUMBER(9,2) CONSTRAINT NN_INITIAL_AMT NOT NULL,

CURR_AMT NUMBER(9,2) CONSTRAINT NN_CURRENT_AMT NOT NULL,

INTEREST NUMBER(4,2) CONSTRAINT NN_INTEREST_RT NOT NULL,

DEPOSITION_DT DATE CONSTRAINT NN_DEP_DT NOT NULL,

PREV_MT_DT DATE,

MT_INTERVAL NUMBER(2) CONSTRAINT NN_MAT_INT NOT NULL,

DUE_DT DATE CONSTRAINT NN_DUE_DT NOT NULL,
PENALTY NUMBER(4,2) CONSTRAINT NN_PENALTY NOT
NULL

ACCNO NUMBER(16) CONSTRAINT FK_ACCNO_FD REFERENCES ACCOUNT(ACCNO));

CREATE TABLE PF ACCOUNT(

ACC_NO NUMBER(16) CONSTRAINT FK_PFACCNO REFERENCES ACCOUNT(ACC_NO),

SAL NUMBER(15),

SAL_PERCENT NUMBER(4,2),

OPENING DT DATE,

DUE DT DATE,

PF BALANCE NUMBER(15));

• CREATE TABLE DEBIT (

DEBIT_CARD_NO NUMBER(16) CONSTRAINT
PK_DEBIT_CARD_NO PRIMARY KEY,
CVV_NO NUMBER(4) CONSTRAINT NN_CVV_NO_DEBIT
NOT NULL,

PIN NUMBER(4) CONSTRAINT NN_PIN_DEBIT NOT NULL, SET_LIMIT NUMBER(20, 2) CONSTRAINT CK_LIMIT_DEBIT CHECK(SET_LIMIT > 0),

ISSUE_DT DATE,



EXP_DT DATE,

ACC_NO NUMBER(16) CONSTRAINT FK_ACC_NO_DEBIT

REFERENCES ACCOUNT(ACC_NO),

DTYPE_ID NUMBER(3) CONSTRAINT FK_DTYPE_ID

REFERENCES DEBIT TYPE(DTYPE_ID));

CREATE TABLE DEBIT_TYPE (

DTYPE_ID NUMBER(3) CONSTRAINT PK_DTYPE_ID PRIMARY KEY,

COMP_NAME VARCHAR2(20) CONSTRAINT

NN_COMP_NAME_DEBIT NOT NULL,

TYPE VARCHAR2(20) CONSTRAINT NN_TYPE_DEBIT NOT NULL,

LOCAL_INTERNATIONAL VARCHAR2(1) CONSTRAINT

NN_LOC_INTNL_DEBIT NOT NULL,

LOCAL LIMIT NUMBER(20, 2) CONSTRAINT

CK_LOC_LIMIT_DEBIT CHECK(LOCAL_LIMIT > 0),

INTERNATIONAL LIMIT NUMBER(20, 2) CONSTRAINT

CK_INTNL_LIMIT_DEBIT CHECK(INTERNATIONAL_LIMIT >

CREATE TABLE CREDIT (

0));

CREDIT_CARD_NO NUMBER(16) CONSTRAINT PK_CREDIT_CARD_NO PRIMARY KEY,

CVV_NO NUMBER(4) CONSTRAINT NN_CVV_NO_CREDIT NOT NULL, PIN NUMBER(4) CONSTRAINT NN_PIN_CREDIT NOT NULL,

LIMIT NUMBER(20, 2) CONSTRAINT CK_LIMIT_CREDIT CHECK(LIMIT > 0),

CREDIT_SCORE NUMBER(3),

EXPENSE NUMBER(20, 2) CONSTRAINT CK_EXPENSE_CREDIT CHECK(EXPENSE >= 0).

INTEREST AMT NUMBER(20, 2) CONSTRAINT

CK INTEREST AMT CREDIT CHECK(INTEREST AMT >= 0),

ISSUE_DT DATE,

EXP DT DATE,

ACC_NO NUMBER(16) CONSTRAINT FK_ACC_NO_CREDIT

REFERENCES ACCOUNT(ACC_NO),
CTYPE_ID NUMBER(3) CONSTRAINT FK_CTYPE_ID REFERENCES
CREDIT TYPE(CTYPE ID));

CREATE TABLE CREDIT_TYPE (
 CTYPE_ID NUMBER(3) CONSTRAINT PK_CTYPE_ID PRIMARY KEY,
 COMP_NAME VARCHAR2(20) CONSTRAINT
 NN_COMP_NAME_CREDIT NOT NULL,
 TYPE VARCHAR2(20) CONSTRAINT NN_TYPE_CREDIT NOT NULL,
 LOCAL_INTERNATIONAL VARCHAR2(1) CONSTRAINT
 NN_LOC_INTNL_CREDIT NOT NULL,
 LOCAL_LIMIT NUMBER(20, 2) CONSTRAINT CK_LOC_LIMIT_CREDIT
 CHECK(LOCAL_LIMIT > 0),
 INTERNATIONAL_LIMIT NUMBER(20, 2) CONSTRAINT
 CK_INTNL_LIMIT_CREDIT CHECK(INTERNATIONAL_LIMIT > 0),
 PAYMENT_INTERVAL NUMBER(3) CONSTRAINT
 CK PAY INT CREDIT CHECK(PAYMENT INTERVAL > 0));

• CREATE TABLE CREDIT_DUE (

CREDIT_CARD_NO NUMBER(16) CONSTRAINT PK_CREDIT_CARD_NO_CREDITDUE PRIMARY KEY, DUE_DT DATE,

DUE_AMT NUMBER(20, 2) CONSTRAINT CK_DUE_AMT CHECK(DUE_AMT > 0),

FINE_AMT NUMBER(20, 2) CONSTRAINT CK_FINE_AMT CHECK(FINE_AMT >= 0),

ISBLOCKED VARCHAR2(1),

CONSTRAINT FK_CREDIT_CARD_NO_CREDITDUE FOREIGN
KEY(CREDIT_CARD_NO) REFERENCES CREDIT(CREDIT_CARD_NO)
);

• CREATE TABLE TRANSACTION (

TRANS_ID NUMBER(38) CONSTRAINT PK_TR_ID PRIMARY KEY,

SENDER_ACC NUMBER(16), RECEIVER_ACC NUMBER(16), TRANS_DT DATE CONSTRAINT NN_TR_DATE NOT NULL, AMT NUMBER(12,2),

TYPE VARCHAR2(2) CONSTRAINT NN_TR_TYPE NOT NULL, SENDER_INSTANT_BAL

NUMBER(18), RECEIVER_INSTANT_BAL NUMBER(18), MOTTO VARCHAR2(75),

CONSTRAINT FK_SACC FOREIGN KEY(SENDER_ACC)
REFERENCES ACCOUNT(ACC_NO) ON DELETE CASCADE,
CONSTRAINT FK_RACC FOREIGN KEY(RECEIVER_ACC)
REFERENCES ACCOUNT(ACC_NO) ON DELETE CASCADE);

• CREATE TABLE CREDIT PAY (

TRANS_ID NUMBER(38) CONSTRAINT PK_CR_TR_ID PRIMARY KEY,

SENDER_CC NUMBER(20) CONSTRAINT NN_CC_PAY NOT NULL,

CONSTRAINT FK_CR_PAY FOREIGN KEY(SENDER_CC)
REFERENCES CREDIT(CREDIT_CARD_NO) ON DELETE
CASCADE);

CREATE TABLE SELF_PAY (

TRANS_ID NUMBER(38) CONSTRAINT PK_SELF_TR_ID PRIMARY KEY,

PAY_TYPE VARCHAR2(1) CONSTRAINT NN_PAY_TYPE NOT NULL);

• CREATE TABLE UPI PAY (

TRANS_ID NUMBER(38) CONSTRAINT PK_UPI_TR_ID PRIMARY KEY,

SENDER_UPI NUMBER(35) CONSTRAINT NN_SEN_UPI NOT NULL,

RECEIVER_UPI NUMBER(35) CONSTRAINT NN_REC_UPI NOT NULL,

CONSTRAINT FK_UPI_SEN_PAY FOREIGN

KEY(SENDER_UPI) REFERENCES UPI(UPI_ID) ON DELETE

CASCADE,

CONSTRAINT FK_UPI_REC_PAY FOREIGN

KEY(RECEIVER_UPI) REFERENCES UPI(UPI_ID) ON DELETE

CASCADE):

CREATE TABLE ORDERCHEQUEVERIFICATION(

CHEQUE_NO NUMBER(6) CONSTRAINT FK_CHEQUE_NO

REFERENCES PENDINGCHEQUE(CHEQUE_NO),

TRANS_ID NUMBER(30) CONSTRAINT FK_TRANS_CHEQUE

REFERENCES TRANSACTION(TRANS_ID),

EMPNO NUMBER(4) CONSTRAINT FK_EMPNO_CHEQUE REFERENCES EMPLOYEE(EMPNO),

RECEIVERS_ADHAAR_NO NUMBER(12) CONSTRAINT NN REC AADHAR NOT NULL,

IS_VERIFIED BOOLEAN CONSTRAINT NN_VERIFIED NOT NULL, CONSTRAINT PK_CHEQUENO_VER PRIMARY KEY(CHEQUE_NO));

CREATE TABLE PENDING_CREDIT_BILL (

CREDIT_CARD_NO NUMBER(16) CONSTRAINT

PK_CREDIT_CARD_NO_BILL PRIMARY KEY,

BILL_AMT NUMBER(20, 2) CONSTRAINT CK_BILL_AMT

CHECK(BILL_AMT >= 0),

INTEREST_AMT NUMBER(20, 2) CONSTRAINT CK_INT_AMT

CHECK(INTEREST_AMT >= 0),

CONSTRAINT FK_CREDIT_CARD_NO_BILL FOREIGN

KEY(CREDIT_CARD_NO) REFERENCES CREDIT(CREDIT_CARD_NO));

33

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CREATE TABLE LOCKER_SIZE (

SIZE_ID NUMBER(2) CONSTRAINT PK_SIZEID PRIMARY KEY,
SIZE VARCHAR2(3) CONSTRAINT NN_SIZE_LSIZE NOT NULL,
CHARGE NUMBER(4, 2) CONSTRAINT CK_CHG_LSIZE
CHECK(CHARGE >= 0),
CAPACITY NUMBER(7, 2) CONSTRAINT CK_CAP_LSIZE
CHECK(CAPACITY >= 0));

• CREATE TABLE MAIN LOCKER (

IFSC_CODE VARCHAR2(8) CONSTRAINT FK_IFSC_MLOC REFERENCES BRANCH(IFSC_CODE),

LOCKER_NO NUMBER(3),

IS_OCCUPIED VARCHAR2(1) CONSTRAINT NN_ISOCC_MLOC NOT NULL,

SIZE_ID NUMBER(2) CONSTRAINT FK_SIZEID_MLOC REFERENCES LOCKER_SIZE(SIZE_ID),

CONSTRAINT PK_IFSC_LNO_MLOC PRIMARY KEY(IFSC_CODE, LOCKER_NO));

CREATE TABLE LOCKER (

IFSC CODE VARCHAR2(8),

LOCKER_NO NUMBER(3),

OPENING DT DATE,

ACCNO NUMBER(16) CONSTRAINT FK_ACCNO_LOC REFERENCES ACCOUNT(ACNO),

CONSTRAINT FK_IFSC_LNO_LOC FOREIGN KEY(IFSC_CODE,

LOCKER_NO) REFERENCES MAIN_LOCKER(IFSC_CODE,

LOCKER_NO),

CONSTRAINT PK_LOCKER PRIMARY KEY(IFSC_CODE, LOCKER_NO));

CREATE TABLE OPERATOR (

O_ID NUMBER(11) CONSTRAINT PK_OID_OPR PRIMARY KEY,
O_NAME VARCHAR2(100) CONSTRAINT NN_ONAME NOT NULL,
ADDR VARCHAR2(150) CONSTRAINT NN_OADDR NOT NULL,
O PHN NUMBER(10) CONSTRAINT NN_OPHN NOT NULL,



O_MAIL VARCHAR2(100) CONSTRAINT NN_OMAIL NOT NULL,
O_ADHAAR NUMBER(14) CONSTRAINT UK_OADHAAR UNIQUE,
O_PAN VARCHAR2(10) CONSTRAINT UK_OPAN UNIQUE);

• CREATE TABLE LOC_OPR (

O_ID NUMBER(11) CONSTRAINT FK_OID_LOCOPR REFERENCES OPERATOR(O_ID),

IFSC_CODE VARCHAR2(8),

LOCKER_NO NUMBER(3),

CONSTRAINT FK_IFSC_LNO_LOCOPR FOREIGN KEY(IFSC_CODE, LOCKER_NO) REFERENCES LOCKER(IFSC_CODE, LOCKER_NO), CONSTRAINT PK_OID_IFSC_LNO_LOCOPR PRIMARY KEY(O_ID, IFSC_CODE, LOCKER_NO));

CREATE TABLE LOCKER_VISIT (

VISIT_ID NUMBER(10) CONSTRAINT PK_VID PRIMARY KEY, ENTRY_DT DATE,

EXIT DT DATE,

EMP_VISITED NUMBER(11) CONSTRAINT FK_EMPNO_LOCV
REFERENCES EMPLOYEE(EMPNO));

• CREATE TABLE OPR VISITS LOC (

O ID NUMBER(11),

IFSC CODE VARCHAR2(8),

LOCKER NO NUMBER(3),

V_ID NUMBER(10) CONSTRAINT FK_VID_OPRVLOC REFERENCES LOCKER_VISIT(V_ID),

CONSTRAINT FK_OID_IFSC_LNO_OPRVLOC FOREIGN KEY(O_ID, IFSC_CODE, LOCKER_NO) REFERENCES LOC_OPR(O_ID, IFSC_CODE, LOCKER_NO),

CONSTRAINT PK_OPRVLOC PRIMARY KEY(O_ID, IFSC_CODE, LOCKER_NO, V_ID));

• CREATE TABLE LOCKER_WAITING (

WAITING_ID NUMBER(10) CONSTRAINT PK_LOCWAIT PRIMARY KEY, APPLIED DT DATE,

ACCNO NUMBER(16) CONSTRAINT FK_ACCNO_LOCWAIT REFERENCES ACCOUNT(ACCNO),

SIZE_ID NUMBER(2) CONSTRAINT FK_SIZEID_LOCWAIT REFERENCES LOCKER_SIZE(SIZE_ID),

REQUIRED_IFSC VARCHAR2(8) CONSTRAINT FK_IFSC_LOCWAIT REFERENCES BRANCH(IFSC_CODE));

CREATE TABLE PENDINGMAINTENANCE(

ACC_NO NUMBER(16) CONSTRAINT FK_PM_ACCNO REFERENCES ACCOUNT,

ACC_TYPE VARCHAR2(10),

ISS DT DATE,

CONSTRAINT PK PM ACCNO PRIMARY KEY(ACC NO));





1) A PROCEDURE TO GENERATE IFSC CODE FOR BRANCH (4 DIGIT – BANK NAME||4 DIGIT – BRANCH NO)

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE GENERATE_IFSC(IFSC_CODE OUT VARCHAR2)
IS
 BANK_NAME VARCHAR2(4):='BANK';
 BRANCHNO VARCHAR2(4);
 TEMP NUMBER(4);
BEGIN
 SELECT COUNT(*) INTO TEMP FROM BRANCH;
 TEMP:=TEMP+1;
 BRANCHNO:=TO_CHAR(TEMP,'FM0000');
 IFSC_CODE:=BANK_NAME || BRANCHNO;
END;
2) PROCEDURE TO GENERATE ACC NO. (4 DIGIT - BANK ID || 4 DIGIT BRANCH NO || 4 DIGIT
(MMYY) | 4 DIGIT - NUMBER OF ACCOUNT IN CURRENT MONTH)
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE GENERATE_ACCNO
(BRANCHNO IN VARCHAR2, ACCNO OUT NUMBER)
IS
BANK_ID NUMBER(4) := 1111;
ACC_IN_MONTH NUMBER(4);
TEMP_ACCNO VARCHAR2(16);
TEMP VARCHAR2(4);
BEGIN
TEMP := TO_CHAR(BANK_ID);
TEMP_ACCNO := TEMP || BRANCHNO;
TEMP := TO_CHAR(SYSDATE,'MMYY');
TEMP_ACCNO := TEMP_ACCNO || TEMP;
SELECT COUNT(*) INTO ACC_IN_MONTH FROM ACCOUNT WHERE
TO_CHAR(OPENING_DT,'MMYY') = TO_CHAR(SYSDATE,'MMYY');
ACC_IN_MONTH := C+1;
TEMP := TO_CHAR(ACC_IN_MONTH, 'FM0000');
TEMP_ACCNO := TEMP_ACCNO || TEMP;
ACCNO := TO_NUMBER(TEMP_ACCNO);
END;
```



3) EVERYTIME THIS PROCEDURE IS CALLED IT WILL CALCULATE INTEREST OF SAVING **ACCOUNT**

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE UPDATEINTEREST
IS
CURSOR C IS SELECT * FROM ACCOUNT WHERE ACC_TYPE LIKE '%SAVING%';
S IR SAVING.REGULAR INTEREST RATE%TYPE;
S_SIR SAVING.SENIOR_CITIZEN_INTEREST_RATE%TYPE;
BEGIN
SELECT REGULAR_INTEREST_RATE, SENIOR_CITIZEN_INTEREST_RATE INTO S_IR, S_SIR
FROM SAVING;
FOR R IN C
LOOP
IF(R.ACC_TYPE LIKE '%SAVING%') THEN
IF(ISSENIOR(R.MAJOR_CID)) THEN
R.TEMP_INTEREST := (R.BALANCE + R.TEMP_INTEREST)*(S_SIR/100);
ELSE
R.TEMP_INTEREST := (R.BALANCE + R.TEMP_INTEREST)*(S_IR/(100));
END IF;
END IF:
UPDATE ACCOUNT SET TEMP INTEREST = R.TEMP INTEREST WHERE ACC NO =
R.ACC_NO;
COMMIT;
END LOOP;
EXCEPTION
WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('NO DATA FOUND');
END UPDATEINTEREST;
SCHEDULE:-
BEGIN
DBMS_SCHEDULER.CREATE_JOB (
JOB_NAME => 'DAILY_SCHEDULE_JOB_1',
JOB_TYPE => 'PLSQL_BLOCK',
JOB_ACTION => 'BEGIN CALCPENALTY(); END;',
START_DATE => SYSTIMESTAMP,
REPEAT_INTERVAL => 'FREQ=DAILY; BYHOUR=0; BYMINUTE=10; BYSECOND=0'
END DATE => NULL,
ENABLED => TRUE,
COMMENTS => 'CALCULATES PENALTY AND UPDATES PENALTY OF ACCOUNT HOLDER');
END;
```

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4) SCHEDULED PROCEDURE: EVERYTIME THIS PROCEDURE IS CALLED IT WILL CALCULATE PENALTY FOR ACCOUNT

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE CALCPENALTY
IS

CURSOR P IS SELECT * FROM ACCOUNTPENALTY;

PEN SAVING.PENALTY%TYPE;

M SAVING.MIN_BAL%TYPE;

T ACCOUNT.ACC_TYPE%TYPE;

B ACCOUNT.BALANCE%TYPE;

BEGIN

FOR R IN P

LOOP

SELECT BALANCE,ACC_TYPE INTO B,T FROM ACCOUNT WHERE ACC

SELECT BALANCE,ACC_TYPE INTO B,T FROM ACCOUNT WHERE ACC_NO = R.ACC_NO; IF(T LIKE '%SAVING%') THEN

SELECT PENALTY, MIN_BAL INTO PEN, M FROM SAVING;

IF(B<M) THEN

R.CURRENT_PENALTY_AMT := NVL(R.CURRENT_PENALTY_AMT,0) + ((M-B)*(PEN)/100);

ELSIF(B>M+1000) THEN

INSERT INTO TRANSACTION

VALUES(GET_TRANS_ID(),R.ACC_NO,NULL,SYSDATE,'AP',R.CURRENT_PENALTY_AMT,B-R.CURRENT_PENALTY_AMT,NULL,'ACCOUNT PENALTY');

END IF;

ELSIF(T LIKE '%CURRENT%') THEN

SELECT PENALTY, MIN_BAL INTO PEN, M FROM CURRENTACCOUNT;

IF(B<M) THEN

R.CURRENT_PENALTY_AMT := NVL(R.CURRENT_PENALTY_AMT,0) + ((M-B)*(PEN)/100);

ELSIF(B>M+1000) THEN

INSERT INTO TRANSACTION

VALUES(GET_TRAND_ID(),R.ACC_NO,NULL,SYSDATE,'AP',R.CURRENT_PENALTY_AMT,B-R.CURRENT_PENALTY_AMT,NULL,'ACCOUNT PENALTY');

END IF;

END IF;

UPDATE ACCOUNTPENALTY SET CURRENT_PENALTY_AMT =

R.CURRENT_PENALTY_AMT WHERE ACC_NO = R.ACC_NO;

COMMIT:

END LOOP;

END CALCPENALTY:



SCHEDULE:- TO CALCULATE AND UPDATE PENALTY DAILY

```
BEGIN
DBMS_SCHEDULER.CREATE_JOB (
JOB_NAME => 'DAILY_SCHEDULE_JOB_1',
JOB TYPE => 'PLSQL BLOCK',
JOB_ACTION => 'BEGIN CALCPENALTY(); END;',
START DATE => SYSTIMESTAMP,
REPEAT_INTERVAL => 'FREQ=DAILY; BYHOUR=0; BYMINUTE=10; BYSECOND=0'
END DATE => NULL,
ENABLED => TRUE.
COMMENTS => 'CALCULATES PENALTY AND UPDATES PENALTY OF ACCOUNT
HOLDER');
END;
```

5) SCHEDULED PROCEDURE: TO GENERATE THE BILL OF EXPENSES OF A CREDIT CARD **EVERY MONTH AND SET THE EXPENSE AND INTEREST AMOUNT IN THE CREDIT CARD**

```
EQUAL TO O(CALLED ON 1ST DATE OF EVERY MONTH):
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE GENERATECREDITBILL
AS
LAST_TRANS_DT DATE;
R2 CREDIT_DUE%ROWTYPE;
CURSOR C1 IS SELECT * FROM CREDIT:
BEGIN
FOR R1 IN C1
LOOP
IF(R1.EXPENSE = 0) THEN CONTINUE;
END IF:
SELECT MAX(TRANS_DT) INTO LAST_TRANS_DT FROM TRANSACTION
WHERE TRANS_ID IN (
 SELECT TRANS_ID FROM CREDIT_PAY
 WHERE SUBSTR(TRANS_ID, 24, 6) = TO_CHAR(SYSDATE, 'MMYYYY')
 AND SENDER_CC = R1.CREDIT_CARD_NO
);
R1.INTEREST_AMT := R1.INTEREST_AMT + CALCULATECREDITINTEREST(R1.EXPENSE,
ROUND(SYSDATE - LAST_TRANS_DT));
IF(CHECKEXISTANCEINCREDITDUE(R1.CREDIT_CARD_NO)) THEN
SELECT * INTO R2 FROM CREDIT_DUE WHERE CREDIT_CARD_NO =
R1.CREDIT CARD NO;
```

```
R2.FINE_AMT := R2.FINE_AMT + CALCULATECREDITINTEREST(R2.DUE_AMT,
ROUND(SYSDATE - R2.DUE DT));
UPDATE CREDIT_DUE SET DUE_AMT = R2.DUE_AMT + R1.EXPENSE,
FINE AMT = R2.FINE_AMT + R1.INTEREST_AMT,
DUE_DT = SYSDATE,
ISBLOCKED = 'Y'
WHERE CREDIT_CARD_NO = R1.CREDIT_CARD_NO;
ELSE
INSERT INTO PENDING_CREDIT_BILL
VALUES(R1.CREDIT_CARD_NO, R1.EXPENSE, R1.INTEREST_AMT);
END IF:
UPDATE CREDIT SET INTEREST_AMT = 0,
EXPENSE = 0
WHERE CREDIT_CARD_NO = R1.CREDIT_CARD_NO;
END LOOP;
COMMIT;
END GENERATECREDITBILL;
SCHEDULE:- SCHEDULE WHICH RUNS A JOB ON 1ST DATE OF EVERY MONTH AND CALLS
THE PROCEDURE GENERATECREDITBILL(), WHICH GENERATES THE BILLS OF EACH
CREDIT CARD:
BEGIN
DBMS_SCHEDULER.CREATE_JOB (
JOB_NAME => 'MONTHLY_SCHEDULE_JOB_1',
JOB TYPE => 'PLSQL BLOCK',
JOB_ACTION => 'BEGIN GENERATECREDITBILL(); END;',
START DATE => SYSTIMESTAMP,
REPEAT INTERVAL => 'FREQ=MONTHLY; BYMONTHDAY=1'; BYHOUR=0; BYMINUTE=0;
BYSECOND=0'
END DATE => NULL,
ENABLED => TRUE,
COMMENTS => 'JOB TO GENERATE CREDIT CARD BILLS ON 1ST OF EVERY MONTH');
END;
```



6) SCHEDULED PROCEDURE: TO MOVE THE CREDIT CARD RECORDS FROM PENDING CREDIT BILL TABLE TO CREDIT DUE TABLE AFTER THE DUE DATE(PROCEDURE CALLED ON 21ST OF EVERY MONTH):

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE CREDITDUEDATE
AS
CURSOR C1 IS SELECT * FROM PENDING_CREDIT_BILL;
R2 CREDIT_DUE%ROWTYPE;
BEGIN
FOR R1 IN C1
LOOP
R1.INTEREST_AMT := R1.INTEREST_AMT + GENERATEDUEDATEPENALTY(R1.BILL_AMT) +
CALCULATECREDITINTEREST(R1.BILL_AMT, 20);
IF(CHECKEXISTANCEINCREDITDUE(R1.CREDIT_CARD_NO)) THEN
SELECT * INTO R2 FROM CREDIT_DUE
WHERE CREDIT_CARD_NO = R1.CREDIT_CARD_NO;
R2.FINE_AMT := R2.FINE_AMT + CALCULATECREDITINTEREST(R2.DUE_AMT,
ROUND(SYSDATE - R2.DUE DT));
UPDATE CREDIT DUE
SET DUE_AMT = DUE_AMT + R1.BILL_AMT,
FINE_AMT = R2.FINE_AMT + R1.INTEREST_AMT,
DUE DT = SYSDATE,
ISBLOCKED = 'Y'
WHERE CREDIT_CARD_NO = R1.CREDIT_CARD_NO;
ELSE
INSERT INTO CREDIT_DUE
VALUES(R1.CREDIT_CARD_NO, SYSDATE, R1.BILL_AMT, R1.INTEREST_AMT, 'N');
END IF:
DELETE FROM PENDING_CREDIT_BILL
WHERE CREDIT CARD NO = R1.CREDIT CARD NO;
END LOOP;
END CREDITDUEDATE:
```



SCHEDULE:- SCHEDULE WHICH RUNS A JOB ON 21ST OF EVERY MONTH AND CALLS THE PROCEDURE CREDITDUEDATE(), WHICH FINDS THE CREDIT CARDS WHOSE BILLS ARE PENDING EVEN AFTER THE DUE DATE:

```
BEGIN
DBMS_SCHEDULER.CREATE_JOB (
JOB_NAME
            => 'MONTHLY_SCHEDULE_JOB_21',
JOB_TYPE
            => 'PLSQL_BLOCK',
JOB_ACTION => 'BEGIN CREDITDUEDATE(); END;',
START_DATE => SYSTIMESTAMP,
REPEAT_INTERVAL => 'FREQ=MONTHLY; BYMONTHDAY=21'; BYHOUR=0; BYMINUTE=0;
BYSECOND=0.
END_DATE => NULL,
ENABLED => TRUE,
COMMENTS => 'JOB TO INSERT PENDING BILLS TO CREDIT_DUE ON 21ST OF EVERY
MONTH');
END;
7)PROCEDURE TO UPDATE THE EXPENSE OF A CREDIT CARD AFTER EACH
TRANSACTION PERFORMED THROUGH THAT CREDIT CARD, AND TO DEAL WITH THE
OVERLIMIT EXPENSE CONDITIONS AS WELL:
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE UPDATECREDITONTRANSACTION(CNO NUMBER, AMT
NUMBER)
IS
LAST_TRANS_DT DATE;
R1 CREDIT%ROWTYPE;
BEGIN
SELECT * INTO R1 FROM CREDIT
WHERE CREDIT_CARD_NO = CNO;
SELECT MAX(TRANS DT) INTO LAST TRANS DT FROM TRANSACTION
WHERE TRANS ID IN (
SELECT TRANS ID FROM CREDIT PAY
WHERE SUBSTR(TRANS_ID, 24, 6) = TO_CHAR(SYSDATE, 'MMYYYY')
AND SENDER_CC = R1.CREDIT_CARD_NO
);
R1.INTEREST_AMT := R1.INTEREST_AMT + CALCULATECREDITINTEREST(R1.EXPENSE,
ROUND(SYSDATE - LAST TRANS DT));
```

UPDATE CREDIT

SET EXPENSE = EXPENSE + AMT, INTEREST_AMT = R1.INTEREST_AMT WHERE CREDIT_CARD_NO = CNO; COMMIT;

IF((R1.EXPENSE + AMT) > R1.LIMIT) THEN CREDITDUEAMOUNT(CNO, R1.EXPENSE + AMT, R1.INTEREST_AMT, R1.LIMIT); END IF;

END UPDATECREDITONTRANSACTION:

8) PROCEDURE TO PERFORM THE TASK OF CREDIT CARD BILL PAYMENT

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE CREDITBILLPAYMENT AS CNO CREDIT.CREDIT_CARD_NO%TYPE; R1 CREDIT_DUE%ROWTYPE; R2 PENDING_CREDIT_BILL%ROWTYPE; PAY_AMT CREDIT_DUE.DUE_AMT%TYPE; TRANS_ID TRANSACTION.TRANS_ID%TYPE; ACCNO ACCOUNT.ACC_NO%TYPE;

BAL ACCOUNT.BALANCE%TYPE:

BEGIN

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT('ENTER YOUR CREDIT CARD NUMBER: '); CNO := 1234; TRANS_ID = GET_TR_ID();

IF(CHECKCREDITNUMBERVALIDITY(CNO)) THEN SELECT ACC NO INTO ACCNO FROM CREDIT WHERE CREDIT_CARD_NO = CNO;

SELECT BALANCE INTO BAL FROM ACCOUNT WHERE ACC_NO = ACCNO;

IF(CHECKEXISTANCEINCREDITDUE(CNO)) THEN SELECT * INTO R1 FROM CREDIT_DUE WHERE CREDIT_CARD_NO = CNO;

R1.FINE AMT := R1.FINE AMT +CALCULATECREDITINTEREST(R1.DUE AMT, ROUND(SYSDATE - R1.DUE DT)); PAY_AMT := R1.DUE_AMT + R1.FINE_AMT;

IF(BAL > PAY_AMT) THEN INSERT INTO TRANSACTION VALUES(TRANS_ID, ACCNO, NULL, SYSDATE, PAY_AMT, 'CB', BAL - PAY_AMT, NULL, NULL);

```
DELETE FROM CREDIT_DUE
WHERE CREDIT CARD NO = CNO;
DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('BILL PAID !!!');
ELSE DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('BILL PAYMENT UNSUCCESSFUL ...');
END IF;
ELSE
SELECT * INTO R2 FROM PENDING_CREDIT_BILL
WHERE CREDIT_CARD_NO = CNO;
PAY_AMT := R2.BILL_AMT;
IF(BAL > PAY_AMT) THEN
INSERT INTO TRANSACTION
VALUES(TRANS_ID, ACCNO, NULL, SYSDATE, PAY_AMT, 'CB', BAL - PAY_AMT, NULL,
NULL);
DELETE FROM PENDING CREDIT BILL
WHERE CREDIT_CARD_NO = CNO;
DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('BILL PAID !!!');
ELSE DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('BILL PAYMENT UNSUCCESSFUL ...');
END IF:
END IF;
ELSE
DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('CREDIT CARD NUMBER: ' || CNO || ' DOES NOT EXIST ');
END IF:
COMMIT;
EXCEPTION
WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('CREDIT CARD NUMBER: ' || CNO || ' DOESNOT HAVE ANY
PENDING BILLS ... ');
END;
9) DEDUCTS MAINTENANCE AMMOUNT YEARLY OPENING ACCOUNT
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE DEDUCTMAINTENANCE
IS
A SAVING.MIN BAL%TYPE;
M SAVING.MAINTENANCE_PRICE%TYPE;
CURSOR C IS SELECT ACC NO, ACC TYPE, BALANCE FROM ACCOUNT WHERE
TO_CHAR(SYSDATE,'DD-MM-YYYY') = TO_CHAR(OPENING_DT+365,'DD-MM-YYYY');
BEGIN
FOR R IN C LOOP
IF(R.ACC_TYPE LIKE '%SAVING%') THEN
SELECT MAINTENANCE PRICE, MIN BAL INTO M, A FROM SAVING;
ELSIF(R.ACC_TYPE LIKE '%CURRENT%') THEN
SELECT MAINTENANCE_PRICE, MIN_BAL INTO M, A FROM CURRENTACCOUNT;
ELSIF(R.ACC_TYPE LIKE '%SALARY%) THEN
SELECT MAINTENANCE PRICE INTO M FROM SALARY;
A := 0;
```



```
END IF;
IF(R.BALANCE-M > A) THEN
INSERT INTO TRANSACTION
VALUES(GET_TR_ID(),R.ACC_NO,NULL,SYSDATE,M,'ZZ',R.BALANCE -
M,NULL,'MAINTENANCE');
ELSE
INSERT INTO PENDINGMAINTENANCE VALUES(R.ACC_NO,R.ACC_TYPE,SYSDATE);
COMMIT;
END IF;
END LOOP;
END;
/
```

SCHEDULE:- TO DEDUCT MAINTENANCE CHARGES OF ACCOUNT BY YEARLY AFTER OPENING ACCOUNT (SCHEDULE RUNS DAILY)

```
BEGIN

DBMS_SCHEDULER.CREATE_JOB (

JOB_NAME => 'DAILY_SCHEDULE_JOB_1',

JOB_TYPE => 'PLSQL_BLOCK',

JOB_ACTION => 'BEGIN DEDUCTMAINTENANCE(); END;',

START_DATE => SYSTIMESTAMP,

REPEAT_INTERVAL => 'FREQ=DAILY; BYHOUR=0; BYMINUTE=10; BYSECOND=0'

END_DATE => NULL,

ENABLED => TRUE,

COMMENTS => 'CALCULATES PENALTY AND UPDATES PENALTY OF ACCOUNT

HOLDER');

END;

/
```

10) AS PER THE GIVEN ACCOUNT NO IT GENERATES ACCOUNT TRANSACTION HISTORY FROM FIRST TRANSACTION TO LAST (EARLIER FIRST AND LATEST LAST)

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE PRINT PASSBOOK IS ACCNO ACCOUNT.ACC NO%TYPE; R1 ACCOUNT%ROWTYPE; **BEGIN** DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('ENTER ACCOUNT NO: '||1200); ACCNO:=1200; SELECT * INTO R1 FROM ACCOUNT WHERE ACC NO=ACCNO; CURSOR C1 IS SELECT * FROM TRANSACTION WHERE SENDER_ACC=ACCNO OR RECEIVER ACC=ACCNO ORDER BY ROWID; R2 C1%ROWTYPE; MSG VARCHAR2(100); **BEGIN** FOR R2 IN C1 LOOP IF(R2.SENDER_ACC=ACCNO) THEN IF(R2.RECEIVER_ACC IS NOT NULL) THEN MSG:='SENT '||R2.AMT||' TO '||' ACCOUNT NO '||R2.RECEIVER ACC||' WITH MOTO '||R2.MOTTO||' AT TIME '||TO_CHAR(R2.TRANS_DT,'DD-MM-YYYY HH:MI:SS AM'); **ELSE** MSG:='SELF WITHDRAWAL OF '||R2.AMT||' WITH MOTO '||R2.MOTTO||' AT TIME '||TO_CHAR(R2.TRANS_DT,'DD-MM-YYYY HH:MI:SS AM'); END IF; **ELSE** IF(R2.SENDER_ACC IS NOT NULL) THEN MSG:='RECEIVED '||R2.AMT||' FROM '||' ACCOUNT NO '||R2.SENDER ACC||' WITH MOTO '||R2.MOTTO||' AT TIME '||TO_CHAR(R2.TRANS_DT,'DD-MM-YYYY HH:MI:SS AM'); ELSIF(R2.TYPE='I') THEN MSG:='INTEREST DEPOSITE OF '||R2.AMT||' WITH MOTO '||R2.MOTTO||' AT TIME '||TO_CHAR(R2.TRANS_DT,'DD-MM-YYYY HH:MI:SS AM'); **ELSE** MSG:='SELF DEPOSITE '||R2.AMT||' WITH MOTO '||R2.MOTTO||' AT TIME '||TO_CHAR(R2.TRANS_DT,'DD-MM-YYYY HH:MI:SS AM'); END IF: END IF: DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(MSG); END LOOP; END; END;



11) ASKS USER FOR TRANSACTION METHOD FOR DECIDING TYPE OF TRANSACTION AND **EXECUTE SUCCESSFULL OR UNSUCCESSFULL INSERT QUERY ON TRANSACTION**

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE PERFORM TRANSACTION
 IS
  RES NUMBER(1);
TYPE1 TRANSACTION.TYPE%TYPE;
  BEGIN
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('CHOSE TRANSACTION MEDIUMS ');
 DBMS_OUTPUT.NEW_LINE;
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('1.VIA CREDIT CARD ');
  DBMS OUTPUT.NEW LINE;
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('2.VIA DEBIT CARD ');
  DBMS_OUTPUT.NEW_LINE;
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('3.VIA UPI ');
  DBMS_OUTPUT.NEW_LINE;
  DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('4.SELF PAYMENT (DEPOSITE OR WITHDRAWAL) ');
  DBMS_OUTPUT.NEW_LINE;
  DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('CHOOSE OPTION: '||4);
RES:=4;
CASE RES
  WHEN 1 THEN TYPE1:='C';
  WHEN 2 THEN TYPE1:='DC';
 WHEN 3 THEN TYPE1:='U';
 WHEN 4 THEN TYPE1:='S';
  ELSE DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('ENTER OPTION FROM DESCRIBED OPTIONS');
END CASE;
IF(RES>=1 AND RES<=4) THEN
 INSERT INTO TRANSACTION
VALUES(GET_TR_ID(),NULL,NULL,SYSDATE,NULL,TYPE1,NULL,NULL,NULL);
END IF:
END PERFORM_TRANSACTION;
```

12)IF METHOD OF TRANSACTION IS UPI THEN PROCEDURE ASKS FOR SENDER
UPI,RECEIVER UPI,AMOUNT AND IF UPI IS NOT REGISTERED AGAINST ANY ACCOUNT OR
PIN IS WRONG THEN RETURN APPROPRIATE ERROR STATEMENT TO CALLING BLOCK

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE TRANSACTION VIA UPI(
  S UPI OUT UPI.UPI ID%TYPE,
  R UPI OUT UPI.UPI ID%TYPE,
  S_ACC OUT ACCOUNT.ACC_NO%TYPE,
  R ACC OUT ACCOUNT.ACC NO%TYPE,
  AMT OUT TRANSACTION.AMT%TYPE,
  ERR OUT TRANSACTION.MOTTO%TYPE
)
IS
 PIN UPI.UPI PIN%TYPE;
  TRUE_PIN UPI.UPI_PIN%TYPE;
  BEGIN
    ERR:=NULL;
    DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('ENTER YOUR UPI ID: '||12);
    S_UPI:=12;
    SELECT UPI PIN INTO TRUE PIN FROM UPI WHERE UPI ID=S UPI;
    DBMS OUTPUT_PUT_LINE('ENTER UPI PIN: '||6789||TRUE_PIN);
    PIN:=6789;
IF(PIN=TRUE_PIN)THEN
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('ENTER RECEIVERS UPI ID: '||15);
    R_UPI:=15;
    DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('ENTER AMOUNT: '||1200);
    AMT:=1200;
    SELECT ACC_NO INTO S_ACC FROM UPI WHERE UPI_ID=S_UPI;
    SELECT ACC_NO INTO R_ACC FROM UPI WHERE UPI_ID=R_UPI;
ELSE
    ERR:='PIN OR CVV IS WRONG';
  S_UPI:=NULL;
  R_UPI:=NULL;
  S_ACC:=NULL;
  R_ACC:=NULL;
  AMT:=NULL;
END IF:
EXCEPTION
  WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
  ERR:='NO SENDER OR RECEIVER UPI EXIST';
S_UPI:=NULL;
  R_UPI:=NULL;
  S ACC:=NULL;
```

R ACC:=NULL;

```
AMT:=NULL;
END;
```

13) DEPOSITE MONTHLY INTEREST IN EVERY ACCOUNT IN BANK ACCORDING TO ACCOUNT TYPE AND SENIORITY OF MAIN ACCOUNT HOLDER.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE INTEREST PAY
IS
  CURSOR C1 IS SELECT * FROM ACCOUNT;
  R1 C1%ROWTYPE:
BEGIN
 FOR R1 IN C1 LOOP
 INSERT INTO TRANSACTION VALUES
(GET_TR_ID(),NULL,R1.ACC_NO,SYSDATE,R1.TEMP_INTEREST,'I',NULL,NULL,'IPAY');
END LOOP:
END;
```

14)IN CASE OF SELF DEPOSITE OR SELF WITHDRAWAL ASKS FOR ACCOUNT NO AND AMOUNT SENDS IF ACCOUNT IS REGISTERED IN BANK OTHERWISE APPROPRIATE ERROR STATEMENT.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE SELF_TRANSACTION(
S_ACC OUT ACCOUNT.ACC_NO%TYPE,
R_ACC OUT ACCOUNT.ACC_NO%TYPE,
AMT OUT TRANSACTION.AMT%TYPE,
TYPE OUT UPI.UPI PIN%TYPE,
ERR OUT TRANSACTION.MOTTO%TYPE
)
IS
 R1 ACCOUNT%ROWTYPE;
BEGIN
 ERR:=NULL:
 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('1.WITHDRAWAL 2.DEPOSITE: '||2);
TYPE:=2;
 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('ENTER AMOUNT: '||1200);
 AMT:=1200;
 DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('ENTER YOUR ACCOUNT NO: '||1200);
IF TYPE=1 THEN
 S ACC:=1200;
```

```
50
SELECT * INTO R1 FROM ACCOUNT WHERE ACC_NO=S_ACC;
R_ACC:=NULL;
ELSE
R ACC:=1200;
SELECT * INTO R1 FROM ACCOUNT WHERE ACC_NO=R_ACC;
S ACC:=NULL;
END IF;
EXCEPTION
WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
ERR:='NO SENDER ACCOUNT EXIST';
S_ACC:=NULL;
R_ACC:=NULL;
AMT:=NULL;
TYPE:=NULL;
END;
15)IF METHOD OF TRANSACTION IS CREDIT CARD THEN PROCEDURE ASKS FOR SENDER
CREDIT CARD NO, RECEIVER ACCOUNT, AMOUNT AND IF CREDIT CARD OR RECEIVER
ACCOUNT IS NOT REGISTERED AGAINST ANY ACCOUNT OR PIN(AND CVV) IS WRONG
OR CREDIT CARD IS BLOCKED THEN RETURN APPROPRIATE ERROR STATEMENT TO
CALLING BLOCK
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE TRANSACTION_VIA_CC(
```

```
S_CC OUT UPI.UPI_ID%TYPE,
 S_ACC OUT ACCOUNT.ACC_NO%TYPE,
 R_ACC OUT ACCOUNT.ACC_NO%TYPE,
  AMT OUT TRANSACTION.AMT%TYPE.
  ERR OUT TRANSACTION.MOTTO%TYPE
IS
PIN CREDIT.PIN%TYPE;
TRUE_PIN CREDIT.PIN%TYPE;
CVV CREDIT.CVV_NO%TYPE;
TRUE_CVV CREDIT.CVV_NO%TYPE;
ISB CREDITDUE.ISBLOCKED%TYPE;
TEMP NUMBER(2);
R1 ACCOUNT%ROWTYPE;
BEGIN
```

```
PROCEDURES
ERR:=NULL:
DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('ENTER YOUR CREDIT CARD NO: '||11);
S_CC:=11;
ISB:=NULL:
SELECT COUNT(*) INTO TEMP FROM CREDITDUE WHERE CREDIT_CARD_NO=S_CC;
IF(TEMP!=0) THEN
SELECT ISBLOCKED INTO ISB FROM CREDITDUE WHERE CREDIT CARD NO=S CC;
END IF:
IF(ISB IS NULL OR ISB='N') THEN
  DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('ENTER AMOUNT: '||10);
  AMT:=10;
  SELECT PIN INTO TRUE PIN FROM CREDIT WHERE CREDIT CARD NO=S CC;
  SELECT CVV_NO INTO TRUE_CVV FROM CREDIT WHERE CREDIT_CARD_NO=S_CC;
  DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('ENTER PIN: '||2009);
  PIN:=2009:
  DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('ENTER CVV NO: '||2341);
 IF(PIN=TRUE_PIN AND CVV=TRUE_CVV)THEN
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('ENTER RECEIVERS ACC NO: '||1201);
 R_ACC:=1201;
  SELECT * INTO R1 FROM ACCOUNT WHERE ACC NO=R ACC:
  SELECT ACC_NO INTO S_ACC FROM CREDIT WHERE CREDIT_CARD_NO=S_CC;
ELSE
ERR:='WRONG CVV OR PIN';
S_CC:=NULL;
S_ACC:=NULL;
R_ACC:=NULL;
AMT:=NULL;
END IF;
ELSE
ERR:='YOUR CREDIT CARD IS BLOCKED'||TEMP;
S CC:=NULL;
S_ACC:=NULL;
R_ACC:=NULL;
AMT:=NULL;
END IF:
EXCEPTION
```

WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN

S CC:=NULL; S_ACC:=NULL; R_ACC:=NULL; AMT:=NULL:

ERR:='NO SENDER CREDIT CARD OR RECEIVER ACCOUNT EXIST';

STATEMENT TO CALLING BLOCK

```
$
```

END;

```
16) IF METHOD OF TRANSACTION IS DEBIT CARD THEN PROCEDURE ASKS FOR SENDER DEBIT CARD NO, RECEIVER ACCOUNT, AMOUNT AND IF DEBIT CARD OR RECEIVER ACCOUNT IS NOT REGISTERED AGAINST ANY ACCOUNT OR PIN(AND CVV) IS WRONG OR AMOUNT EXCEEDS LIMIT OF DEBIT CARD THEN RETURN APPROPRIATE ERROR
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE TRANSACTION_VIA_DC(
S ACC OUT ACCOUNT.ACC NO%TYPE,
R_ACC OUT ACCOUNT.ACC_NO%TYPE,
AMT OUT TRANSACTION.AMT%TYPE,
ERR OUT TRANSACTION.MOTTO%TYPE
)
IS
PIN DEBIT.PIN%TYPE;
TRUE_PIN DEBIT.PIN%TYPE;
CVV DEBIT.CVV_NO%TYPE;
TRUE_CVV DEBIT.CVV_NO%TYPE;
LIM DEBIT.SET_LIMIT%TYPE;
S_DC DEBIT.DEBIT_CARD_NO%TYPE;
R1 ACCOUNT%ROWTYPE:
BEGIN
ERR:=NULL;
DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('ENTER YOUR DEBIT CARD NO: '||13);
S_DC:=13;
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('ENTER AMOUNT : ');
AMT:=90;
SELECT SET_LIMIT INTO LIM FROM DEBIT WHERE DEBIT_CARD_NO=S_DC;
IF(AMT<LIM) THEN
SELECT CVV_NO INTO TRUE_CVV FROM DEBIT WHERE DEBIT_CARD_NO=S_DC;
SELECT PIN INTO TRUE_PIN FROM DEBIT WHERE DEBIT_CARD_NO=S_DC;
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('ENTER PIN:');
PIN:=1009;
DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('ENTER CVV NO : ');
CVV:=3341:
```

```
IF(PIN=TRUE_PIN AND CVV=TRUE_CVV)THEN
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('ENTER RECEIVERS ACC NO:');
R ACC:=1201;
SELECT * INTO R1 FROM ACCOUNT WHERE ACC_NO=R_ACC;
SELECT ACC_NO INTO S_ACC FROM DEBIT WHERE DEBIT_CARD_NO=S_DC;
ELSE
ERR:='WRONG CVV OR PIN';
S_ACC:=NULL;
R_ACC:=NULL;
AMT:=NULL;
END IF;
ELSE
ERR:='CANT OVERHEAD TRANSACTION AMOUNT DECIDED AS: '||LIM;
S_ACC:=NULL;
R_ACC:=NULL;
AMT:=NULL;
END IF;
EXCEPTION
WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
ERR:='NO SENDER DEBIT CARD OR RECEIVER ACCOUNT EXIST';
S_ACC:=NULL;
R_ACC:=NULL;
AMT:=NULL;
END;
```

17) SCHEDULED PROCEDURE: TO ADD INTEREST IN CURRENT AMT IN FD AT MATURITY_INTERVAL_DT.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE FD INTEREST PCK
AS
PROCEDURE FD_INTEREST_PROC();
END FD INTEREST PCK;
CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE BODY FD_INTEREST_PCK
AS
PROCEDURE FD INTEREST PROC()
AS
CURSOR C1 IS SELECT * FROM FD;
INTERVAL C1.MT_INTERVAL%TYPE;
NEXT_MATURITY_DT DATE;
BEGIN
FOR R1 IN C1
LOOP
SELECT MT_INTERVAL INTO INTERVAL FROM FD WHERE
R1.FD ID=FD ID;
IF R1.PREV_MT_DT=NULL THEN
SELECT ADDDATE(MONTH,INTERVAL,R1.DEPOSITION_DT) INTO NEXT_MATURITY_DT;
ELSE
SELECT ADDDATE(MONTH,INTERVAL,R1.PREV_MT_DT) INTO NEXT_MATURITY_DT;
END IF;
IF TO_DATE(NEXT_MATURITY_DATE,'DD-MM-YY') =
TO_DATE(SYSDATE,'DD-MM-YY') THEN
R1.CURR_AMT := R1.CURR_AMT + (R1.CURRENT_AMT *
R1.INTEREST_RT)/100;
UPDATE FD SET CURR_AMT = R1.CURR_AMT, PREV_MT_DT=SYSDATE WHERE
R1.FD_ID=FD_ID;
END IF:
END LOOP;
COMMIT:
EXCEPTION
WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('FD DOES NOT EXIST');
```

```
END FD_INTEREST_PROC;
END FD_INTEREST_PCK;
SCHEDULE: -
BEGIN
DBMS_SCHEDULER.CREATE_JOB (
JOB NAME => 'FD INTEREST SCHEDULER',
JOB_TYPE => 'STORED_PROCEDURE',
JOB_ACTION => 'FD_INTEREST_PCK.FD_INTEREST_PROC',
START DATE => SYSTIMESTAMP,
REPEAT_INTERVAL => 'FREQ=DAILY; INTERVAL=1',
ENABLED => TRUE);
END;
18) SCHEDULED PROCEDURE: TO CUT EMI OF LOAN MONTHLY.
CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE LOAN_EMI_PCK
AS
 PROCEDURE LOAN_EMI_PROC()
END LOAN_EMI_PROC;
CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE BODY LOAN_EMI_PCK
AS
 PROCEDURE LOAN_EMI_PROC()
 AS
   CURSOR C1 IS SELECT * FROM LOAN;
   CHECK_DT DATE;
   T_ID NUMBER(30);
BEGIN
   FOR R1 IN C1
   LOOP
     SELECT ISSUE_DT INTO CHECK_DT FROM LOAN WHERE L_ID=R1.L_ID;
     WHILE TO_CHAR(CHECK_DT,'DD-MM-YYYY')
           <= TO_CHAR(SYSDATE,'DD-MM-YYYY)
     LOOP
     SELECT ADDDATE(MONTHS,1,CHECK_DT) INTO CHECK_DT;
     IF TO_CHAR(SYSDATE,'DD-MM-YYYY') =
     TO_CHAR(CHECK_DT,'DD-MM-YYYY') THEN
     INSERT INTO PENDING_EMI VALUES(R1.EMI, SYSDATE, R1.L_ID);
```

```
T_ID := GET_TR_ID();
INSERT INTO TRANSACTION VALUES(T_ID,R1.ACCNO,NULL,SYSDATE,
R1.EMI,ET,NULL,NULL,R1.L_ID);
END IF;
END LOOP;
END LOOP;
COMMIT;
END LOAN_EMI_PROC;
END LOAN_EMI_PCK;
SCHEDULE:-
BEGIN
DBMS_SCHEDULER.CREATE_JOB (
JOB_NAME => 'LOAN EMI SCHEDULER',
JOB_TYPE => 'STORED_PROCEDURE',
JOB_ACTION => 'LOAN_EMI_PCK.LOAN_EMI_PROC',
START_DATE => SYSTIMESTAMP,
REPEAT_INTERVAL => 'FREQ=DAILY; INTERVAL=1',
ENABLED => TRUE);
END;
19) SCHEDULED PROCEDURE ON PENDINGCHEQUE.
  ASSUMPTION :- CREDITORS ACCOUNT AND DEPOSITORS ACCOUNT BELONG TO
             SAME BANK.
CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE PENDING_CHEQUE_PCK
AS
  PROCEDURE PENDING_CHEQUE_PROC();
END PENDING_CHEQUE_PCK;
/
CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE BODY PENDING_CHEQUE_PCK
AS
  PROCEDURE PENDING_CHEQUE_PROC()
  AS
    CURSOR C1 IS SELECT * FROM PENDING_CHEQUE;
    ISSUE_DT DATE;
    REC_ADHAAR_NO NUMBER(12);
    SENDER ACCNO NUMBER(16);
```

```
EMPNO NUMBER(4);
SEN_BALANCE NUMBER(9,2);
TYPE VARCHAR2(2);
TRANS_ID NUMBER(30);
BEGIN
FOR R1 IN C1
LOOP
SELECT R1.ISSUE_DT INTO ISSUE_DT FROM PENDING_CHEQUE WHERE
CHEQUE_NO = R1.CHEQUE_NO;
IF TO_CHAR(ISSUE_DT+1,'DD-MM-YYYY)=TO_CHAR(SYSDATE,'DD-MM-YYYY)
THEN
IF R1.CHEQUE_TYPE=ORDER_CHECK_VERIFICATION THEN
SELECT ADHAAR_NO INTO REC_ADHAAR_NO FROM ACCOUNT WHERE
R1.ACCNO=ACCNO:
TRANS_ID:=GET_TR_ID();
EMPNO := &EMPNO;
INSERT INTO ORDER_CHECK_VERIFICATION VALUES
(R1.CHEQUE_NO, TRANS_ID, EMPNO, REC_ADHAAR_NO,'N');
SELECT ACCNO INTO SENDER_ACCNO FROM CHEQUE_BOOK WHERE
R1.CHEQUE NO >= START NUM AND R1.CHEQUE NO <= END NUM;
INSERT INTO TRANSACTION VALUES
(TRANS_ID, SENDER_ACCNO, R1.RECEIVER_ACCNO, SYSDATE, R1.AMT,
'OC', NULL, NULL, R1. CHEQUE NO);
ELSE
IF R1.CHEQUE_TYPE=AC_PAYEE THEN TYPE := 'AC';
ELSE TYPE := 'BC';
END IF;
SELECT ACCNO INTO SENDER_ACCNO FROM CHEQUE_BOOK WHERE
R1.CHEQUE NO >= START NUM AND R1.CHEQUE NO <= END NUM;
TRANS_ID:=GET_TR_ID();
INSERT INTO TRANSACTION VALUES
(TRANS_ID, SENDER_ACCNO, R1.RECEIVER_ACCNO, SYSDATE, R1.AMT,
TYPE, NULL, NULL, R1.CHEQUE NO);
END IF;
END IF;
END LOOP;
```



```
END PENDING_CHEQUE_PROC;
END PENDING_CHEQUE_PCK;
SCHEDULE:-
BEGIN
DBMS_SCHEDULER.CREATE_JOB (
JOB_NAME => 'PENDING CHEQUE SCHEDULER',
JOB_TYPE => 'STORED_PROCEDURE',
JOB_ACTION => 'PENDING_CHEQUE_PCK.PENDING_CHEQUE_PROC',
START_DATE => SYSTIMESTAMP,
REPEAT INTERVAL => 'FREQ=DAILY; INTERVAL=1',
ENABLED => TRUE);
END;
20) A PROCEDURE TO ENTER A RECORD IN THE CREDIT_DUE TABLE IF EXPENSES OF
THE CREDIT CARD EXCEED THE LIMIT OF THAT CREDIT CARD:
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE CREDITDUEAMOUNT(CNO IN NUMBER, AMT IN
NUMBER, INTR IN NUMBER, LIMIT IN NUMBER)
IS
R1 CREDIT_DUE%ROWTYPE;
BEGIN
IF(CHECKEXISTANCEINCREDITDUE(CNO)) THEN
 SELECT * INTO R1 FROM CREDIT_DUE
WHERE CREDIT_CARD_NO = CNO;
R1.FINE_AMT := R1.FINE_AMT + GENERATEDUEAMOUNTPENALTY(AMT - LIMIT) +
CALCULATECREDITINTEREST(R1.DUE AMT, ROUND(SYSDATE - R1.DUE DT));
 UPDATE CREDIT_DUE
 SET DUE_DT = SYSDATE,
 DUE\_AMT = R1.DUE\_AMT + AMT,
 FINE_AMT = R1.FINE_AMT + INTR,
 ISBLOCKED = 'Y'
 WHERE CREDIT_CARD_NO = CNO;
```

```
$
```

```
ELSE
INSERT INTO CREDIT_DUE

VALUES(CNO, SYSDATE, AMT, GENERATEDUEAMOUNTPENALTY(AMT - LIMIT), 'N');
END IF;

UPDATE CREDIT

SET EXPENSE = 0,
INTEREST_AMT = 0

WHERE CREDIT_CARD_NO = CNO;
COMMIT;
END CREDITDUEAMOUNT;
```





1) RETURNS TRUE IF AGE IS BELOW 18 ELSE RETURNS FALSE

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION ISMINOR(C CUSTOMER.C_ID%TYPE) RETURN BOOLEAN
IS
D CUSTOMER.DT_BIRTH%TYPE;
BEGIN
SELECT DT_BIRTH INTO D FROM CUSTOMER WHERE C_ID = C;
IF((SYSDATE - D)/365 < 18) THEN
RETURN TRUE;
END IF;
RETURN FALSE;
EXCEPTION
 WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('NO DATA FOUND');
END ISMINOR;
2) RETURNS TRUE IF A CUSTOMER IS SENIOR CITIZEN (ABOVE 60 YEARS AGE) OTHERWISE
RETURNS FALSE.
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION ISSENIOR(C CUSTOMER.C_ID%TYPE) RETURN BOOLEAN
IS
  D CUSTOMER.DT_BIRTH%TYPE;
BEGIN
  SELECT DT_BIRTH INTO D FROM CUSTOMER WHERE C_ID = C;
  IF((SYSDATE - D)/365 >= 60) THEN
  RETURN TRUE;
  END IF;
  RETURN FALSE;
EXCEPTION
WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('NO DATA FOUND');
END ISSENIOR;
```

3)GENERATES TRANSACTION ID IN PATTERN : DATE ON WHICH TRANSACTION PERFORMED(DDMMYYYY) + NO OF SUCCESSFULL TRANSACTION ON THAT DAY.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION GET TR ID
 RETURN NUMBER
IS
TEMPTID VARCHAR2(38);
NOTD NUMBER(30);
TODAY DATE USEFULL.DATE1%TYPE;
BEGIN
SELECT DATE1 INTO TODAY_DATE FROM USEFULL WHERE DID=1;
IF(TO_DATE(SYSDATE,'DD-MM-YYYY')-TODAY_DATE>0) THEN
 UPDATE USEFULL SET DATE1=TO_DATE(SYSDATE,'DD-MM-YYYY') WHERE DID=1;
 UPDATE USEFULL SET RELATT=0 WHERE DID=1;
 TODAY_DATE:=TO_DATE(SYSDATE,'DD-MM-YYYY');
END IF:
SELECT RELATT INTO NOTD FROM USEFULL WHERE DID=1;
NOTD:=NOTD+1;
 TEMPTID:=TO_CHAR(TODAY_DATE,'DDMMYYYY')||NOTD;
END IF:
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(TEMPTID);
END;
4) FUNCTION TO CALCULATE THE PENALTY FOR THE OVERLIMIT EXPENSES OF A
CREDIT CARD:
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION GENERATEDUEAMOUNTPENALTY(
ABOVELIMIT IN NUMBER
RETURN NUMBER
IS
OVERLIMITINTEREST CONSTANT NUMBER(2, 1) := 2.5;
MINIMUM CONSTANT NUMBER(3) := 600;
FINE NUMBER(20, 2);
BEGIN
FINE := (ABOVELIMIT * OVERLIMITINTEREST) / 100;
```

```
IF(FINE < MINIMUM) THEN FINE := MINIMUM;
END IF;
RETURN FINE;
END GENERATEDUEAMOUNTPENALTY;
5) FUNCTION TO CALCULATE THE PENALTY FOR A CREDIT CARD BILL, WHICH HAS NOT
BEEN PAID BEFORE THE DUE DATE:
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION GENERATEDUEDATEPENALTY(AMT IN NUMBER)
RETURN NUMBER
IS
BEGIN
CASE
WHEN(AMT <= 500) THEN RETURN 0;
WHEN(AMT <= 1000) THEN RETURN 400;
 WHEN(AMT <= 10000) THEN RETURN 750;
 WHEN(AMT <= 25000) THEN RETURN 950;
 WHEN(AMT <= 50000) THEN RETURN 1100;
 ELSE RETURN 1300;
END CASE;
END GENERATEDUEDATEPENALTY:
6) FUNCTION TO CHECK IF A CREDIT CARD NUMBER PROVIDED BY THE USER IS VALID
OR NOT:
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION CHECKCREDITNUMBERVALIDITY(CNO IN NUMBER)
RETURN BOOLEAN
IS
  TEMP CREDIT.CREDIT_CARD_NO%TYPE;
SELECT CREDIT_CARD_NO INTO TEMP FROM CREDIT
WHERE CREDIT_CARD_NO = CNO;
RETURN TRUE;
EXCEPTION
WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
RETURN FALSE:
END CHECKCREDITNUMBERVALIDITY;
```

7)FUNCTION TO CHECK WHETHER A CREDIT CARD IS DUE OR NOT(EITHER BY AMOUNT OR BY DATE) :

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION CHECKEXISTANCEINCREDITDUE(CNO IN NUMBER) RETURN BOOLEAN

IS

TEMP CREDIT.CREDIT CARD NO%TYPE;

BEGIN

SELECT CREDIT_CARD_NO INTO TEMP FROM CREDIT_DUE

WHERE CREDIT_CARD_NO = CNO;

RETURN TRUE;

EXCEPTION

WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN RETURN FALSE;

END CHECKEXISTANCEINCREDITDUE;

/

8)FUNCTION TO CALCULATE THE INTEREST ON THE EXPENSE OF A CREDIT CARD FOR A GIVEN NUMBER OF DAYS :

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION CALCULATECREDITINTEREST(AMT IN NUMBER, DURATION IN NUMBER)

RETURN NUMBER

IS

MPR CONSTANT NUMBER(2, 1) := 3.5;

BEGIN

RETURN ((DURATION * AMT * MPR * 12) / 36500);

END CALCULATECREDITINTEREST:

/



1) IT CHECKS WHETHER MAJOR ACCOUNT HOLDER IS ADULT(ABOVE AGE 18) OR NOT.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER CHECKFORMINOR

BEFORE INSERT ON ACCOUNT

FOR EACH ROW

BEGIN

IF(ISMINOR(:NEW.MAJOR_CID)) THEN

RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001,'MAJOR ACCOUNT HOLDER CANNOT BE MINOR');

END IF;

END CHECKFORMINOR;
```

2)IT CHECKS WHETHER OPENING ACCOUNT BALANCE IS ABOVE THE REQUIREMENTS.

CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER INITIALBALANCE BEFORE INSERT ON ACCOUNT FOR EACH ROW DECLARE

MINBAL NUMBER;

BEGIN

IF(:NEW.ACC_TYPE LIKE '%SAVING%') THEN SELECT MINIMUM_BAL INTO MINBAL FROM SAVING;

IF(:NEW.BALANCE < MINBAL) THEN

RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20000, 'OPENING BALANCE MUST BE GREATER OR EQUAL TO '||MINBAL);

END IF;

ELSIF(:NEW.ACC_TYPE LIKE '%CURRENT%') THEN
SELECT MINIMUM_BAL INTO MINBAL FROM CURRENTACCOUNT;

IF(:NEW.BALANCE < MINBAL) THEN

RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20000, 'OPENING BALANCE MUST BE GREATER OR EQUAL TO '||MINBAL);

END IF;

END IF;

```
$
```

```
EXCEPTION
WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('NO DATA FOUND.');
END INITIALBALANCE;
/
```

3)EVERY TIME AFTER TRANSACTION IT CHECKS IF THE ACCOUNT BALANCE IS ABOVE MINIMUM REQUIRED BALANCE IF NOT THEN INSERTS THE VALUE IN ACCOUNT PENALTY

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER CHECKFORMINBAL
AFTER UPDATE ON ACCOUNT
FOR EACH ROW
DECLARE
MBAL NUMBER;
BEGIN
IF(:NEW.ACC_TYPE LIKE '%SAVING%') THEN
SELECT MIN_BAL INTO MBAL FROM SAVING;
IF(:NEW.BALALNCE < MBAL) THEN
 INSERT INTO ACCOUNTPENALTY VALUES(:NEW.ACC_NO,SYSDATE,0);
END IF:
ELSIF(:NEW.ACC_TYPE LIKE '%CURRENT%') THEN
 SELECT MIN_BAL INTO MBAL FROM CURRENTACCOUNT;
 IF(:NEW.BALALNCE < MBAL) THEN
 INSERT INTO ACCOUNTPENALTY VALUES(:NEW.ACC_NO,SYSDATE,0);`
END IF;
END IF;
EXCEPTION
 WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
  DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('NO DATA FOUND.');
END CHECKFORMINBAL;
```

4)TRIGGER TO CHECK PENALTY OF FD.

CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER FD_PENALTY
BEFORE DELETE ON FD
FOR EACH ROW
DECLARE
NO_OF_INTERVALS NUMBER(2);

```
NEW_INT_RT NUMBER(4,2);
BEGIN
IF TO_CHAR(SYSDATE,'DD-MM-YY') < TO_CHAR(DUE_DT,'DD-MM-YY') THEN
:OLD.INTEREST := :OLD.INTEREST - PENALTY;
NO_OF_INTERVALS := ROUND(MONTHS_BETWEEN(:OLD.PREV_MT_DT,
:OLD.DEPOSITION DT))/:OLD.MT INTERVAL;
:OLD.CURR_AMT := :OLD.INIT_AMT;
FOR I IN REVERSE 1..NO_OF_INTERVALS
LOOP
:OLD.CURR_AMT := :OLD.CURR_AMT +
(:OLD.INTEREST * :OLD.CURR_AMT)/100;
END LOOP;
END IF;
END FD_PENALTY;
5)TRIGGER BEFORE CHEQUEBOOK TO SUBTRACT CHEQUEBOOK PRICE FROM BALANCE.
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER CHEQUEBOOKCOST
BEFORE INSERT ON CHEQUEBOOK
FOR EACH ROW
DECLARE
  ACCNO NUMBER(16);
 TRANS_ID NUMBER(30);
 NEW_BALANCE NUMBER(9,2);
 COST NUMBER(5,2) := 100;
BEGIN
  ACCNO := :NEW.ACCNO;
  SELECT BALANCE INTO NEW_BALANCE FROM ACCOUNT WHERE
  ACC NO = :NEW.ACCNO;
  TRANS_ID := GET_TR_ID();
  INSERT INTO TRANSACTION VALUES (TRANS_ID, ACCNO, NULL, SYSDATE,
   COST, CT, NEW_BALANCE, NULL);
END CHEQUEBOOKCOST:
```

6)BEFORE INSERT ON TRANSACTION: CALLS NECESSARY PROCEDURES ACCORDING TO METHOD OF TRANSACTION AND IF SENDER HAS OPTIMUM BALANCE IN ACCOUNT THEN ONLY TRANSACTION IS VALIDATED OTHERWISE RAISES APPROPRIATE ERROR.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER TI BEFORE INSERT ON TRANSACTION
  FOR EACH ROW
DECLARE
  SID UPI.UPI_ID%TYPE;
 RID UPI.UPI ID%TYPE;
 SBAL ACCOUNT.BALANCE%TYPE;
 RBAL ACCOUNT.BALANCE%TYPE;
 ERR TRANSACTION.MOTTO%TYPE:
 DAMT CREDITDUE.DUE_AMT%TYPE;
BEGIN
CASE: NEW. TYPE
WHEN 'U' THEN
TRANSACTION_VIA_UPI(SID,RID,:NEW.SENDER_ACC,:NEW.RECEIVER_ACC,:NEW.AMT,ER
R);
IF (:NEW.SENDER_ACC=:NEW.RECEIVER_ACC) THEN
      RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001,ERR);
ELSIF(NVL(:NEW.AMT,0)=0)
  THEN
    RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001,ERR);
ELSE
:NEW.MOTTO:='C2C_UPI';
INSERT INTO UPI_PAY VALUES(:NEW.TRANS_ID,SID,RID);
END IF:
WHEN 'C' THEN
  RID:=NULL;
TRANSACTION_VIA_CC(SID,:NEW.SENDER_ACC,:NEW.RECEIVER_ACC,:NEW.AMT,ERR);
IF(NVL(:NEW.AMT,0)=0 OR :NEW.SENDER_ACC=:NEW.RECEIVER_ACC)
  THEN
    RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001,ERR);
ELSE
```

```
NEW.MOTTO:='C2C CC';
INSERT INTO CREDIT_PAY VALUES(:NEW.TRANS_ID,SID);
END IF;
WHEN 'DC' THEN
RID:=NULL;
SID:=NULL;
TRANSACTION_VIA_DC(:NEW.SENDER_ACC,:NEW.RECEIVER_ACC,:NEW.AMT,ERR);
IF(NVL(:NEW.AMT,0)=0 OR :NEW.SENDER ACC=:NEW.RECEIVER ACC)
THEN
RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001,ERR);
ELSE
:NEW.MOTTO:='C2C_DC';
END IF:
WHEN 'S' THEN
SID:=NULL;
RID:=NULL;
SELF_TRANSACTION(:NEW.SENDER_ACC,:NEW.RECEIVER_ACC,:NEW.AMT,DAMT,ERR);
IF(NVL(:NEW.AMT,0)<=0 )</pre>
THEN
RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001,ERR);
ELSE
:NEW.MOTTO:='B2C_SELF';
IF(DAMT=1)THEN
INSERT INTO SELF_PAY VALUES(:NEW.TRANS_ID,'W');
ELSE
INSERT INTO SELF_PAY VALUES(:NEW.TRANS_ID,'D');
END IF:
END IF:
WHEN 'AC' THEN
RID:=NULL;
SID:=NULL;
IF(NVL(:NEW.AMT,0)<=0 OR :NEW.SENDER_ACC=:NEW.RECEIVER_ACC)</pre>
THEN
RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001,'ENTER VALID AMOUNT AND BOTH ACCOUNTS
MUST BE DIFFERENT');
ELSE
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(");
```



```
END IF:
WHEN 'BC' THEN
RID:=NULL;
SID:=NULL;
:NEW.RECEIVER_ACC:=NULL;
IF(NVL(:NEW.AMT,0)<=0 )</pre>
THEN
RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001,'ENTER VALID AMOUNT');
ELSE
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(");
END IF;
WHEN 'OC' THEN
RID:=NULL;
SID:=NULL;
:NEW.RECEIVER_ACC:=NULL;
IF(NVL(:NEW.AMT,0)<=0 )</pre>
THEN
RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001,'ENTER VALID AMOUNT');
ELSE
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(");
END IF;
ELSE
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(");
END CASE;
IF(:NEW.SENDER_ACC IS NOT NULL AND :NEW.TYPE!='C') THEN
SELECT BALANCE INTO SBAL FROM ACCOUNT WHERE ACC_NO=:NEW.SENDER_ACC;
IF SBAL>:NEW.AMT THEN
:NEW.SENDER_INSTANT_BAL:=SBAL-:NEW.AMT;
ELSE
RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20000,'NOT ENOUGH FUNDS');
END IF:
ELSIF(:NEW.TYPE='C') THEN
SELECT BALANCE INTO SBAL FROM ACCOUNT WHERE ACC_NO=:NEW.SENDER_ACC;
:NEW.SENDER_INSTANT_BAL:=SBAL;
END IF:
IF(:NEW.RECEIVER_ACC IS NOT NULL) THEN
SELECT BALANCE INTO RBAL FROM ACCOUNT WHERE ACC_NO=:NEW.RECEIVER_ACC;
:NEW.RECEIVER_INSTANT_BAL:=RBAL+:NEW.AMT;
END IF;
END T1;
```

7) AFTER INSERT ON TRANSACTION: ON SUCCESSFUL TRANSACTION IT WILL INCREMENT DEDUCT AMOUNT FROM USER AND TRANSFER IT TO RECEIVER'S ACCOUNT AND ALSO PERFORM SOME NECCESSARY TASKS ON SUCCESSFUL TRANSACTION.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER T2 AFTER INSERT ON TRANSACTION
  FOR EACH ROW
 DECLARE
  R1 ACCOUNT%ROWTYPE;
CC CREDIT.CREDIT_CARD_NO%TYPE;
BEGIN
  CASE: NEW.TYPE
    WHEN 'ET' THEN
   DELETE FROM PENDING_EMI WHERE L_ID =
   TO_NUMBER(:NEW.MOTTO,'999999999');
   UPDATE TRANSACTION SET MOTTO='EMI_PAY' WHERE TRANS_ID=:NEW.TRANS_ID;
   WHEN 'OC' THEN
   UPDATE ORDER_CHECK_VERIFICATION SET TRANS_ID=:NEW.TRANS_ID WHERE
CHECQE_NO=TO_NUMBER(:NEW.MOTTO,'999999');
   UPDATE TRANSACTION SET MOTTO='OC_CHECQE' WHERE
TRANS_ID=:NEW.TRANS_ID;
ELSE
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(");
END CASE;
IF(:NEW.TYPE='C') THEN
   SELECT SENDER_CC INTO CC FROM CREDIT_PAY WHERE
TRANS_ID=:NEW.TRANS_ID;
   UPDATECREDITONTRANSACTION(CC, :NEW.AMT);
ELSIF (:NEW.SENDER_ACC IS NOT NULL) THEN
 UPDATE ACCOUNT SET BALANCE=:NEW.SENDER INSTANT BAL WHERE
ACC_NO=:NEW.SENDER_ACC;
END IF:
IF (:NEW.RECEIVER ACC IS NOT NULL) THEN
 UPDATE ACCOUNT SET BALANCE=:NEW.RECEIVER_INSTANT_BAL WHERE
ACC_NO=:NEW.RECEIVER_ACC;
END IF:
UPDATE USEFULL SET RELATT=RELATT+1 WHERE DID=1;
END;
```



THE END