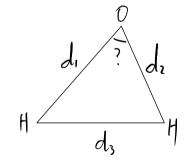
input file:

Check 1: length and angles

0 atoms id	Water molecule	z type	3 X \$U	4 Ysu	5 254
1	!	2	*,	y,	٧,
Z		(Xz	<i>y</i> _z	2∠
3	2	Z	X 3	\mathcal{Y}_3	٤,
•	2	1			
(1			l .	
(•			(
(lovo	2		!	
200	1000	1	×3000	u	7
3000	1000	1	13000	y,,,,	Z3000

define subfunction to calculate distance and angle

angle (d₁, d₂, d₃)
$$\frac{d_1^2 + d_2^2 - d_3^2}{2d_1 d_2} = \log \theta$$



argle = math.alos (0).

a= a* 180/math. P: (Vadians to degree)

length and argle of each water molecule. List-out=[[] for i in vange(1000)] unile i <= 3000 (3* num_ mole): dd1 = distance (list[i][4], list[i][5], list[i][6], list [j] [4]. list [j] [5]. list [j] [6]. ddz=dustance (lust[i][4], lust[i][5], lust[i][6], list[k][4]. List [k][5]. List [k][6]. ddz=distance (list [j][t], list [j][5]. list [j][6],

ux (x) [t]. list [k] [5]. list [k] [6].

list_out [i]. append (dd 2)

list_out [i]. append (angle (dd1, dd2, dd3))

i=i+3

average value:

for i in range (1000):

Sum 1 = Sum 1 + list-out[i][0]

Sum 2 = Sum 2 + list-out[i][1]

avg = Sum / 1000 avg 2 = Sum 2 / 1000avg | 2 = (avg | + avg 2)/2

deviation:

lyst-der = [[] for i ch range looo]

for i in range (1000):

for j & range (2):

list-der[i]. append (list-out[i][j] - avg3)

find the largest deviation:

Max = 0

ilst=[]

for i in range (1000):

for i de vange (2):

if list_dev[i][j] > max max = list_dev[i][j] ilist.append(i)

ilist[-1]: the largest one.

bond connection

cheek 3: angles