Homework 2

For this homework you will create a github repo, set up github pages, clone the repo to your computer as an R project, create a .qmd file, and push those changes back to github to create a webpage! You'll submit the link to your github pages site (the one that looks like a nice website).

If you were unable to get RStudio and github connected, try to set up a meeting with Dr. Post or our TA to get that figured out! For now, it is ok to use the web interface but you want to move past that method quickly!

Step 1

- Head to github and create a new repo.
 - Be sure to make the repo puble and do not choose a .gitignore

Step 2

- Create a new R project from version control (as we did in the notes/videos) that clones this repository locally.
 - Recall you can click on the green button on the github.com repo website to copy the repo link.
 - A .gitignore file may be created in this process. That isn't a worry!

Step 3

- Create a new .qmd document that outputs to HTML. You can give this a title about programming in Base R. Save the file in the main repo folder.
- In this document, answer the questions below. Use BaseR manipulations for all problems below to obtain full credit.

Task 1: Basic Vector practice

Suppose we have data from a medical experiment on blood pressure. We have the following pre-treatment values for subjects 1 through 20:

• 120, 151, 125, 126, 115, 132, 132, 129, 134, 139, 127, 122, 127, 135, 133, 128, 147, 138, 140, 132

after treatment, the subjects were measured again (subjects 1 through 20 match)

• 127, 145, 135, 122, 115, 122, 123, 126, 126, 129, 132, 146, 120, 114, 121, 120, 128, 120, 133, 115

- 1. Create two vectors. One vector corresponding to the pre measurements and one to the post measurements.
- 2. Assign names to the vector elements using the paste() function. Note that names() can be overwritten by a character vector. To quickly create the names, try running the code

```
paste("Subject", 1:20, sep = "_")

## [1] "Subject_1" "Subject_2" "Subject_3" "Subject_4" "Subject_5"

## [6] "Subject_6" "Subject_7" "Subject_8" "Subject_9" "Subject_10"

## [11] "Subject_11" "Subject_12" "Subject_13" "Subject_14" "Subject_15"

## [16] "Subject_16" "Subject_17" "Subject_18" "Subject_19" "Subject_20"
```

Create the same names for each vector's elements.

- 3. Calculate the change in blood pressure for each patient by subtracting post-treatment measurements from pre-treatment measurements. Recall that R does math element-wise! Save this calculation as a new object in R (also a vector).
- 4. Calculate the average decrease in blood pressure across all patients. Use the mean() function here!
- 5. Determine which patients experienced a decrease in blood pressure after treatment (a positive change). Use the which() function to just return the indices (and names) associated with this type of change.
- 6. Subset the vector of differences to only return those that have a positive change. (Note that you don't need the which() function here. A Boolean used as an indexing vector returns only indices were a TRUE occurred.)
- 7. Calculate the average decrease in blood pressure for those where the blood pressure decreased (positive change).

Try to render your document locally just to make sure your .qmd document is working!

Task 2: Basic Data Frame practice

Continue the previous example.

- 1. Create a data frame object with four columns corresponding to your data above: patient, pre_bp, post_bp, and diff_bp
- 2. Return only rows of the data frame where the diff_bp column is negative. (Use [or learn about the subset() function if you'd like. If you use [, don't reference the original vector from the first part, access the column of the data frame to make your comparison with 0.)
- 3. Add a new column to the data frame corresponding to TRUE if the post_bp is less than 120 and FALSE if it is not. Similar to the previous question, don't reference the original vector from task 1, access the column of the data frame to make your comparison.
 - Recall you can use \$ to access a column. If you reference a column that doesn't exist and save a vector (of appropriate length in it), that vector becomes a column of your data frame! Use this way of creating the new column.
- 4. Finally, print the data frame out nicely in your final document by modifying the code below appropriately.

knitr::kable(bp_df)

I'd again render your document to make sure everything is looking good!

Task 3: List practice

Continue the previous example. Suppose we now also have data from another experiment where the 'treatment' was actually a placebo.

We have the following pre-treatment values for subjects 1 through 10 (different set of subjects):

• 138, 135, 147, 117, 152, 134, 114, 121, 131, 130

after treatment, the subjects were measured again (subjects 1 through 10 match)

- 105, 136, 123, 130, 134, 143, 135, 139, 120, 124
- 1. Create a new data frame with this data in it that is similar to the data frame from task 2 (including the new column of TRUE/FALSE values).
- 2. Now create and store a list with two elements:
 - 1st element named treatment and contains the first data frame you created.
 - 2nd element named placebo and contains the second data frame you created.
- 3. Access the first list element using three different types of syntax (the result can be a list or just the data frame).
- 4. Use your list from question 2. In one line of code, access the pre_bp column of the placebo data frame.

You should render the document to check things are looking good.

- Make sure that all code chunks show (and are evaluated).
- Use headings to separate the sections.
- Write text before each code chunk explaining what you are trying to do.
- Use markdown where appropriate (to create lists, bold things, etc.).

Step 4

(The subsequent steps are the same steps from homework 1 - more detail is given there.)

In your repo folder (locally), create a file called _quarto.yml. Open this file (perhaps in RStudio or a text editor) and place the following in the file (spacing is important!):

project:

type: website
output-dir: docs

Step 5

Now create a file called .nojekyll in your project repo. This file doesn't need to have anything in it! You just need that file there (it may be a hidden file after you create it. Github should still track it.)

Step 6

Open the terminal in RStudio and run the following code:

quarto render

Step 7

Push all changes up to your repo! You can do this via menus or the command line (or via the github web interface).

Step 8

Head to your github repo page. Go to settings, choose pages, and under "Branch" choose 'main' and change the folder to /docs. Then hit save!

Step 9

Wait about 2 minutes... Head back to your main github repo page. You'll now see a 'Deployments' section on the bottom right.

Click on that. Hopefully, after a minute you see a green check and something that says your site is ready!

Click on that and you should see a nicely rendered website! Copy the link to that site and that is what you'll turn in for this assignment!