----- DATASET SELECTION AND SETUP -----

NOTE: The desired study region must be specified as 'CONUS' if one wishes to execute the logistic regression model over states that contain zero commercial wind farms (Louisiana, Mississippi Alabama, Georgia, South Carolina, Kentucky), states that possess wind farms in only one grid cell at all but the highest spatial resolutions (Arkansas, Florida, Virginia, Delaware, Connecticut, New Jersey, Tennessee), or states at low spatial resolutions at which too many predictors were removed due to collinearity (Rhode Island at the 100th or 80th percentile).

Specified study region: North_Dakota Specified wind farm density: 65 acres/MW

Specified wind power capacity: 80th percentile (202 MW)

Predictor configurations specified by the user: ['Full', 'No_Wind', 'Wind_Only', 'Reduced']

Predictors removed from the model based on having a constant value in all grid cells: ['ISO_YN']

----- TESTING ASSUMPTIONS -----

Assumption #1: All continuous predictors have a linear relationship with the logit of the dependent variable, based on a Box-Tidwell test.

Bonferroni-corrected p-value: 0.001388888888888888

Results of the Box-Tidwell test:

Predictor	pval
Avg_25	0.001877
Unem_15_19	0.004832
Fem_15_19	0.033992
Whit_15_19	0.059775
Near_Hosp	0.069884
Prop_Rugg	0.108065
Near_Trans	0.118142
Type_15_19	0.124240
Near_Roads	0.127029
Hisp_15_19	0.133392
Near_Plant	0.151022
Avg_Wind	0.293369
Avg_Temp	0.321353
Dens_15_19	0.423367
Near_Air	0.581573
Avg_Elevat	0.679404
Near_Sch	0.795061
Undev Land	0.864468

Predictors to be removed based on a non-linear relationship with the logit of likelihood of wind farm occurrence: None

Assumption #2: There is no multicollinearity, or pairwise collinearity, between the model's predictors, based on Variance Inflaction Factors (VIF).

Grouped Multicollinearity Test Results:

Predictor	VIF
Military	1.034294
Nat_Parks	1.110143
Historical	1.158101
Bat_Count	1.331720
Near_Trans	1.342415
Farm_Year	1.347277
Near_Hosp	1.387304
Undev_Land	1.408103
Near_Roads	1.429112
Critical	1.487604
Trib_Land	1.635895
Near_Sch	1.640873
Near_Air	1.663229
Plant_Year	1.675105
Fem_15_19	1.714971
Prop_Rugg	1.814857
Avg_Wind	1.835969
Mining	2.122677
Unem_15_19	2.208655
Dens_15_19	2.343685
Hisp_15_19	2.375574
Wild_Refug	2.594833
_Near_Plant	2.716043
Type_15_19	2.978334
Avg_Temp	4.102340
Bird_Count	4.676620
supp_2018	5.701869
Avg_25	5.890628
Avg_Elevat	7.131514
Dem_Wins	8.396979
Whit_15_19	12.118046

Pairwise Multicollinearity Test Results: Prodictor1 Predictor2

Predictor1	Predictor2	VIF
Near_Sch	Wild_Refug	1.000000
Near_Roads	Trib_Land	1.000001
Avg_Wind	Near_Roads	1.000002
Unem_15_19	Historical	1.000002
Farm_Year	Mining	1.000004
Dens_15_19	Type_15_19	2.089288
Avg_Temp	Bird_Count	2.237688
Dem_Wins	supp_2018	2.265315
Avg_25	Whit_15_19	2.296532
Dem_Wins	Whit_15_19	3.713336

Predictors to be removed from the model based on multicollinearity: ['Whit_15_19']

Assumption #3: None of the grid cells contain data that represent

extreme outliers, based on a Cook's distance test.

Number of grid cells removed due to outlying observations according to a Cook's distance test: 0

Final list of predictors that did not pass the model's three assumptions: ['ISO_YN', 'Whit_15_19']

----- MODEL CALIBRATION (Training Data): Full Configuration -----

Range of log-likelihood scores from 30 training runs of the Full model:

Maximum Score: 302.0187499099202 Median Score: 292.3315457221197 Minimum Score: 279.34424729691455

Range of log-likelihood scores of the Null model:

Maximum Score: 192.06115078192624 Median Score: 192.06115078192624 Minimum Score: 192.0611507819258

Number of times (out of 30) the Full model possesses a greater

goodness-of-fit: 30

Number of times (out of 30) the Full model's outperformance of the Null model

is statistically significant: 30

Median Log-Likelihood Ratio, Full model vs. Null model: 200.5407898803869 p-value of the Median Log-Likelihood Ratio: 3.923253855863396e-27

Range of McFadden Adjusted Psuedo R-Squared statistics for the Full model:

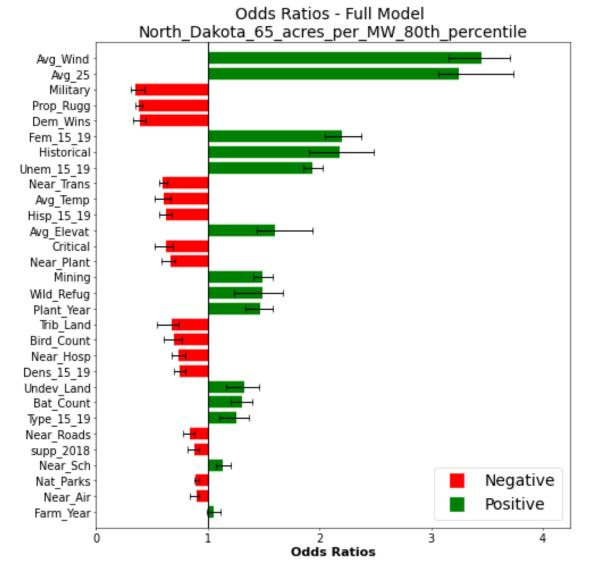
Minimum Pseudo R-Squared: -0.41110656062685735 Median Pseudo R-Squared: -0.36066843637131896 Maximum Pseudo R-Squared: -0.2930477938190339

The following dataframe summarizes the coefficients and odds ratios obtained from fitting the Full model to the aggregated dataset. Predictors are ranked by the magnitude of their coefficients to convey strength of association:

Odds_	_Low (Odds_Med	Odds_Upp	Coef_Med	Rank
_Wind	3.156202	2 3.453752	3.704190	1.239461	1
vg_25	3.065122	2 3.252726	3.739624	1.179493	2
lilitary	0.308079	0.354573	0.432531	-1.036840	3
Rugg	0.351293	0.380552	0.417570	-0.966132	4
_Wins	0.328983	0.391059	0.441491	-0.938898	5
15_19	2.052538	3 2.203267	2.372954	0.789941	6
torical	1.905713	3 2.179593	2.482006	0.779138	7
15_19	1.85767 <i>′</i>	1.939081	2.029338	0.662214	8
Trans	0.565370	0.600792	0.636259	-0.509507	9
Гетр	0.525480	0.601239	0.666277	-0.508763	10
5_19	0.567423	0.621758	0.676950	-0.475204	11
levat	1.443469	1.606744	1.939496	0.474210	12
ritical	0.529578	0.623393	0.682443	-0.472579	13
	Wind vg_25 dilitary Rugg Wins 15_19 torical Trans Femp 5_19	Wind 3.156202 vg_25 3.065122 lilitary 0.308079 Rugg 0.351293 Wins 0.328983 15_19 2.052538 torical 1.905713 15_19 1.857672 Trans 0.565370 5_19 0.567423 Elevat 1.443469	Wind 3.156202 3.453752 vg_25 3.065122 3.252726 dilitary 0.308079 0.354573 Rugg 0.351293 0.380552 Wins 0.328983 0.391059 torical 1.905713 2.179593 torical 1.857671 1.939081 Trans 0.565370 0.600792 Temp 0.525480 0.601239 5_19 0.567423 0.621758 Elevat 1.443469 1.606744	Wind 3.156202 3.453752 3.704190 vg_25 3.065122 3.252726 3.739624 dilitary 0.308079 0.354573 0.432531 Rugg 0.351293 0.380552 0.417570 Wins 0.328983 0.391059 0.441491 15_19 2.052538 2.203267 2.372954 torical 1.905713 2.179593 2.482006 15_19 1.857671 1.939081 2.029338 Trans 0.565370 0.600792 0.636259 Temp 0.525480 0.601239 0.666277 5_19 0.567423 0.621758 0.676950 Elevat 1.443469 1.606744 1.939496	Wind 3.156202 3.453752 3.704190 1.239461 vg_25 3.065122 3.252726 3.739624 1.179493 dilitary 0.308079 0.354573 0.432531 -1.036840 Rugg 0.351293 0.380552 0.417570 -0.966132 Wins 0.328983 0.391059 0.441491 -0.938898 15_19 2.052538 2.203267 2.372954 0.789941 torical 1.905713 2.179593 2.482006 0.779138 15_19 1.857671 1.939081 2.029338 0.662214 Trans 0.565370 0.600792 0.636259 -0.509507 1 0.525480 0.601239 0.666277 -0.508763 1.91 0.567423 0.621758 0.676950 -0.475204 1.939496 0.474210

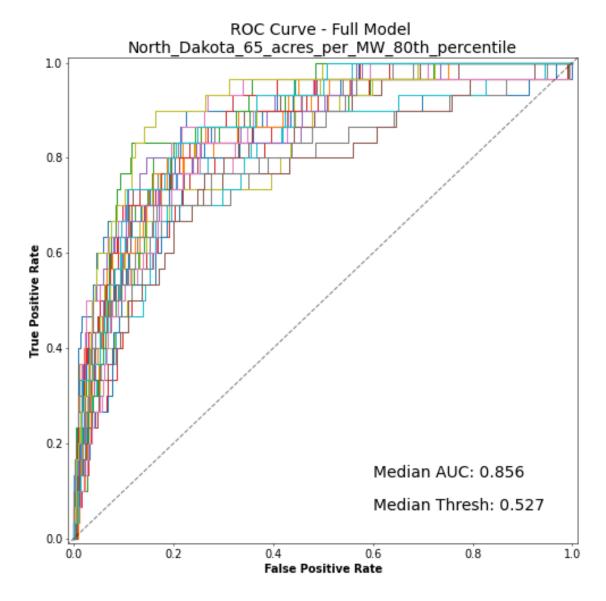
Near_Plant	0.590149	0.668124	0.709614	-0.403282	14
_ Mining	1.410468	1.490720	1.584522	0.399259	15
Wild_Refug	1.240616	1.487540	1.671038	0.397124	16
Plant_Year	1.337017	1.472850	1.583418	0.387199	17
Trib_Land	0.540087	0.680276	0.736901	-0.385257	18
Bird_Count	0.602955	0.700727	0.769958	-0.355637	19
Near_Hosp	0.678492	0.737678	0.798509	-0.304248	20
Dens_15_19	0.693030	0.748509	0.801144	-0.289673	21
Undev_Land	1.165081	1.325806	1.459472	0.282020	22
Bat_Count	1.204215	1.311533	1.397869	0.271197	23
Type_15_19	1.107250	1.257239	1.368659	0.228918	24
Near_Roads	0.780826	0.840242	0.877964	-0.174066	25
supp_2018	0.817587	0.881983	0.922779	-0.125583	26
Near_Sch	1.073182	1.131168	1.205433	0.123251	27
Nat_Parks	0.883055	0.893085	0.924381	-0.113074	28
Near_Air	0.841282	0.898083	0.920183	-0.107493	29
Farm_Year	0.987988	1.049037	1.110197	0.047873	30

Odds Ratio chart generated from the 30 Full model runs with the training data:



----- MODEL Validation (Testing Data): Full Configuration -----

ROC curves generated from the 30 Full model runs with the testing data:



Range of Area Under Curve (AUC) statistics for the Full model:

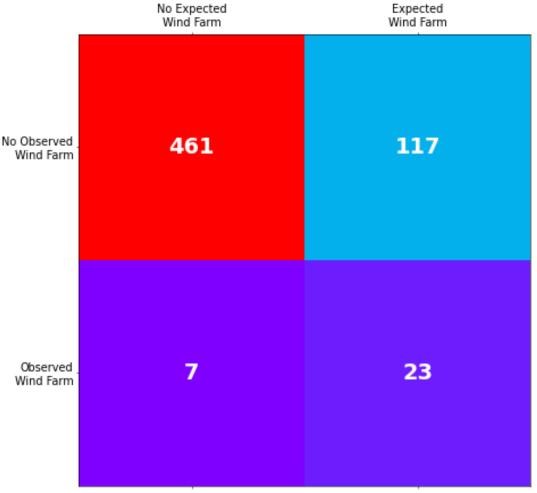
Minimum AUC: 0.7643021914648211 Median AUC: 0.8561707035755479 Maximum AUC: 0.9097462514417531

Range of optimal threshold classifications for the Full model:

Minimum Threshold: 0.3514546008308326 Median Threshold: 0.5277309314921165 Maximum Threshold: 0.7236370259284025

Median Confusion Matrix of the Full model's predictive accuracy:

Confusion Matrix - Full Model North_Dakota_65_acres_per_MW_80th_percentile



79.60% of grid cell states were predicted correctly.

Below are the range of confusion matrix results from the 30 Full model runs with the testing data:

Lower Quartile confusion matrix:

[[437 141]

[5 25]]

Lower Quartile proportion of correctly predicted grid cell states by the Full model: 0.7598684210526315

Median confusion matrix:

[[461 117]

7 23]]

Median proportion of correctly predicted grid cell states by the Full model: 0.7960526315789473

Upper Quartile confusion matrix:

[[486 92]

[7 23]]

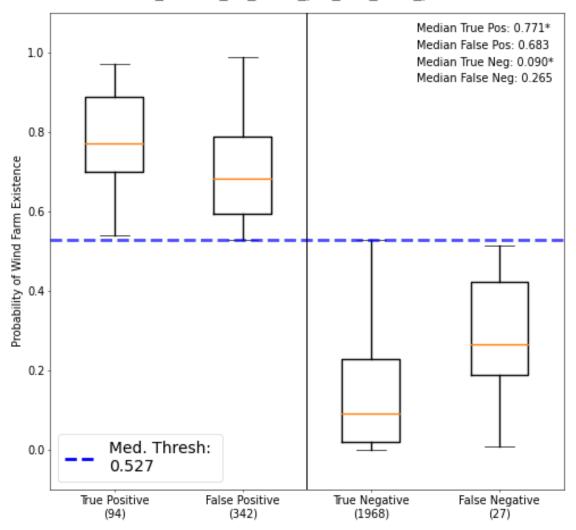
Upper Quartile proportion of correctly predicted grid cell states by the Full model: 0.837171052631579

Grid cell classifications from executing the trained and tested Full model over all grid cells in North_Dakota:

Number of True Positive Grid Cells: 94 Number of False Positive Grid Cells: 342 Number of True Negative Grid Cells: 1968 Number of False Negative Grid Cells: 27

Boxplot of grid cell probabilities in each classification:

Boxplots - Full Model North_Dakota_65_acres_per_MW_80th_percentile



Median probabilities of wind farm existence for each grid cell classification. An asterisk indicates a Mann-Whitney U-test result that is statistically significant (p<0.05):

Median False Pos: 0.683 Median True Pos: 0.771* Median False Neg: 0.265 Median True Neg: 0.090*

Mann-Whitney U-test results:

Mann-Whitney Statistic - True Positive vs False Positive: U-statistic = 10600.0

p-value = 4.221469902237081e-07

Mann-Whitney Statistic - True Negative vs False Negative:

U-statistic = 42112.0

p-value = 1.710285057888519e-07

----- MAP CONSTRUCTION: Full Configuration -----

Filepath to the constructed hexagonal grid map:

D:\Dissertation_Resources\Wind_Farm_Predictor_Maps\Hexagon_Grid_65_acres_per_MW _80th_percentile_North_Dakota_Full.gdb\Hexagon_Grid_65_acres_per_MW_80th_percentile_North_Dakota_Full_Map

Total (Percentage) of all grid cells over North_Dakota that exist in hotspots: 154 (6.33%)

Total (Percentage) True Positive grid cells over North_Dakota that exist in hotspots:

49 (52.13%)

Total (Percentage) False Positive grid cells over North_Dakota that exist in hotspots: 105 (30.7%)

----- MODEL CALIBRATION (Training Data): No_Wind Configuration ------

Range of log-likelihood scores from 30 training runs of the No_Wind model:

Maximum Score: 286.97479536429137 Median Score: 270.00621015141473 Minimum Score: 262.02694750640603

Range of log-likelihood scores of the Null model:

Maximum Score: 192.06115078192624 Median Score: 192.06115078192624 Minimum Score: 192.0611507819258

Number of times (out of 30) the No_Wind model possesses a greater

goodness-of-fit: 30

Number of times (out of 30) the No_Wind model's outperformance of the Null model

is statistically significant: 30

Median Log-Likelihood Ratio, No_Wind model vs. Null model: 155.89011873897698 p-value of the Median Log-Likelihood Ratio: 2.545708201907264e-19

Range of McFadden Adjusted Psuedo R-Squared statistics for the No_Wind model:

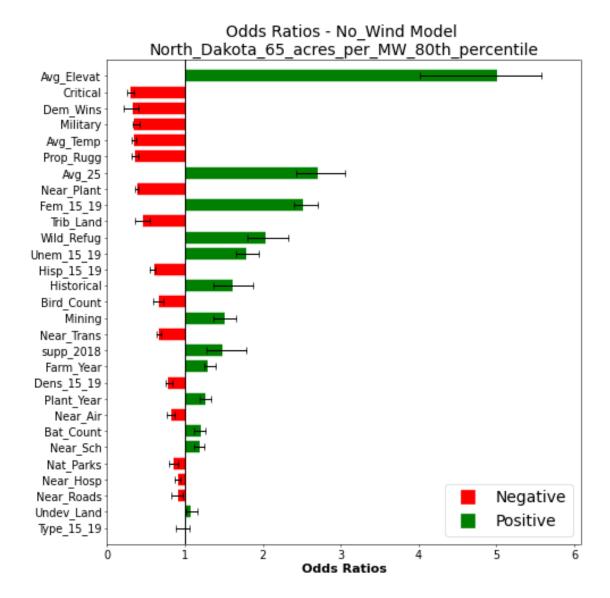
Minimum Pseudo R-Squared: -0.3379842530261137 Median Pseudo R-Squared: -0.24963434392792527 Maximum Pseudo R-Squared: -0.208088916273643

The following dataframe summarizes the coefficients and odds ratios obtained from fitting the No_Wind model to the aggregated dataset. Predictors are

ranked by the magnitude of their coefficients to convey strength of association:

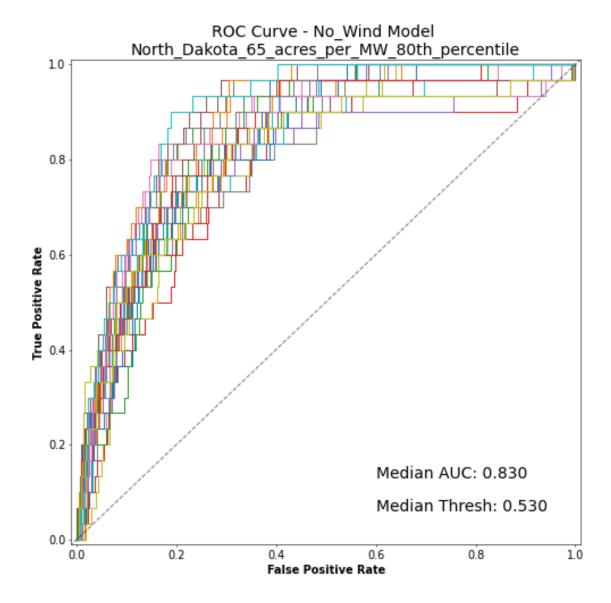
Predictor	Odds_Lo	w Odd	ds_Med	Odds_Upp	Coef_Med	Rank
Avg_EI		.012807	5.005547	5.579372	1.610547	1
Cri	tical 0.	262530	0.296811	0.338081	-1.214658	2
Dem_V	Vins 0.	219365	0.334952	0.402102	-1.093768	3
Mil	itary 0.	323754	0.341914	0.414499	-1.073195	4
Avg_T	emp 0.	313477	0.350042	0.379158	-1.049702	5
Prop_R	lugg 0.	312233	0.360579	0.400939	-1.020044	6
Avç	<u>, 25</u> 2.	.431311	2.704349	3.047880	0.994861	7
Near_F	Plant 0.	357909	0.382965	0.397019	-0.959811	8
Fem_15	5_19 2.	.402663	2.518438	2.704495	0.923639	9
Trib_La	and 0.3	364038	0.463483	0.546539	-0.768985	10
Wild_Re	efug 1.8	804858	2.038601	2.333639	0.712264	11
Unem_15	_19 1.0	653882	1.782681	1.948565	0.578118	12
Hisp_15	_19 0.	543417	0.603674	0.626642	-0.504721	13
Histor	ical 1.	368876	1.608571	1.869442	0.475346	14
Bird_Co	ount 0.	590637	0.661795	0.721620	-0.412799	15
Mir	ning 1.3	364922	1.504274	1.655726	0.408310	16
Near_Tr	ans 0.6	633157	0.670805	0.698663	-0.399277	17
supp_2	018 1.:	283654	1.486629	1.780895	0.396511	18
Farm_Y	'ear 1.:	243954	1.293195	1.388612	0.257116	19
Dens_15	_19 0.7	751874	0.781696	0.838183	-0.246289	20
Plant_Y	'ear 1.	193400	1.261435	1.334063	0.232250	21
Near_	_	767748	0.829386	0.871916	-0.187070	22
Bat_Co	ount 1.	116755	1.204547	1.255495	0.186104	23
Near_	Sch 1.	120345	1.191447	1.250764	0.175169	24
Nat_Pa	arks 0.7	797006	0.848761	0.909746	-0.163977	25
Near_H	osp 0.8	361848	0.905860	0.946432	-0.098871	26
Near_Ro	ads 0.8	331402	0.917508	0.964095	-0.086094	27
Undev_L		013849	1.079854	1.155823	0.076825	28
Type_15	_19 0.8	390451	0.997126	1.051825	-0.002878	29

Odds Ratio chart generated from the 30 No_Wind model runs with the training data:



----- MODEL Validation (Testing Data): No_Wind Configuration ------

ROC curves generated from the 30 No_Wind model runs with the testing data:



Range of Area Under Curve (AUC) statistics for the No_Wind model:

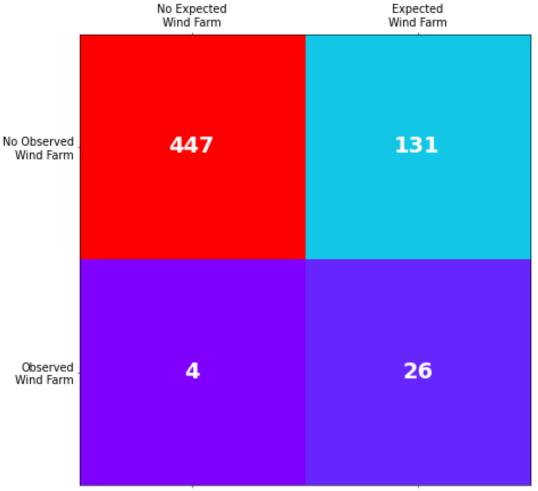
Minimum AUC: 0.7544405997693194 Median AUC: 0.830565167243368 Maximum AUC: 0.8972895040369089

Range of optimal threshold classifications for the No_Wind model:

Minimum Threshold: 0.23254589420840086 Median Threshold: 0.5305602366455018 Maximum Threshold: 0.6876002912676701

Median Confusion Matrix of the No_Wind model's predictive accuracy:

Confusion Matrix - No_Wind Model North Dakota 65 acres per MW 80th percentile



77.79% of grid cell states were predicted correctly.

Below are the range of confusion matrix results from the 30 No_Wind model runs with the testing data:

Lower Quartile confusion matrix:

[[400 178]

[3 27]]

Lower Quartile proportion of correctly predicted grid cell states by the No_Wind model: 0.7023026315789473

Median confusion matrix:

[[447 131]

[4 26]]

Median proportion of correctly predicted grid cell states by the No_Wind model: 0.7779605263157895

Upper Quartile confusion matrix:

[[463 115]

[8 22]]

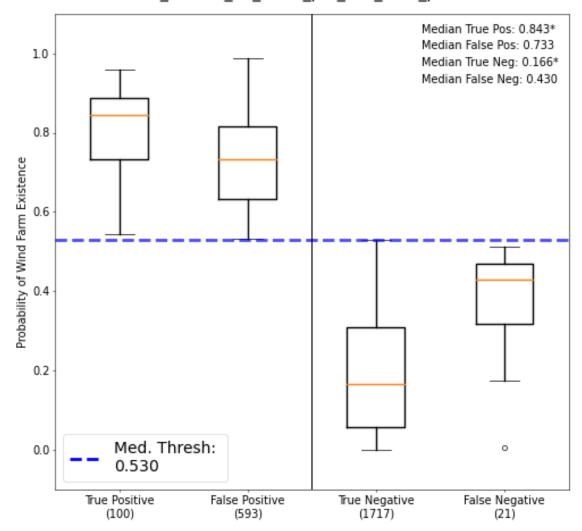
Upper Quartile proportion of correctly predicted grid cell states by the No_Wind model: 0.7976973684210527

Grid cell classifications from executing the trained and tested No_Wind model over all grid cells in North_Dakota:

Number of True Positive Grid Cells: 100 Number of False Positive Grid Cells: 593 Number of True Negative Grid Cells: 1717 Number of False Negative Grid Cells: 21

Boxplot of grid cell probabilities in each classification:

Boxplots - No_Wind Model North_Dakota_65_acres_per_MW_80th_percentile



Median probabilities of wind farm existence for each grid cell classification. An asterisk indicates a Mann-Whitney U-test result that is statistically significant (p<0.05):

Median False Pos: 0.733 Median True Pos: 0.843* Median False Neg: 0.430 Median True Neg: 0.166*

Mann-Whitney U-test results:

Mann-Whitney Statistic - True Positive vs False Positive: U-statistic = 18353.0

p-value = 1.0609071761299646e-09

Mann-Whitney Statistic - True Negative vs False Negative:

U-statistic = 29428.0

p-value = 6.142096843402537e-07

------ MAP CONSTRUCTION: No_Wind Configuration -------

Filepath to the constructed hexagonal grid map:

D:\Dissertation_Resources\Wind_Farm_Predictor_Maps\Hexagon_Grid_65_acres_per_MW _80th_percentile_North_Dakota_No_Wind.gdb\Hexagon_Grid_65_acres_per_MW_80th_percentile_North_Dakota_No_Wind_Map

Total (Percentage) of all grid cells over North_Dakota that exist in hotspots:

62 (2.55%)

Total (Percentage) True Positive grid cells over North_Dakota that exist in hotspots: 21 (21.0%)

Total (Percentage) False Positive grid cells over North_Dakota that exist in hotspots: 41 (6.91%)

----- MODEL CALIBRATION (Training Data): Wind_Only Configuration ------

Range of log-likelihood scores from 30 training runs of the Wind Only model:

Maximum Score: 247.68000458245479 Median Score: 241.7327942321624 Minimum Score: 233.1615568807847

Range of log-likelihood scores of the Null model:

Maximum Score: 192.06115078192624 Median Score: 192.06115078192624 Minimum Score: 192.0611507819258

Number of times (out of 30) the Wind_Only model possesses a greater

goodness-of-fit: 30

Number of times (out of 30) the Wind_Only model's outperformance of the Null model

is statistically significant: 30

Median Log-Likelihood Ratio, Wind_Only model vs. Null model: 99.34328690047232 p-value of the Median Log-Likelihood Ratio: 2.123163299796115e-23

Range of McFadden Adjusted Psuedo R-Squared statistics for the Wind Only model:

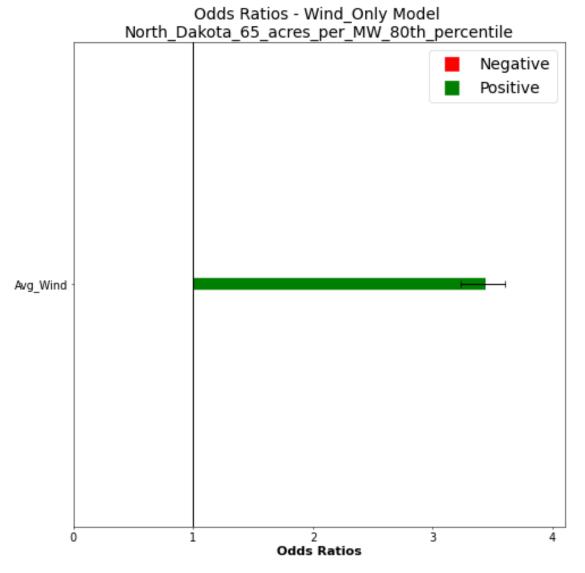
Minimum Pseudo R-Squared: -0.2791759477761855 Median Pseudo R-Squared: -0.2482107560855158 Maximum Pseudo R-Squared: -0.20358310850305483

The following dataframe summarizes the coefficients and odds ratios obtained from fitting the Wind_Only model to the aggregated dataset. Predictors are

ranked by the magnitude of their coefficients to convey strength of association:

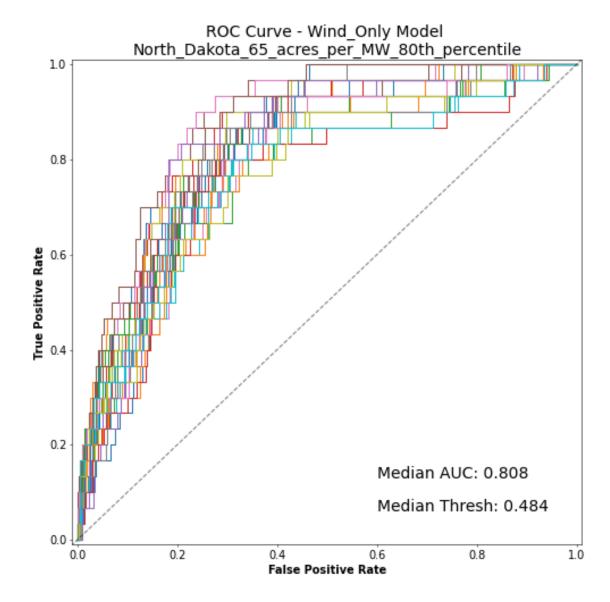
Predictor Odds_Low Odds_Med Odds_Upp Coef_Med Rank Avg_Wind 3.236745 3.437126 3.599995 1.234636 1

Odds Ratio chart generated from the 30 Wind_Only model runs with the training data:



------ MODEL Validation (Testing Data): Wind_Only Configuration -------

ROC curves generated from the 30 Wind_Only model runs with the testing data:



Range of Area Under Curve (AUC) statistics for the Wind_Only model:

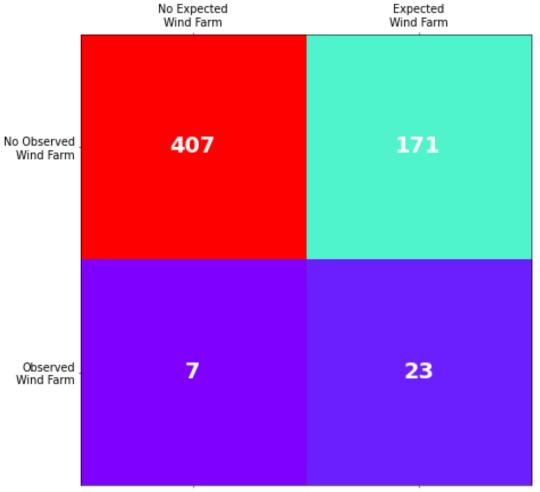
Minimum AUC: 0.7504613610149943 Median AUC: 0.8086505190311419 Maximum AUC: 0.8754901960784314

Range of optimal threshold classifications for the Wind_Only model:

Minimum Threshold: 0.3798597129522466 Median Threshold: 0.48467038391871253 Maximum Threshold: 0.647394846763038

Median Confusion Matrix of the Wind_Only model's predictive accuracy:

Confusion Matrix - Wind_Only Model North_Dakota_65_acres_per_MW_80th_percentile



70.72% of grid cell states were predicted correctly.

Below are the range of confusion matrix results from the 30 Wind_Only model runs with the testing data:

Lower Quartile confusion matrix:

[[385 193]

[4 26]]

Lower Quartile proportion of correctly predicted grid cell states by the Wind_Only model: 0.6759868421052632

Median confusion matrix:

[[407 171]

[7 23]]

Median proportion of correctly predicted grid cell states by the Wind_Only model: 0.7072368421052632

Upper Quartile confusion matrix:

[[433 145]

[6 24]]

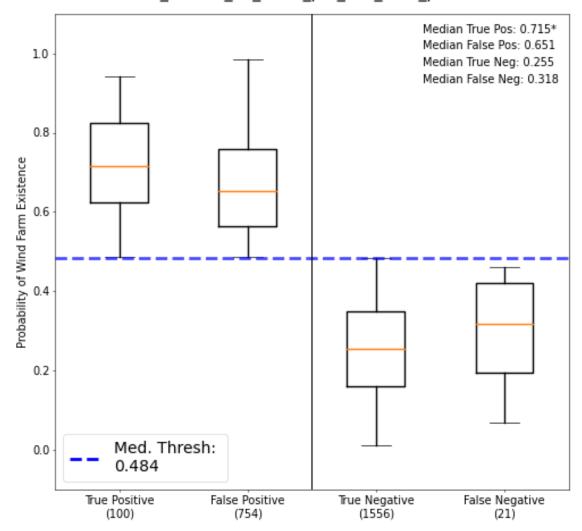
Upper Quartile proportion of correctly predicted grid cell states by the Wind_Only model: 0.7516447368421053

Grid cell classifications from executing the trained and tested Wind_Only model over all grid cells in North_Dakota:

Number of True Positive Grid Cells: 100 Number of False Positive Grid Cells: 754 Number of True Negative Grid Cells: 1556 Number of False Negative Grid Cells: 21

Boxplot of grid cell probabilities in each classification:

Boxplots - Wind_Only Model North_Dakota_65_acres_per_MW_80th_percentile



Median probabilities of wind farm existence for each grid cell classification. An asterisk indicates a Mann-Whitney U-test result that is statistically significant (p<0.05):

Median False Pos: 0.651 Median True Pos: 0.715* Median False Neg: 0.318 Median True Neg: 0.255

Mann-Whitney U-test results:

Mann-Whitney Statistic - True Positive vs False Positive: U-statistic = 27462.0 p-value = 1.0013480870324004e-05

Mann-Whitney Statistic - True Negative vs False Negative: U-statistic = 19696.0 p-value = 0.10529343470081766

----- MAP CONSTRUCTION: Wind_Only Configuration ------

Filepath to the constructed hexagonal grid map:

D:\Dissertation_Resources\Wind_Farm_Predictor_Maps\Hexagon_Grid_65_acres_per_MW _80th_percentile_North_Dakota_Wind_Only.gdb\Hexagon_Grid_65_acres_per_MW_80th_percentile_North_Dakota_Wind_Only_Map

Total (Percentage) of all grid cells over North_Dakota that exist in hotspots: 63 (2.59%)

Total (Percentage) True Positive grid cells over North_Dakota that exist in hotspots: 19 (19.0%)

Total (Percentage) False Positive grid cells over North_Dakota that exist in hotspots: 44 (5.84%)

----- MODEL CALIBRATION (Training Data): Reduced Configuration ------

Dataframe showing the lowered goodness-of-fit caused by removing each predictor with replacement over 30 model runs. The columns show the number of times removal of each predictor reduced the model's goodness-of-fit, and the number of times this reduction exceeded a p < 0.5 stopping criterion:

Predictors	Reduced_Fit	Stop_Criterion
Avg_Wind	30	27
Avg_25	30	17
Unem_15_19	30	14
Avg_Temp	30	13
Near_Plant	30	10
Fem_15_19	29	11
Wild_Refug	28	13
Bird_Count	28	10
Mining	27	9
Dem_Wins	27	4
Near_Hosp	27	1
Near_Roads	27	1
supp_2018	27	0
Trib_Land	27	0
Type_15_19	26	8
Historical	26	8 3 6
Avg_Elevat	25	6
Near_Air	25	4

Hisp_15_19	25	4
Prop_Rugg	25	3
Near_Trans	25	3
Military	25	3
Bat_Count	25	2
Critical	25	0
Undev_Land	24	2
Near_Sch	24	2
Nat_Parks	23	1
Dens_15_19	23	0
Farm_Year	22	1
Plant Year	20	3

Dataframe of model performance for each set of predictors, showing the Number of predictors in each combination, the median number of accurately predicted grid cell states, and the ratio of true-to-false positive predictions:

index	Num_Pred	Accuracy	True_False
0	10	0.831414	0.229167
1	11	0.818257	0.227723
2 3	19	0.814967	0.216981
	13	0.794408	0.198276
4	22	0.793586	0.205128
5	30	0.790296	0.196721
6	18	0.790296	0.188525
7	17	0.788651	0.196721
8	15	0.788651	0.188525
9	12	0.787007	0.196721
10	6	0.787007	0.175000
11	14	0.785362	0.192000
12	9	0.784539	0.185484
13	8	0.783717	0.188525
14	20	0.782895	0.190476
15	29	0.778783	0.178295
16	16	0.774671	0.184615
17	28	0.767270	0.177778
18	27	0.763158	0.175182
19	24	0.763158	0.172662
20	21	0.763158	0.171429
21	7	0.762336	0.159420
22	23	0.756579	0.176056
23	4	0.751645	0.159722
24	25	0.748355	0.162162
25	5	0.739309	0.157895
26	26	0.739309	0.169935
27	2	0.722862	0.148148
28	1	0.717105	0.144578
29	3	0.696546	0.134831

Set of predictors (10 total) to be used in the Reduced Model:

['Avg_Wind', 'Avg_25', 'Unem_15_19', 'Avg_Temp', 'Near_Plant', 'Fem_15_19', 'Wild_Refug', 'Bird_Count', 'Mining', 'Dem_Wins']

Range of log-likelihood scores from 30 training runs of the Reduced model:

Maximum Score: 282.29590687118616 Median Score: 268.9696065606254 Minimum Score: 258.656328739914

Range of log-likelihood scores of the Null model:

Maximum Score: 192.06115078192624 Median Score: 192.06115078192624 Minimum Score: 192.06115078192624

Number of times (out of 30) the Reduced model possesses a greater

goodness-of-fit: 30

Number of times (out of 30) the Reduced model's outperformance of the Null model

is statistically significant: 30

Median Log-Likelihood Ratio, Reduced model vs. Null model: 153.81691155739827 p-value of the Median Log-Likelihood Ratio: 1.42659548174673e-28

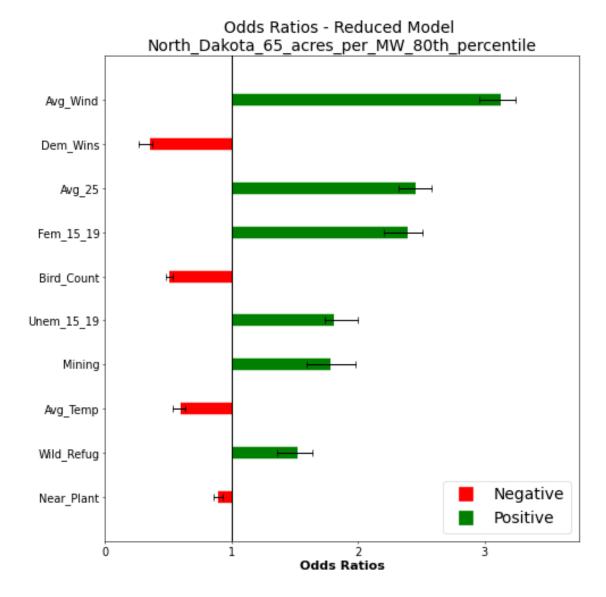
Range of McFadden Adjusted Psuedo R-Squared statistics for the Reduced model:

Minimum Pseudo R-Squared: -0.417756301899709 Median Pseudo R-Squared: -0.34837058669230625 Maximum Pseudo R-Squared: -0.2946727004788601

The following dataframe summarizes the coefficients and odds ratios obtained from fitting the Reduced model to the aggregated dataset. Predictors are ranked by the magnitude of their coefficients to convey strength of association:

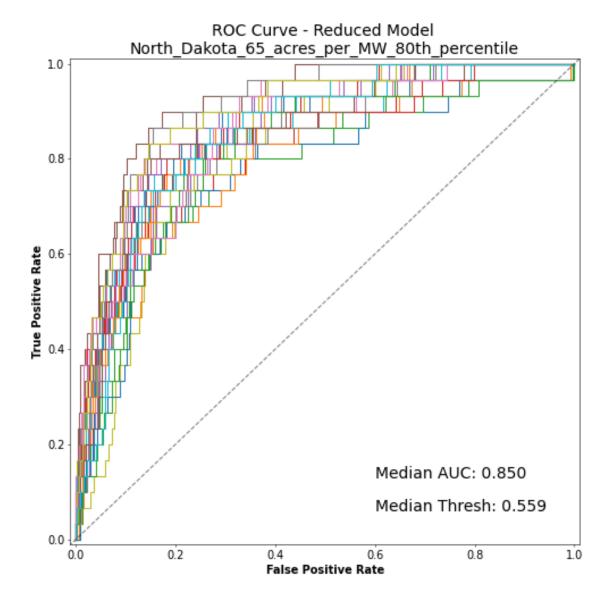
Predictor	Odds_	_Low	Odds.	_Med		Odds_Upp	Coef	_Med	Rank
Avg_	Wind	2.95653	7	3.13217	74	3.245010	1.	141727	1
Dem_	Wins	0.27004	6	0.35163	37	0.376155	-1.	045156	2
Av	g_25	2.32477	1	2.46002	28	2.578563	0.	900173	3
Fem_1	5_19	2.20146	8	2.3975	56	2.510154	0.	874450	4
Bird_C	Count	0.48032	8	0.50725	57	0.538667	-0.	678737	5
Unem_1	5_19	1.73834	1	1.80894	47	1.999943	0.	592745	6
N	lining	1.59123	6	1.78642	20	1.983953	0.	580214	7
Avg_7	emp	0.53169	3	0.59557	73	0.637661	-0.	518231	8
Wild_F	Refug	1.36343	0	1.52214	49	1.643509	0.	420123	9
Near_F	Plant	0.854312	<u> </u>	0.89051	3	0.927312	-0.1	115958	10

Odds Ratio chart generated from the 30 Reduced model runs with the training data:



------ MODEL Validation (Testing Data): Reduced Configuration ------

ROC curves generated from the 30 Reduced model runs with the testing data:



Range of Area Under Curve (AUC) statistics for the Reduced model:

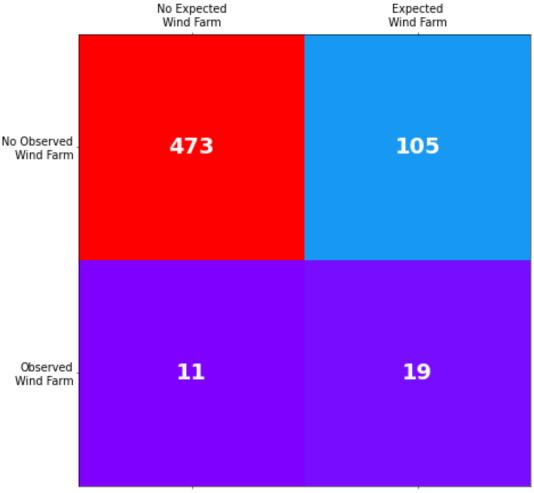
Minimum AUC: 0.7751441753171857 Median AUC: 0.8503748558246829 Maximum AUC: 0.9141868512110726

Range of optimal threshold classifications for the Reduced model:

Minimum Threshold: 0.345964586905432 Median Threshold: 0.5591590325001985 Maximum Threshold: 0.6671842596003343

Median Confusion Matrix of the Reduced model's predictive accuracy:

Confusion Matrix - Reduced Model North_Dakota_65_acres_per_MW_80th_percentile



80.92% of grid cell states were predicted correctly.

Below are the range of confusion matrix results from the 30 Reduced model runs with the testing data:

Lower Quartile confusion matrix:

[[428 150]

[6 24]]

Lower Quartile proportion of correctly predicted grid cell states by the Reduced model: 0.743421052631579

Median confusion matrix:

[[473 105]

[11 19]]

Median proportion of correctly predicted grid cell states by the Reduced model: 0.8092105263157895

Upper Quartile confusion matrix:

[[487 91]

[8 22]]

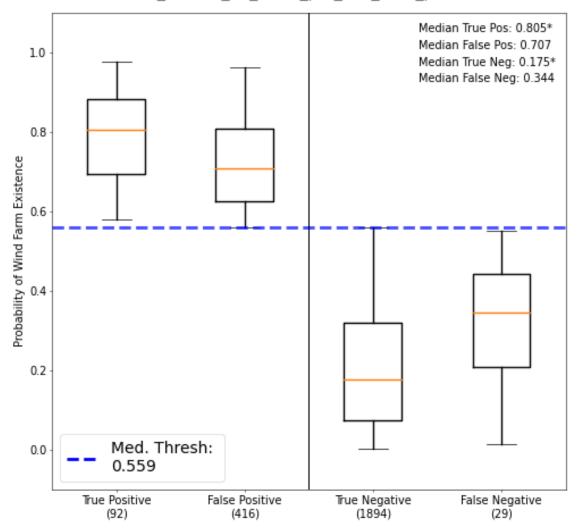
Upper Quartile proportion of correctly predicted grid cell states by the Reduced model: 0.837171052631579

Grid cell classifications from executing the trained and tested Reduced model over all grid cells in North_Dakota:

Number of True Positive Grid Cells: 92 Number of False Positive Grid Cells: 416 Number of True Negative Grid Cells: 1894 Number of False Negative Grid Cells: 29

Boxplot of grid cell probabilities in each classification:

Boxplots - Reduced Model North_Dakota_65_acres_per_MW_80th_percentile



Median probabilities of wind farm existence for each grid cell classification. An asterisk indicates a Mann-Whitney U-test result that is statistically significant (p<0.05):

Median False Pos: 0.707 Median True Pos: 0.805* Median False Neg: 0.344 Median True Neg: 0.175*

Mann-Whitney U-test results:

Mann-Whitney Statistic - True Positive vs False Positive: U-statistic = 12146.0 p-value = 4.1168204076561793e-08

Mann-Whitney Statistic - True Negative vs False Negative: U-statistic = 39484.0 p-value = 5.1081834228640846e-05

----- MAP CONSTRUCTION: Reduced Configuration ------

Filepath to the constructed hexagonal grid map:

D:\Dissertation_Resources\Wind_Farm_Predictor_Maps\Hexagon_Grid_65_acres_per_MW _80th_percentile_North_Dakota_Reduced.gdb\Hexagon_Grid_65_acres_per_MW_80th_percentile_North_Dakota_Reduced_Map

Total (Percentage) of all grid cells over North_Dakota that exist in hotspots: 119 (4.9%)

Total (Percentage) True Positive grid cells over North_Dakota that exist in hotspots: 37 (40.22%)

Total (Percentage) False Positive grid cells over North_Dakota that exist in hotspots: 82 (19.71%)