Sentiment Analysis on Financial Data Using Neural Networks

Approach 1

We have combined hand-engineered lexical, sentiment, and metadata features with the representations learned from deep-learning approaches like Convolutional Neural Networks (CNN) and Bidirectional Gated Recurrent Unit (Bi-GRU).

Analysis of Data

Predicting sentiments of financial data has diverse applications. Positive news has the capability to boost the market by increasing optimism among people. 'Fine-Grained Sentiment Analysis on Financial Microblogs and News' aims at analyzing the polarity of public sentiments from financial data present in newspapers and social media.

Data Distribution

Task	Training	Trial	Test
Subtask-1	1,694	10	799
Subtask-2	1,142	14	491

The dataset is noisy and contains URLs, cashtags, digits, usernames and emoticons. The messages are short with an average number of 13 tokens for the microblog data and 10 tokens for the headlines data.

Feature Engineering

Before extracting the features, the following steps are applied as a part of Data

- (a)Converting the text to lowercase
- (b)Stemming
- (c)Replacing named entities(NE) and digits with common identifiers.

The above-mentioned steps are performed to reduce noise in the data.

Lexical:

We extracted word n-grams (n=1,2,3) and character n-grams (n=3,4,5) from the messages.

Sentiment:

We used SenticNet library as it provides a collection of concept-level opinion lexicons with scores in five dimensions (aptitude, attention, pleasantness, polarity, and sensitivity). Both stemmed and non-

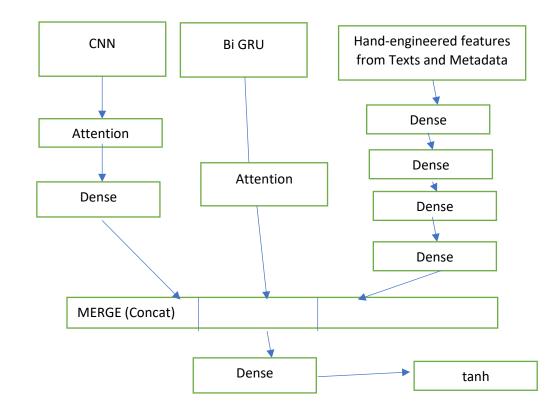
stemmed versions of the messages are used to extract concepts from the knowledge base. Concepts are modeled as bag-of-concepts(BOC) and used as binary features.

cashtag	id	sentiment source	spans	concepts	polarity	attention	pleasantr	aptitude	sensitivity	stemmed_pola	stemmed_atten	stemmed_pleas s	temmed_aptitucst	emmed_sensi stemmed_concept
\$FB	7.20E+17	0.366 twitter	consumers	cautious stance ke	0.177333	0.389667	-0.1	0.419	-0.173333	0.136	0.228	0.02	0.306	-0.14 keep
\$LUV	7.20E+17	0.638 twitter	NAMEDEN	entry	0.073	0.066	0	0.154	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$NFLX	5329774	-0.494 stocktwits	Every Reas	every reason	-0.341	0.143	-0.35	-0.2965	0.338	0.078	0.286	-0.09	0.227	-0.18 reason
\$DIA	7.20E+17	0.46 twitter	NAMEDEN	high all time need	0.19575	-0.3675	0.08	0.306	0.219	0.19575	-0.3675	0.08	0.306	0.219 high all time need
\$PLUG	20091246	0.403 stocktwits	Long setup	long	0.056	0.065	0	0.142	0.039	0.056	0.065	0	0.142	0.039 long
\$GMCR	5819749	0 stocktwits	will be a so	today term passive	0.166833	0.0855	0.0258	0.315	0.1628333	0.421	0.2414	0.3646	0.3518	0.0128 today term ad lon
\$IBM	7.10E+17	-0.296 twitter	recall	recall	0.483	0.722	0.726	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$JOSB	17892972	-0.546 stocktwits	NAMEDEN	deal cash new rais	0.451167	0.2345	0.4438	0.446	-0.0225	0.46466667	0.5175	0.4435	0.4615	-0.0225 deal cash new win
\$CSTM	7.10E+17	-0.438 twitter	NAMEDEN	TITY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$PYPL	7.08E+17	0.408 twitter	NAMEDEN	TITY AppleStores ar	0	0	0	0	0	0.035	0	0.048	0.058	0 liquid
\$GOOGL	31971935	-0.398 stocktwits	NAMEDEN	star analyst buy	0.34	-0.24667	0.492	0.212667	0	0.34	-0.246666667	0.492	0.212666667	0 star analyst buy
\$ENDP	7.10E+17	-0.349 twitter	Excited big	excited value big	0.124	0.306333	0.3143	0.048	-0.263667	0.1985	0.491	0.0185	0.1115	0.0245 hope big
\$XLI	13915103	0.025 stocktwits	NAMEDEN	TITY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$PCLN	10448993	0.486 stocktwits	NAMEDEN	TITY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$AA	24886266	0.308 stocktwits	NAMEDEN	going	-0.72	0	-0.66	-0.91	0.585	-0.55	0	-0.78	-0.88	0 go
\$AAPL	12793642	-0.372 stocktwits	NAMEDEN	TITY NAMEDENTITY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$AAPL	9408369	0.461 stocktwits	not guarar	nteed	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$GOLD	7.20E+17	0.408 twitter	Potential o	potential continua	0.312	0.562	0.3355	0.1045	-0.06	0	0	0	0	0

Word Embeddings: Since word embeddings show semantic information, word vectors trained on Google News has been used to capture the semantic representation of the messages. It has 3M vocabulary entries. We averaged the word vectors of every word in the messages and represented them with a 300-dimensional vector. The words that are not available in the pre-trained vectors vocabulary are skipped.

Metadata:

We used the message sources, cashtags and company names as metadata features.



Approach 2 RNN

- Datasets(loaddataset.py)---- Data preprocessing
 - 1. Load to pandas dataframe and normalize json
 - 2. Get only required columns
 - 3. Convert span lists to text
 - 4. Write index in column
 - 5. make sentiment score numeric
- feature engineering-----
 - 1. transfer word, doc to be vector
 - 2. pos_features, sentiment_feature, large_features, char_approach
 - 3. lexicon lib:
- Model: RNN MODEL

Grid research for finding the best paramters for model

AdamOptimizer

batch_size = 187

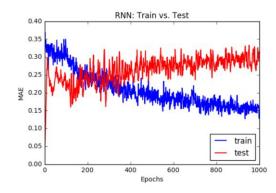
p_dropout = 0.51

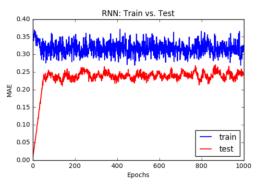
p_layer_count = 15

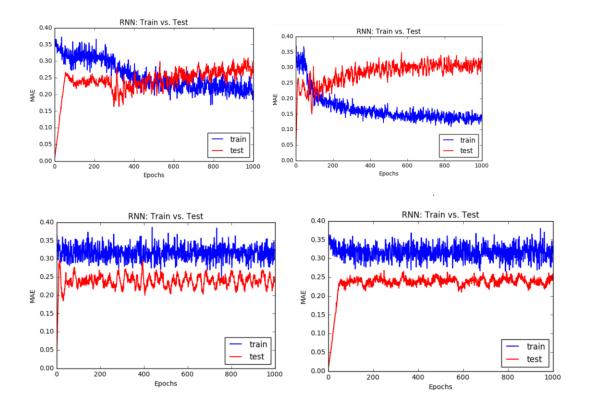
p_num_layers = 8

epochs = 1000

• test vs train error for different features:



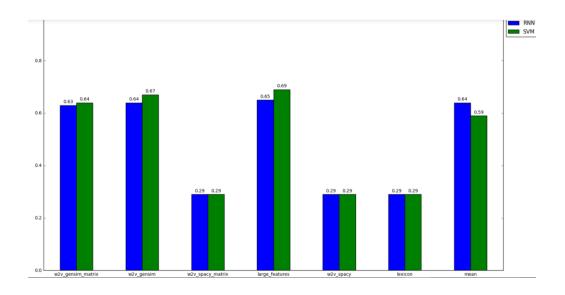




• Using Kfold CV Training data cross-validation, split to 5 folder, here is the performance for each folder only using the training data to test the model:

```
1. fold:SVR_w2v_gensim_matrix [[ 0.62116764]] SVR_w2v_gensim [[ 0.68102718]] SVR_w2v_spacy_matrix [[ 0.35890401]] SVR_large_features [[ 0.68010666]] SVR_w2v_spacy [[ 0.35890401]] SVR_lexicon [[ 0.35866669]] SVR_mean [[ 0.61888199]] RN N3_w2v_gensim_matrix [[ 0.64227225]] RNN3_w2v_gensim [[ 0.66171637]] RNN3_w2v_spacy_matrix [[ 0.35890401]] RNN3_large_features [[ 0.66975493]] RNN3_w2v_spacy [[ 0.35890401]] RNN3_lexicon [[ 0.35890416]] RNN3_mean [[ 0.67144422]]
```

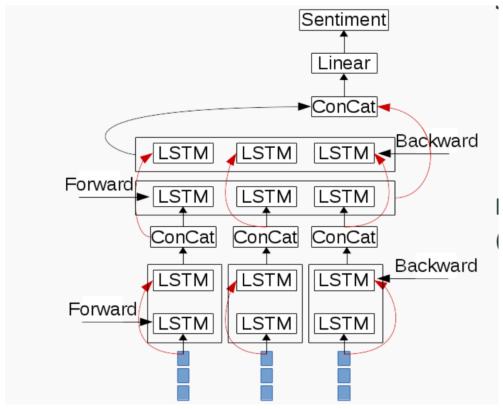
^{2.} fold:SVR_w2v_gensim_matrix [[0.61958669]] SVR_w2v_gensim [[0.66647377]] SVR_w2v_spacy_matrix [[0.31434925]] SVR large features [[0.66563883]] SVR w2v spacy [[0.31434925]] SVR lexicon [[0.31390237]] SVR mean [[0.6049875]] RNN 3_w2v_gensim_matrix [[0.58748905]] RNN3_w2v_gensim [[0.60609605]] RNN3_w2v_spacy_matrix [[0.31434925]] RNN3_large_ features [[0.60901205]] RNN3_w2v_spacy [[0.31434925]] RNN3_lexicon [[0.31435335]] RNN3_mean [[0.63866041]] 3. fold:SVR_w2v_gensim_matrix [[0.64262701]] SVR_w2v_gensim [[0.674]] SVR_w2v_spacy_matrix [[0.21010146]] SVR_larg e_features [[0.70149187]] SVR_w2v_spacy [[0.21010146]] SVR_lexicon [[0.2115608]] SVR_mean [[0.54825379]] RNN3_w2v gensim matrix [[0.65314751]] RNN3 w2v gensim [[0.66884125]] RNN3 w2v spacy matrix [[0.21010146]] RNN3 large featu res [[0.6867044]] RNN3_w2v_spacy [[0.21010146]] RNN3_lexicon [[0.21013641]] RNN3_mean [[0.6180668]] 4. fold:SVR w2v gensim matrix [[0.64546054]] SVR w2v gensim [[0.65729577]] SVR w2v spacy matrix [[0.27646883]] SVR large_features [[0.70166514]] SVR_w2v_spacy [[0.27646883]] SVR_lexicon [[0.27602476]] SVR_mean [[0.58599418]] RN N3 w2v gensim matrix [[0.61723103]] RNN3 w2v gensim [[0.63800334]] RNN3 w2v spacy matrix [[0.27646883]] RNN3 large features [[0.63608327]] RNN3 w2v spacy [[0.27646883]] RNN3 lexicon [[0.27647416]] RNN3 mean [[0.6445974]] 5. fold:SVR_w2v_gensim_matrix [[0.66833879]] SVR_w2v_gensim [[0.67515288]] SVR_w2v_spacy_matrix [[0.28344222]] SVR _large_features [[0.70480254]] SVR_w2v_spacy [[0.28344222]] SVR_lexicon [[0.28376079]] SVR_mean [[0.597269]] RNN3 _w2v_gensim_matrix [[0.65521527]] RNN3_w2v_gensim [[0.62193237]] RNN3_w2v_spacy_matrix [[0.28344222]] RNN3_large_f eatures [[0.64804446]] RNN3 w2v spacy [[0.28344222]] RNN3 lexicon [[0.28344368]] RNN3 mean [[0.63894646]]



Approach 3(For Headlines dataset)

Preprocessing and Additional data used

1.Lower cased 2.Tokenised



Word2Vec – This was created using Gensim

Standard Model(SLSTM)

- Drop out between layers and connections
- 25 times trained over the data (epoch of 25)

Early Stopping LSTM(ELSTM)

- Drop out between layers only
- Early stopping used to determine the epoch.

Cosine Score of SLSTM=0.41

Cosine Score of=0.412

Error Analysis:

```
{1: [{'Company': 'bp',
   'Pred value': array([ 0.03432425], dtype=float32),
   'Sentence': 'bp reports biggest ever annual loss',
   'index': 415},
 {'Company': 'glencore',
   'Pred value': array([ 0.03432425], dtype=float32),
   'Sentence': 'glencore shares in record crash as profit fears grow',
   'True value': -0.9709999999999997,
   'index': 142},
 {'Company': 'bp',
   'Pred value': array([ 0.03432425], dtype=float32),
   'Sentence': 'oil giant bp reports loss of $4.4 billion in 4th quarter of 2014',
   'True value': -0.9629999999999997,
   'index': 83},
 {'Company': 'aviva plc',
   'Pred value': array([ 0.03432425], dtype=float32),
   'Sentence': 'aviva posts forecast-beating 2015 operating profit of $3.8 bln',
   'True value': 0.9459999999999995,
```

BLSTM Sentence Representation:

- 1)Sentences are fixed length.
- 2)All words are represented as vectors.

Advantages of LSTMS:

- a) Good at learning sequential data
- b) Able to learn long term dependenci

<u>Acknowledgement</u>

This report is based on the works of Sudipta Kar and Andrew Moore.

https://github.com/apmoore1/semeval/blob/master/paper/lancaster-semeval-2017.pdf
http://www.aclweb.org/anthology/S17-2150