

Exp No: 3

## DFS - Depth First Search

Date :

[Water Jug]

Aim:

Create a DFS program to solve the water Jug problem using python code.

Algorithm:

1) Initialize the queue:

Step 1: Create a queue 'q' for BFS.

Step 2: Create a set visited to keep track of visited states to avoid cycles.

Step 3: Enqueue the initial state (0,0) where the both jugs are empty.

2) BFS loop:

Step 4: While queue is not empty.

→ Dequeue the front state (x, y), where x is the amount of water in jug 1, and y is amount of water in jug 2.

→ If either  $x == \text{target}$  or  $y == \text{target}$  then solution is found.

→ If the state x, y has been visited before, skip to the next iteration.

- > Mark the state  $(x, y)$  as visited
- > for the current state  $(x, y)$  generate all possible next states by applying
  - > fill jug 1  $(jug_1, y)$
  - > fill jug 2  $(jug_2, x)$
  - > empty jug 1  $(0, y)$
  - > empty jug 2  $(x, 0)$
  - > pour water from jug 1 to jug 2 :  
with capacity of jug 2
  - > Pour water from jug 2 to jug 1 :  
with capacity of jug 1

3) Check for solution:

- Step-5: If the queue is exhausted and the target has been reached. print "solution" is not possible.
- Step-6: Otherwise, print the sequence of operation leading to the solution.

from collections import deque

def solution(a, b, target):

~~if m = {x, y}~~



if solvable = false

Path = []

q = deque()

q.append([0,0])

while len(q) > 0:

u = q.popleft()

if (u[0], u[1]) in m:

continue

if u[0] < 0 or u[1] < 0 or u[0] > 10 or u[1] > 10:

continue

Path.append([u[0], u[1]])

m[(u[0], u[1])] = 1

if u[0] == target or u[1] == target:

if solvable = true

if u[0] == target:

if u[1] != 0:

Path.append([u[0], 0])

SI = len(Path)

for i in range(SI):

print("Path [0] [0], ", " ", Path[i][0], " ", " ", Path[i][1])

break

q.append([u[a], b])

q.append([v[a], a])

for ap in range(max(a, b) + 1):

c = u[a] + ap

d = v[a] - ap

if c == a or (d == 0 and d > 0):

q.append([c, d])

c = v[a] - ap

c = v[a] + ap

if (i == 0 and c > 0) or d == b:

q.append([c, d])

q.append([a, a])

q.append([0, b])

if not is\_solvable:

print("solution not possible")

if \_\_name\_\_ == '\_\_main\_\_':

jug1 = int(input("Enter the capacity of jug 1"))

jug2 = int(input("Enter the target amount"))

print("Path from initial state to solution state")

solution(jug1, jug2, target)

Output :

Enter the capacity of Aug 1 : 4

Enter the capacity of Jug 2 : 3

Enter the  
bought amount, 2.00  
from  
initial data to reduction state

 $(0,0) (1,3)$  $(0,3)$   $(3,3)$  $(4, 2)$  $(4, 3)$ 
$$\log(3,0)$$

Result :

Thus the water jug program is executed and output

4. verified successfully