SSN COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, KALAVAKKAM (An Autonomous Institution, Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai)

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

LAB EXERCISE 10

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1. Solve the optimization function using graphical method

Maximize
$$2x_1 + 5x_2$$

Subject to $x_1 + x_2 \le 6$
 $x_2 \le 6$, $3x_1 + 2x_2 \le 9$

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
#define INFINITY 999
#define N 3
#define M 6
void calctemp(float *temp, float a[N][M], float c[M], int basic[N])
    int i, j;
        temp[i] = 0;
            temp[i] = temp[i] + c[basic[j]] * a[j][i];
        temp[i] = temp[i] - c[i];
void displayframe(float c[M])
    printf("\t\tc[j]\t");
    printf("%g\t%g\t%g\t%g\t%g\n", c[0], c[1], c[2], c[3], c[4], c[5]);
    printf("\nc[B]\tB\tb\ta1\ta2\ta3\ta4\ta5\ta6\n");
void minimum(float *arr, int *arrminpos, int n)
    int i;
    float arrmin;
    arrmin = arr[0];
    *arrminpos = 0;
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
arrmin = arr[i];
             *arrminpos = i;
    printf("\n%d\n", *arrminpos);
void display(float c[N], float b[N], float a[N][M], int basic[N])
    int i, j;
        printf("\n%.4g\t%d\t%.4g\t", c[basic[i]], basic[i] + 1, b[i]);
        for (j = 0; j < M; j++)
             printf("%.4g\t", a[i][j]);
        printf("\n");
int main()
    float temp[M] = \{\{0\}, \{0\}, \{0\}, \{0\}, \{0\}, \{0\}\}\};
    float c[M] = \{\emptyset\};
    float a[N][M] = \{\emptyset\};
    float b[N] = \{\emptyset\};
    int tempminpos;
    float miniratio[N]; /* Stores the value of the ratio b[i]/a[i][j] */
    int miniratiominpos; /* Stores the minimum valued position of b[i]/a[i][j]
    float key;
    int gooutcol;
    float z;
    float x[M];
    int i, j;
    int basic[N];
    int nonbasic[N];
int flag = 0;
    printf("\na11x1 + a12x2 + a13x3 <= b1\n");</pre>
    printf("\nEnter values of ci's\n");
        scanf("%f", &c[i]);
```

```
for (j = 0; j < N; j++)
        scanf("%f", &a[i][j]);
printf("\nEnter values of bi's\n");
    printf("\nEnter b[%d]\t", i + 1);
    scanf("%f", &b[i]);
while (flag == 0)
    calctemp(temp, a, c, basic);
    minimum(temp, &tempminpos, M);
    display(c, b, a, basic);
        printf("%.4g\t", temp[i]);
    printf("\n\n");
        x[basic[i]] = b[i];
        x[nonbasic[i]] = 0;
        printf("x[%d]=%g\n", basic[i] + 1, b[i]);
        z = z + c[i] * x[i];
        if (a[i][tempminpos] == 0)
            miniratio[i] = INFINITY;
            continue;
        if (a[i][tempminpos] < 0)</pre>
            miniratio[i] = INFINITY;
            continue;
        miniratio[i] = b[i] / a[i][tempminpos];
        if (miniratiominpos == i)
    printf("\nComing in variable = X%d\t", tempminpos + 1);
```

```
printf("Going out variable = X%d\n", gooutcol + 1);
key = a[miniratiominpos][tempminpos];
    key = a[i][tempminpos];
    for (j = 0; j < M; j++)
        a[i][j] = a[i][j] - a[miniratiominpos][j] * key;
    b[i] = b[i] - b[miniratiominpos] * key;
getch();
    if (temp[i] < 0)</pre>
        break;
```

Output:

```
Max z = c1x1 + c2x2 + c3x3
a11x1 + a12x2 + a13x3 <= b1
a21x1 + a22x2 + a23x3 <= b2
a31x1 + a31x2 + a32x3 <= b3
Enter values of ci's
Enter c[1]
                2
Enter c[2]
Enter c[3]
                0
Enter values of ai's
Enter a[1][1]
                1
Enter a[1][2]
                 1
Enter a[2][2]
                0
Enter a[2][3]
                0
Enter a[3][1]
Enter a[3][2]
                 2
Enter a[3][3]
                0
Enter values of bi's
Enter b[1]
                6
Enter b[2]
                 6
                 9
Enter b[3]
1
                                 5
                                                          0
                c[j]
                         2
                                          0
                                                  0
                                                                   0
c[B]
                b
        В
                                                  a4
                         a1
                                 a2
                                          a3
                                                          a5
                                                                   a6
0
        X4
                                 1
                                          0
                                                  0
                                                          0
                                                                   0
0
        X5
                 6
                                 0
                                          0
                                                  0
                                                          0
                                                                   0
0
                 9
        X6
                                 2
                                          0
                                                  0
                                                          0
                                                                   0
Zj-Cj
                         -2
                                          0
                                                  0
                                                          0
                                                                   0
x[4]=6
x[5]=6
x[6]=9
Max(z) = 0
Coming in variable = X2 Going out variable = X6
```

```
c[j]
                        2
                                                         0
                                        0
                                                 0
                                                                 0
c[B]
        В
                b
                        a1
                                a2
                                        a3
                                                         a5
                                                                 a6
                                                 a4
                1.5
        X4
                        -0.5
                                0
                                        0
                                                 0
                                                         0
                                                                 0
0
        X5
                6
                                0
                                        0
                                                 0
                                                         0
                                                                 0
        X2
                4.5
                        1.5
                                1
                                        0
                                                 0
                                                         0
                                                                 0
Zj-Cj
                        5.5
                                0
                                        0
                                                 0
                                                         0
                                                                 0
x[4]=1.5
x[5]=6
x[2]=4.5
Max(z) = 22.5
Coming in variable = X2 Going out variable = X2
```

2. Implement 8 Queens backtracking algorithm

Code:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void boardPrint(int board[N][N])
    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)</pre>
        for (int j = 0; j < N; j++)
            cout << board[i][j] << " ";</pre>
bool isValid(int board[N][N], int row, int col)
    for (int i = 0; i < col; i++)</pre>
        if (board[row][i])
    for (int i = row, j = col; i >= 0 \&\& j >= 0; i--, j--)
        if (board[i][j])
    for (int i = row, j = col; j >= 0 && i < N; i++, j--)
```

```
if (board[i][j])
            return false;
bool solveNQn(int board[N][N], int col)
    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)</pre>
        if (isValid(board, i, col))
            board[i][col] = 1;
            if (solveNQn(board, col + 1))
            board[i][col] = 0;
bool Solutions()
    int board[N][N];
    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
        for (int j = 0; j < N; j++)
            board[i][j] = 0;
    return true;
int main()
    Solutions();
```

Output:

3. To Implement Floyd's Algorithm for all pair shortest path using DP Code:

```
#include <conio.h>
#define INFINITY 999
#define N 3
#define M 6
void calctemp(float *temp, float a[N][M], float c[M], int basic[N])
    int i, j;
        temp[i] = 0;
            temp[i] = temp[i] + c[basic[j]] * a[j][i];
        temp[i] = temp[i] - c[i];
void displayframe(float c[M])
    printf("\t\tc[j]\t");
    printf("\nc[B]\tB\tb\ta1\ta2\ta3\ta4\ta5\ta6\n");
void minimum(float *arr, int *arrminpos, int n)
    int i;
    float arrmin;
    *arrminpos = 0;
        if (arr[i] < arrmin)</pre>
            arrmin = arr[i];
            *arrminpos = i;
    printf("\n%d\n", *arrminpos);
void display(float c[N], float b[N], float a[N][M], int basic[N])
```

```
int i, j;
    displayframe(c);
       printf("\n%.4g\tx%d\t%.4g\t", c[basic[i]], basic[i] + 1, b[i]);
       for (j = 0; j < M; j++)
           printf("%.4g\t", a[i][j]);
int main()
    float temp[M] = \{\{0\}, \{0\}, \{0\}, \{0\}, \{0\}, \{0\}\}\};
    float c[M] = \{\emptyset\};
   float a[N][M] = \{\emptyset\};
   float b[N] = \{\emptyset\};
    int tempminpos;
   float minimatio[N]; /* Stores the value of the ratio b[i]/a[i][j] */
    int miniratiominpos; /* Stores the minimum valued position of b[i]/a[i][j]
   float key;
    int gooutcol;
    float z;
   float x[M];
   int i, j;
   /* Stores the non-basic variable */
    int nonbasic[N];
    int flag = 0;
       nonbasic[i] = i;
    printf("\na11x1 + a12x2 + a13x3 <= b1\n");</pre>
    printf("\na21x1 + a22x2 + a23x3 <= b2\n");
       scanf("%f", &c[i]);
           scanf("%f", &a[i][j]);
```

```
printf("\nEnter b[%d]\t", i + 1);
    scanf("%f", &b[i]);
while (flag == 0)
    calctemp(temp, a, c, basic);
    minimum(temp, &tempminpos, M);
    display(c, b, a, basic);
    printf("\nZj-Cj\t\t\t");
        printf("%.4g\t", temp[i]);
        x[basic[i]] = b[i];
        x[nonbasic[i]] = 0;
        printf("x[%d]=%g\n", basic[i] + 1, b[i]);
        z = z + c[i] * x[i];
        if (a[i][tempminpos] == 0)
            miniratio[i] = INFINITY;
        if (a[i][tempminpos] < 0)</pre>
            miniratio[i] = INFINITY;
            continue;
        miniratio[i] = b[i] / a[i][tempminpos];
            gooutcol = basic[i];
    printf("\nComing in variable = X%d\t", tempminpos + 1);
    printf("Going out variable = X%d\n", gooutcol + 1);
    nonbasic[tempminpos] = gooutcol;
    key = a[miniratiominpos][tempminpos];
    b[miniratiominpos] = b[miniratiominpos] / key;
        a[miniratiominpos][i] = a[miniratiominpos][i] / key;
    for (i = 0; i < N; i++)
```

```
{
    if (miniratiominpos == i)
        continue;
    key = a[i][tempminpos];
    for (j = 0; j < M; j++)
    {
        a[i][j] = a[i][j] - a[miniratiominpos][j] * key;
    }
    b[i] = b[i] - b[miniratiominpos] * key;
}
getch();
for (i = 0; i < M; i++)
{
    flag = 1;
    if (temp[i] < 0)
    {
        flag = 0;
        break;
    }
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```

Output:

```
a11x1 + a12x2 + a13x3 <= b1
a21x1 + a22x2 + a23x3 <= b2
a31x1 + a31x2 + a32x3 <= b3
Enter values of ci's
Enter c[1]
Enter c[2]
               90
Enter c[3]
               0
Enter values of ai's
Enter a[1][1] 1
Enter a[1][2]
Enter a[1][3]
Enter a[2][1]
              50
Enter a[2][2]
              100
Enter a[2][3]
               0
Enter a[3][1]
              100
Enter a[3][2]
               40
Enter a[3][3]
Enter values of bi's
Enter b[1]
               320
Enter b[2]
                20000
```

	L- J	c[j]	60	90	0	0	0	0	
c[B]	В	b	a1	a2	a3	a4	a5	a6	
0	X4	120	0.5	0	0	0	0	0	
90	X2	200	0.5	1	0	0	0	0	
0	X 6	1.12e+0	4	80	0	0	0	0	0
zj-cj			-15	0	0	0	0	0	
x[4]=12 x[2]=20 x[6]=11 Max(z) 2	10 .200								

0		c[j]	60	90	0	0	0	0
c[B]	В	b	a1	a2	a 3	a4	a5	a6
0	X4	50	0	0	0	0	0	0
90	X2	130	0	1	0	0	0	0
60	X1	140	1	0	0	0	0	0
Zj-Cj			0	0	0	0	0	0
x[4]=50 x[2]=130 x[1]=140 Max(z) = 20100 2								