#### SSN COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, KALAVAKKAM

# (An Autonomous Institution, Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai) Department of Computer Science and Engineering

#### **UCS1411 – Operating Systems Laboratory**

**II Year CSE - A Section (IV Semester)** 

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## Lab Exercise 12: File Allocation Techniques

#### AIM:

To develop a C program to implement the various file allocation techniques.

## Algorithm:

- 1. Get Main memory size and block size as input.
- 2. Create a Main memory with 'n' number of blocks of equal size.
- 3. Main memory is maintained as Linked List with structure containing block id, Free / Filename, Link to next Memory block, Link to Next File block (only for Linked Allocation), File block table(integer array to hold block numbers only for Indexed Allocation)
- 4. Get the number of files and their size as input.
- 5. Calculate the no. of blocks needed for each file.
- 6. Select the Allocation Algorithm.
  - For every algorithm display Directory information and File information.
- 7. For Contiguous Allocation For each file do the following
  - i. Generate a random number between 1 to 'n'
  - ii. Check for continuous number of needed file free blocks starting from that random block no.
  - iii. If free then allot that file in those continuous blocks and update the directory structure.
  - iv. else repeat step 1
  - v. If no continuous blocks are free then 'no enough memory error'
  - vi. The Directory Structure should contain Filename, Starting Block, length (no. of blocks)
- 8. For Linked Allocation- For each file do the following
  - i. Generate a random number between 1 to 'n' blocks.
  - ii. Check that block is free or not.

- iii. If free then allot it for file. Repeat step 1 to 3 for the needed number of blocks for file and create linked list in Main memory using the field "Link to Next File block".
- iv. Update the Directory entry which contains Filename, Start block number, Ending Block Number.
- v. Display the file blocks starting from start block number in Directory upto ending block number by traversing the Main memory Linked list using the field "Link to Next File block".

#### 20. For Indexed Allocation - For each file do the following

- i. Generate a random number between 1 to 'n' blocks for index block.
- ii. Check if it is free else repeat index block selection
- iii. Generate needed number of free blocks in random order for the file and store those block numbers in index block as array in File block table array.
- iv. Display the Directory structure which contains the filename and index blocknumber. Display the File Details by showing the index block number's File Block Table.

## **SAMPLE INPUT & OUTPUT:**

Main Memory size: 500

Size of each block in the disk: 10 KB Number of files to be allocated: 5

Name of the File1: \*\*\*\*
Size of the file1: \*\*\*\*

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#### FILE ALLOCATION TECHNIQUES

- 1. Contiguous
- 2. Linked
- 3. Indexed

Choose the Allocation scheme: 1

#### **CONTIGUOUS ALLOCATION**

Directory

Choose the Allocation scheme: 2

## LINKED ALLOCATION

## Directory

File Name	Start	End
****	***	***
****	***	***
•		
•		
•		
****	***	***

Individual File listing

File name Data-block 1 Data-block j Data-block k Data-block l Data-block final

Choose the Allocation scheme: 3

## INDEXED ALLOCATION

# Directory

Display the Index table for all the files in the following manner

File Name Block Indexed

\*\*\* Data-block 1
Data-block j
Data-block k
Data-block l
Data-block final

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