

Module M3

Partha Pratir Das

Weekly Reca

Objective & Outline

Exception

Types of Exception

Error Handling in

C

C Language Feature RV & Params

C Standard Library Support

Abnormal

Termination

Termination
Non-Local go1

Non-Local goto
Signals

Madula Summan

Programming in Modern C++

Module M36: Exceptions (Error handling in C): Part 1

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All url's in this module have been accessed in September, 2021 and found to be functional



Weekly Recap

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• Leveraging an innovative solution to the Salary Processing Application in C using function pointers, we compare C and C++ solutions to the problem

- The new C solution with function pointers is used to explain the mechanism for dynamic binding (polymorphic dispatch) based on virtual function tables
- Understood casting in C and C++
- Explained cast operators in C++ and discussed the evils of C-style casting
- Studied const_cast, static_cast, reinterpret_cast, and dynamic_cast with examples
- Understood casting at run-time with RTTI and typeid operator
- Introduced the Semantics of Multiple Inheritance in C++
- Discussed the Diamond Problem and solution approaches
- Illustrated the design choice between inheritance and composition



Module Objectives

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M I I C

 \bullet Understand the Error handling in C





Module Outline

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 - Shortcomings
- Module Summary



Exception Fundamentals

Exception Fundamentals



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What are Exceptions?

Exception Fundamentals

Conditions that arise

- Infrequently and Unexpectedly
- Generally betray a Program Error
- Require a considered Programmatic Response
- Run-time Anomalies ves. but not necessarily
- Leading to
 - Crippling the Program
 - May pull the entire System down
 - Defensive Technique



Exception Causes

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• Unexpected Systems State

 \circ Exhaustion of Resources

ightharpoonup Low Disk Space

Pushing to a Full Stack

External Events

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Socket Event

Logical Errors

Pop from an Empty Stack

Resource Errors – like Memory Read/Write

• Run time Errors

Arithmetic Overflow / Underflow

Out of Range

• Undefined Operation

Division by Zero



Exception Handling?

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 Exception Handling is a mechanism that separates the detection and handling of circumstantial Exceptional Flow from Normal Flow

- Current state saved in a pre-defined location
- Execution switched to a pre-defined handler

Exceptions are C++'s means of separating error reporting from error handling

Bjarne Stroustrup



Types of Exceptions

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• Asynchronous Exceptions:

- Exceptions that come Unexpectedly
- Example an Interrupt in a Program
- Takes control away from the Executing Thread context to a context that is different from that which caused the exception

• Synchronous Exceptions:

- Planned Exceptions
- Handled in an organized manner
- The most common type of Synchronous Exception is implemented as a throw



Exception Stages

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[1] Error Incidence

- Synchronous (S/W) Logical Error
- Asynchronous (H/W) Interrupt (S/W Interrupt)
- [2] Create Object & Raise Exception
 - An Exception Object can be of any Complete Type an int to a full blown C++ class object
- [3] Detect Exception
 - Polling Software Tests
 - Notification Control (Stack) Adjustments
- [4] Handle Exception
 - Ignore: hope someone else handles it, that is, Do Not Catch
 - Act: but allow others to handle it afterwards, that is, Catch, Handle and Re-Throw
 - Own: take complete ownership, that is, Catch and Handle
- [5] Recover from Exception
 - Continue Execution: If handled inside the program
- Abort Execution: If handled outside the program Programming in Modern C++



Exception Stages

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```
int f() {
    int error:
   /* ... */
    if (error) /* Stage 1: error occurred */
        return -1; /* Stage 2: generate exception object */
    /* ... */
int main(void) {
    if (f() != 0) /* Stage 3: detect exception */
        /* Stage 4: handle exception */
    /* Stage 5: recover */
```



Error Handling in C

Error Handling in



Error Handling in C



Support for Error Handling in C

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Error Handling in C

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Conditional Termination Non-Local got • Support for Error Handling in C

- C language does not provide any specific feature for error handling. Consequently, developers are forced to use normal programming features in a disciplined way to handle errors. This has led to industry practices that the developers should abide by
- C Standard Library provides a collection of headers that can be used for handling errors in different contexts. None of them is complete in itself, but together they kind of cover most situations. This again has led to industry practices that the developers should follow
- Language Features
 - Return Value & Parameters
 - Local goto
- Standard Library Support
 - Global Variables (<errno.h>)
 - Abnormal Termination (<stdlib.h>)
 - Conditional Termination (<assert.h>)
 - Non-Local goto (<setjmp.h>)
 - Signals (<signal.h>)



Return Value & Parameters

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Conditional Termination Non-Local goto • Function Return Value Mechanism

- Created by the Callee as Temporary Objects
- Passed onto the Caller
- Caller checks for Error Conditions
- Return Values can be ignored and lost
- Return Values are temporary
- Function (output) Parameter Mechanism
 - Outbound Parameters
 - Bound to arguments
 - Offer multiple logical Return Values



Example: Return Value & Parameters

```
int Push(int i) {
                if (top_ == size-1) // Incidence
                    return 0; // Raise
               else
                    stack_[++top_] = i;
               return 1:
           int main() {
               int x;
RV & Params
               // ...
               if (!Push(x)) { // Detect
                    // Handling
                // Recovery
```

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Local goto

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Conditional Termination Non-Local goto Signals Local goto Mechanism

- (At Source) *Escapes*: Gets Control out of a Deep Nested Loop
- o (At Destination) Refactors: Actions from Multiple Points of Error Inception
- A group of C Features
 - goto Label;
 - o break continue;
 - o default switch case



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Signals

```
_PHNDLR _cdecl signal(int signum, _PHNDLR sigact)
{ // Lifted from VC98\CRT\SRC\WINSIG.C
       /* Check for sigact support */
        if ((sigact == ...)) goto sigreterror;
        /* Not exceptions in the host OS.
        if ( (signum == ... ) { ... goto sigreterror; }
   else { ... goto sigretok; }
        /* Exceptions in the host OS. */
        if ((signum ...)) goto sigreterror;
. . .
sigretok:
        return(oldsigact);
sigreterror:
        errno = EINVAL:
        return(SIG ERR):
```



```
PHNDLR cdecl signal(int signum, PHNDLR sigact)
{ // Lifted from VC98\CRT\SRC\WINSIG.C
       /* Check for sigact support */
        if ( (sigact == ...) ) goto sigreterror;
        /* Not exceptions in the host OS. */
        if ((signum == ...) { ... goto sigreterror; }
       else { ... goto sigretok; }
        /* Exceptions in the host OS. */
        if ( (signum ...) ) goto sigreterror;
sigretok:
        return (oldsigact);
sigreterror:
        errno = EINVAL:
        return (SIG ERR);
```



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```
PHNDLR cdecl signal(int signum, PHNDLR sigact)
 // Lifted from VC98\CRT\SRC\WINSIG.C
        /* Check for sigact support */
        if ( (sigact == ...) ) goto sigreterror;
        /* Not exceptions in the host OS. */
        if ( (signum == ... ) ... goto sigreterror; }
       else { ... goto sigretok; }
        /* Exceptions in the host OS. */
        if ( (signum ...) ) goto sigreterror;
sigretok:
        return (oldsigact);
sigreterror:
        errno = EINVAL:
        return (SIG ERR);
```



sigretok:

sigreterror:

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PHNDLR cdecl signal (int signum, PHNDLR sigact)

if ((sigact == ...)) goto sigreterror;

(signum ...) goto sigreterror;

if ((signum == ...) ... goto sigreterror; }

/* Not exceptions in the host OS. */

/* Exceptions in the host OS. */

// Lifted from VC98\CRT\SRC\WINSIG.C /* Check for sigact support */

else { ... goto sigretok; }

return (oldsigact);

errno = EINVAL: return (SIG ERR);



Global Variables

Global Variables

GV Mechanism

- Use a designated Global Error Variable
- Set it on Error
- Poll / Check it for Detection
- Standard Library GV Mechanism
 - o <errno.h>/<cerrno>



Example: Global Variables

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```
#include <errno.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    double x. v. result:
    /*... somehow set 'x' and 'v'
    errno = 0:
    result = pow(x, y);
    if (errno == EDOM)
        printf("Domain error on x/y pair \n");
    else
        if (errno == ERANGE)
            printf("range error in result \n");
        else
            printf("x to the y = %d \ n", (int) result);
```



Abnormal Termination

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Abnormal Termination

Conditional Termination Non-Local goto Signals Program Halting Functions provided by

o <stdlib.h>/<cstdlib>

- abort()
 - o Catastrophic Program Failure
- exit()
 - Code Clean up via atexit() Registrations
- atexit()
 - Handlers called in reverse order of their Registrations



Example: Abnormal Termination

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```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
static void atexit handler 1(void) {
   printf("within 'atexit_handler_1' \n");
static void atexit_handler_2(void)
   printf("within 'atexit handler 2'
                                      \n"):
int main() {
    atexit(atexit_handler_1):
    atexit(atexit handler 2):
    exit(EXIT_SUCCESS):
   printf("This line should never appear \n");
   return 0;
within 'atexit_handler_2'
within 'atexit handler 1'
```



Conditional Termination

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Conditional Termination Non-Local goto • Diagnostic ASSERT macro defined in

o <assert.h>/<cassert>

- Assertions valid when NDEBUG macro is not defined (debug build is done)
- Assert calls internal function, reports the source file details and then Terminates



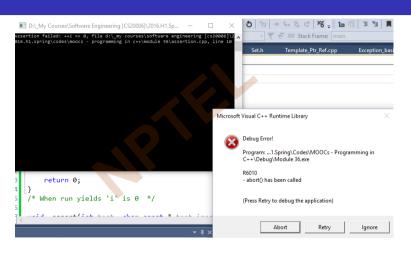
Example: Conditional Termination

```
/* Debug version */
              //#define NDEBUG
              #include <assert.h>
              #include <stdlib.h>
              #include <stdio.h>
              /* When run - Asserts */
              int main() { int i = 0:}
                  assert(++i == 0): // Assert 0 here
                  printf(" i is %d \n", i):
                  return 0;
              void _assert(int test, char const * test_image, char const * file, int line) {
                  if (!test) { printf("assertion failed: %s , file %s , line %d\n", test image, file, line);
                       abort():
              Assertion failed: ++i == 0, // On MSVC++
Conditional
              file d:\ppd\my courses...\codes\msvc\programming in modern c++\exception in c\assertion.c,
Termination
              line 8
              a.out: main.c:17: main: Assertion '++i == 0' failed. // On onlinegdb
              Programming in Modern C++
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```



Example: Conditional Termination (On MSVC++)

Conditional Termination





Example: Conditional Termination

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```
/* Release version */
#define NDEBUG
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
/* When run vields 'i' is 0
int main() {
    int i = 0:
    assert(++i == 0): // Assert 0 here
   printf(" i is %d \n", i):
   return 0:
void assert(int test, char const * test image, char const * file, int line) {
   if (!test) {
       printf("assertion failed: %s, file %s, line %d\n", test_image, file, line);
       abort();
 i is 0
```



Non-Local goto

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Signals

• setjmp() and longjmp() functions provided in <setjmp.h> Header along with collateral type jmp_buf

- setjmp(jmp_buf)
 - Sets the Jump point filling up the jmp_buf object with the current program context
- longjmp(jmp_buf, int)
 - Effects a Jump to the context of the jmp_buf object
 - Control return to setjmp call last called on jmp_buf



Example: Non-Local goto: The Dynamics

```
Caller
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <setjmp.h>
int main() {
    if (setjmp(jbuf) == 0) {
        printf("g() called\n");
        g();
        printf("g() returned\n");
    else
        printf("g() failed\n");
   return 0:
```

Callee

```
jmp_buf jbuf;
void g()
    bool error = false;
    printf("g() started\n");
    if (error)
        longjmp(jbuf, 1);
    printf("g() ended\n");
    return:
```



Example: Non-Local goto: The Dynamics

```
Caller
                                                        Callee
```

```
int main() {
    if (setjmp(jbuf) == 0) {
        printf("g() called\n");
        g();
        printf("g() returned\n");
    else
        printf("g() failed\n");
   return 0:
```

(1) g() called

```
imp_buf ibuf;
void g()
    bool error = false:
    printf("g() started\n");
    if (error)
        longimp(jbuf, 1);
    printf("g() ended\n"):
    return:
```

(2) g() successfully returned

```
g() called
g() started
   ended
g() returned
```



Example: Non-Local goto: The Dynamics

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```
Callee Callee
```

```
int main() {
    if (setjmp(jbuf) == 0) {
        printf("g() called\n");
        g();
        printf("g() returned\n");
    }
    else
        printf("g() failed\n");
    return 0;
}
```

```
jmp_buf jbuf;

void g() {
    bool error = true;
    printf("g() started\n");
    if (error)
        longjmp(jbuf, 1);
    printf("g() ended\n");
    return;
}
```

- (1) g() called
- (3) setjmp takes to handler

(2) longjmp executed

```
g() called
g() started
g() failed
```



```
#include <setimp.h>
#include <stdio.h>
imp_buf j:
void raise exception() {
    printf("Exception raised. \n");
    longjmp(j, 1); /* Jump to exception handler */
   printf("This line should never appear \n"):
int main() {
    if (setimp(j) == 0) {
        printf("'setjmp' is initializing j.
        raise exception():
        printf("This line should never appear \n"):
    else
        printf("'setimp' was just jumped into. \n"):
        /* The exception handler code here */
   return 0 :
'setimp' is initializing i.
Exception raised.
'setjmp' was just jumped into.
```

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Signals

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Shortcomings

- Header < signal.h>
- raise()
 - Sends a signal to the executing program
- signal()
 - Registers interrupt signal handler
 - Returns the previous handler associated with the given signal
- Converts h/w interrupts to s/w interrupts



Example: Signals

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```
// Use signal to attach a signal
// handler to the abort routine
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <signal.h>
void SignalHandler(int signal) {
   printf("Application aborting...\n");
int main() {
    typedef void (*SignalHandlerPointer)(int);
    SignalHandlerPointer previousHandler;
   previousHandler = signal(SIGABRT, SignalHandler);
    abort():
   return 0:
Application aborting...
```



Shortcomings

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Shortcomings

• Destructor-ignorant:

- o Cannot release Local Objects i.e. Resources Leak
- Obtrusive:
 - Interrogating RV or GV results in Code Clutter
- Inflexible:
 - Spoils Normal Function Semantics
- Non-native:
 - Require Library Support outside Core Language



Module Summary

- Introduced the concept of exceptions
- Discussed error handling in C
- Illustrated various language features and library support in C for handling errors
- Demonstrated with examples

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