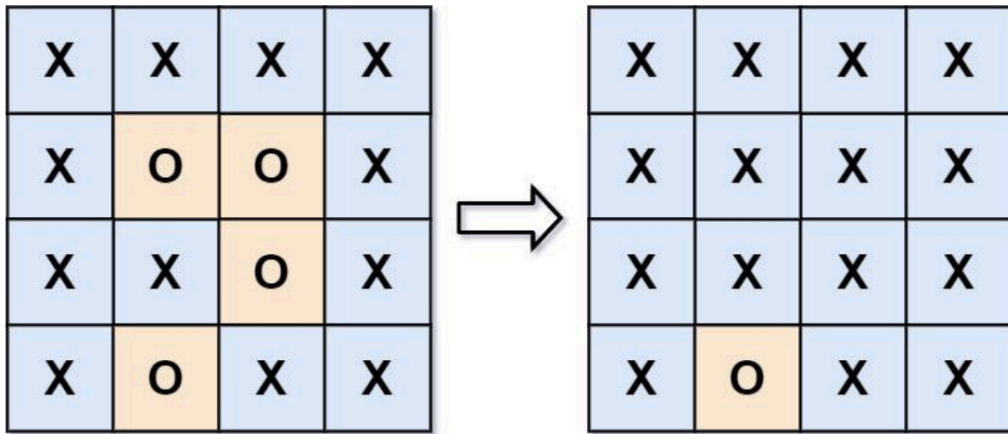


Python Assignment 1

Problem Statement:

Given an $m \times n$ matrix board containing 'X' and 'O', Capture all regions that are 4-directionally surrounded by 'X'.

A region is captured by flipping all 'O's into 'X's in that surrounded region.



Input: board = [["X","X","X","X"],["X","O","O","X"],["X","X","O","X"],["X","O","X","X"]]

Output: [["X","X","X","X"],["X","X","X","X"],["X","X","X","X"],["X","O","X","X"]]

Approach:

I used Depth-First Search (DFS) to find and mark 'O' cells connected to the border. By starting DFS from 'O' cells on the border, I identified regions that cannot be surrounded by 'X'. Then, I flipped internal 'O' cells to 'X', preserving border 'O' cells. This approach modifies the matrix, ensuring only surrounded 'O' regions are changed to 'X'.

Time Complexity:

Overall time complexity is $O(m * n)$, where

"m" is the number of rows

"n" is the number of columns in the input matrix.

Code:

```
class Solution(object):
    def solve(self, board):
        m = len(board)
        n = len(board[0])

        # Depth-First Search function to mark connected 'O' cells
        def dfs(i, j):
            # Base case: check if the cell is out of bounds or not 'O'
            if(i < 0 or j < 0 or i >= m or j >= n or board[i][j] != 'O'):
                return

            # Mark the current 'O' cell as visited
            board[i][j] = '#'

            # Explore adjacent cells in all four directions
            dfs(i + 1, j)
            dfs(i, j + 1)
            dfs(i - 1, j)
            dfs(i, j - 1)

        # Step 1: Mark 'O' cells on the border as visited
        for i in range(m):
            for j in range(n):
                # If the current cell is on the border and contains 'O'
                if((i == 0 or i == m - 1 or j == 0 or j == n - 1) and
board[i][j] == 'O'):
                    dfs(i, j)

        # Step 2: Flip 'O' cells to 'X' and restore marked cells to 'O'
        for i in range(m):
            for j in range(n):
                if board[i][j] == 'O':
```

```
        board[i][j] = 'X'
```

```
# Step 3: Restore marked cells ('#') to 'O'
```

```
for i in range(m):
```

```
    for j in range(n):
```

```
        if board[i][j] == '#':
```

```
            board[i][j] = 'O'
```

```
#Main method to demonstrate working of code
```

```
def main():
```

```
    # Example input
```

```
    input_board = [
```

```
        ["X", "X", "X", "X"],
```

```
        ["X", "O", "O", "X"],
```

```
        ["X", "X", "O", "X"],
```

```
        ["X", "O", "X", "X"]
```

```
    ]
```

```
    solution = Solution()
```

```
    solution.solve(input_board)
```

```
# Display the modified board
```

```
for row in input_board:
```

```
    print(row)
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
```

```
    main()
```

Output:

```
● jayantasudhani@Jayant-ka-MacBook-Air Python Code % /usr/local/bin/python3 "/User
ni/Documents/Python Code/PythonAssignment.py"
['X', 'X', 'X', 'X']
['X', 'X', 'X', 'X']
['X', 'X', 'X', 'X']
['X', '0', 'X', 'X']
○ jayantasudhani@Jayant-ka-MacBook-Air Python Code %
```