

# EE5600 Assignment 2

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**Abstract—This document contains the solution to a probability question.**

Download all python codes from

<https://github.com/Jayanth9969/EE5600/blob/master/Assignment2/code.py>

## 1 PROBLEM

A die is thrown twice and the sum of the numbers appearing is observed to be 6. What is the probability that the number 4 has appeared at least once?

## 2 SOLUTION

Let A represent of all possible pairs from the die that makes sum 6.

$n(A)$  represents Number of elements in set A.

$$A = \{(1, 5), (2, 4), (3, 3), (4, 2), (5, 1)\} \quad (2.0.1)$$

$$n(A) = 5 \quad (2.0.2)$$

Let B represent all possible pairs from the die that have atleast one 4

$n(B)$  represents Number of elements in set B.

$$B = \{(1, 4), (4, 1), (2, 4), (4, 2), (3, 4), (4, 3), (4, 4), (4, 5), (5, 4), (4, 6), (6, 4)\} \quad (2.0.3)$$

$$n(B) = 11 \quad (2.0.4)$$

Now, Let C represent all possible pairs from the die that makes sum 6 and having atleast one 4 in each pair. So,

$n(C)$  represents Number of elements in C. then,

$$C = A \cap B \quad (2.0.5)$$

$$C = \{(4, 2), (2, 4)\} \quad (2.0.6)$$

$$n(C) = 2 \quad (2.0.7)$$

Probability that number 4 appearing atleast once given condition that sum of numbers is 6 is given by  $Pr(B|A)$

$$Pr(B|A) = \frac{Pr(A \cap B)}{Pr(A)} \quad (2.0.8)$$

$$= \frac{Pr(C)}{Pr(A)} \quad (2.0.9)$$

$$= \frac{\frac{n(C)}{36}}{\frac{n(A)}{36}} \quad (2.0.10)$$

$$= \frac{n(C)}{n(A)} \quad (2.0.11)$$

$$= \frac{2}{5} \quad (2.0.12)$$

$$= 0.4 \quad (2.0.13)$$

Thus probability that the number 4 has appeared at least once when a die is thrown twice and sum of numbers Observed is 6 is 0.4.